



Tentative Specification
Preliminary Specification
Approval Specification

MODEL NO.: G154ICE SUFFIX: LH2

Customer:
APPROVED BY SIGNATURE
Name / Title Note
Please return 1 copy for your confirmation with your signature and comments.

Approved By	Checked By	Prepared By
林秋森	吳承旻	許秝茵

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REVISION HISTORY

Version	Date	Page	Description
2.0	Sep,30,2024	All	Spec Ver 2.0 was first issued.

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1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1.1 OVERVIEW

G154ICE-LH2 is a 15.4" TFT Liquid Crystal Display IA module with LED Backlight units and 30 pins LVDS interface. This module supports 1280 x 800 WXGA mode and can display 16.7M / 262K colors.

The PSWG is to establish a set of displays with standard mechanical dimensions and select electrical interface requirements for an industry standard 15.4" WXGA LCD panel and the LED driving device for Backlight is built in PCBA.

1.2 FEATURE

- WXGA (1280 x 800 pixels) resolution
- DE (Data Enable) only mode
- LVDS Interface with 1pixel/clock
- PSWG (Panel Standardization Working Group)
- Wide operating temperature.
- RoHS compliance

1.3 APPLICATION

- -TFT LCD Monitor
- Factory Application
- Amusement

1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Area	331.2(H) x 207.0(V) (15.4" diagonal)	mm	(1)
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix	-	-
Pixel Number	1280 x R.G.B x 800	pixel	-
Pixel Pitch	0.25875(H) x 0.25875(W)	mm	-
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical Stripe	-	-
Display Colors	16.7M / 262K	color	-
Display Mode	Normally Black	-	-
Surface Treatment	Hard Coating (3H), Anti-Glare	-	-
Module Power Consumption	18	W	Тур.



1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note	
	Horizontal(H)	351.5	352	352.5	mm		
Module Size	Vertical(V)	229.5	230	230.5	mm	(1)	
	Depth(D)	13.13	13.63	14.13	mm		
Bezel Area	Horizontal	334.2	334.5	334.8	mm	-	
bezei Alea	Vertical	210	210.3	210.6	mm		
Active Area	Horizontal		331.2		mm		
Active Area	Vertical		207		mm		
Weight		755	786	818	g		

Note(1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.



2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

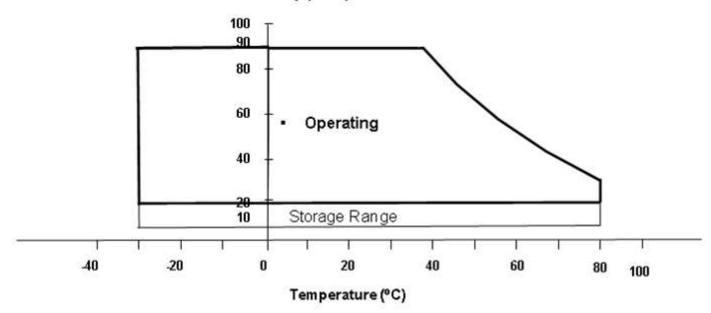
Item	Cumbal	Va	lue	Lloit	Note	
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note	
Operating Ambient Temperature	T _{OP}	-30	+80	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$	(1)(2)	
Storage Temperature	Tst	-30	+80	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$	(1)(2)	

Note(1)

- (a) 90 %RH Max.
- (b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max.
- (c) No condensation.

Note(2) Panel surface temperature should be $0^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$ min. and $80^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$ max under Vcc=3.3V, fr =60Hz, typical LED string current, $25^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$ ambient temperature, and no humidity control. Any condition of ambient operating temperature, the surface of active area should be keeping not higher than $80^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$.







2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

2.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Itom	Cumbal	Value		Lloit	Note	
Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note	
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	-0.3	4	V	(1)	
Logic Input Voltage	Vin	-0.3	4	V	(1)	

2.2.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Item	Cumbal	Value			Note	
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note	
Converter Voltage	Vi	-0.3	18	V	(1), (2)	
Enable Voltage	EN	-0.3	5.5	V		
Backlight Adjust	Dimming	-0.3	5.5	V		

Note(1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Function operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.

Note(2) Specified values are for LED (Refer to 3.2 for further information).



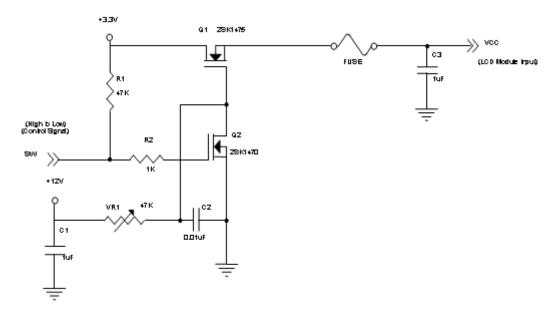
3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

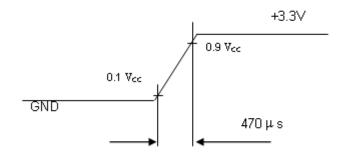
3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Parameter	Cymahal		Value	Unit	Note		
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Note	
Power Supply Vo	ltage	Vcc	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	-
Ripple Voltage	е	V_{RP}	1	-	100	mVp-p	
Inrush Current		Inrush	ı	-	2.0	Α	(2)
Power Supply Current	White	lcc	ı	790	950	mA	(3)a
Power Supply Current	Black	ICC	ı	410	500	mA	(3)b
LVDS differential inpu	t voltage	Vid	200	-	600	mV	
LVDS common input voltage		Vic	1.0	1.2	1.4	V	
Differential Input Voltage for	"H" Level	ViH	ı	-	100	mV	-
LVDS Receiver Threshold	"L" Level	V _{IL}	-100	-	-	mV	-
Terminating Res	stor	R⊤	-	100	-	Ohm	-

Note(1) The module should be always operated within above ranges.

Note(2) Measurement Conditions:

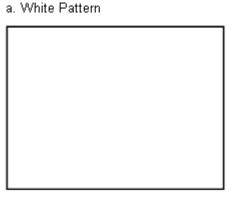




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Note(3) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at VDD =3.3V, Ta = 25 ± 2 °C, DC Current and fv = 60 Hz, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.



Active Area



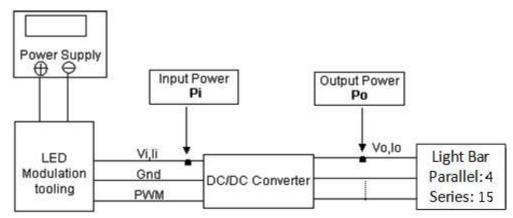


Active Area

3.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Dorom	otor	Cumbal		Value		Unit	Note
Param	letei	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Converter Inc	out Voltage	Vi	10.8	12.0	13.2	VDC	(Duty 100%)
Converter Input	Ripple Voltage	ViRP	-	-	500	mV	
Converter Inp	out Current	li	1.1	1.3	1.5	ADC	@ Vi = 12V (Duty 100%)
Converter Inru	liRUSH	-	-	5.0	А	@ Vi rising time=10ms (Vi=12V)	
Input Power C	Pi	13	15.4	17.0	W	(1)	
EN Control Level	Backlight on	ENLED	2.5	3.3	5.0	V	
EN COIMOI Level	Backlight off	(BLON)	0	-	0.3	V	
PWM Control Level	PWM High Level	Dimming	2.5	-	5.0	V	
P WWW Control Level	PWM Low Level	(E_PWM)	0	-	0.15	V	
PWN Nois	e Range	VNoise	-	-	0.1	V	
PWM Control	Frequency	fPWM	190	200	20k	Hz	(3)
DIAMA Diseasia a Co		5	-	100	%	(3), @ 190Hz <fpwm<1khz< td=""></fpwm<1khz<>	
PWM Dimming Co	oniroi Duty Katio	-	20	-	100	%	(3), @ 1kHz≦fPWM<20kHz
LED Life	e Time	LLED	50,000		-	Hrs	(2)

Note(1) LED current is measured by utilizing a high frequency current meter as shown below:



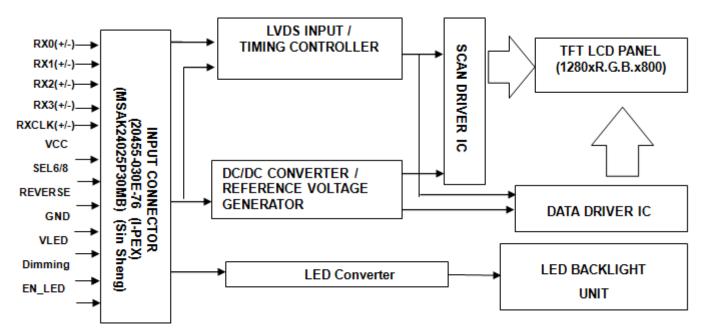
- Note(2) The lifetime of LED is estimated data and defined as the time when it continues to operate under the conditions at Ta = 25 \pm 2 °C and Duty 100% until the brightness becomes \leq 50% of its original value. Operating LED at high temperature condition will reduce life time and lead to color shift.
- Note(3) At 190 ~1kHz PWM control frequency, duty ratio range is restricted from 5% to 100%.1K ~20kHz PWM control frequency, duty ratio range is restricted from 20% to 100%. If PWM control frequency is applied in the range from 1KHz to 20KHZ, The "non-linear" phenomenonon the Backlight Unit may be found. So It's a suggestion that PWM control frequency should be less than 1KHz.

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4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

4.1 TFT LCD MODULE





5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT

5.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Polarity	Note
1	12V	LED Power supply		
2	12V	LED Power supply		LED converter
3	12V	LED Power supply		power
4	12V	LED Power supply		
5	ENLED	Enable Pin		
6	Dimming	Backlight Adjust		
7	GND	Ground		
8	GND	Ground		
9	VCC	Power supply +3.3V		System power
10	VCC	Power supply +3.3V		System power
11	GND	Ground		
12	GND	Ground		
13	RX0-	Differential Data Input, CH0 (Negative)	Negative	
14	RX0+	Differential Data Input, CH0 (Positive)	Positive	
15	GND	Ground		
16	RX1-	Differential Data Input, CH1 (Negative)	Negative	
17	RX1+	Differential Data Input , CH1 (Positive)	Positive	
18	GND	Ground		
19	RX2-	Differential Data Input , CH2 (Negative)	Negative	
20	RX2+	Differential Data Input , CH2 (Positive)	Positive	
21	GND	Ground		
22	RXCLK-	Differential Clock Input (Negative)	Negative	
23	RXCLK+	Differential Clock Input (Positive)	Positive	
24	GND	Ground		
25	RX3-	Differential Data Input, CH3 (Negative)	Negative	
26	RX3+	Differential Data Input, CH3 (Positive)	Positive	
27	GND	Ground		
		LVDS 6/8 bit select function control,		
28	SEL6/8	Low or NC → 6 bit Input Mode		(3)
		High →8 bit Input Mode		
		Scanning direction control		
29	Reverse	Low or NC → normal display (default)		(3)
		High → display with 180 degree rotation		
30	GND	Ground		

 $Note (1)\ LVDS\ Connector\ type:\ STM_MSAK24025P30MB7\ /\ I-PEX_20455-030E-76\ or\ equivalent$

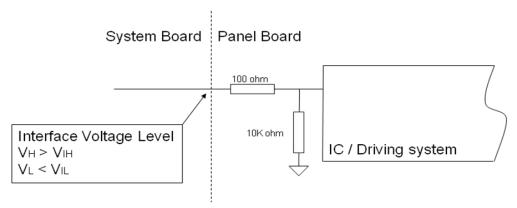
Current Rating: AC/DC 100V 0.8A(AWG#36)

Note(2) User's connector Part No:I-PEX 20453-030T-03 or equivalent.

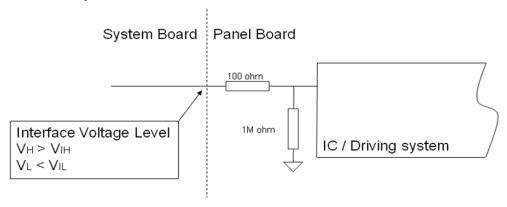
Note(3) "Low" stands for 0V. "High" stands for 3.3V. "NC" stands for "No Connected".

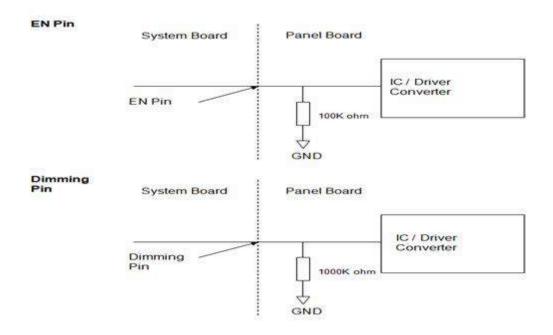


REVERSE



SEL6/8







5.2 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

5.2.1 FOR 6-BITS

										ata (Signa	al							
	Color			Re	ed					Gre	en			Blue					
		R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colors	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red	Red(61)	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:	0	0	0	0	0	0	:	:	:	:	:	:	0	0	0	0	0	0
Of	: (24)	0	0	0	0	0	0	:	:	:	:	:	:	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green	Green(61)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Gray	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Scale Of	:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	:	:	:	:	:	:
_	Dlug(61)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	: 1	1				;
Blue	Blue(61)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	-	1	1	0	1
	Blue(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1		1 1	1	0
	Blue(63)	U	0	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	ı	I	<u> </u>	I	I	l I

Note(1)0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage



5.2.2 FOR 8-BITS

												D		Sig	nal										
	Color				Re									een							BI	ue			
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	ВЗ	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colors	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	: '	:	:	:	:	:	:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red	Red(253)	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(254)	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Of	:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	;	-	:	;	:	;	:	:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green	Green(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(254) Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1 1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Gray	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Scale		0	0	0	:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		:					:	
Of	:	ő	Ö	0	:	0	Ö	0	0	Ö	0	0	ő	Ö	Ö	Ö	ő	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
Blue	Blue(253)	Ö	Ö	0	0	0	Ö	0	0	Ô	0	0	Ö	Ö	Ö	0	Ö	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
	Blue(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ö	Ö	0	Ö	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note(1)0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage



6. INTERFACE TIMING

6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

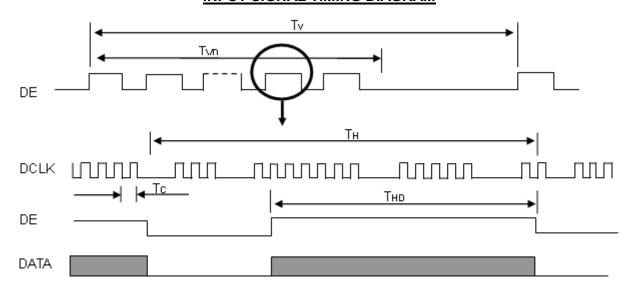
The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note	
	Frequency	Fr	66	71.1	84	MHz	-	
17/20 01 1	Period	Tc	13.41	14.08	14.82	ns		
	Input cycle to cycle jitter	T _{rcl}			200	ns	(a)	
LVDS Clock	Input Clock to data skew	TLVCCS	-0.02*Tc	-	0.02*Tc	ps	(b)	
	Spread spectrum modulation range	F _{clkin_mod}	-	-	1.02*Fc	MHz	(c)	
	Spread spectrum modulation frequency	F _{SSM}	-	-	200	KHz	(c)	
	Frame Rate	Fr		60		Hz	$Tv=T_{vd}+T_{vb}$	
Vertical Display	Total	Τv	810	823	1000	Th	ı	
Term	Active Display	T_{vd}	800	800	800	Th	-	
	Blank	T _{vb}	T _v -T _{vd}	23	T_v - T_{vd}	Th	-	
	Total	T _h	1360	1440	1600	Tc	$T_h = T_{hd} + T_{hb}$	
Horizontal Display Term	Active Display	T _{hd}	1280	1280	1280	Tc	-	
TOITII	Blank	T _{hb}	T _h -T _{hd}	160	T _h -T _{hd}	Tc	-	

Note(1) Because this module is operated by DE only mode, Hsync and Vsync input signals should be set to low logic level or ground. Otherwise, this module would operate abnormally.

Note(2) The Tv(Tvd+Tvb) must be integer, otherwise, the module would operate abnormally.

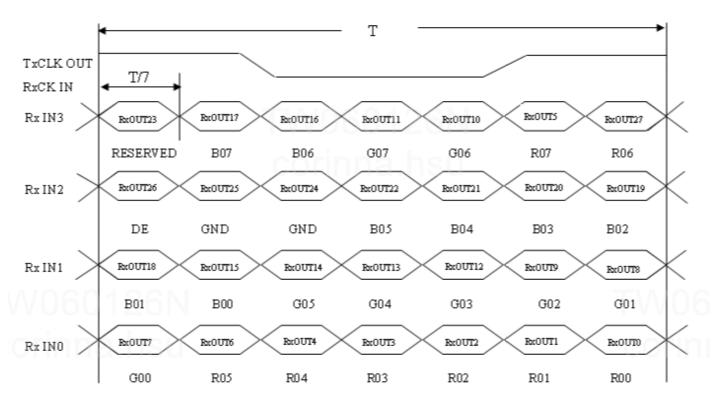
INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM



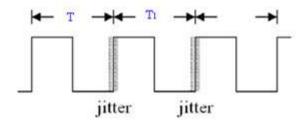
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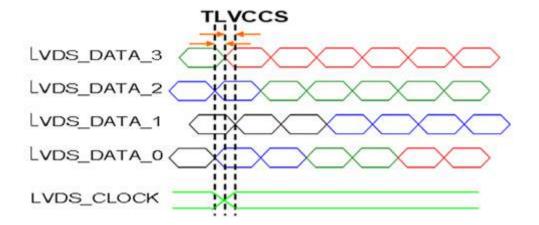
TIMING DIAGRAM of LVDS



Note(a) The input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter is defined as below figures. Trcl = I T1 – TI



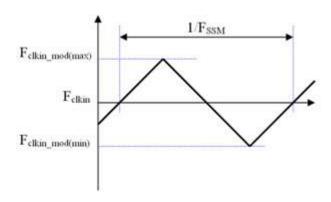
Note(b) Input Clock to data skew is defined as below figures.



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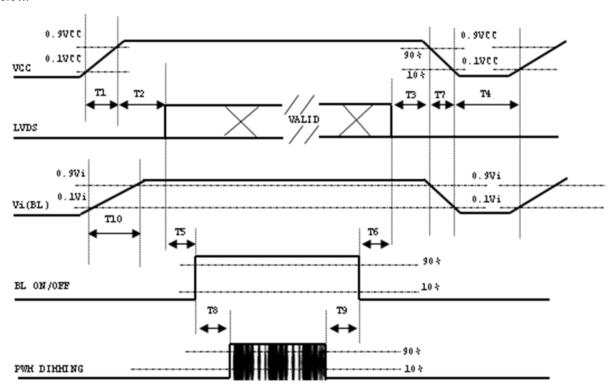
Note(c) The SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures.





6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of LCD assembly, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



Darameter		Value		Units	
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units	
T1	0.5	ı	10	ms	
T2	0	ı	50	ms	
Т3	0	ı	50	ms	
T4	500	ı	1	ms	
T5	450	ı	1	ms	
T6	200	-	-	ms	
Т7	10	-	100	ms	
Т8	10	-	-	ms	
Т9	10	-	-	ms	
T10	20	-	50	ms	

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- Note(1) The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should be the same as the definition of Vcc.
- Note(2) When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation of the LCD turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.
- Note(3) In case of VCC = off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low or keep a high impedance.
- Note(4) T4 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- Note(5) Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.
- Note(6) INX won't take any responsibility for the products which are damaged by the customers not following the Power Sequence.
- Note(7) There might be slight electronic noise when LCD is turned off (even backlight unit is also off). To avoid this symptom, we suggest "Vcc falling timing" to follow "T7 spec"



6.3 SCANNING DIRECTION

The following figures show the image see from the front view. The arrow indicates the direction of scan.

Fig.1 Normal Scan



Fig.2 Reverse Scan



PCBA on the top side

PCBA on the top side

- Fig. 1 Normal scan (pin 29, REVERSE = LOW or NC)
- Fig. 2 Reverse scan (pin 29, REVERSE = HIGH)



7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

7.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit				
Ambient Temperature	Та	25±2	оС				
Ambient Humidity	На	50±10	%RH				
Supply Voltage	According to typical value and tolerance in						
Input Signal	"ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS"						
PWM Duty Ratio	D	100	%				

7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown here and all items are measured at the center point of screen unless otherwise noted. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described above and stable conditions shown in Note (5).

Iter	n	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note	
	Red	Rx		0.597	0.647	0.697			
	Neu	Ry		0.290	0.340	0.390			
	Green	Gx		0.271	0.321	0.371			
Color	Green	Gy		0.557	0.607	0.657		(1), (5)	
Chromaticity	Blue	Bx	θX=0°, θY =0°	0.102	0.152	0.202	-	(1), (3)	
	blue	Ву	Grayscale Maximum	0.000	0.050	0.100			
	White	Wx		0.263 0.313 0.363 0.279 0.329 0.379 800 1000 (4),					
	vviile	Wy		0.279	0.329	0.379			
Center Lumina	Center Luminance of White			800	1000			(4), (5)	
Contrast	Ratio	CR		500	1000			(2), (5)	
Respons	o Timo	TR	0V_0° 0V _0°	-	13	18	-	(2)	
Respons	e nine	TF	$\theta X=0^{\circ}, \ \theta Y=0^{\circ}$	-	12	17	Unit % Deg.	(3)	
White Va	ıriation	δW	$\theta X=0^{\circ}, \ \theta Y=0^{\circ}$	70	80	-	%	(5), (6)	
	Horizontal	θX+		80	89	-			
Viouing Anglo	Tionzontai	θX-	CR≧10	80	89	-	Dog	(1) (5)	
Viewing Angle	Vertical	θΥ+	ON≦ IU	80	89	-	Deg.	(1), (5)	
	vertical	θΥ-		80	89	-			

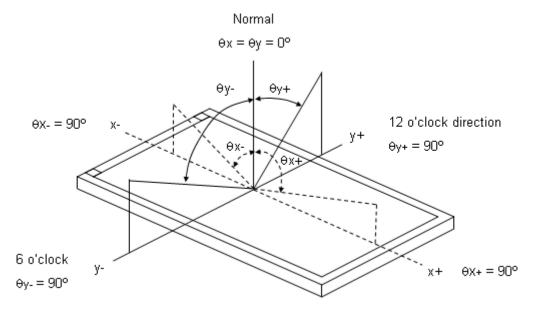
Definition:

Grayscale Maximum: Grayscale 255 (10 bits: grayscale 1023; 8 bits: grayscale 255; 6 bits: grayscale 63)

White: Luminance of Grayscale Maximum (All R,G,B)

Black : Luminance of grayscale 0 (All R,G,B)

Note(1)Definition of Viewing Angle (θx , θy):

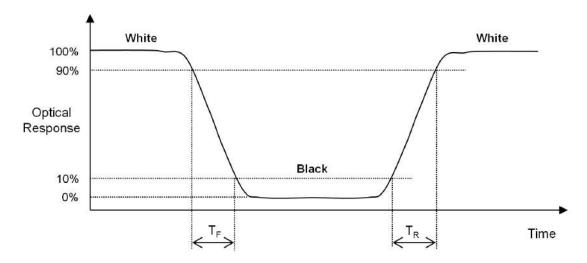


Note(2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression at center point.

Contrast Ratio (CR) = White / Black

Note(3) Definition of Response Time (TR, TF):



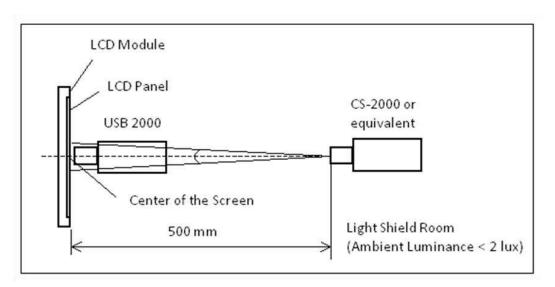


Note(4) Definition of Luminance of White (L_C):

Measure the luminance of White at center point.

Note(5) Measurement Setup:

The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for 40 minutes in a windless room. The measurement placement of module should be in accordance with module drawing.



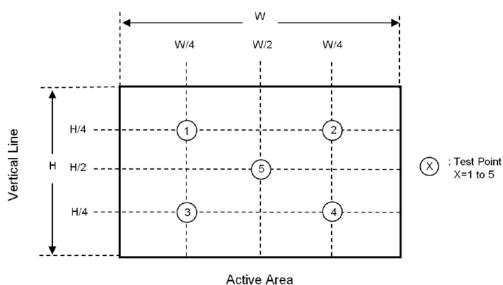
Note(6) Definition of White Variation (δW):

Measure the luminance of White at 5 points.

Luminance of White: L(X), where X is from 1 to 5.

$$\delta W = \frac{\text{Minimum [L(1) to L(5)]}}{\text{Maximum [L(1) to L(5)]}} \times 100\%$$

Horizontal Line





8. RELIABILITY TEST CRITERIA

Test Item	Test Condition	Note
High Temperature Storage Test	80℃, 240 hours	
Low Temperature Storage Test	-30°C, 240 hours	
Thermal Shock Storage Test	-20° C, 0.5 hour \longleftrightarrow 60 $^{\circ}$ C, 0.5 hour; 100cycles, 1 hour/cycle)	(1) (2)
High Temperature Operation Test	80℃, 240 hours	(1),(2) (4),(5)
Low Temperature Operation Test	-30°C, 240 hours	()/()
High Temperature & High Humidity Operation Test	60℃, RH 90%, 240 hours	
	150pF, 330 Ω , 1 sec/cycle	
ESD Test (Operation)	Condition 1 : panel contact, ±8 KV	(1), (4)
	Condition 2 : panel non-contact ±15 KV	
Shock (Non-Operating)	50G, 11ms, half sine wave, 1 time for ± X, ± Y, ± Z direction	
Vibration (Non-Operating)	1.5G, 10 ~ 300 Hz sine wave, 10 min/cycle, 3 cycles each X, Y, Z direction	(2), (3)

- Note(1) There should be no condensation on the surface of panel during test,
- Note(2) Temperature of panel display surface area should be 80°C Max.
- Note(3) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the module has to be hard and rigid enough so that the module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture.
- Note(4) In the standard conditions, there is no function failure issue occurred. All the cosmetic specification is judged before reliability test.
- Note(5) Before cosmetic and function test, the product must have enough recovery time, at least 24 hours at room temperature.



9. PACKAGING

9.1 PACKING SPECIFICATIONS

- (1) 13pcs LCD modules / 1 Box
- (2) Box dimensions: 465(L) X 362 (W) X 314 (H) mm
- (3) Weight: approximately 12.1 Kg (13 modules per box)

9.2 PACKING METHOD

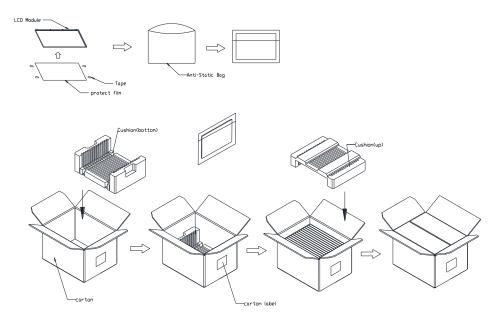


Figure. 9-1 Packing method

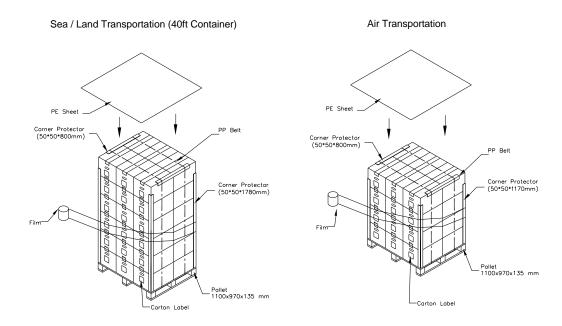


Figure. 9-2 Packing method



9.3 UN-PACKING METHOD

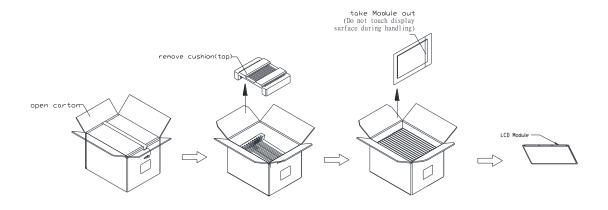
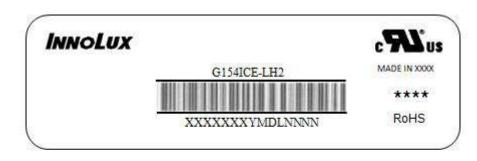


Figure. 9-3 UN-Packing method

10. DEFINITION OF LABELS

10.1 INX MODULE LABEL

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.

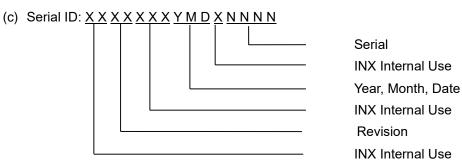




Note (1) Safety Compliance(UL logo) will open after C1 version.

(a) Model Name: G154ICE-LH2

(b) * * * * : Factory ID



Serial ID includes the information as below:

(a)Manufactured Date: Year: 1~9, for 2021~2029

Month: 1~9, A~C, for Jan. ~ Dec.

Day: 1~9, A~Y, for 1st to 31st, exclude I, O and U

(b)Revision Code: cover all the change

(c)Serial No.: Manufacturing sequence of product



11. PRECAUTIONS

11.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The module should be assembled into the system firmly by using every mounting hole. Be careful not to twist or bend the module.
- (2) While assembling or installing modules, it can only be in the clean area. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or damage the polarizer.
- (3) Use fingerstalls or soft gloves in order to keep display clean during the incoming inspection and assembly process.
- (4) Do not press or scratch the surface harder than a HB pencil lead on the panel because the polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- (5) If the surface of the polarizer is dirty, please clean it by some absorbent cotton or soft cloth. Do not use Ketone type materials (ex. Acetone), Ethyl alcohol, Toluene, Ethyl acid or Methyl chloride. It might permanently damage the polarizer due to chemical reaction.
- (6) Wipe off water droplets or oil immediately. Staining and discoloration may occur if they left on panel for a long time.
- (7) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contacting with hands, legs or clothes, it must be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (8) Protect the module from static electricity, it may cause damage to the C-MOS Gate Array IC.
- (9) Do not disassemble the module.
- (10) Do not pull or fold the lamp wire.
- (11) Pins of I/F connector should not be touched directly with bare hands.



11.2 STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

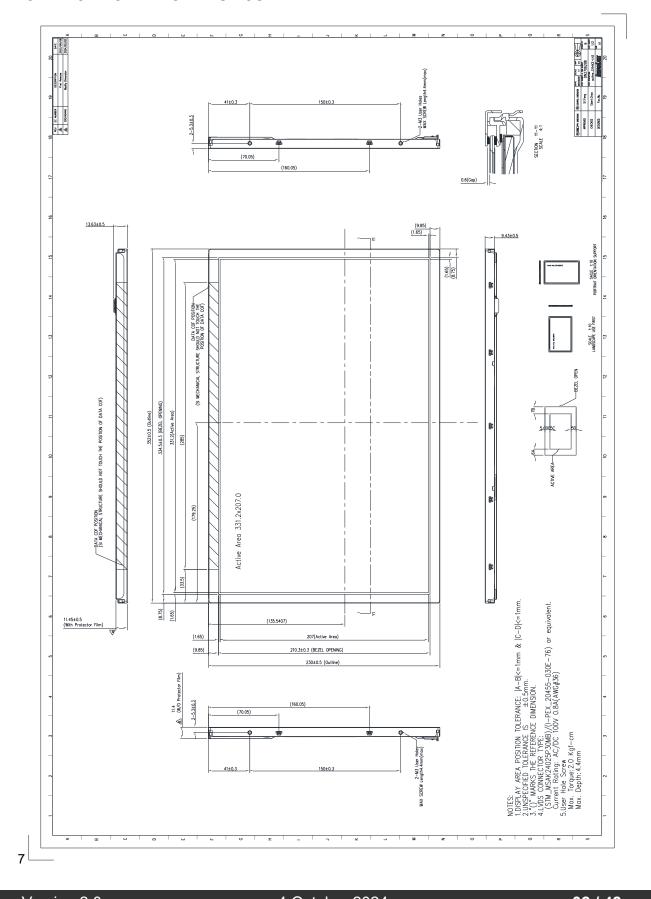
- (1) When storing for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.
 - (a) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 30°C at humidity 50+-10%RH.
 - (b) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.
 - (c) It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.
 - (d) Storage condition is guaranteed under packing conditions.
 - (e) The phase transition of Liquid Crystal in the condition of the low or high storage temperature will be recovered when the LCD module returns to the normal condition
- (2) High temperature or humidity may reduce the performance of module. Please store LCD module within the specified storage conditions.
- (3) It is dangerous that moisture come into or contacted the LCD module, because the moisture may damage LCD module when it is operating.
- (4) It may reduce the display quality if the ambient temperature is lower than 10 °C. For example, the response time will become slowly, and the starting voltage of lamp will be higher than the room temperature.
- (5) Storage must be in a fully packaged state (PET bag) and do not expose the sample (module)

11.3 OTHER PRECAUTIONS

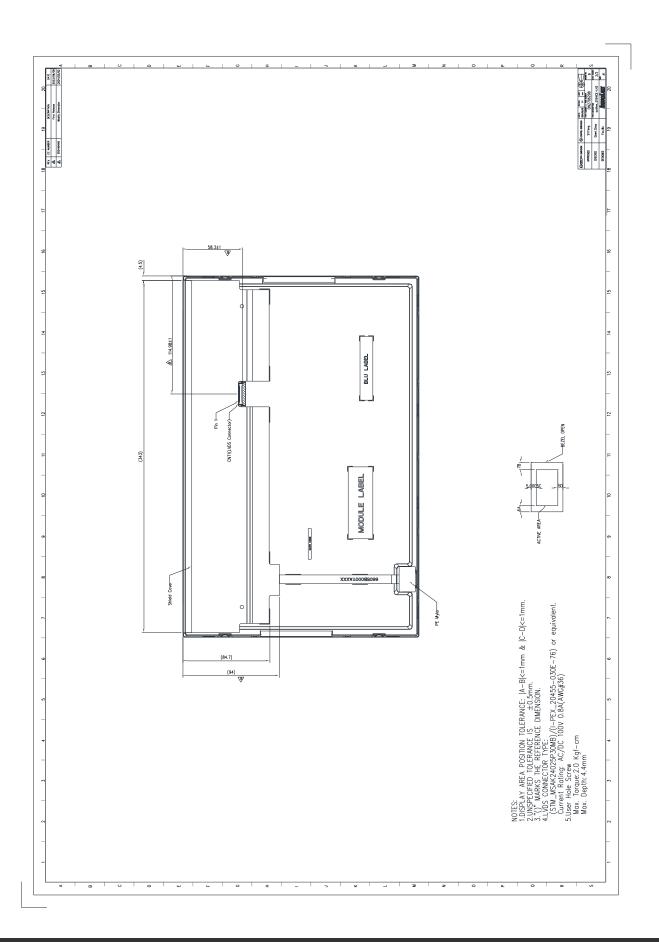
- (1) Normal operating condition
 - (a) Display pattern: dynamic pattern (Real display)(Note) Long-term static display can cause image sticking.
 - (Note) Long-term static display can cause image sticking.
- (2) Operating usages to protect against image sticking due to long-term static display
 - (a) Static information display recommended to use with moving image.
- (3) Abnormal condition just means conditions except normal condition.



12. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

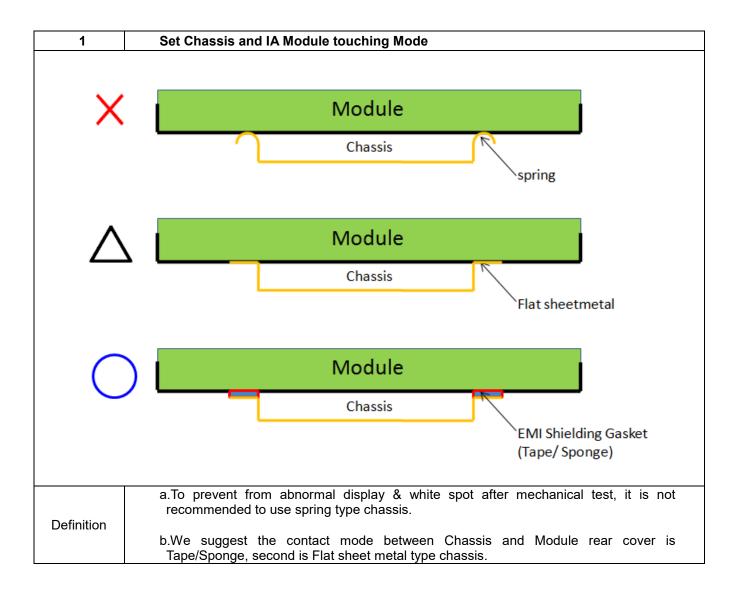




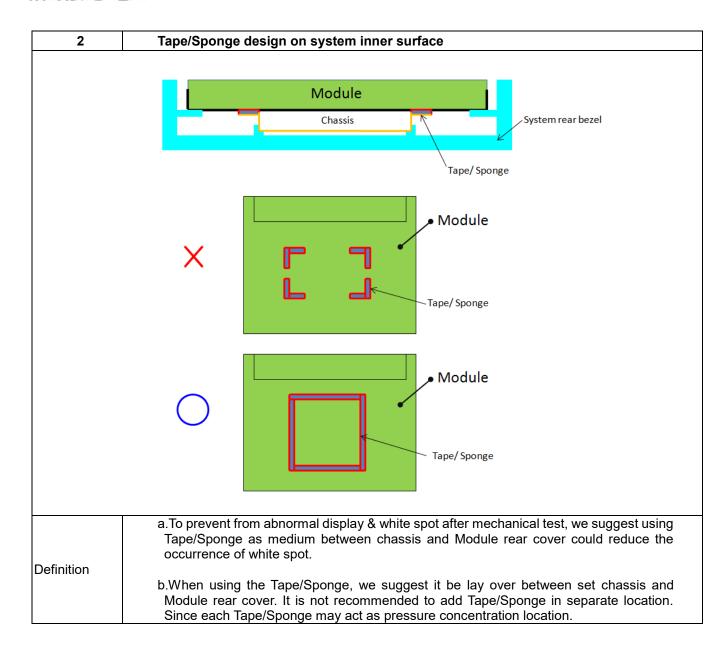




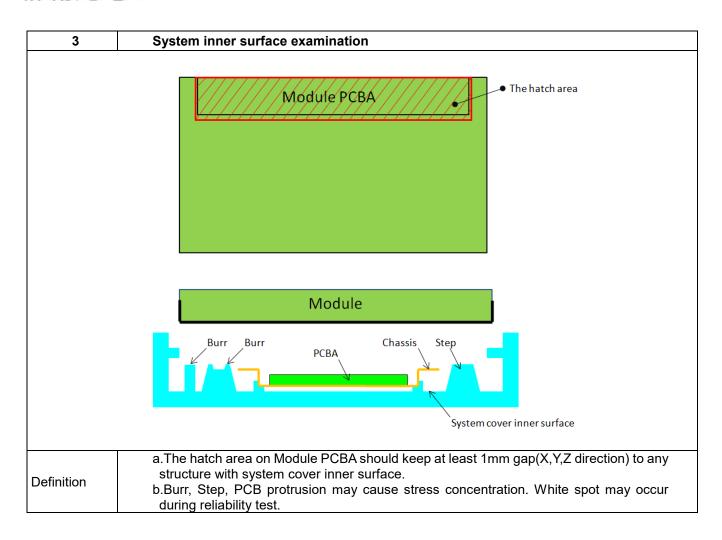
Appendix. SYSTEM COVER DESIGN NOTICE

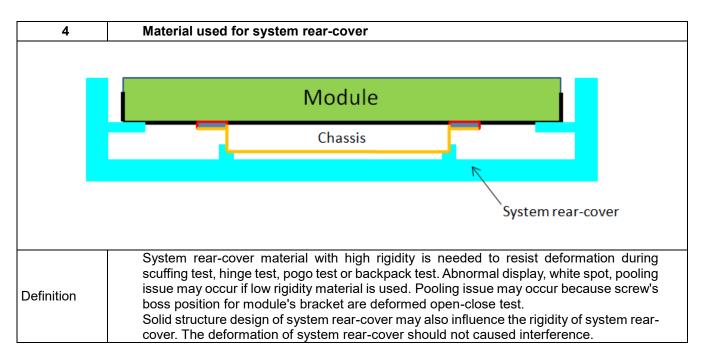






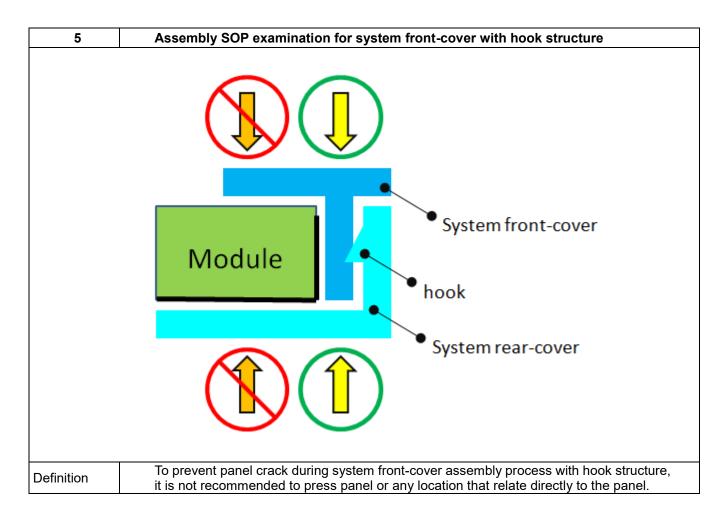




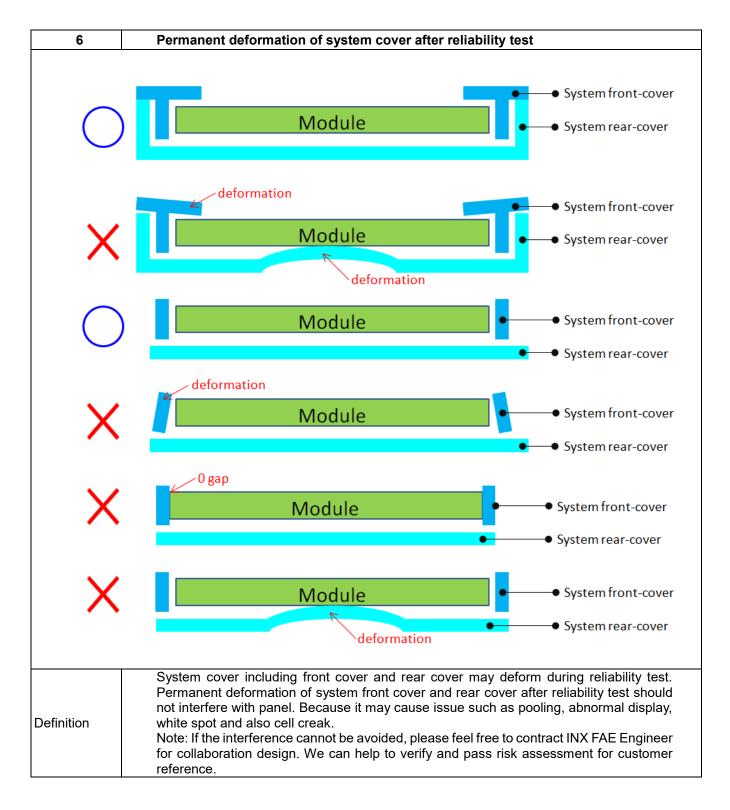


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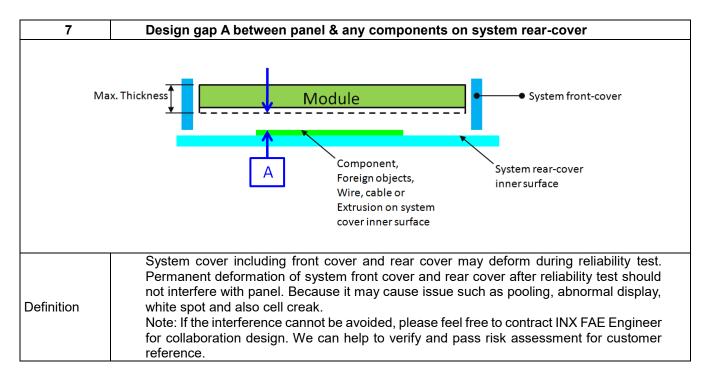


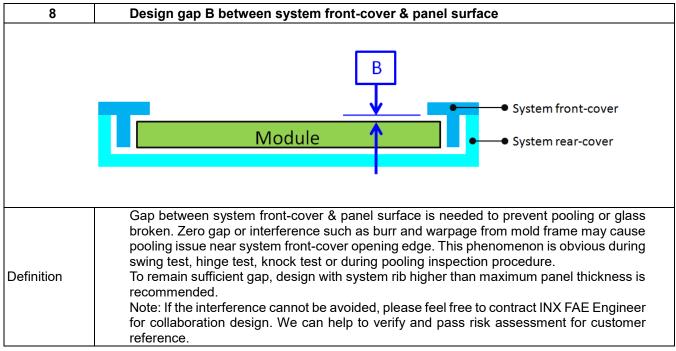




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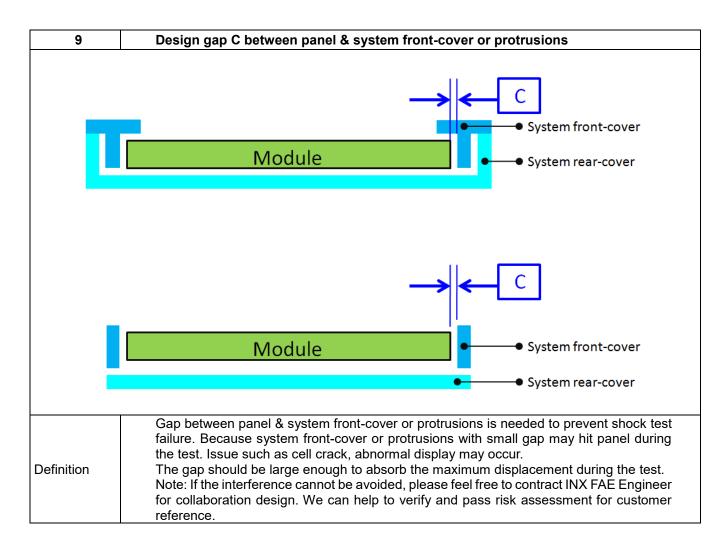






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