

30V Input Standoff, 1A Fully Integrated Linear Charger for 1 Cell Li-ion Battery

DESCRIPTION

ETA4085 is a single cell, fully integrated constant current (CC)/constant voltage (CV) Li-ion battery charger. Its compact package with minimum external components requirement makes the ETA4085 ideal for portable applications. No external sense resistor or blocking diode is necessary for the ETA4085. Build-in thermal feedback mechanism regulates the charge current to control the die temperature during high power operation or at elevated ambient temperature. ETA4085 has the function of pre-charge, which can charge the deeply discharged batteries by trickle. The fast charge current can be programmed by an external resistor. CV regulation mode is automatically enabled once the battery's charging curve reaches the constant voltage portion. The output current then decays and is finally terminated once the charge current drops to 1/10 of the programmed value. ETA4085 keeps monitoring the battery voltage and enables a new charge cycle once the voltage drops 100mV below the CV value. ETA4085 is in a DFN3x3-10L package.

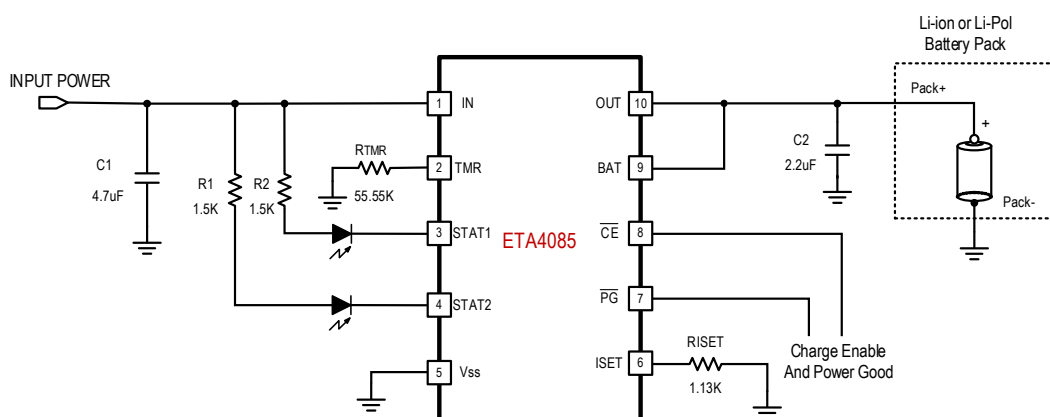
FEATURES

- ♦ 30V Input Standoff Voltage
- ♦ 4.2V Charge Termination Voltage
- ♦ 2.95V Trickle Charge Threshold
- ♦ Input Over Voltage Protection
- ♦ Charge Current Programmable, up to 1A
- ♦ 400nA BAT Current when No Charging
- ♦ Charge Conditioning with Safety Timer
- ♦ Status Output for LED
- ♦ Soft-start Limits in-rush Current
- ♦ DFN3x3-10L Package
- ♦ RoHS Compliant

APPLICATIONS

- ♦ E-cigarette
- ♦ Toys
- ♦ Bluetooth Applications
- ♦ Li-ion Battery Powered Devices

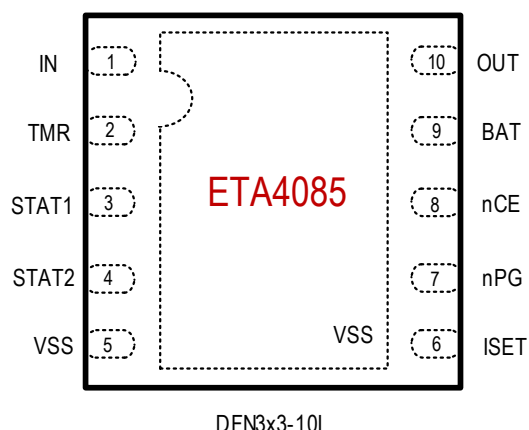
TYPICAL APPLICATION



ORDERING INFORMATION

| PART No. | PACKAGE | TOP MARK | Pcs/Reel |
|------------|-----------|------------------|----------|
| ETA4085D3K | DFN3x3-10 | ETA4085 YWW2L | 5000 |

PIN CONFIGURATION



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Note: Exceeding these limits may damage the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for long periods may affect device reliability.)

| | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|
| VIN Voltage | | -0.3V to 30V |
| BAT, OUT Voltage | | -0.3V to 16V |
| STAT1, STAT2, nPG, nCE Voltage | | -0.3V to 16V |
| All other pins Voltage | | -0.3V to 6V |
| Operating Temperature Range | | -40°C to 85°C |
| Storage Temperature Range | | -55°C to 150°C |
| Thermal Resistance | θ_{JC} θ_{JA} | |
| DFN3x3-10L |12.....50..... | °C/W |
| Lead Temperature (Soldering 10secs) | | 260°C |
| ESD HBM (Human Body Mode) | | 2KV |
| ESD CDM (Charged Device Mode) | | 1KV |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(VIN = 5V, unless otherwise specified. Typical values are at TA = 25°C.)

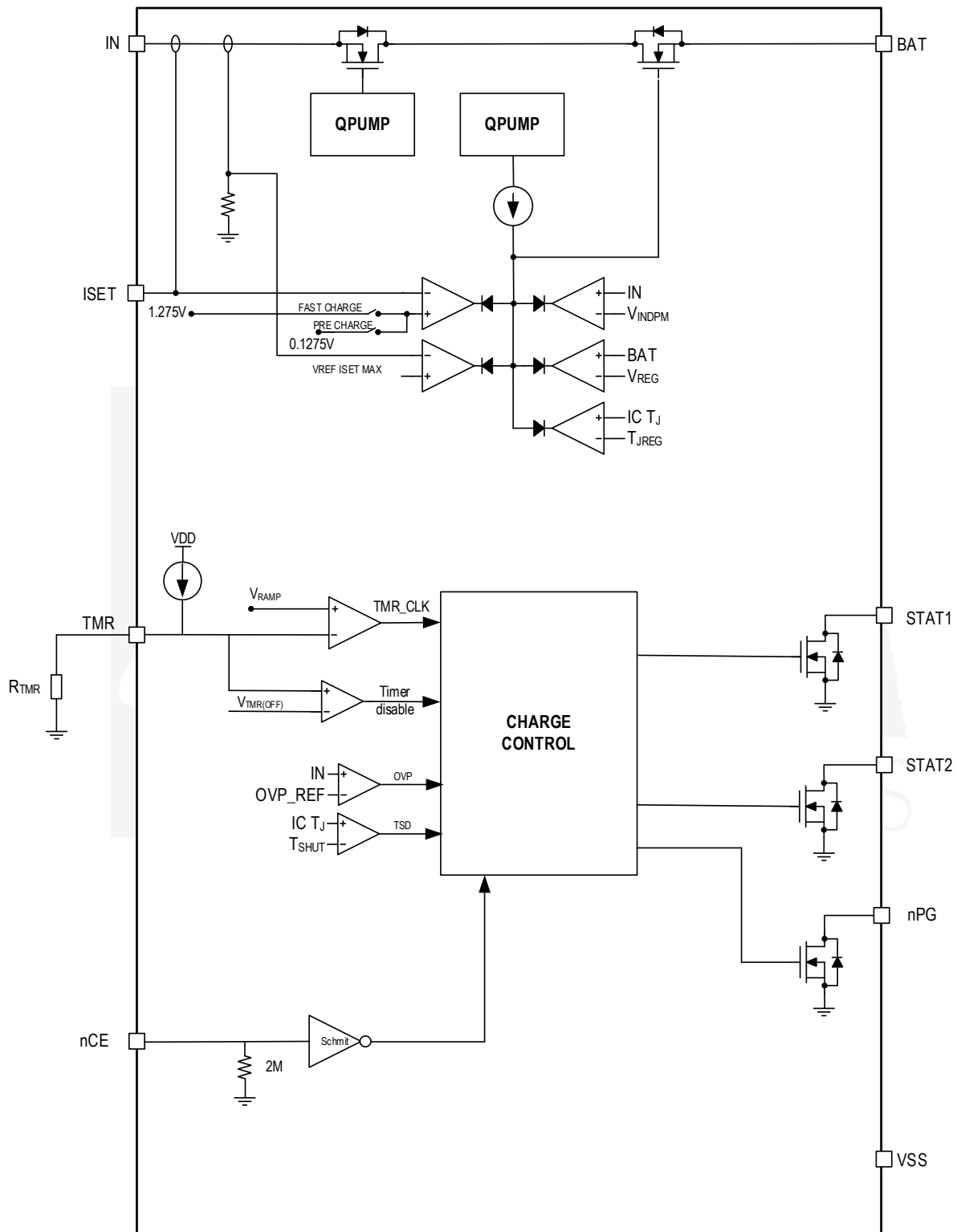
| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|---------------------------------------|---|------|------|------|--------|
| Input Standoff Voltage | | 30 | | | V |
| Input Over-Voltage Protection Voltage | VIN Rising, Hys=0.4V | 6.4 | 6.65 | 6.9 | V |
| Input Voltage Range for Charging | | 4.35 | | 6.5 | V |
| Input Supply Current | Charge Mode | | 800 | 2000 | μA |
| | Standby Mode (Charge Terminated) | | 180 | 360 | μA |
| | Shutdown Mode (ISET not Connected, or VIN < VBAT, or VIN < VUVLO) | | 45 | 90 | μA |
| Regulated Output (Float) Voltage | RISET = 5K, IBAT = 40mA | 4.16 | 4.2 | 4.24 | V |
| BAT Pin Current | RISET = 0.5K, CC Mode, VBAT=3.8V | 840 | 920 | 1000 | mA |
| | RISET = 0.45K to 8K, CC Mode | 90 | 100 | 110 | %IChRG |
| | Standby Mode, VBAT = 4.2V | | 6 | 8 | μA |
| | Shutdown Mode, ISET not Connected | 0 | 0.4 | 0.7 | μA |
| | Sleep Mode, VIN = 0V | 0 | 0.4 | 0.7 | μA |
| Trickle Charge Current | VBAT < VTRICKLE | 8 | 10 | 12 | %IChRG |
| Trickle Charge Threshold Voltage | VBAT Rising | 2.75 | 2.95 | 3.15 | V |
| Trickle Charge Hysteresis Voltage | | | 110 | | mV |
| VIN Under-Voltage Lockout Threshold | VIN From Low to High | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.5 | V |
| VIN Under-Voltage Lockout Hysteresis | | | 200 | | mV |

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|---|---|-----|-------|------|--------------------|
| VIN–VBAT Lockout Threshold Voltage | V _{IN} from Low to High | 70 | 150 | 230 | mV |
| | V _{IN} from High to Low | 20 | 70 | 130 | |
| Termination Current Threshold | | | 10 | | %I _{CHRG} |
| ISET Pin Voltage | CC Mode, V _{BAT} =4V | 1 | 1.275 | 1.45 | V |
| STAT1/STAT2 Pin Weak Pull-Down Current | V _{STAT1} = 5V | | 0.1 | | μA |
| STAT1/STAT2 Pin Output Low Voltage | I _{STAT1} or I _{STAT2} = 5mA | | 0.7 | 1.4 | V |
| Recharge BAT Threshold Voltage | V _{BAT} Falling | 60 | 100 | 160 | mV |
| Junction Temperature in Constant Temperature Mode | | | 110 | | °C |
| Power FET “ON” Resistance (Between VIN and BAT) | | | 0.6 | | Ω |
| Soft-Start Time | I _{BAT} = 0 to I _{BAT} = 90% Full Current | | 40 | | ms |
| ISET Pin Pull-Up Current | | | 1 | | μA |
| nCE Pull-down Resistance | | | 2 | | MΩ |
| Enable Charger | nCE Pin Falling | | | 0.6 | V |
| Disable Charger | nCE Pin Rising | 1.6 | | | V |
| TMR safe timer | R _{TMR} =55.55k, V _{IN} =5V, V _{BAT} =3.8V | | 5 | | hr |

PIN DESCRIPTION

| PIN# | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-------|---|
| 1 | IN | Positive Input Supply. Needs bypass with at least a 4.7μF capacitor. |
| 2 | TMR | Safety Timer Program Input, timer disabled if floating. Connect a resistor to VSS pin to program safety timer timeout value |
| 3 | STAT1 | Open-Drain Output for In Charging flag. The STAT pin outputs low when the battery is in charging. Upon the completion of the charge cycle, it becomes high-impedence. |
| 4 | STAT2 | Open-Drain Output for Charge Finished flag. The STDBY pin outputs low when the battery is finished charging. When in the status of charging, it becomes high-impedence. |
| 5 | VSS | Ground |
| 6 | ISET | <p>Charge Current Setting. Program, Monitor the charge current and Shutdown. This pin set to 1.275V in constant-current mode. The charge current can be calculated using the following formula:</p> $I_{BAT}(mA) = \frac{1}{R_{ISET}(k\Omega)} \times 460$ <p>The ISET pin can also be used to switch the charger to shutdown mode by disconnecting the program resistor from ground.</p> |
| 7 | nPG | Low (FET on) indicates that the input voltage is above UVLO and the battery voltage. |
| 8 | nCE | Enable the IC charger or not. Drive this pin low or floating to enable charger, high to disable. |
| 9 | BAT | Charge Current Output. This pin provides charge current to the battery and regulates the final float voltage to 4.2V which is set by an internal precision resistor divider. |
| 10 | OUT | Output Pin. This needs to be connected to BAT. |

FUNCTION BLOCK DIAGRAM



FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTIONS

The ETA4085 is a single cell, fully integrated constant current (CC)/constant voltage (CV) Li-ion battery charger. It can deliver up to 1000mA of charge current with a final float voltage accuracy of 1%. The ETA4085 has a build-in thermal regulation circuitry that ensures its safe operation. No blocking diode or external current sense resistor is required; hence reduce the external components for a basic charger circuit to two. The ETA4085 is also capable of operating from a USB power source.

Normal Charge Cycle

The ETA4085 initiates a charge cycle once the voltage at the VIN pin rises above the UVLO threshold level. A 1% precision resistor needs to be connected from the ISET pin to ground. If the voltage at the BAT pin is less than 2.95V, the charger enters trickle charge mode. In this mode, the charge current is reduced to nearly 1/10 the programmed value until the battery voltage is raised to a safe level for full current charging.

The charger switches to constant-current mode as the BAT pin voltage rises above 2.95V, the charge current is thus resumed to full programmed value. When the final float voltage (4.2V) is reached, the ETA4085 enters constant-voltage mode and the charge current begins to decrease until it drops to 1/10 of the preset value and ends the charge cycle¹.

Programming Charge Current

The charge current is programmable by setting the value of a precision resistor connected from the ISET pin to ground. The charge current is 460 times of the current out of the ISET pin. The charge current out of the BAT pin can be determined at any time by monitoring the ISET pin voltage using the following equation:

$$I_{BAT}(mA) = \frac{1}{R_{ISET}(k\Omega)} \times 460$$

Charge Termination

The ETA4085 keeps monitoring the ISET pin during the charging process. It terminates the charge cycle when the charge current falls to 1/10 the programmed value after the final float voltage is reached. When the ISET pin voltage falls below 100mV for longer than t_{TERM} (typically 1ms), charging is terminated. The charge current is latched off and the ETA4085 enters standby mode, where the input supply current drops to 100μA.

During charging, the transient response of the circuit can cause the ISET pin to fall below 100mV temporarily before the battery is fully charged, thus can cause a premature termination of the charge cycle. A 1ms filter time on the termination comparator can prevent this from happening. Once the average charge current drops below 1/10 the programmed value, the ETA4085 terminates the charge cycle and ceases to provide any current through the BAT pin. In this state, all loads on the BAT pin must be supplied by the battery.

Charge Status Indicator (STAT1 and STAT2 pin)

STAT1 and STAT2 are 2 different states of the charge status, one is IN CHRGING, and the other is CHARGING FINISHED. STAT1 is the pin to pull low during IN CHARGING status and become high impedance in CHARGING FINISHED status. And STAT2 pin just works the opposite way, pulling low after charge finished, and high impedance when in charging.

Power good Indication (nPG)

After application of a 5V source, the input voltage rises above the UVLO and sleep thresholds ($V_{IN} > V_{BAT} + V_{SLEEP}$), but is less than OVP ($V_{IN} < V_{OVP}$), and nCE low, then the nPG FET turns on and provides a low impedance path to ground

High Temperature Fold-back

Build-in feedback circuitry mechanism can reduce the value of the programmed charge current once the die temperature tends to rise above 110°C, hence prevents the temperature from further increase and ensure device safe operation.

Under-voltage Lockout (UVLO)

Build-in under-voltage lockout circuit monitors the input voltage and keeps the charger in shutdown mode until V_{IN} rises above the under-voltage lockout threshold. The UVLO circuit has a built-in hysteresis of 200mV. Furthermore, to protect against reverse current in the power MOSFET, the UVLO circuit keeps the charger in shutdown mode if V_{IN} falls to within 70mV of the battery voltage. If the UVLO comparator is tripped, the charger will not come out of shutdown mode until V_{IN} rises 150mV above the battery voltage.

Manual Shutdown

There are two methods can disable the IC charger:

1. Driver the nCE pin to high.
2. Floating the ISET pin by removing the resistor from ISET pin to ground.

Once one of above conditions happen, it can put the device in shutdown mode. The battery drain current is thus reduced to 400nA and the supply current to 50µA. Reconnecting the resistor back will restart a new charge cycle. Once manually shutdown, the ISET pin is in a high impedance state.

Automatic Recharge

After the termination of the charge cycle, the ETA4085 constantly monitors the BAT pin voltage and starts a new charge cycle when the battery voltage falls below 4.1V, keeping the battery at fully charged condition. ISET pin output enters a strong pull-down state during recharge cycles.

Charge safety timer

The ETA4085 activate an internal safety timer during the battery pre-condition phase. As a safety mechanism, the

ETA4085 has a user-programmable timer that monitors the total fast charge time. This timer (charge safety timer) is started at the beginning of the fast charge period. The charge safety timer time-out value is set by the external resistor connected to TMR pin, R_{TMR} and the timeout constants K_{TMR} :

$$K_{TMR} = 0.09 \text{ hr/k}\Omega$$

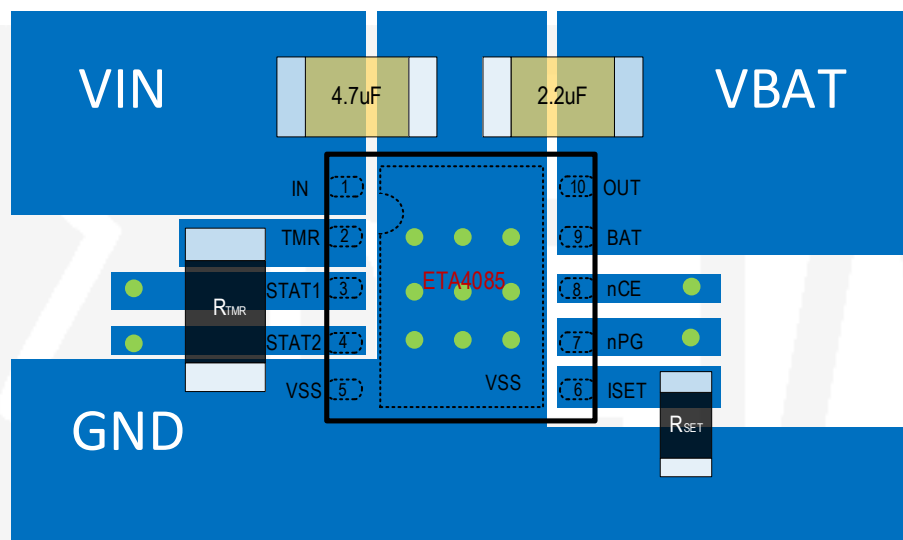
The charge safety timer time-out value is calculated as follows:

$$T_{CHG}(\text{hr}) = R_{TMR}(\text{k}\Omega) \times K_{TMR}(\text{hr/k}\Omega)$$

$$T_{PRE_CHG}(\text{hr}) = R_{TMR}(\text{k}\Omega) \times \frac{K_{TMR}(\text{hr/k}\Omega)}{10}$$

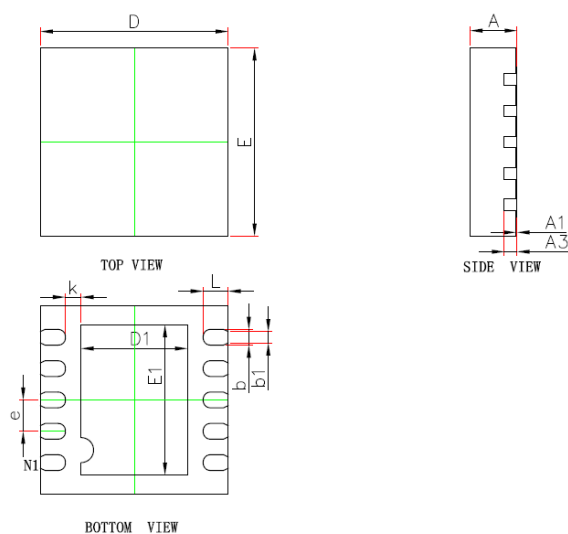
If pin TMR is left open (floating) disables the charging termination circuit and holds the safety timer clock in reset. This is often used for operation without a battery or in production testing.

PCB GUIDELINES



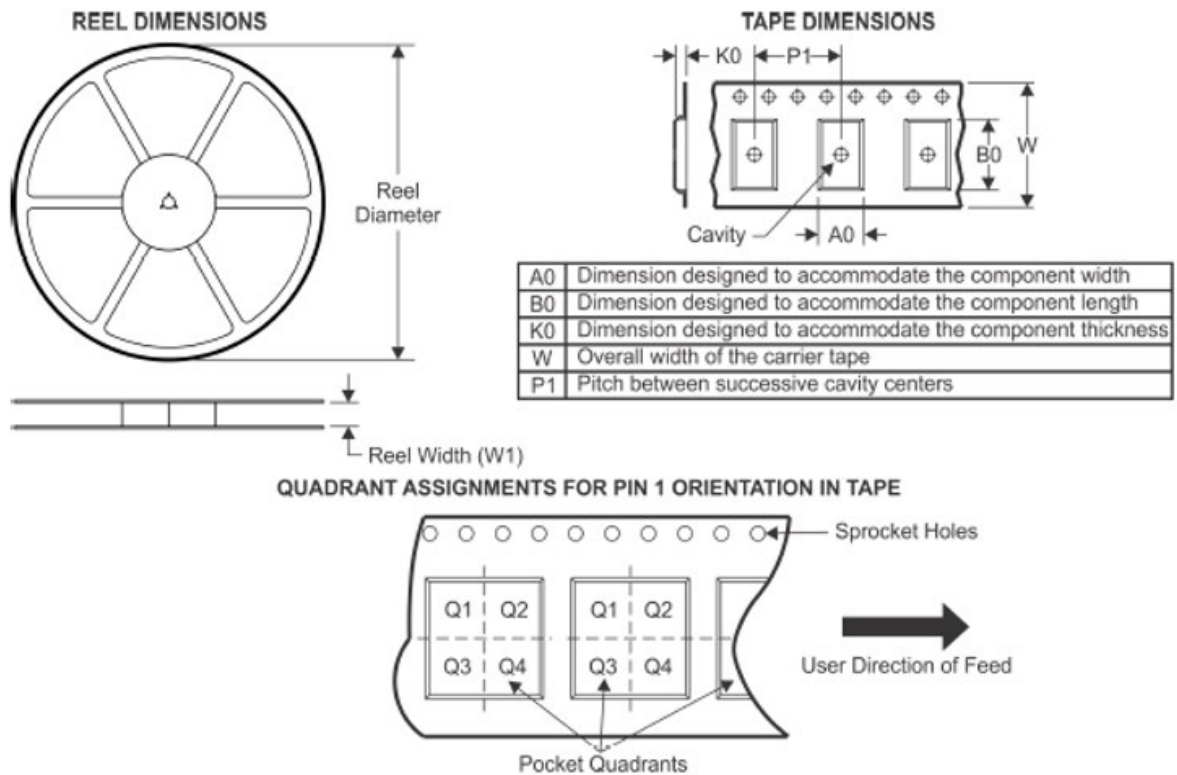
PACKAGE OUTLINE

Package: DFN3x3-10



| Symbol | Dimensions In Millimeters | | Dimensions In Inches | |
|--------|---------------------------|-------|----------------------|-------|
| | MIN. | MAX. | MIN. | MAX. |
| A | 0.700 | 0.800 | 0.028 | 0.031 |
| A1 | 0.000 | 0.050 | 0.000 | 0.002 |
| A3 | 0.203REF. | | 0.008REF. | |
| D | 2.924 | 3.076 | 0.115 | 0.121 |
| E | 2.924 | 3.076 | 0.115 | 0.121 |
| D1 | 1.600 | 1.800 | 0.063 | 0.071 |
| E1 | 2.300 | 2.500 | 0.091 | 0.098 |
| b | 0.200 | 0.300 | 0.008 | 0.012 |
| b1 | 0.180REF | | 0.007REF | |
| e | 0.500BSC. | | 0.020BSC. | |
| k | 0.250REF | | 0.010REF | |
| L | 0.324 | 0.476 | 0.013 | 0.019 |

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



| Device | Package Type | Pins | SPQ | Reel Diameter (mm) | Reel Width W1 (mm) | A0 (mm) | B0 (mm) | K0 (mm) | P1 (mm) | W (mm) | Pin1 Quadrant |
|------------|--------------|------|------|--------------------|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------------|
| ETA4085D3K | DFN3x3-10 | 10 | 5000 | 330 | 12.4 | 3.35 | 3.35 | 1.13 | 8 | 12 | Q1 |