ISSUED DATE :2006/03/15 REVISED DATE :

G5JLM2931

100mA Low Dropout Adjustable Voltage Regulator

Description

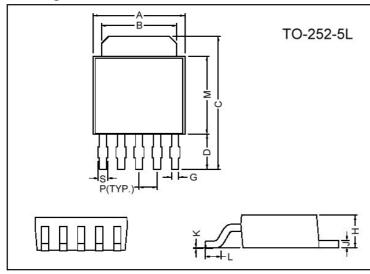
The G5JLM2931 positive voltage regulator features a very low quiescent current of 1mA or less when supplying 10mA loads. This unique characteristic and the extremely low input-output differential required for proper regulation (0.2V for output current of 10mA) make the G5JLM2931 the ideal regulator for standby power system. Applications include memory standby circuits, COMS and other low power processor power supplies as well as systems demanding as much as 100mA of output current.

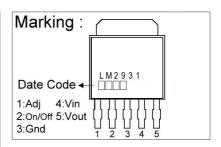
Designed originally for automotive applications, the G5JLM2931 and all regulated circuitry are protected from reverse battery installations or 2 battery jumps. During line transients, such as a load dump(60V) when the input voltage to the regulator can momentarily exceed the specified maximum operating voltage, the regulator will automatically shut down to protect both internal circuits and the load. The G5JLM2931 cannot be harmed by temporary mirror-image insertion. Familiar regulator features such as short circuit and thermal overload protection are also provided.

Features

- Input-to-Output Voltage Differential of Less Then 0.6 V at 100mA
- 60V Load Dump Protection
- -50 V Reverse Transient Protection
- Internal Current Limiting with Thermal Shutdown
- Temporary Mirror-Image Protection

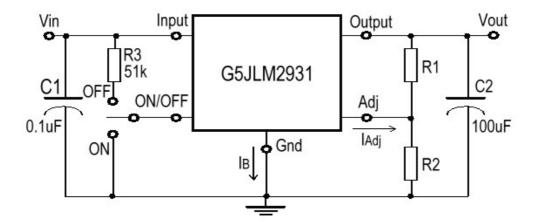
Package Dimensions





REF.	Millimeter		REF.	Millimeter	
	Min.	Max.	NEI.	Min.	Max.
Α	6.35	6.73	G	0.45	0.60
В	5.21	5.46	Н	2.20	2.40
С	9.40	10.20	J	0.46	0.58
D	2.40	3.00	K	0	0.15
Р	1.27 REF.		L	0.90	1.50
S	0.50	0.80	М	5.40	5.59

Typical Applications



 $Vout = Vref * (1+R2/R1) + I_{Adj} * R2$

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Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Input Voltage	Vi	-15 ~ 40	V
Input Voltage t≤100ms	Vi(t)	-50 ~ 60	V
Output Current	lo	100	mA
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-60 ~ +150	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$
Junction Temperature	TJ	-40 ~ +125	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$
Resistance Junction-Ambient	Roja	102	°C/W

Electrical Characteristics

 $V_{\text{IN}=14V},\ V_{\text{OUT}=3V},\ I_{\text{O}=10mA},\ T_{\text{J}=25}^{\circ}\text{C}\ ,\ Ci=0.1uF,\ Co=100uF,\ R1=27k\ (unless\ otherwise\ specified)}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	VREF	Io=10mA	1.14	1.20	12.6	V
Reference voltage		Io≤100mA, -40°C≤ TJ≤125°C Measure from Vo∪⊤ to Adj Pin	1.08		1.32	V
Output voltage	Vout		3		24	V
Line regulation	RegLine	Vout+0.6V≤ Vin ≤ 26V	-	-	1.5	mV/V
Load regulation	RegLoad	5mA≤ Io ≤ 100mA	-	-	1.0	%
	Iв	Io=10mA	-	-	1.0	mA
Consumption current		Io=100mA	-	6	-	
		Output is "off" (Vth(OI)=2.5V)	-	-	1.0	
Adjustment current	IAdj		-	0.2	-	uA
Dropout voltage	Vds	IO=10mA IO=100mA	-	-	0.2 0.6	V
Output Impedance	Zo	ΔIO=1mA, f=10Hz~100kHz	-	40	-	mΩ/V
Noise voltage on output	Vn	f=10Hz~100kHz	-	140	-	mV/V
Pulse-smoothing ratio	RR	f=120Hz	0.1	-	-	%/V
Temporary unstability of output voltage	S		-	0.4	-	%/1000hr
Maximum input voltage threshold	Vth(OV)		26	-	40	V
Output voltage at negative input voltage	-Vo	VIN=-15V	-0.3	-	-	V
Voltage threshold of	Vth(OI)	Output is "ON"	-	-	1.9	· V
disconnection output		Output is "OFF"	2.5	-	-	
Disconnection output current	Ith(OI)	Vth(OI)=2.5V	-	-	50	uA

Definition of Terms

Dropout Voltage: The input-output voltage differential at which the circuit ceases to regulate against further reduction in input voltage. Measured when the output voltage has dropped 100mV from the nominal value obtained at 14V input, dropout voltage is dependent upon load current and junction temperature.

Input Voltage: The DC voltage applied to the input terminals with respect to ground.

Input-Output Differential: The voltage difference between the unregulated input voltage and the regulated output voltage for which the regulator will operate.

Line Regulation: The change in output voltage for a change in the input voltage. The measurement is made under conditions of low dissipation or by using pulse techniques such that the average chip temperature is not significantly affected.

Load Regulation: The change in output voltage for a change in load current at constant chip temperature.

Long Term Stability: Output voltage stability under accelerated life-test conditions after 1000 hours with maximum rate voltage and junction temperature.

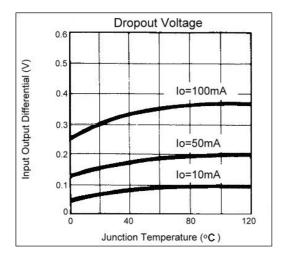
Output Noise Voltage: The rms AC voltage at the output, with constant load and no input ripple, measured over a specified frequency range.

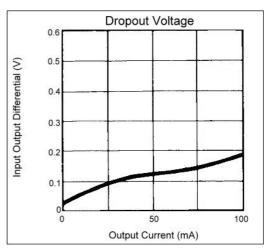
Quiescent Current: That part of the positive input current that does not contribute to the positive load current. The regulator ground lead current.

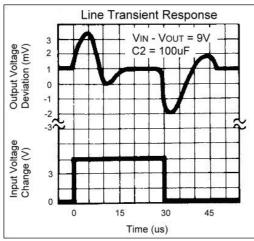
Ripple Rejection: The ratio of the peak-to-peak input ripple voltage to the peak-to-peak output ripple voltage at a specified frequency.

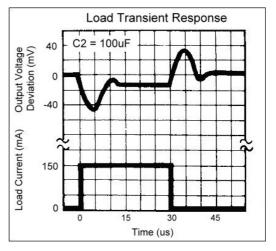
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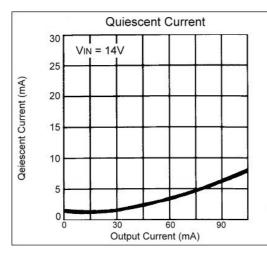
Typical Performance Characteristics

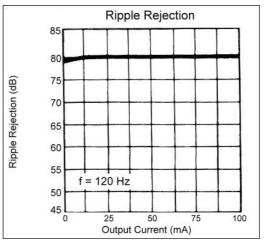




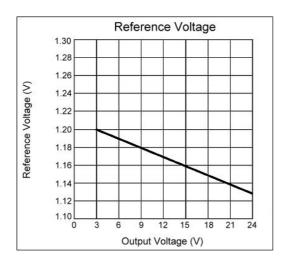


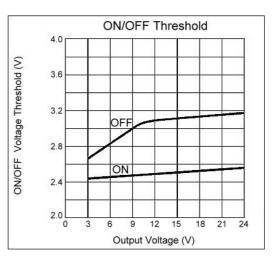






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