

82C455 VGA FLAT PANEL/CRT CONTROLLER DATA SHEET

- VGA-Compatible flat panel controller optimized for laptop computer applications.
- Supports CRT, LCD, Plasma and Electro-Luminescent displays of varying resolutions.
- Single chip implementation tightly couples to the CHIPS/250 and CHIPS/280 and interfaces with 8 and 16 bit PC bus and MCA (an interface compatible with the MicroChannel™).

The 82C455 Graphics Controller provides a complete solution for implementing a Video Graphics Array-compatible controller. The 82C455 is supplied in a 144-pin PFP package. It can be used in 8 and 16-bit PC bus and in 16-bit MCA bus environments.

Display Types Supported

CGA, EGA, MDA, Multifrequency, IBM PS/2™ and other monitors can be used. The choice of flat panel displays includes EL, plasma, as well as single panel/single drive, dual panel/single drive and dual panel/double drive LCDs. Both gray scale and monochrome panels are supported; a proprietary frame rate control algorithm provides gray scale capability on monochrome panels.

CHIPS/250 and CHIPS/280 Interface

The 82C455 interfaces directly to the CHIPS/250 and CHIPS/280, providing a simple, cost-effec-

- Up to 40 MHz dot clock speed for graphics and text modes.
- Can utilize an external palette DAC with up to 16 million colors.
- Provides intelligent backward compatibility to the EGA, CGA, Hercules[™], and MDA on Flat Panel displays.

tive solution for PS/2 compatible systems. When used with one of these CHIPSets[®], the 82C455 can execute FAST memory cycles at a speed greater than that normally available on the MCA bus.

Backward Compatibility

The 82C455 is compatible with IBM's EGA, CGA and MDA, in addition to offering a Hercules monochrome-graphics-compatible mode. On-chip compensation registers permit software designed for low resolution displays to utilize the entire screen area on a flat panel with higher resolution.

Hardware Support for Context Switching

Multitasking and windowing environments can be implemented easily since all internal registers of the 82C455 can be read and written.

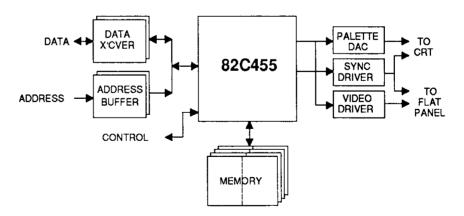


Figure 1: 82C455 System Implementation

Publication No. 3-455-B



82C455 Functional Description

The 82C455 offers a complete solution for implementing a VGA/MCGA/EGA/CGA/MDA/Hercules-compatible display system. By integrating all necessary logic the device ensures that total chip count for a VGA-compatible solution can be as low as 14 chips (includes 82C455, display memory, buffers and drivers).

Any one of a variety of CRT monitors or flat panel displays can be driven. Internal compensation registers ensure that industry-standard software designed for different displays can be executed on the single flat panel used in an implementation. Mode initialization is supported at the BIOS and register levels, ensuring compatibility with all application software. The 256 Kbytes of display memory size is comprised of 8 64K*4 DRAMs. Display memory refresh is controlled by the 82C455; it is transparent to the CPU.

For support of multitasking environments and context switching, the entire state of the 82C455 (internal registers and latches) is readable and writeable. This feature is 100% compatible to IBM's VGA.

The 82C455 directly interfaces to 8-bit PC and PC/XT, 16-bit PC/AT and 8 or 16-bit MCA buses. All operations necessary to ensure proper operation in these various environments are handled in a fashion transparent to the CPU. These include internal decoding of all memory and I/O addresses, bus width translations and generation of the necessary control signals.

The 82C455 contains 16 color palette registers. It also interfaces directly to an external Inmos G171 (or compatible) color palette and D/A converter. Like the VGA, it is capable of display resolutions of 640*480 with 16 on-screen colors (internal palette) and 320*200 with 256 on-screen colors from an external palette of 256 thousand (or 16 million) colors. The 82C455 can also be programmed for higher resolutions up to 800*600 in 16 colors.

The 82C455 integrates four different modules as follows:

Graphics Controller

The Graphics Controller interfaces the 8 or 16-bit CPU data bus to the 32-bit data bus used by the four planes (Maps) of display memory. It also latches and supplies to the Attribute Controller display memory data for use in refreshing the screen image. For text modes this data is supplied in parallel form (character generator data and an attribute code); for graphics modes it is converted to serial form (one bit from each of four bytes form a single pixel). The Graphics Controller also performs any one of several types of logical operations on data while reading it from or writing it to display memory or the CPU data bus.

Sequencer

The Sequencer generates all CPU and display memory timing signals. It controls CPU access of display memory by inserting cycles dedicated to CPU access and contains mask registers which can prevent writes of individual display memory planes.

Attribute Controller

The Attribute Controller generates the 4-bit-wide video data stream used to refresh the display. This is created in text modes from a font pattern and an attribute code which pass through a parallel to serial conversion. In graphics modes, the display memory contains the 4-bit pixel data. In text and graphic modes the 4-bit pixel data acts as an index into a set of internal palette registers which generate a 6-bit stream. Two additional bits of color data are added if 256-color mode is enabled. Text blink, underline and cursor are also the responsibility of the Attribute Controller.

CRT Controller

The CRT Controller generates all the sync and timing signals for the display and also generates the multiplexed row and column addresses used for both display refresh and CPU access of display memory.



Pin Description Table

Flatpack Pin No.	Nomo	Type	Activo	Description
	Name	Type	Active	Description
63	AD0	I/O	Both	SYSTEM ADDRESS and DATA Bits 0-15.
62	AD1	1/0	Both	These bits are used to address display
61	AD2	I/O	Both	memory and the I/O mapped 82C455 inter-
60	AD3	I/O	Both	nal registers. They also transfer data be-
59	AD4	1/0	Both	tween the CPU bus and display memory
58	AD5	I/O	Both	and 82C455 registers. Addresses must be
57	AD6	1/0	Both	valid when output signal DATAEN is low
56	AD7	I/O	Both	and data must be held until \VGACMD
53	AD8	1/0	Both	(COMMAND) is low. Addresses are latched
52	AD9	1/0	Both	internally.
51	AD10	1/0	Both	·
50	AD11	I/O	Both	
49	AD12	I/O	Both	
48	AD13	1/0	Both	
47	AD14	1/0	Both	
46	AD15	1/0	Both	
44	A16		Both	SYSTEM ADDRESS Bits 16-18 and
43	A17	1	Both	AUXILIARY DATA Bits 0-2. These bits trans-
42	A18	l 	Both	fer a high-order address when DATAEN is low. The auxiliary data bits on pins A16, A17, and A18 respectively are read into Bits 0-2, respectively, of the DIP Switch register when that register is accessed by the CPU. The address bits are latched internally and are ignored for I/O cycles.
72	\BHE		Low	BYTE HIGH ENABLE and AUXILIARY DATA Bit. \BHE low indicates that the high order byte at the current word address is being accessed. If active, \BHE must be valid when DATAEN is low. The pin is also an auxiliary data input which is read into Bit 3 of the DIP Switch register when the DIP Switch register is accessed by the CPU. This data bit is latched internally on the falling edge of \VGACMD (\IOR).



Flatpack Pin No.	Name	Туре	Active	Description
41	ADDHI		High	ADDRESS HI and AUXILIARY DATA Bit. This high order memory address enable input is generated external to the 82C455 by decoding system addresses A19-A23. As an address, it must be valid when DATAEN is low, is latched internally and specifies that the current memory address is valid for the 82C455. This pin is an auxiliary data bit read into Bit 4 of the DIP Switch register when the DIP Switch register is accessed by the CPU. This input pin is ignored during I/O cycles.
67	DATAEN	0	High	DATA ENABLE. The DATAEN output controls external multiplexing of the system address/data bus. DATAEN low selects address and DATAEN high selects data. In an MCA interface, DATAEN is low when \VGACMD is high and DATAEN is high when \VGACMD is low. In a PC or PC/AT bus interface, DATAEN is low when all \MEMR, \MEMW, \IOR, and \IOW are high. DATAEN is high when any one of \MEMR, \MEMW, \IOR or \IOW is low.
65	\RDLO	0	Low	READ LO. This output controls the direction of the external data transceivers on the low order byte (Bits 0-7) of the address/data bus. It is low when data is read from the 82C455 and high when data is written to 82C455. DATAEN can be used to enable the external transceiver.
64	\RDHI	0	Low	READ HI. This output operates in a fashion identically to the \RDLO output except that it controls direction for the high order byte (Bits 8-15) of the address/data bus. RDHI is low when data is read from 82C455 and high when data is written to 82C455.



Flatpack		Typo	Activo	Description
Pin No. 71	M/IO (AEN)	Type	Active Both	MEMORY/IO or ADDRESS ENABLE and AUXILIARY DATA input. In MCA interfaces, the M/IO input pin selects either a memory or an I/O transfer. M/IO high selects a memory cycle and low selects an I/O cycle. When defined as M/IO, it must be valid when the DATAEN input is low. In PC-Bus interfaces, this input is renamed AEN. When low, it indicates a valid I/O address when DATAEN is low. The M/IO (AEN) signal is latched internally. In both MCA and PC-Bus environments this pin serves as an auxiliary data bit input. It is read into Bit 5 of the DIP Switch register whenever the DIP Switch register is accessed by the CPU.
69	\S0 (\MEMW)	I	Low	S0 or MEMORY WRITE. \S0 is the memory and I/O write input from the MCA bus. In PC-Bus interface applications, this input is named \MEMW. It must be low for CPU writes to display memory.
70	\S1 (\MEMR)	I	Low	S1 or MEMORY READ. \S1 is the memory and I/O read input from the MCA bus. In PC-Bus interface applications, this input is named \MEMR. It must be low to permit the CPU to read display memory.
79	\VGASETUP (\IOW)	I	Low	VGA SETUP or I/O WRITE. In an MCA environment this active low \VGASETUP input allows configuration registers at I/O Addresses 100-104h to be accessed. All other memory and I/O functions are disabled. In PC-BUS interface applications, this input is named \IOW. It must be low to permit the CPU to write to an 82C455 I/O register.
68	\VGACMD (\IOR)	ı	Low	VGA COMMAND or I/O READ. In an MCA environment this active low \VGACMD indicates a command bus cycle. \VGACMD must not be asserted during system memory refresh cycles. In a PC-Bus environment this input is named \IOR. It must be low to permit the CPU to read an I/O register.



Flatpack Pin No.	Name	Typo	Active	Doscription
80 80	VGAENAB (\REFRESH)	Type	High/Low	VGA ENABLE or REFRESH and AUXILIARY DATA. In an MCA environment this active high VGAENAB input signal enables memory and I/O accesses. In the PC-Bus interface, REFRESH high indicates a valid memory cycle. This pin also serves as an auxiliary data bit input which is read into Bit 6 of the DIP Switch register whenever the DIP Switch register is accessed by the CPU.
78	\VGAREQ (\IOCS16)	0	Low	VGA REQUEST or I/O SELECT 16. In an MCA environment this output indicates that a FAST memory cycle can be executed (this feature can be disabled through a register). In a PC-Bus environment this active low \IOCS16 signal indicates a valid 16 bit I/O cycle.
74	VGARDY	0	Low	VGA READY. When low this output indicates that the current CPU read/write cycle must be extended with wait states.
77	\VGADS16 (\MEN16)	0	Low	VGA ADDRESS SELECT 16 or MEMORY ENABLE 16. In an MCA environment this active low \VGADS16 output indicates that a 16-bit memory or I/O transfer cycle is occurring. In a PC-Bus environment this active low \MEN16 signal indicates a 16-bit memory cycle transfer is enabled. This signal should be used in external logic to decode the high order address and generate \MEMCS16 for the PC-AT bus.
75	\VGAACK (\WR46E8)	0	Low	VGA ACKNOWLEDGE or WRITE 46E8h. In an MCA environment this active low \VGAACK output indicates a valid CPU access (memory and I/O) to the 82C455. In a PC-Bus environment this active low \WR46E8 signal indicates a valid I/O write to address 46E8h.
113	VGAINT	0	Either	VGA INTERRUPT. This pin is asserted whenever the vertical sync signal goes active. This pin can be configured to be active high (EGA) or active low (VGA) through the Emulation Mode register (XR14).



Flatpack Pin No.	Name	Туре	Active	Description		
114	RESET	ı	High	RESET. An active high input which resets the 82C455.		
38	TEST	•	High	TEST. This input is used for factory test only. It should be tied low.		
40	PWRDN2 PWRDN1	I I	Both Both	POWER DOWN 2,1. The POWER DOWN input pins select the Normal, Relax, and Retire modes of operation as follows: PWRDN2 PWRDN1 OPERATION 0 0 Normal Operation 0 1 Relax Mode 1 0 Retire Mode 1 1 Illegal		
105 104	CLK0 CLK1	 	Both Both Both	CLOCK 2-0. Video Clock inputs. One of these dot clock inputs is selected by the Miscellaneous Output Register.		
101	MCLK	1	Both	MASTER CLOCK. This clock input is used to sequence internal 16-bit I/O cycles.		
108	SENSE	1	Both	SENSE. The state of this input pin can be read in Input Status Register 0, Bit 4.		
100	\PALRD	0	Low	PALETTE READ. This output is active low during an I/O read to an address in the range 3C6-3C9h and is connected to the Read input of an external Inmos G171 Palette/DAC.		
99	\PALWR	0	Low	PALETTE WRITE. This output is active low during an I/O write to an address in the range 3C6-3C9h and is connected to the Write input of an external Inmos G171 Palette/DAC.		
142	MODO	I/O	Both	MEMORY 0 DATA. Display memory data		
3	M0D1	1/0	Both	bus for Plane 0 (Map 0).		
7	M0D2	1/0	Both			
12	M0D3	1/0	Both			
16	M0D4	1/0	Both			
24	MOD5	I/O	Both			
28	MOD6	1/0	Both			
33	M0D7	1/0	Both			



Flatpack	,			
Pin No.	Name	Type	Active	Description
144	M1D0	1/0	Both	MEMORY 1 DATA. Display memory data
5	M1D1	1/0	Both	bus for Plane 1 (Map 1).
10	M1D2	1/0	Both	
14	M1D3	I/O	Both	
22	M1D4	I/O	Both	
26	M1D5	I/O	Both	
31	M1D6	I/O	Both	
35	M1D7	I/O	Both	
115	M2D0	I/O	Both	MEMORY 2 DATA. Display memory data
118	M2D1	1/0	Both	bus for Plane 2 (Map 2).
120	M2D2	1/0	Both	、
122	M2D3	1/0	Both	
124	M2D4	1/0	Both	
128	M2D5	I/O	Both	
130	M2D6	1/0	Both	
132	M2D7	1/0	Both	
116	M3D0	1/0	Both	MEMORY 3 DATA. Display memory data
119	M3D1	I/O	Both	bus for Plane 3 (Map 3).
121	M3D2	1/0	Both	, , ,
123	M3D3	1/0	Both	
125	M3D4	1/0	Both	
129	M3D5	1/0	Both	
131	M3D6	1/0	Both	
133	M3D7	1/0	Both	
143	AA0	0	Both	ADDRESS PLANES 0,1. Display memory
4	AA1	0	Both	address bus for DRAM planes 0 and 1.
8	AA2	0	Both	·
13	AA3	0	Both	
21	AA4	0	Both	
25	AA5	0	Both	
29	AA6	0	Both	
34	AA7	0	Both	



Flatpack				
Pin No.	Name	Type	Active	Description
141	BA0	0	Both	ADDRESS PLANES 2,3. Display memory
2	BA1	0	Both	address bus for DRAM Planes 2 and 3.
6	BA2	0	Both	
11	BA3	0	Both	
15	BA4	0	Both	
23	BA5	0	Both	
27	BA6	0	Both	
32	BA7	0	Both	
20	\RAS	0	Low	ROW ADDRESS STROBE. Row address strobe for all DRAM memory banks.
134	\CAS0	0	Low	COLUMN ADDRESS STROBE 0. Active low column address strobe for Memory Plane 0.
135	\CAS1	0	Low	COLUMN ADDRESS STROBE 1. Active low column address strobe for Memory Plane 1.
136	\CAS2	0	Low	COLUMN ADDRESS STROBE 2. Active low column address strobe for Memory Plane 2.
137	\CAS3	0	Low	COLUMN ADDRESS STROBE 3. Active low column address strobe for Memory Plane 3.
139	\WE	0	Low	WRITE ENABLE. Active low write enable signal for all display memory banks/planes.
97	HSYNC	0	Both	HORIZONTAL SYNC OUTPUT. HSYNC is active high if the horizontal polarity bit (Bit 6 of the Miscellaneous Output register; I/O address 3C2) is low. It is active low if the horizontal polarity bit is high.
98	VSYNC	0	Both	VERTICAL SYNC OUTPUT. VSYNC is active high if the vertical polarity bit (Bit 7 of the Miscellaneous Output register; I/O address 3C2) is low. It is active low if the vertical polarity bit is high.
96	BLANK	0	Both	BLANK is a programmable output for blanking the CRT or Flat Panel. Its polarity is programmable. It can be redefined as the Display Enable signal.

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Flatpack					_ •	
Pin No.	Name	Type	Active	Descri	otion	
85	VIDEO0	0	Both	VIDEO 0-	7. Eight	video outputs to drive a
86	VIDEO1	0	Both	color or m	nonochro	me display devices.
87	VIDEO2	0	Both	Color valu	ues for di	gital CRT interface are
				assigned	as follow	s:
88	VIDEO3	0	Both	Video0	В	Blue
89	VIDEO4	0	Both	Video1	G	Green
93	VIDEO5	0	Both	Video2	R	Red
94	VIDEO6	0	Both	Video3	BS/V	Secondary Blue/
95	VIDEO7	0	Both			Monochrome
				Video4	GS/I	Secondary Green/In- tensity
				Video5	RS	Secondary Red
				Video6		User Defined
				Video7		User Defined
92	SHIFTCLK	0	High			utput pixel clock to which s synchronized.
83	WGTCLK	0	High	WEIGHT CONTROL CLOCK. Gray scale reference clock for Panels with Pulse Width Modulation support.		
17	ACDCLK	0	High		rammable	% duty cycle square-wave period. Used to back bias
140	\ERMEN	0	Low	indicates accessed refresh th device ac	whether I by the (ne display cess and	INDICATOR. This output display memory is being CPU or by the 82C455 to A high indicates display a low is CPU access. This fined as a general purpose
112	\TRAP	0	Low	TRAP co	ndition recan be re	e low output indicates a quiring special CPU assis- defined as a general pur-
82	PTMC	I	Both	terface. P	TMC low selects	selects the type of CPU in- selects an MCA interface a PC-Bus interface. This be valid.



Flatpack Pin No.	Name	Туре	Active	Description	-
1	Vcc	1,500	7.00	POWER	
18	100			1 3 1 2 1 1	
54					
73					
90					
126					
9	Vss			GROUND	
19					
30					
45					
55					
66					
81					
91					
102					
117					
127					
138					
36	NC			NO CONNECTS	
37					
39					
76					
84					
106					
107					
109					
110					



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Min	Max	Units
V_{DD}	-	7.0	٧
Vi	-0.5	V _{DD} +0.5	٧
Vo	-0.5	V _{DD} +0.5	٧
Тф	-25	85	0°C
T _{stg}	-40	125	0°C
	V _{DD} V _i V _o T _{op}	V _{DD} - V _i -0.5 V _o -0.5 T _{op} -25	VDD - 7.0 Vi -0.5 VDD+0.5 Vo -0.5 VDD+0.5 Top -25 85

82C455 Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Units
Supply Voltage	V _{DD}	4.75	5.25	V
Ambient Temperature	TA	-40	70	0°C

82C455 DC Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Units
Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}		0.8	٧
Input High Voltage	V _{IH}	2.0		٧
Output Low Voltage IOL = TBD	Vol		0.45	٧
Output High Voltage IOH = TBD	Vон	3.5		٧
Input Leakage Current	I _{IL}	-100	+100	uA
Power Supply Current @25 MHz CLK, 0°C	lcc		100	mA
Ouput High Impedance Leakage 0.45 < VPIN < VDD	loz	-100	+100	uA

Note: Electrical specifications contained herein are preliminary and subject to change without notice.

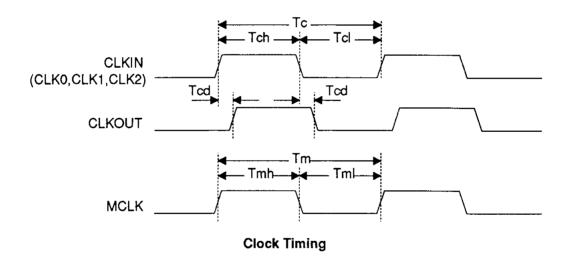


82C455 AC Timing Characteristics

 $(TA = 0^{\circ}C - 70^{\circ}C, VDD = 5V\pm5\%)$

Clock Timing

Parameter	Symbol	Min(ns)	Max(ns)
CLK Period	То	25	
CLK High time	T _{ch}	(Tc/2)-5%	
CLK Low time	T _{cl}	(Tc/2)-5%	
MCLK Period	T _m	25 40	
MCLK High time	T _{mh}	(T _m /2)-5%	
MCLK Low time	T_{ml}	(T _m /2)-5%	
CLK to SHIFTCLK delay	T∞		25



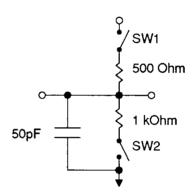


Video Timing

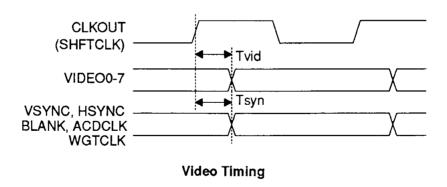
Parameter	Symbol	Min(ns)	Max (ns)
SYNC and VIDEO CONTROL delay from SHIFTCLK	T _{syn}		20
Video delay from SHIFTCLK	T _{vid}	5	20

Other Timing

Parameter	Symbol	Min(ns)	Max (ns)
RESET Pulse Width		64 T _c	



AC Characteristics Load Circuit

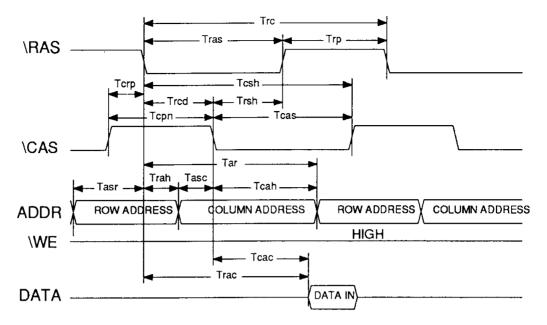




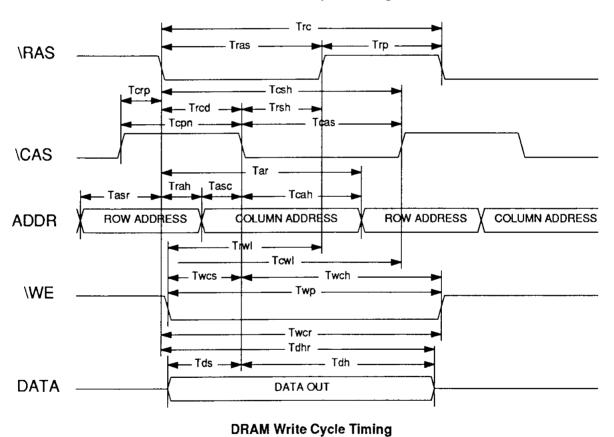
DRAM Timing

Parameter	Symbol	8 dot mode Min(ns) Max(ns)		9 dot mode Min(ns) Max(ns)	
Read/Write Cycle time	T _{rc}	7Tc	-	8T _c	-
\RAS Pulse Width	T _{ras}	4T _c	-	4T _c	-
Column Address Hold from Ras	Tar	5T _c	-	5T _c	-
\RAS precharge	Trp	3T _c	-	4T _c	-
\CAS to \RAS precharge	T _{crp}	1T _c	-	2T _c	-
\CAS hold from \RAS	T _{csh}	6T _c	_	6T _c	-
\RAS to \CAS delay	T _{rcd}	2T _c	-	2T _c	-
\RAS hold from \CAS	T _{rsh}	2T _c	-	2T _c	-
\CAS Precharge	T _{opn}	3T _c	-	4Tc	-
\CAS Pulse Width	T _{cas}	4T _c	-	4T _c	-
Row Address Setup to \RAS	Tasr	2T _c	-	ЗТс	<u>-</u>
Column Address setup to \CAS	Tasc	1T _c	_	1T _c	<u> </u>
Row Address hold from \RAS	T _{rah}	1T _c	_	1T _c	-
Column Address hold from \CAS	Tcah	3T _c	-	ЗТс	-
Data Access time from \CAS	T _{cac}	-	3Т₀	-	3T _c
Data Access time from \RAS	T _{rac}	-	5T _c	-	5T _c
\WE Pulse Width	Twp	7T _c	-	8T _c	-
Write Data Setup to \CAS	T _{ds}	2T _c		2T _c	_
Write Data Hold from \CAS	T _{dh}	5T _c	-	6T _c	-
Write Data Hold from \RAS	T _{dhr}	7T _c	-	8T _c	-
\WE hold from \CAS	T _{wch}	5T _c	-	6T _c	-
\WE setup to \CAS	T _{wcs}	2T _c	-	2T _c	-
\WE lead to \RAS	T _{rwi}	4T _c	-	4T _c	-
\WE lead to \CAS	T _{cwl}	6T _c	-	6T _c	-
\WE hold from \RAS	Twer	7T _c		8T _c	-





DRAM Read Cycle Timing

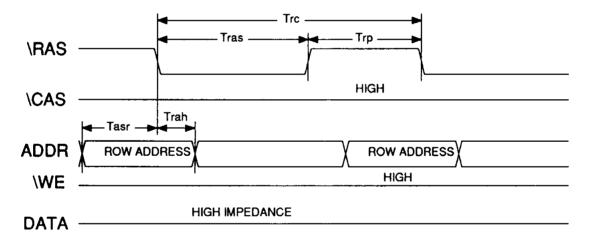


83C455 16



Compatibility with DRAMs

Parameters	Symbol	Max	Units
CLKIN Frequency for 16 Color Display and 120 ns DRAMS	_	30	MHz
CLKIN Frequency for 16 Color Display and 100 ns DRAMS	-	35-40	MHz
DRAM Refresh interval	-	85000/(V _R *V _L)	ms
Vertical refresh rate	VR		Hz
Total number of lines per frame (including retrace)	VL		-



DRAM Refresh Cycle Timing

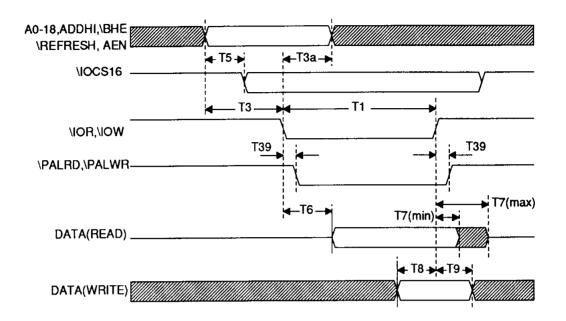


PC & PC/AT BUS Interface

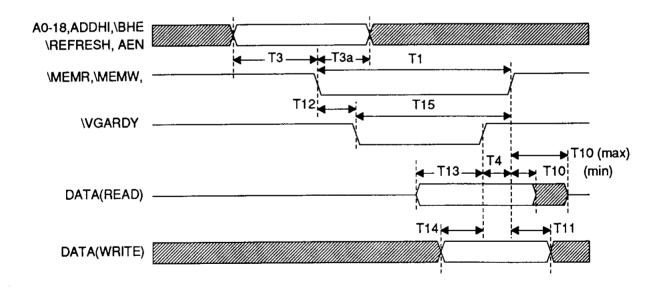
I/O and Memory Bus Timing

Parameter	Symbol	Min(ns)	Max(ns)
\MEMRD, \MEMWR, \IOR, \IOW Pulse Width	T1	175	
Address setup to Read/Write	ТЗ	80	
Address hold from Read/Write Signal	ТЗа	20	
\IOCS16 Delay from valid address	T5		25
\MEMRD,\MEMWR hold from \VGARDY (Memory)	T4	0	
I/O Read Data delay from \IOR	T6		50
I/O Read Data hold from \IOR	T7	10	40
I/O Write Data setup to \IOW	T8	40	
I/O Write Data hold from \IOW	T9	0	
Memory Read Data hold from \MEMR	T10	10	40
Memory Write Data hold from \MEMW	T11	0	
\MEMRD, \MEMWR to \VGARDY Low delay	T12		25
Memory Read Data setup to \VGARDY	T13	25	
Memory Write Data setup to \VGARDY	T14	40	
\VGARDY width	T15	7T _c	128Tc
\PALRD,\PALWR delay from Read/Write	T39		25
\MEN16 delay from Address	T2		25





PC and PC/AT Bus I/O Cycle Timing



PC and PC/AT Bus Memory Cycle Timing

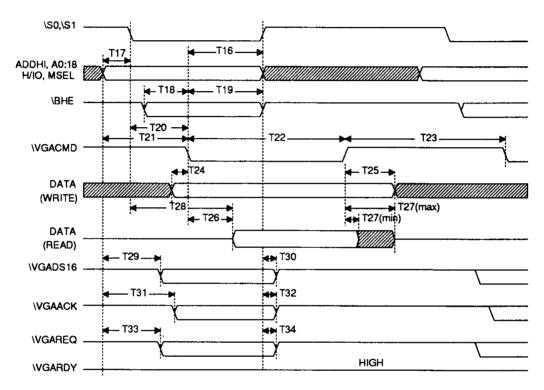


MCA Interface

I/O and Memory Cycle Timing

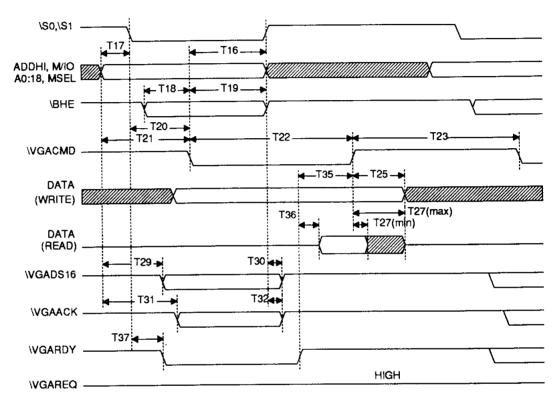
Parameter	Symbol	Min(ns)	Max(ns)
Status hold from \VGACMD	T16	20	
Status active from address valid	T17	0	
\BHE setup to \VGACMD	T18	30	
Address, \BHE hold from \VGACMD	T19	20	
\VGACMD active from Status	T20	45	
\VGACMD from address valid	T21	80	
\GACMD Pulse Width	T22	80	
\GACMD inactive to next \VGACMD	T23	80	
Write data setup to \VGACMD	T24	0	
Write data hold from \VGACMD	T25	10	
Read data valid from \VGACMD	T26		50
Read data hold from \VGACMD	T27	10	40
Status to Read data valid	T28		125
\VGADS16 active from address valid	T29		25
\VGADS16 inactive from Status	T30	5	25
\VGAACK active from address valid	T31		25
\VGAACK inactive from Status	T32	5	25
\VGAREQ active from address valid	T33		25
\VGAREQ inactive from Status	T34	5	25
\VGARDY active from \VGACMD high	T35	65	
Read data from \VGARDY active (high)	T36		50
\VGARDY inactive (low) from Status	T37		25
Write data setup to \VGARDY active (high)	T38		40
\PALRD, \PALWR delay from Command	T39		25





MCA Bus I/O Cycle Timing





MCA Bus Memory Cycle Timing

CHIP5

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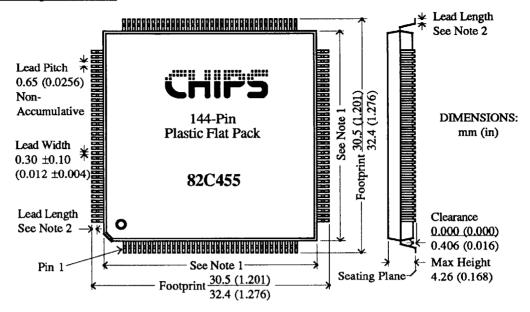
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T-52-33-45

82C455 Mechanical Specifications:



Note 1: Package Body Size = 26 ± 0.2 (1.024 ± 0.008) Note 2: Lead Length = 1.2 ± 0.2 (0.047 ± 0.008)

82C455 Suggested PCB Pad Lavout:

