

- ★ Super Low Gate Charge
- ★ Excellent CdV/dt effect decline
- ★ 100% EAS Guaranteed
- ★ Green Device Available
- ★ Advanced high cell density Trench technology

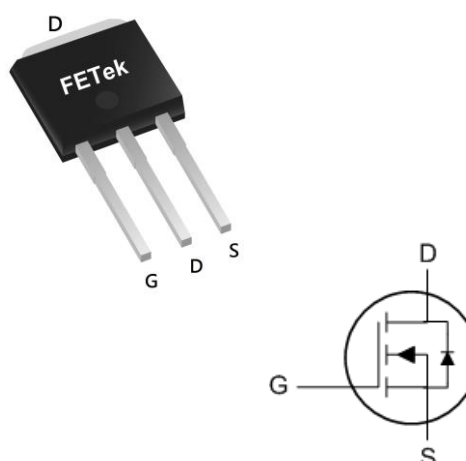
Product Summary


BVDSS	RDSON	ID
30V	8.5mΩ	55A

Description

The FKR3004 is the high cell density trenched N-ch MOSFETs, which provide excellent RDSON and gate charge for most of the synchronous buck converter applications.

The FKR3004 meet the RoHS and Green Product requirement, 100% EAS guaranteed with full function reliability approved.

TO251 Pin Configuration

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Units
V_{DS}	Drain-Source Voltage	30	V
V_{GS}	Gate-Source Voltage	± 20	V
$I_D@T_C=25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, V_{GS} @ 10V	55	A
$I_D@T_C=100^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, V_{GS} @ 10V	40	A
$I_D@T_A=25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, V_{GS} @ 10V ¹	13	A
$I_D@T_A=70^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, V_{GS} @ 10V ¹	10.8	A
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ²	110	A
EAS	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ³	58	mJ
I_{AS}	Avalanche Current	34	A
$P_D@T_C=25^\circ C$	Total Power Dissipation ⁴	41.6	W
$P_D@T_A=25^\circ C$	Total Power Dissipation ⁴	2.42	W
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 175	$^\circ C$
T_J	Operating Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 175	$^\circ C$

Thermal Data

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient (Steady State) ¹	---	62	$^\circ C/W$
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-Case	---	3.6	$^\circ C/W$

Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{GS}=0V$, $I_D=250\mu A$	30	---	---	V
$\Delta BV_{DSS}/\Delta T_J$	BVDSS Temperature Coefficient	Reference to 25°C , $I_D=1mA$	---	0.027	---	$V/^\circ\text{C}$
$R_{DS(ON)}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance ²	$V_{GS}=10V$, $I_D=20A$	---	---	8.5	$m\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=4.5V$, $I_D=10A$	---	---	14	
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS}=V_{DS}$, $I_D=250\mu A$	1.0	---	2.5	V
$\Delta V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{GS(th)}$ Temperature Coefficient		---	-5.8	---	$mV/^\circ\text{C}$
I_{DSS}	Drain-Source Leakage Current	$V_{DS}=24V$, $V_{GS}=0V$, $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	---	---	1	μA
		$V_{DS}=24V$, $V_{GS}=0V$, $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$	---	---	5	
I_{GSS}	Gate-Source Leakage Current	$V_{GS}=\pm 20V$, $V_{DS}=0V$	---	---	± 100	nA
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5V$, $I_D=20A$	---	17.5	---	S
R_g	Gate Resistance	$V_{DS}=0V$, $V_{GS}=0V$, $f=1MHz$	---	2.2	4.4	Ω
Q_g	Total Gate Charge (4.5V)	$V_{DS}=20V$, $V_{GS}=4.5V$, $I_D=12A$	---	12.8	---	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate-Source Charge		---	3.3	---	
Q_{gd}	Gate-Drain Charge		---	6.5	---	
$T_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{DD}=12V$, $V_{GS}=10V$, $R_G=3.3\Omega$ $I_D=5A$	---	4.5	---	ns
T_r	Rise Time		---	10.8	---	
$T_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time		---	25.5	---	
T_f	Fall Time		---	9.6	---	
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{DS}=15V$, $V_{GS}=0V$, $f=1MHz$	---	1317	---	pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance		---	163	---	
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		---	131	---	

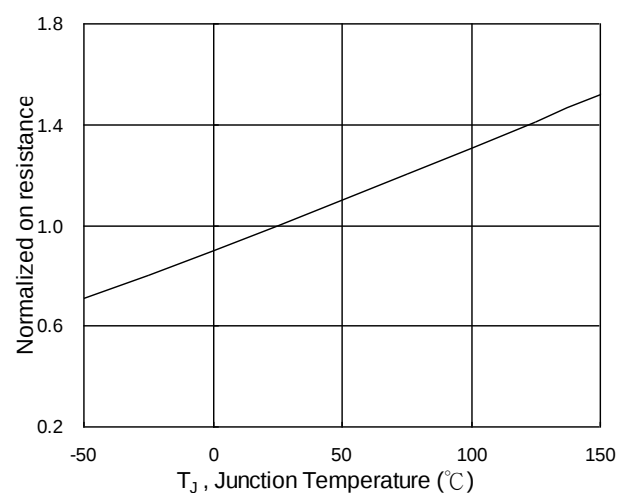
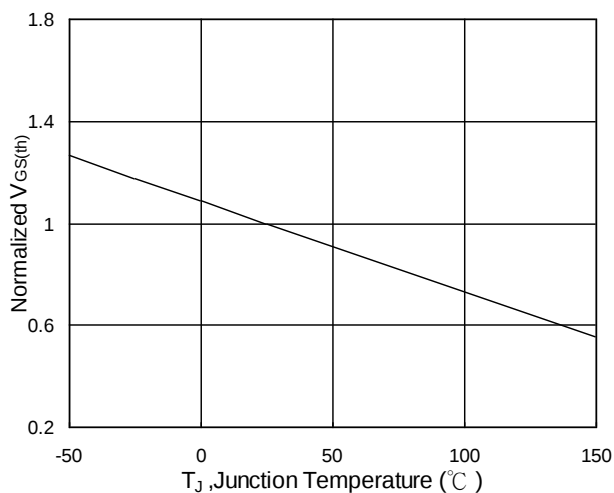
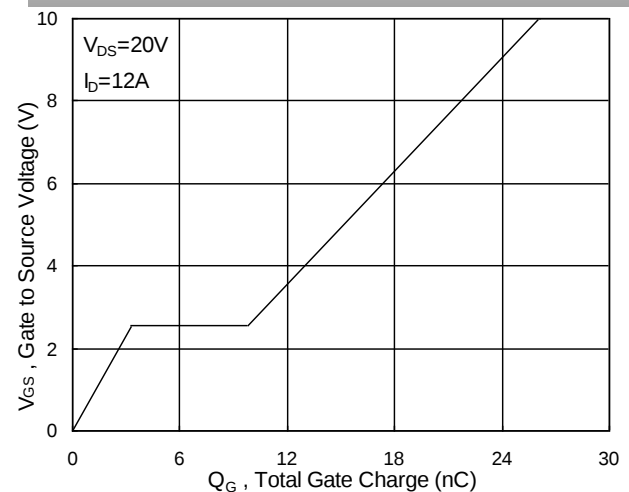
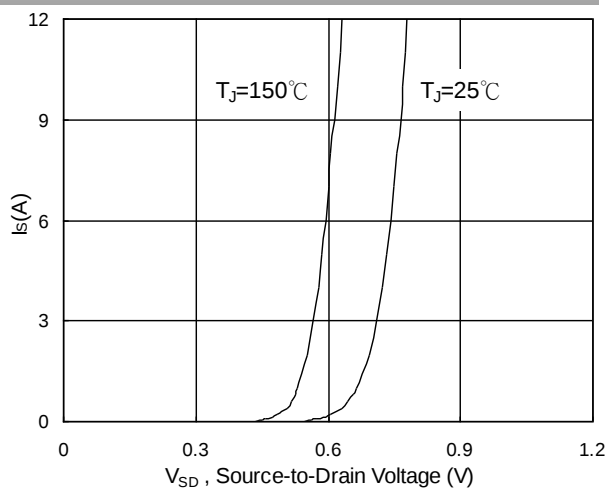
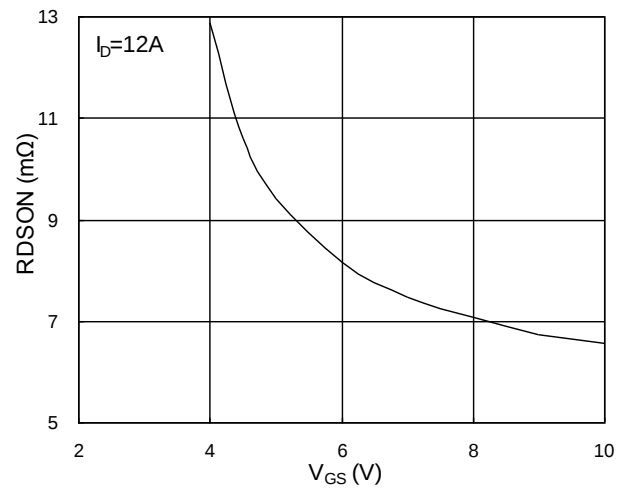
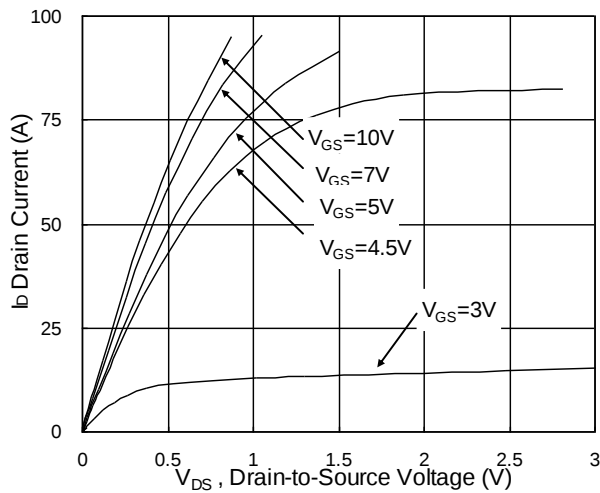
Diode Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I_S	Continuous Source Current ^{1,5}	$V_G=V_D=0V$, Force Current	---	---	55	A
I_{SM}	Pulsed Source Current ^{2,5}		---	---	110	A
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage ²	$V_{GS}=0V$, $I_S=1A$, $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	---	---	1.2	V

Note :

- 1.The data tested by surface mounted on a 1 inch² FR-4 board with 1OZ copper
- 2.The data tested by pulsed , pulse width $\leq 300\mu s$, duty cycle $\leq 2\%$
- 3.The EAS data shows Max. rating . The test condition is $V_{DD}=25V$, $V_{GS}=10V$, $L=0.1mH$, $I_{AS}=34A$
- 4.The power dissipation is limited by 175°C junction temperature
- 5.The data is theoretically the same as I_D and I_{DM} , in real applications , should be limited by total power dissipation.

Typical Characteristics



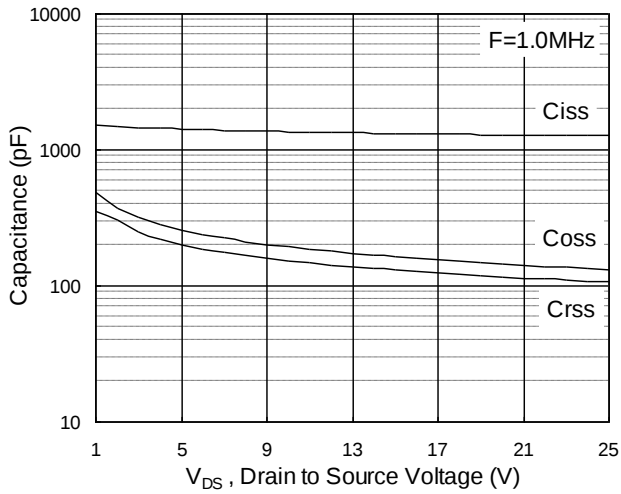


Fig.7 Capacitance

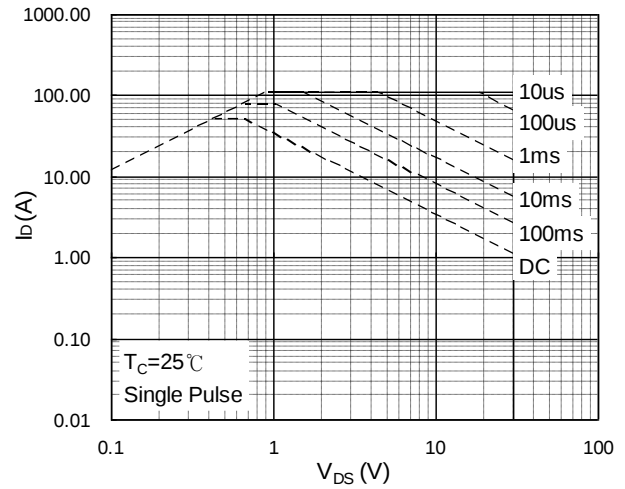


Fig.8 Safe Operating Area

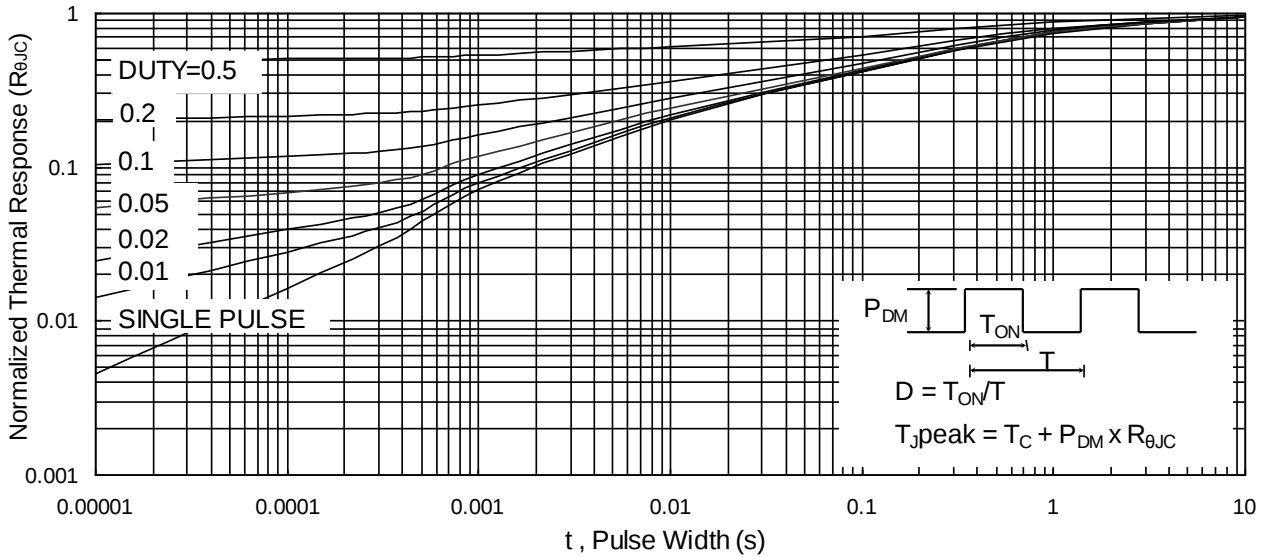


Fig.9 Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

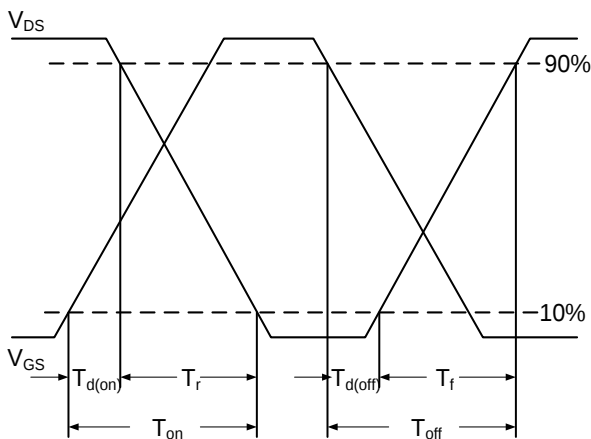


Fig.10 Switching Time Waveform

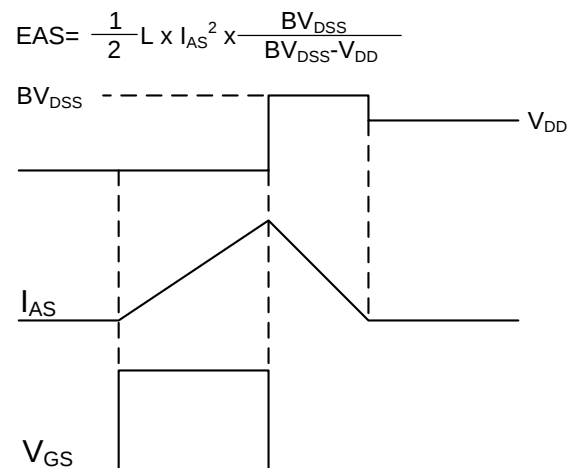


Fig.11 Unclamped Inductive Switching Waveform