



Analog Reinvented

**ES9842 PRO**  
**32-bit High-Performance 4-Channel ADC**  
**Product Datasheet**

The Sabre ES9842 PRO is the world's highest performance 32-bit analog-to-digital (A/D) converter targeted for professional audio applications such as recording systems, mixer consoles and digital audio workstations (DAW), test equipment, instruments, audio processors, digital turntables, and consumer applications.

The ES9842 PRO has 4 integrated ADCs which use the ESS proprietary Hyperstream® II Architecture, which delivers unprecedented audio sound quality and specifications, including a DNR of 128dB in mono mode and a DNR +122dB THD+N of -116dB in 4 channel mode.

The SABRE ADC supports synchronous S/PDIF, I2S master/slave, or native DSD output. For the most demanding audio enthusiast, the ES9842 PRO is capable of outputting RAW data, allowing the user to apply their own custom handling of the data. The ES9842 PRO comes in a small compact package and consumes less than 210mW.

The ES9842 can use preprogrammed filter coefficients to match perfectly with the SABRE PRO Series of DACs including the ES9038PRO. These complimentary filters allow for analog-digital-analog processing with the upmost audio fidelity and minimized time-domain smearing.

The Audio Signal Processor (ASP) integrated in the ADC allows for custom filtering such as RIAA presets to be implemented in the ADC, eliminating the need for re-processing later in the signal path.

The ES9842 PRO has an Ultra-Low Noise Floor Bandwidth of 200kHz. This bandwidth is up to 10 times wider than the competition, enabling higher resolution at higher sample rates.

FEATURE	DESCRIPTION
+122dB DNR 4 channel mode, +128dB DNR in mono mode -116dB THD+N 4 channel mode -118dB THD+N mono mode	Unprecedented dynamic range and ultra-low distortion
High Sample Rates	Up to PCM 768kHz, including 1.536MHz rate w/64FS Up to DSD512
Audio Signal Processors (ASP)	Available for custom FIR filters for any applications, including RIAA
Multiple Output formats available	PCM, TDM, DSD, S/PDIF, RAW
Customizable filter characteristics	8 presets and programmable filter coefficients for custom sound signature 2 audio signal processors for custom filter architectures and analog/digital mixing
I2C or SPI interface control	Configured by microcontroller or used as standalone
Integrated low noise ADC reference regulators	Reduced BOM cost, PCB area and improved DNR.
Low Power Consumption	Simplifies power supply design
Low Pin Count standardized Packaging	5mm x 5mm, 40 pin QFN
Ultra-Low Noise Floor Bandwidth	200kHz bandwidth enabling higher resolution at higher sample rates

## APPLICATIONS

- Professional digital audio workstations audio recording
- Very high-quality microphones
- High quality record turntable to USB conversion

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## Functional Block Diagram

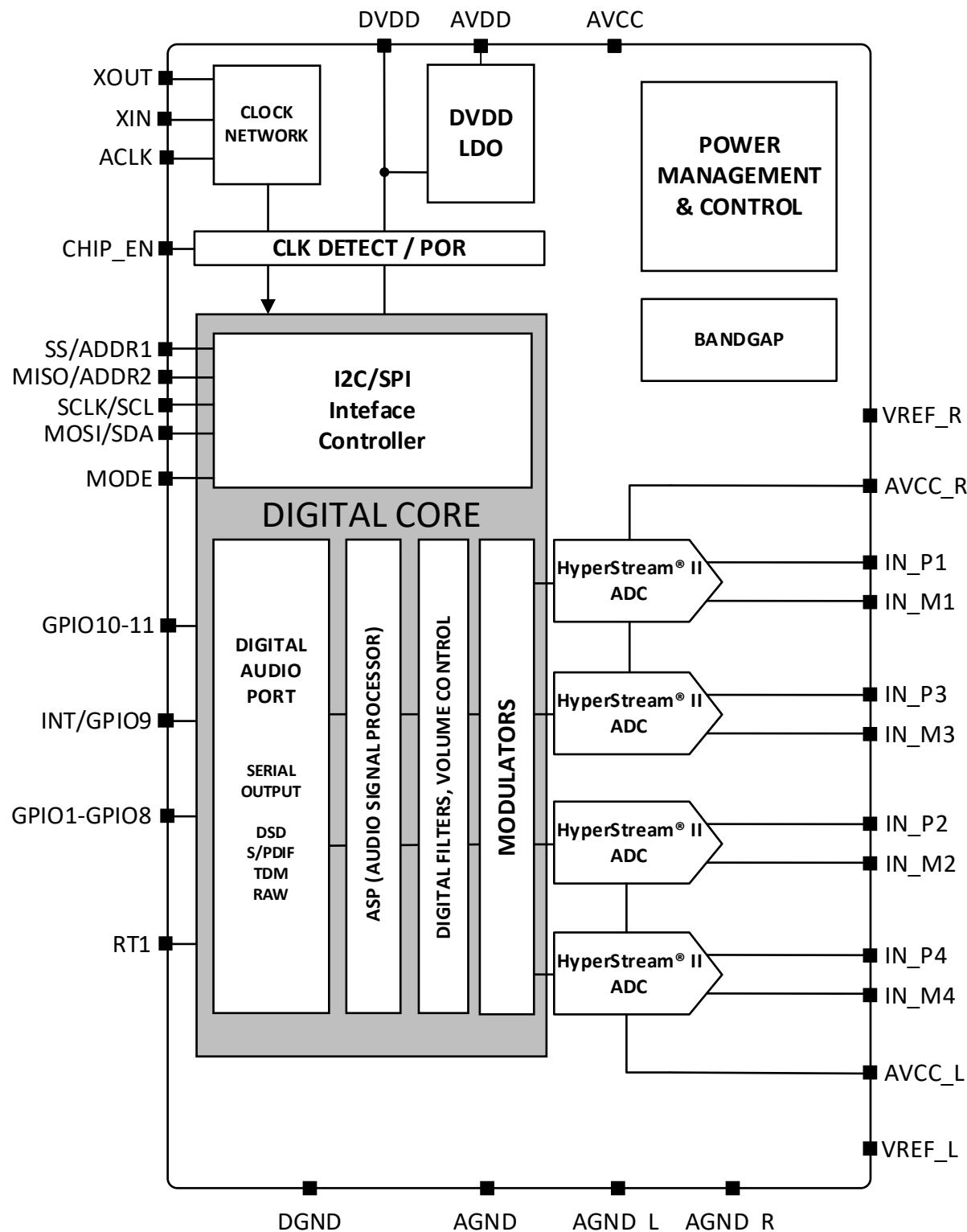


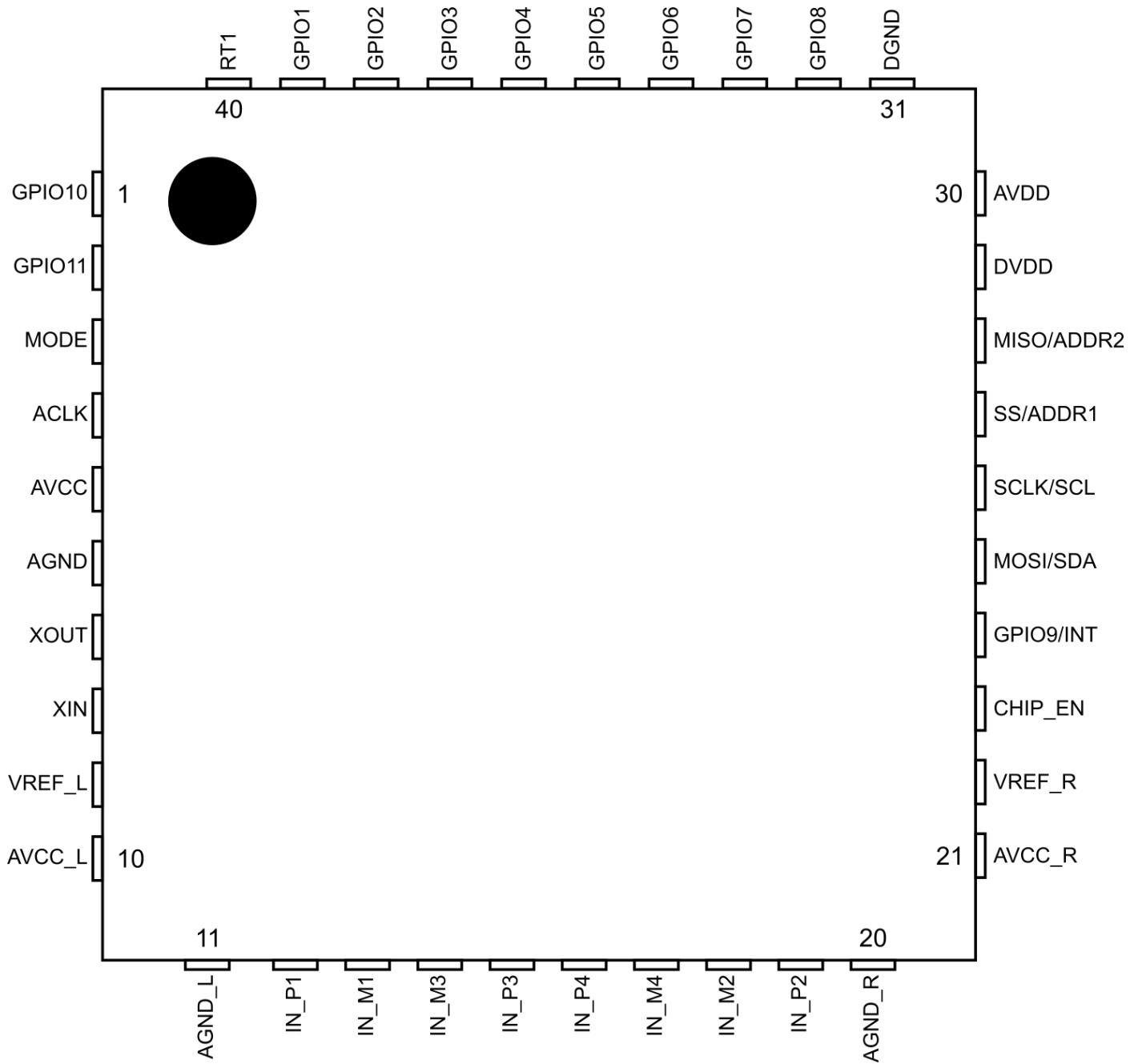
Figure 1 - ES9842 PRO Block Diagram

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## ES9842QPRO Package

### 40 QFN Pinout

(Pin 41 is QFN package pad, see package dimensions)



ES9842Q

(Top View)

Figure 2 - 40 QFN Pinout

## 40 QFN Pin List

Pin	Name	Pin Type	Reset State	Pin Description
1	GPIO10	I/O	HiZ	General I/O w/extended functions
2	GPIO11	I/O	HiZ	General I/O w/extended functions
3	MODE	I/O	HiZ	I2C or SPI Control
4	ACLK	AI	HiZ	Auxiliary Clock Input
5	AVCC	Power	Power	4.5V Supply
6	AGND	Ground	Ground	Analog Ground
7	XOUT	AO	HiZ	Crystal Output
8	XIN <sup>1</sup>	AI	HiZ	Crystal Input/Oscillator Input
9	VREF_L	Power	Power	Capacitor to ground (see reference schematic)
10	AVCC_L	Power	Power	ADC reference voltage 4.5V Supply
11	AGND_L	Ground	Ground	Analog Ground
12	IN_P1	AI	HiZ	ADC Channel 1 differential positive (+) input
13	IN_M1	AI	HiZ	ADC Channel 1 differential negative (-) input
14	IN_M3	AI	HiZ	ADC Channel 3 differential negative (-) input
15	IN_P3	AI	HiZ	ADC Channel 3 differential positive (+) input
16	IN_P4	AI	HiZ	ADC Channel 4 differential positive (+) input
17	IN_M4	AI	HiZ	ADC Channel 4 differential negative (-) input
18	IN_M2	AI	HiZ	ADC Channel 2 differential negative (-) input
19	IN_P2	AI	HiZ	ADC Channel 2 differential positive (+) input
20	AGND_R	Ground	Ground	Analog Ground
21	AVCC_R	Power	Power	ADC reference voltage 4.5V Supply
22	VREF_R	Power	Power	Capacitor to ground (see reference schematic)
23	CHIP_EN	I/O	HiZ	Active-high chip enable.
24	GPIO9	I/O	HiZ	General I/O w/extended functions, including INT (INTERRUPT)
25	MOSI/SDA	I/O	HiZ	Serial communication, MOSI(SPI), SDA(I2C), controlled by MODE
26	SCLK/SCL	I/O	HiZ	Serial Clock, SCLK (SPI), SCL (I2C), controlled by MODE
27	SS/ADDR1	I/O	HiZ	Serial communication, SS(SPI), ADDR1 (I2C), controlled by MODE
28	MISO/ADDR2	I/O	HiZ	Serial communication MISO(SPI), ADDR1 (I2C), controlled by MODE
29	DVDD	Power	Power	Digital Core Supply. Internally Supplied
30	AVDD	Power	Power	3.3V, I/O Supply
31	DGND	Ground	Ground	Digital Core Ground
32	GPIO8	I/O	HiZ	General I/O w/extended functions, Serial Data 8
33	GPIO7	I/O	HiZ	General I/O w/extended functions, Serial Data 7
34	GPIO6	I/O	HiZ	General I/O w/extended functions, Serial Data 6
35	GPIO5	I/O	HiZ	General I/O w/extended functions, Serial Data 5
36	GPIO4	I/O	HiZ	General I/O w/extended functions, Serial Data 4

<sup>1</sup> MCLK can be connected to XIN or ACLK

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37	GPIO3	I/O	HiZ	General I/O w/extended functions, Serial Data 3
38	GPIO2	I/O	HiZ	General I/O w/extended functions, Serial Data 2
39	GPIO1	I/O	HiZ	General I/O w/extended functions, Serial Data 1
40	RT1	I	HiZ	Reserved. Must be connected to DGND for normal operation.
41	Package Pad <sup>2</sup>	-	-	Not electrically connected, used for heat dissipation. Connect to DGND

Table 1 - 40 QFN Pin List

<sup>2</sup> Pin 41 is the package pad. See 40 QFN package dimensions for sizing. Connect to DGND.

## Digital Features

### Digital Signal Path

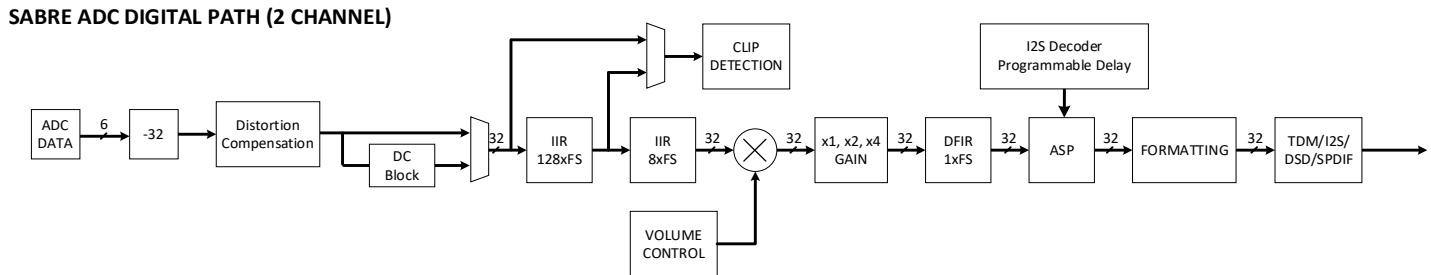


Figure 3 - Digital signal path

### Distortion Compensation<sup>3</sup>

Distortion Compensation minimizes the non-linearities of the ADCs. The ES9842 PRO can help compensate for system second and third harmonic distortion. For best results, compensation coefficients should be tuned for each device in-situ.

THD compensation can be enabled or bypassed by setting ADCx\_ENABLE\_THD\_COMP for each channel.

#### THD Compensation Enable Registers

- Register 102[0]: ADC1\_ENABLE\_THD\_COMP
- Register 119[0]: ADC2\_ENABLE\_THD\_COMP
- Register 136[0]: ADC3\_ENABLE\_THD\_COMP
- Register 153[0]: ADC4\_ENABLE\_THD\_COMP

Ask your FAE or distributor for the Distortion Compensation application note.

### Volume Control

This volume control is intended for use during audio playback. Each channel can be digitally attenuated from 0dB to -84dB in 0.5dB steps. The attenuation circuit automatically uses micro-stepping between 0.5dB register settings so that no switching noise occurs during the volume control transition. When a new volume level is set, the attenuation circuit will ramp softly to the new level. Each 0.5dB step takes up to 64 intermediate steps depending on the CHx VOLUME RATE setting.

#### Volume Level Configuration Registers

- Register 109-110: ADC CH1 VOLUME
- Register 126-127: ADC CH2 VOLUME
- Register 143-144: ADC CH3 VOLUME
- Register 160-161: ADC CH4 VOLUME

<sup>3</sup> For more information on using Distortion Compensation, please reference the Distortion Compensation Application Note. Available from your local FAE upon request.

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### Volume Rate Configuration Registers

- Register 111: ADC CH1 VOLUME RATE
- Register 128: ADC CH2 VOLUME RATE
- Register 145: ADC CH3 VOLUME RATE
- Register 162: ADC CH4 VOLUME RATE

### **Audio Signal Processor (ASP)<sup>4</sup>**

The ES9842 PRO includes 2 stereo audio signal processors (ASP) which can be used to implement both custom filter coefficients as well as custom filter architectures. This feature may also be used to implement a programmable equalizer (PEQ), and other applications.

See [Digital Signal Path](#) diagram for location in the data path.

The ASP can be used to implement a DC blocking high pass filter.

### ASP Registers:

- Registers 35-58

Ask your FAE or distributor for the Distortion Compensation application note.

### **Peak Detection<sup>5</sup>**

If the peak level of the ES9842 PRO device's input audio stream rises above the programmed ADC#\_PEAK\_LEVEL value, the corresponding peak flag will be set. The peak flag will stay set until it is cleared with INTERRUPT\_CLEAR\_CH#\_PEAK\_DETECTION. Any of the GPIO pins can be configured to output the state of any of the peak flags if INTERRUPT\_MASK\_CH#\_PEAK\_DETECTION is set for the corresponding channel.

### Peak Level Registers:

- Register 106: ADC CH1 PEAK DETECTOR LEVEL
- Register 123: ADC CH2 PEAK DETECTOR LEVEL
- Register 140: ADC CH3 PEAK DETECTOR LEVEL
- Register 157: ADC CH4 PEAK DETECTOR LEVEL

### Peak Interrupt Clear Registers:

- Register 27[7]: INTERRUPT\_CLEAR\_CH4\_PEAK\_DETECTION
- Register 27[6]: INTERRUPT\_CLEAR\_CH3\_PEAK\_DETECTION
- Register 27[5]: INTERRUPT\_CLEAR\_CH2\_PEAK\_DETECTION
- Register 27[4]: INTERRUPT\_CLEAR\_CH1\_PEAK\_DETECTION

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<sup>4</sup> For help with designing with the ASP, please reference the ASP GUIDE Application Note. Available from your local FAE upon request.

<sup>5</sup> For further information on using Peak Detection, please reference the peak detector configuration application note. Available from your local FAE upon request

### Peak Interrupt Mask Registers

- Register 27[3]: INTERRUPT\_MASK\_CH4\_PEAK\_DETECTION
- Register 27[2]: INTERRUPT\_MASK\_CH3\_PEAK\_DETECTION
- Register 27[1]: INTERRUPT\_MASK\_CH2\_PEAK\_DETECTION
- Register 27[0]: INTERRUPT\_MASK\_CH1\_PEAK\_DETECTION

The GPIO READBACK register values 4'd4 – 4'd7 output the peak interrupt state for CH1 to CH4, respectively. The corresponding channel bit in Register 27[3:0] INTERRUPT\_CLEAR\_CH#\_PEAK\_DETECTION needs to be set for the GPIO to output the flag value.

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### I2S decoder and Programmable Delay

The ES9842 PRO has a built in I2S decoder that can be mixed with the ASP. A programmable delay is also included to help with phase correction when mixing.

#### I2S Decoder Configuration Registers:

- Registers 59-60: I2S DECODER CONFIG

#### Programmable Delay Registers:

- Register 62-61[9]: ENABLE\_CLK\_DL
- Registers 62-61[8:0]: PROG\_DELAY\_LINE

#### Configuration pins for I2S decoder:

- GPIO 1: BCK
- GPIO 2: WS
- GPIO 5: DATA (would be configured as an AUX Input through the GPIO configuration)

Mixing is accomplished using the ASP registers expanded on under the Audio Signal Processor (ASP) section.

## TDM Cascade Mode

The ES9842 PRO features TDM cascade mode. Cascade mode allows the digital output from one chip to be input (through GPIO4) to the next, and the last chip on the chain outputting the final data on serial data line. To enable TDM Cascade mode, set TDM\_CASCADE to 1, and configure GPIO4 as input and GPIO3 as output. The figure below shows how several ES9842 PRO can be combined in TDM cascade mode.

Note: Cascade mode is for a minimum of an 8 channel TDM data line ( $TDM\_CH\_NUM \geq 7$ ).

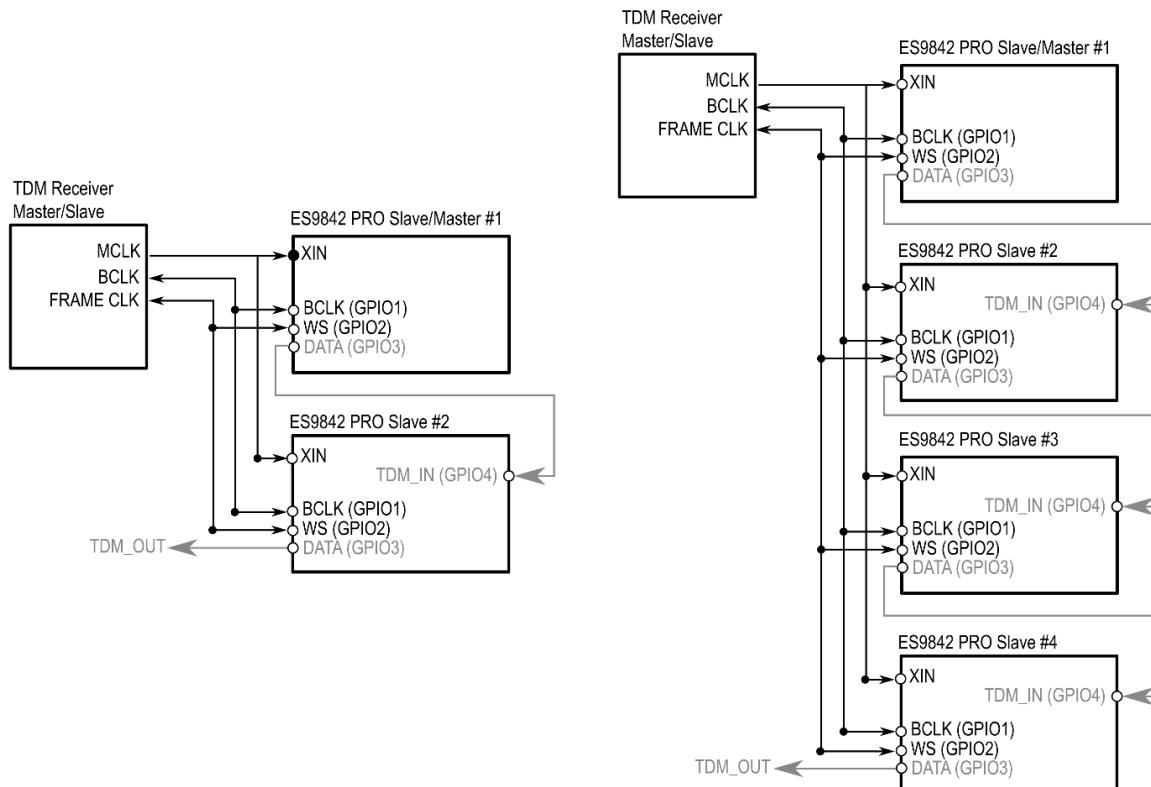
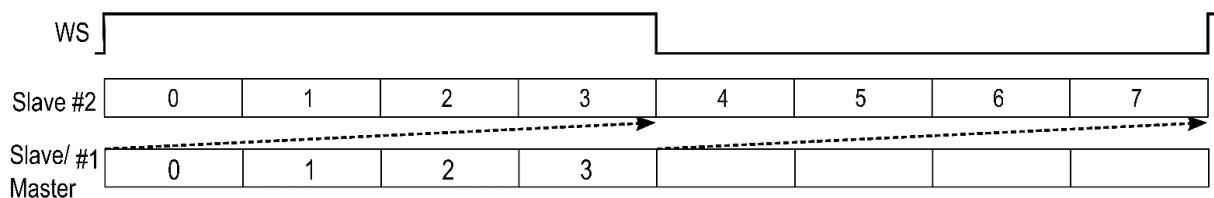


Figure 4 - Connection for TDM Cascade Mode

### 8 channel TDM:



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### 16 channel TDM:

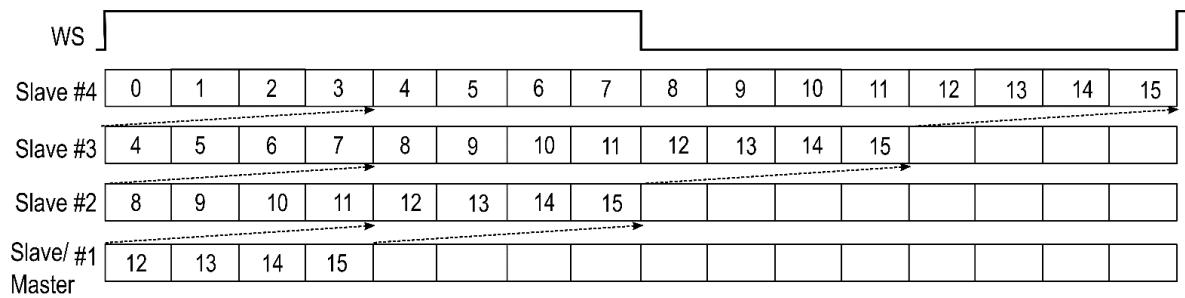


Figure 5 - Channel cascading and data line composition in TDM cascade mode for 8ch and 16ch TDM data lines

### TDM / PCM Parallel Mode

The ES9842 PRO also supports TDM / PCM in parallel mode. In this case, the chips will simply connect the output data line together. Each chip will output data during the designated slots of the TDM / PCM data line, then switch to high impedance so that the next chip may output its data on to the TDM data line. To set up TDM parallel mode, no specific registers are required.

Note: Parallel mode supports TDM and I2S ( $\text{TDM\_CH\_NUM} \geq 1$ ).

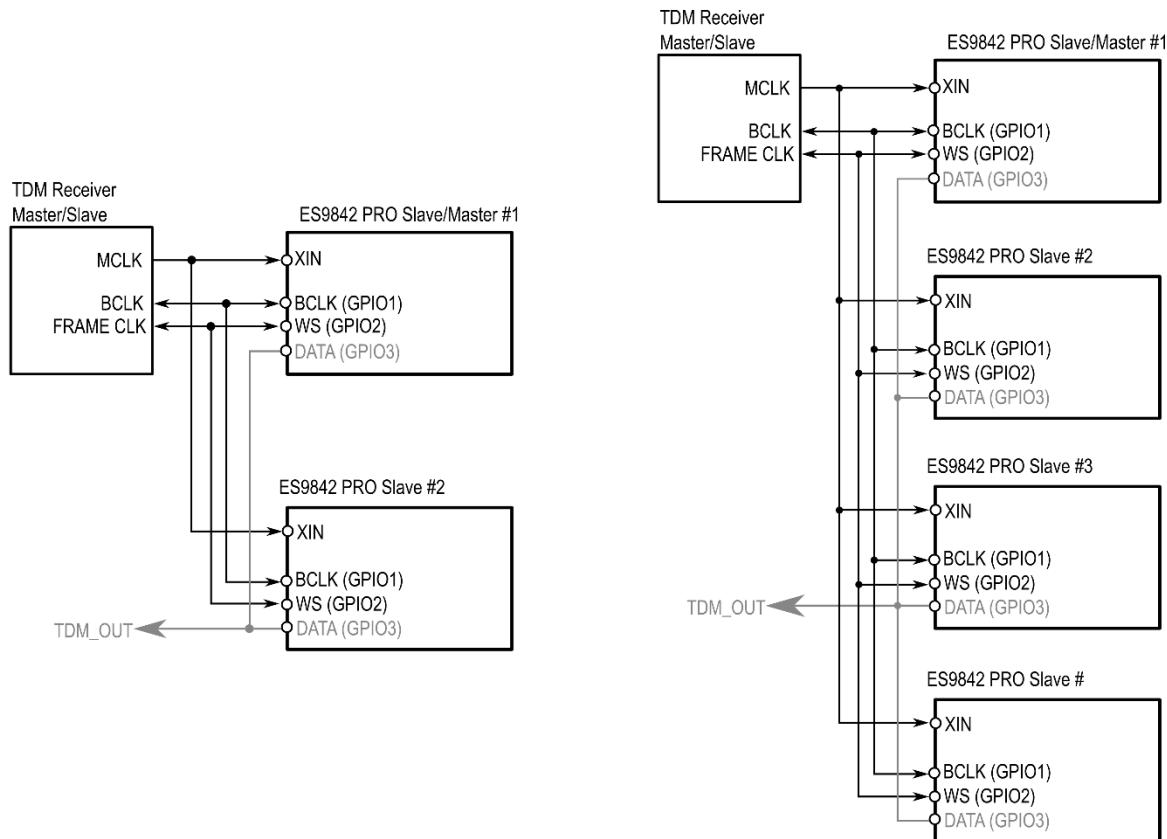


Figure 6 - Connection for Parallel TDM / PCM

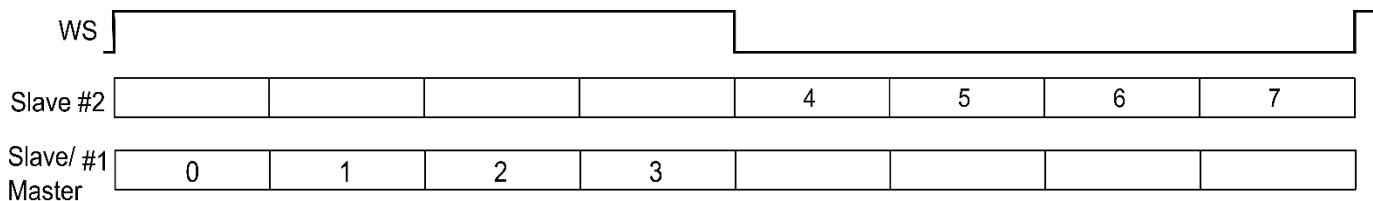
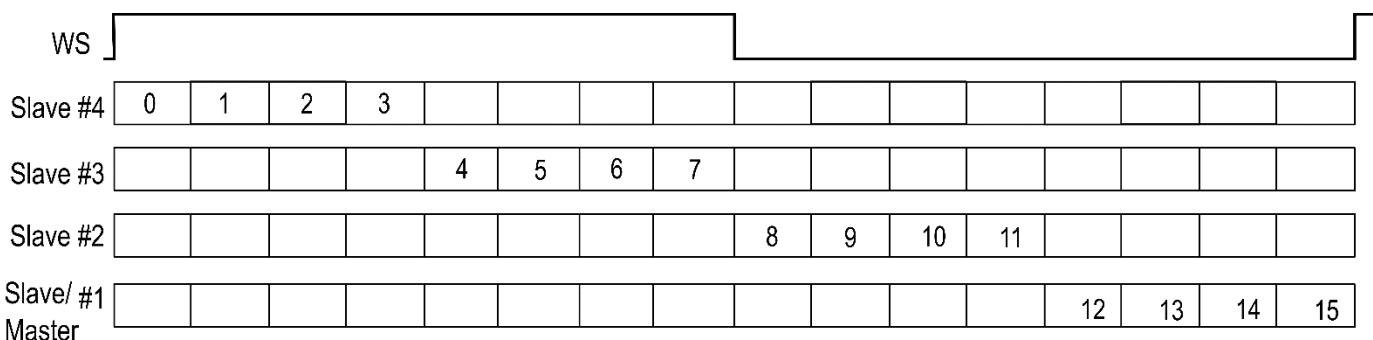
8 channel mode:16 channel mode:

Figure 7 – Channel(slot), mapping and data line composition for TDM in parallel mode

## GPIO

GPIO#_CONFIG	Function	I/O Direction
0	analog shutdown	Shutdown (default)
1	Aux Inputs	Inputs
2	Aux Outputs	Output
3	RAW data outputs	Output
4	Interrupt Ch1 peak	Output
5	Interrupt Ch2 peak	Output
6	Interrupt Ch3 peak	Output
7	Interrupt Ch4 peak	Output
8	SPDIF data output	Output
9	PWM1	Output
10	PWM2	Output
11	PWM3	Output
12	CLK IADC	Output
13	CLK ADC	Output
14	1'b0	Output
15	1'b1	Output

Table 2 – Standard GPIO Functions

For configuring pins as inputs, outputs, or Input/Outputs:

- Input pin
  - Registers 87-86: GPIOxx\_IE = 1'b1 (Input Enable),
  - Registers 89-88: GPIOxx\_OE = 1b'0 (Input Enable),
- Output pin
  - Registers 87-86: GPIOxx\_IE = 1'b0
  - Registers 89-88: GPIOxx\_OE = 1'b1
- In/Out pin (Master Mode)
  - Registers 87-86: GPIOxx\_IE = 1'b1
  - Registers 89-88: GPIOxx\_OE = 1'b1

In Master mode GPIO1 & GPIO 2 should be configured as In/Out pins.

Data pins may be re-mapped to other GPIO via the System Registers. When utilizing GPIO pins 4-6, it is important to enable the TDM\_GPIO456 bit.

#### GPIO 4-6 TDM Enable Register

- Register 11[7]: TDM\_GPIO456

#### TDM GPIO Re-mapping Registers

- Register 12[6:5]: TDM\_LINE\_SEL\_CH1
- Register 13[6:5]: TDM\_LINE\_SEL\_CH2
- Register 14[6:5]: TDM\_LINE\_SEL\_CH3
- Register 15[6:5]: TDM\_LINE\_SEL\_CH4

#### GPIO Configuration Registers

- Register 74: GPIO1/2 CONFIG
- Register 75: GPIO3/4 CONFIG
- Register 76: GPIO5/6 CONFIG
- Register 77: GPIO7/8 CONFIG
- Register 78: GPIO9/10 CONFIG
- Registers 80-91

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### GPIO Audio Data Configurations

The following table shows the configurations possible using GPIO#\_config Aux Inputs, Aux Outputs, and RAW data outputs on the ES9842 PRO.

In certain modes, the data output pins may be re-mapped to GPIO pins 4-6. These scenarios are labeled “[optional]” in the table below. The channel order may also be changed in these modes. Although it is not denoted in the table, the data output in Slave Mode may also be re-mapped to the same pins.

GPIO #	1 (AUX Inputs) (Slave mode)	2 (AUX Outputs) (Master mode)				3 (Raw Data Output)
GPIO1	I2S/TDM in BCK, DSD in clock	I2S master BCK	TDM master BCK	DSD master clock out	PDM clock	Raw Data Clock output
GPIO2	I2S/TDM in WS	I2S master WS	TDM master WS	-	-	Raw Data[0] out
GPIO3	-	I2S out DATA [optional] <sup>6</sup> (default)	TDM out DATA [optional] <sup>6</sup> (default)	DSD out DATA <sup>7</sup>	PDM out DATA	Raw Data[1] out
GPIO4	TDM cascade data input Cascade mode for multiple devices	I2S out DATA [optional] <sup>6</sup>	TDM out DATA [optional] <sup>6</sup>	DSD out DATA <sup>7</sup>	PDM out DATA	Raw Data[2] out
GPIO5	I2S decoder data input	I2S out DATA [optional] <sup>6</sup>	TDM out DATA [optional] <sup>6</sup>	DSD out DATA <sup>7</sup>	-	Raw Data[3] out
GPIO6	-	I2S out DATA [optional] <sup>6</sup>	TDM out DATA [optional] <sup>6</sup>	DSD out DATA <sup>7</sup>	-	Raw Data[4] out
GPIO7	-	-	-	-	-	Raw Data[5] out
GPIO8	-	-	-	-	-	Raw Data[6] out
GPIO9	-	INTERRUPT (Triggered by any of the 4 channels)				INTERRUPT
GPIO10	-	-	-	-	-	-
GPIO11	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3 - GPIO Audio Data Configurations

<sup>6</sup> Using the [TDM GPIO Re-mapping Registers](#), the data may be configured to output GPIO pins 4-6. In order to do this, Register 11[7]: TDM\_GPIO456 must also be enabled.

<sup>7</sup> The DSD channel order can be changed via Register 19: DSD\_DATA\_OUTPUT\_MAPPING.

## Pre-Programmed Digital Filters

The ES9842 PRO has 8 pre-programmed digital filters.

The following table shows the simulated latency of each filter at 44.1kHz sampling rate. The latency was measured at the peak amplitude of the impulse response prior to being down sampled to 1FS. Latency delay will reduce (scale) with sampling rate.

Digital Filter	Delay(μs) @ fs=44.1kHz
Minimum Phase (default)	142 μs
Linear Phase Apodizing	805 μs
Linear Phase Fast Roll-Off	808 μs
Linear Phase Fast Roll-Off Low Ripple	799 μs
Linear Phase Slow Roll-Off	184 μs
Minimum Phase Fast Roll-Off	128 μs
Minimum Phase Slow Roll-Off	105 μs
Minimum Phase Slow Roll-Off Low Dispersion	329 μs

Table 4 - Pre-Programmed Digital Filters

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## PCM Filter Properties

The following filter properties were obtained from software simulations of these filters.

<b>Minimum Phase</b>					
Parameter	Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Pass band	-3 dB			0.48 x fs	Hz
Stop band	-103 dB	0.55 x fs			Hz
Group Delay		3.43/fs		10.66fs	s
Flatness (ripple)	-				dB

<b>Linear Phase Apodizing</b>					
Parameter	Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Pass band				0.41 x fs	Hz
Stop band	-109 dB	0.50 x fs			Hz
Group Delay			33.25/fs		s
Flatness (ripple)	0.0022				dB

<b>Linear Phase Fast Roll-Off</b>					
Parameter	Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Pass band				0.46 x fs	Hz
Stop band	-116 dB	0.55 x fs			Hz
Group Delay			33.38/fs		s
Flatness (ripple)	0.0025				dB

<b>Linear Phase Fast Roll-Off Low Ripple</b>					
Parameter	Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Pass band				0.46 x fs	Hz
Stop band	-83 dB	0.55 x fs			Hz
Group Delay			33.00/fs		s
Flatness (ripple)	0.00092				dB

<b>Linear Phase Slow Roll-Off</b>					
Parameter	Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Pass band	-3 dB			0.50 x fs	Hz
Stop band	-84 dB	0.81 x fs			Hz
Group Delay			5.87/fs		s
Flatness (ripple)	-				dB

Minimum Phase Fast Roll-Off					
Parameter	Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Pass band	-3 dB			0.48 x fs	Hz
Stop band	-97 dB	0.54 x fs			Hz
Group Delay		2.91/fs		9.27/fs	s
Flatness (ripple)	-				dB

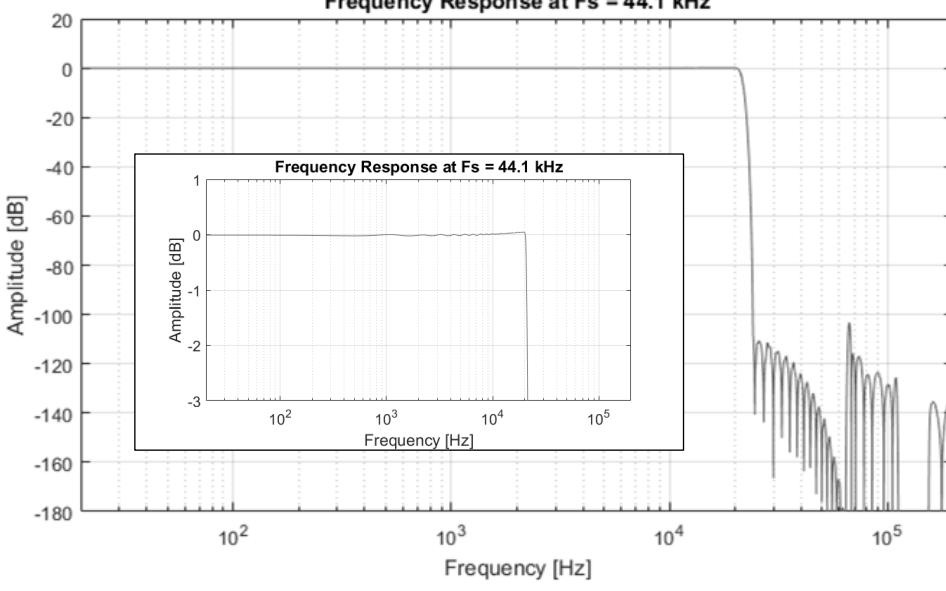
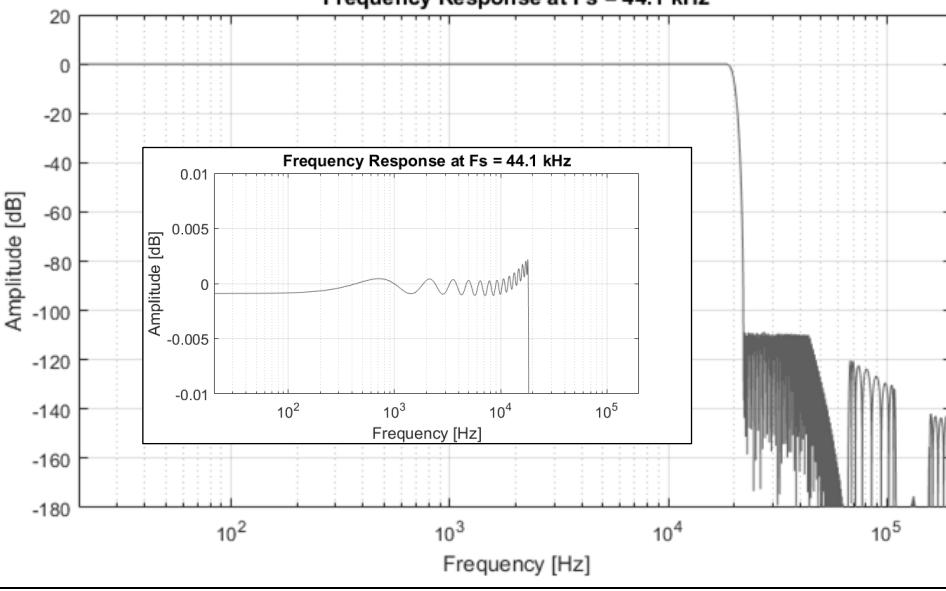
Minimum Phase Slow Roll-Off					
Parameter	Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Pass band	-3 dB			0.43 x fs	Hz
Stop band	-90 dB	0.80 x fs			Hz
Group Delay		2.03/fs		2.53/fs	s
Flatness (ripple)	-				dB

Minimum Phase Slow Roll-off Low Dispersion					
Parameter	Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Pass band	-3 dB			0.43 x fs	Hz
Stop band	-90 dB	0.80 x fs			Hz
Group Delay		12.13/fs		12.21/fs	s
Flatness (ripple)	-				dB

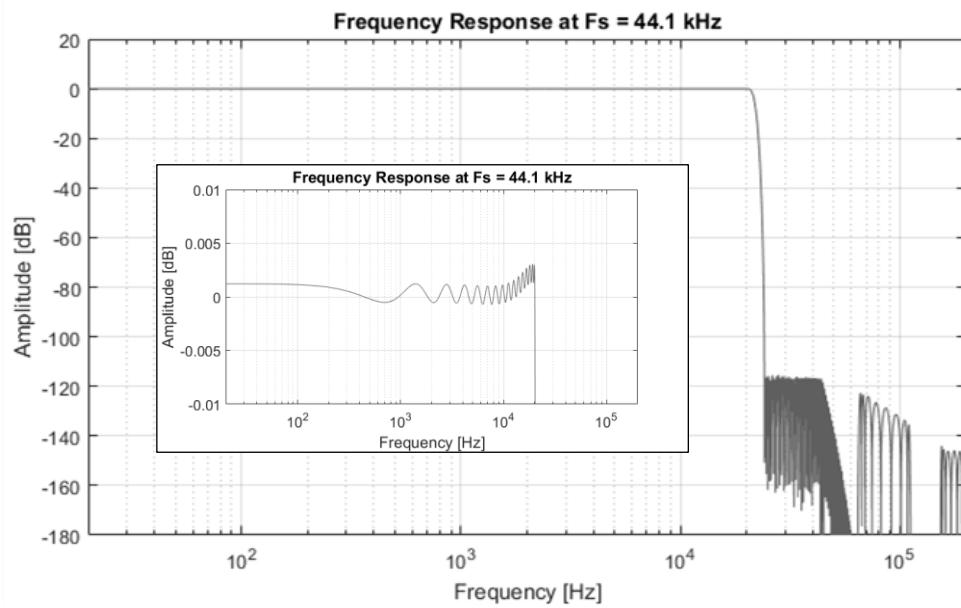
## ES9842 PRO Product Datasheet

## PCM Filter Frequency Response

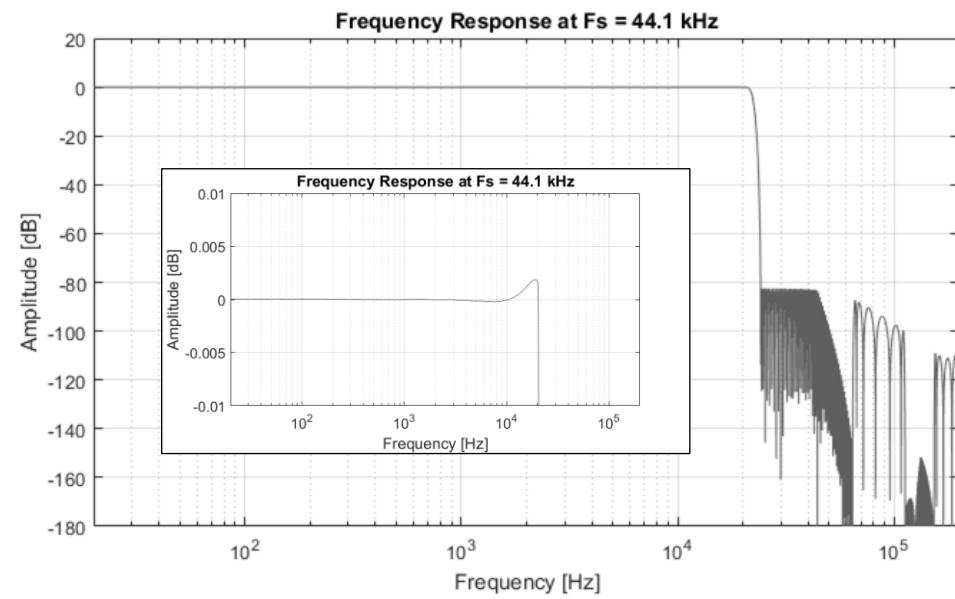
The following frequency responses were obtained from software simulations of these filters. The simulation sample rate is 44.1kHz.

Filter	Frequency Response
Minimum Phase	 <p>Frequency Response at <math>F_s = 44.1</math> kHz</p> <p>This plot shows the frequency response of a minimum phase filter. The main plot displays Amplitude [dB] on the y-axis (from -180 to 20) against Frequency [Hz] on a logarithmic x-axis (from <math>10^2</math> to <math>10^5</math>). The response is flat at 0 dB from 100 Hz to approximately 10,000 Hz, then drops sharply to -180 dB at 150,000 Hz. An inset plot shows the same response on a linear scale from -3 to 1 dB, with the x-axis ranging from <math>10^2</math> to <math>10^5</math> Hz.</p>
Linear Phase Apodizing	 <p>Frequency Response at <math>F_s = 44.1</math> kHz</p> <p>This plot shows the frequency response of a linear phase apodizing filter. The main plot displays Amplitude [dB] on the y-axis (from -180 to 20) against Frequency [Hz] on a logarithmic x-axis (from <math>10^2</math> to <math>10^5</math>). The response is flat at 0 dB from 100 Hz to approximately 10,000 Hz, then drops sharply to -180 dB at 150,000 Hz. An inset plot shows the same response on a linear scale from -0.01 to 0.01 dB, with the x-axis ranging from <math>10^2</math> to <math>10^5</math> Hz.</p>

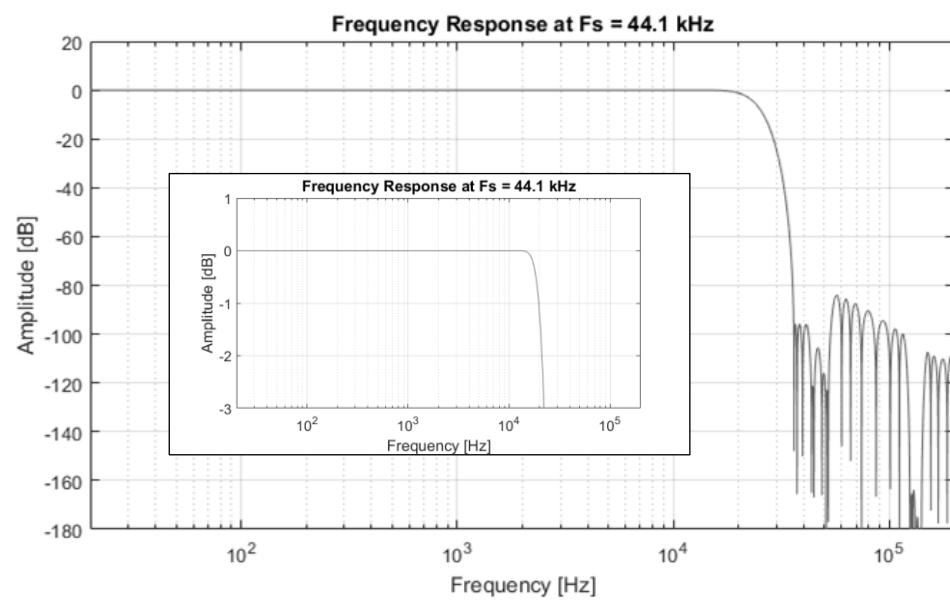
Linear Phase Fast Roll-Off



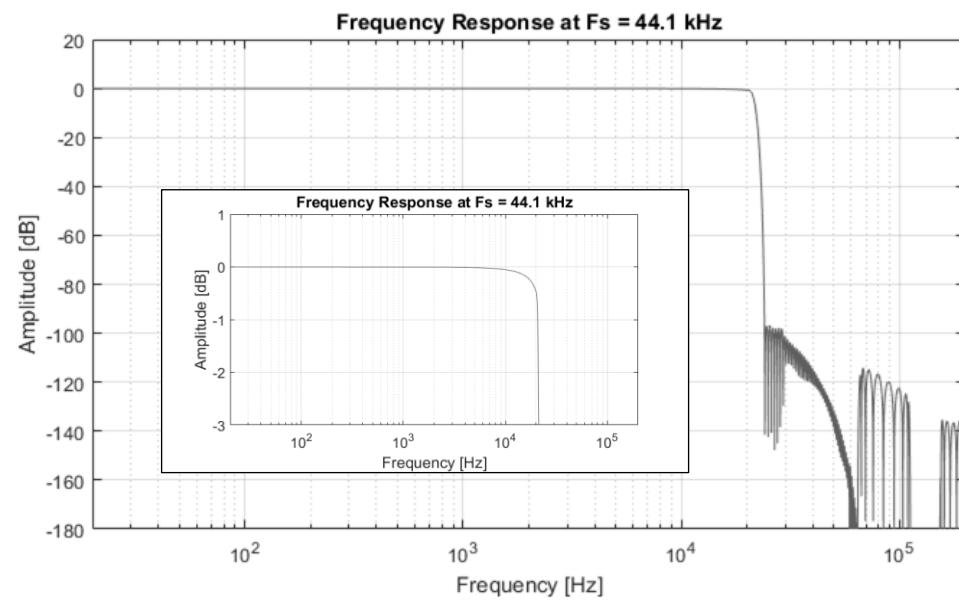
Linear Phase Fast Roll-Off  
Low Ripple



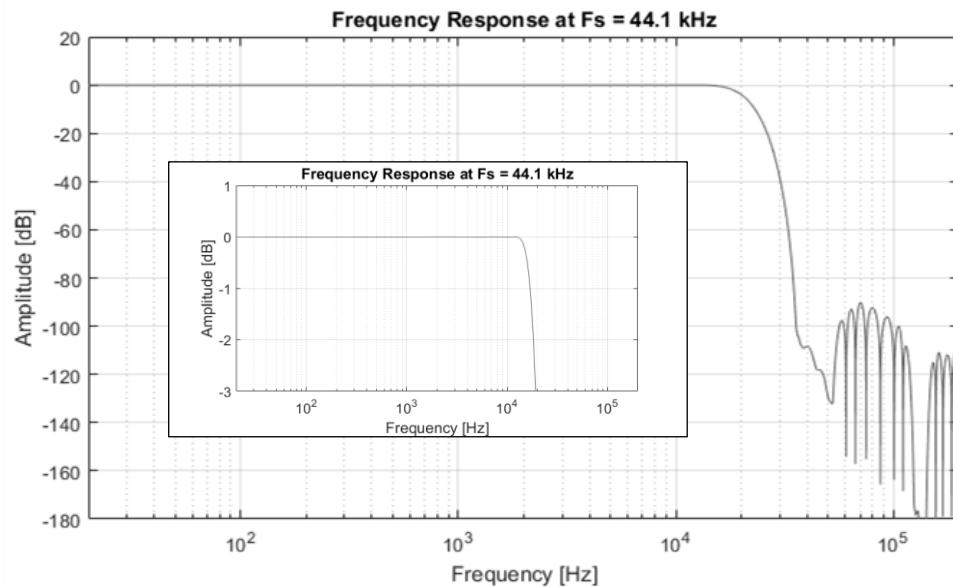
Linear Phase Slow Roll-Off



Minimum Phase Fast Roll-Off



Minimum Phase Slow Roll-Off



Minimum Phase Slow Roll-Off Low Dispersion

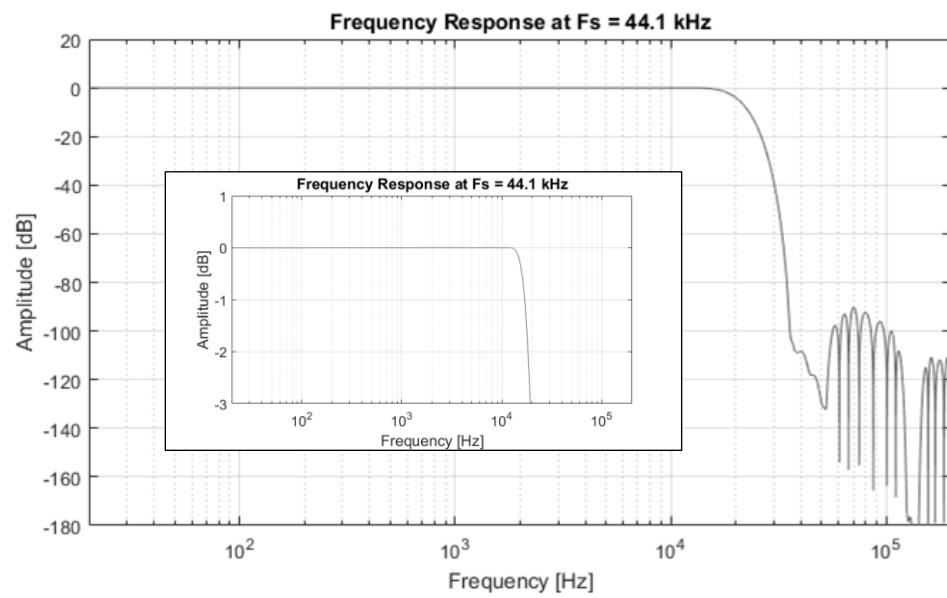


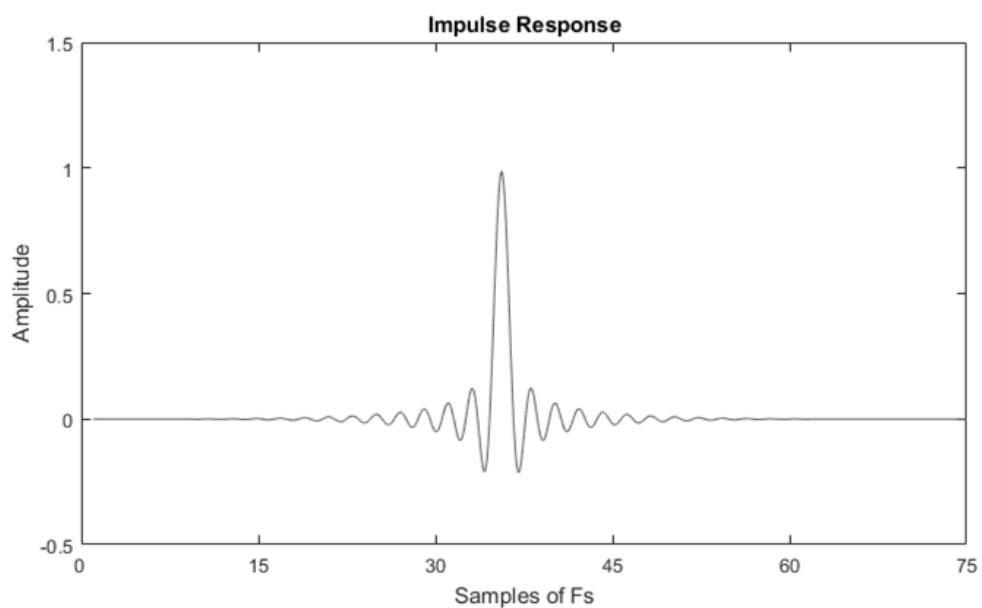
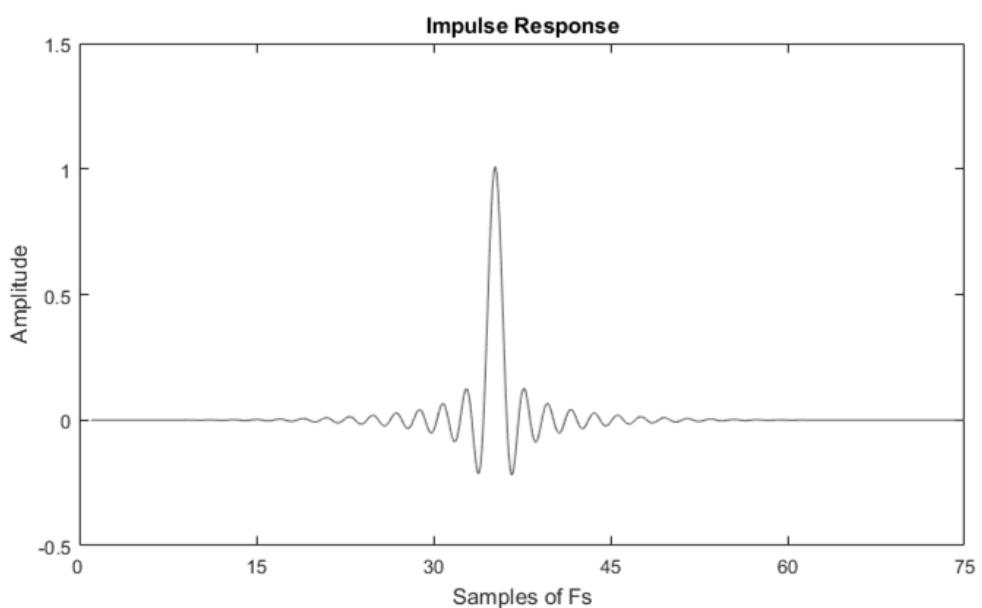
Table 5 - PCM Filter Frequency Response

### PCM Filter Impulse Response

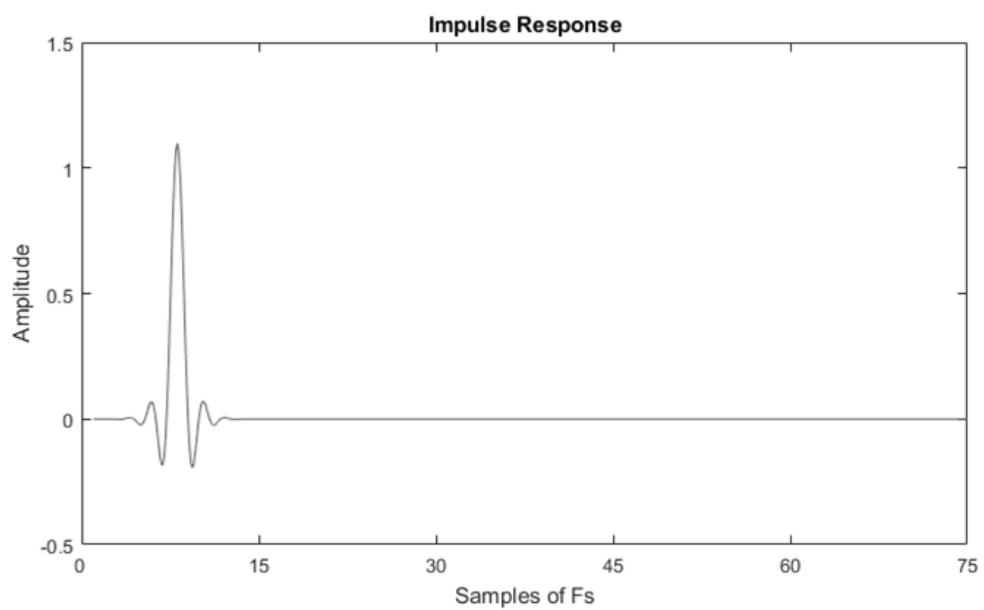
The following impulse responses were obtained from software simulations of these filters. The impulse responses reported below show the decimation path prior to down-sampling to 1FS and are scaled accordingly.

Filter	Impulse Response
Minimum Phase	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Impulse Response</b></p> <p>This graph shows the impulse response for a minimum phase filter. The x-axis is labeled "Samples of Fs" and ranges from 0 to 75. The y-axis is labeled "Amplitude" and ranges from -0.5 to 1.5. The response starts at zero, rises to a peak of approximately 0.7 at sample 10, then decays with several smaller oscillations, eventually settling near zero amplitude after sample 30.</p>
Linear Phase Apodizing	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Impulse Response</b></p> <p>This graph shows the impulse response for a linear phase apodizing filter. The x-axis is labeled "Samples of Fs" and ranges from 0 to 75. The y-axis is labeled "Amplitude" and ranges from -0.5 to 1.5. The response is zero until sample 30, where it rises sharply to a peak of approximately 0.9 at sample 35, then falls back to zero by sample 40.</p>

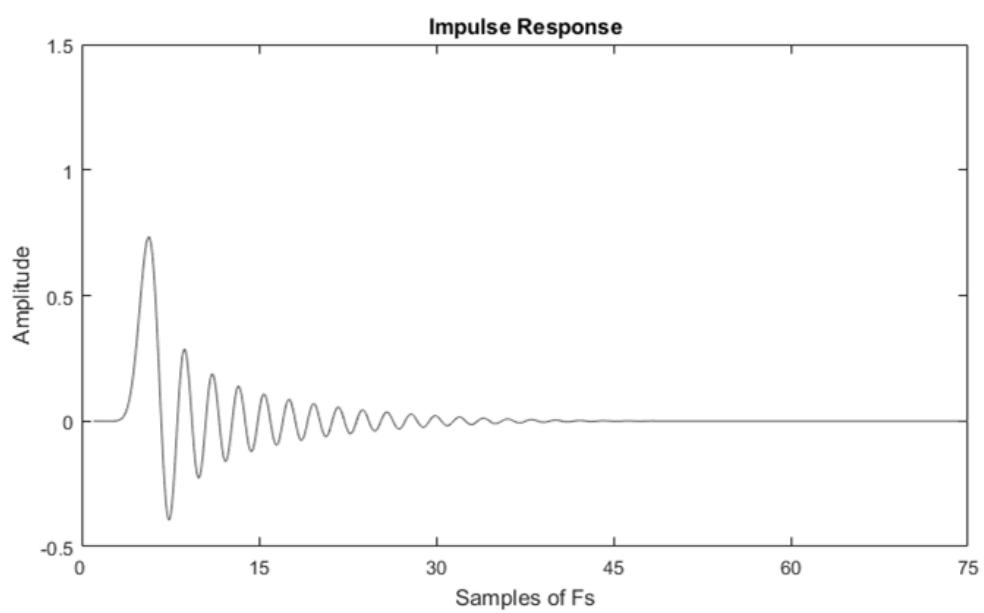
Linear Phase Fast Roll-Off

Linear Phase Fast Roll-Off  
Low Ripple

Linear Phase Slow Roll-Off



Minimum Phase Fast Roll-Off



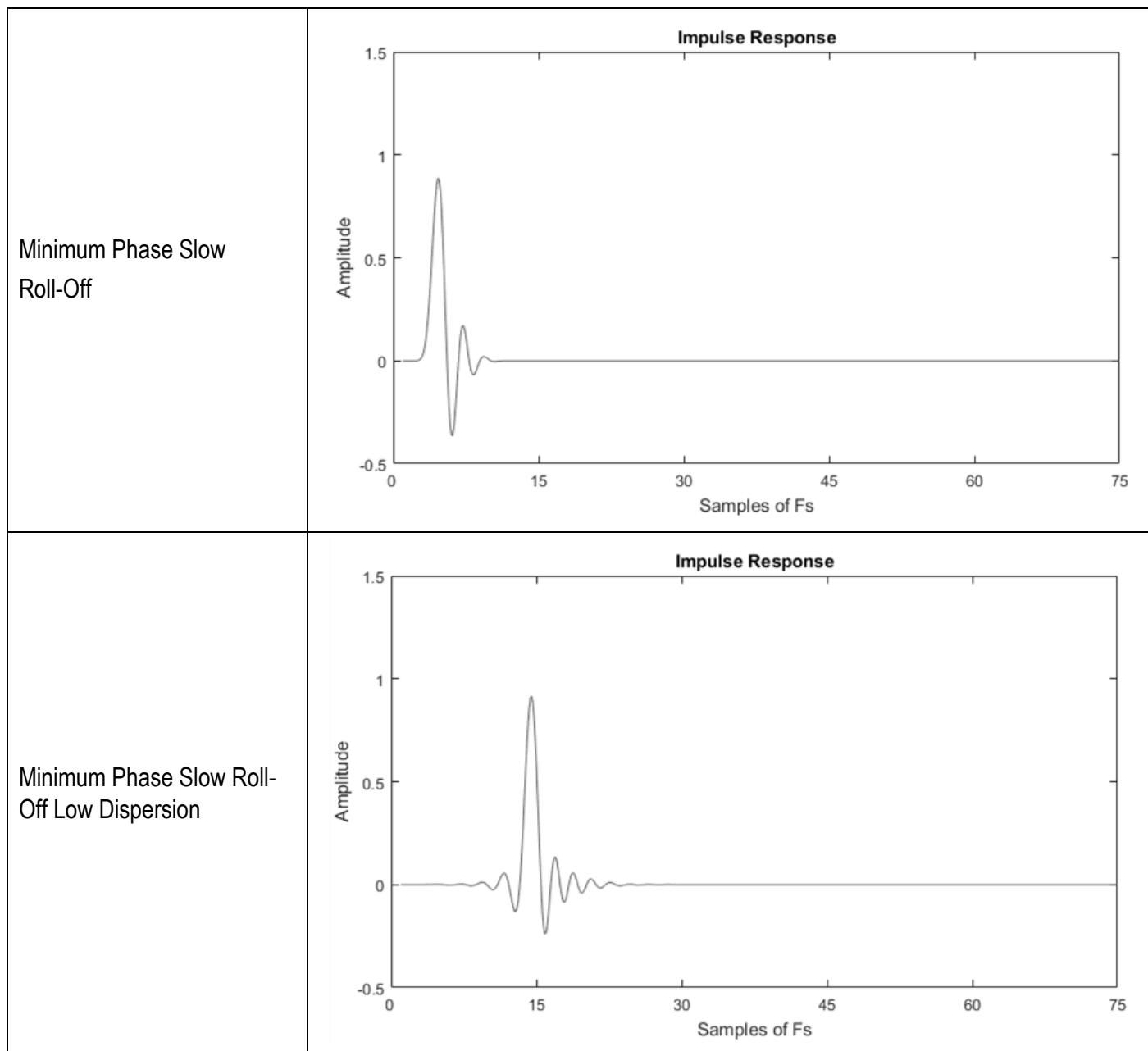


Table 6 - PCM Filter Impulse Response

## ES9842 PRO Product Datasheet

### 64FS Mode

When 64FS (MCLK/FS ratio) is required, it is necessary for the ES9826 to be running in 64FS Mode. 64FS Mode can be manually entered by setting Register 0[3] ENABLE\_64FS\_MODE to 1'b1.

- Register 0[3] ENABLE\_64FS\_MODE
  - Use for 64FS ratios, including 705.6/768kHz sample rates

This mode enables the Minimum phase 64FS filter. See filter properties below.

Note: 64FS mode is not supported in Hardware mode (HW).

### Minimum Phase 64FS Latency

The following table shows the simulated latency at 705.6kHz sampling rate. The latency was measured at the peak amplitude of the impulse response prior to being down-sampled to 1FS. Latency delay will reduce (scale) with sampling rate.

Digital Filter	Delay(us) @ fs= 705.6 kHz
Minimum Phase 64FS	9.2 us

Table 7 – Minimum Phase 64FS Delay

### Minimum Phase 64FS Properties

Minimum Phase 64FS					
Parameter	Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Pass band	-3 dB			0.55 x fs	Hz
Stop band	-100 dB	0.91 x fs			Hz
Group Delay		2.24/fs		4.03/fs	s
Flatness (ripple)	-				dB

Table 8 – Minimum Phase 64FS Properties

## Minimum Phase 64FS Frequency Response

This filter gets selected when Register 0[3] ENABLE\_64FS\_MODE is set, for MCLK/FS = 64 conditions.

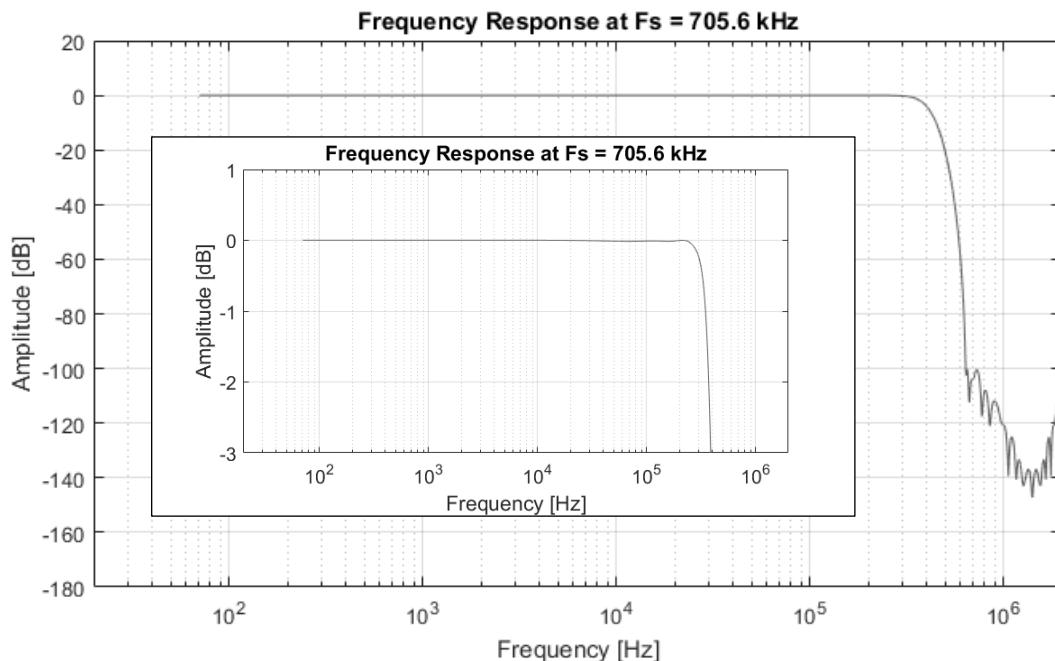


Figure 8 – Minimum Phase 64FS Frequency Response

## Minimum Phase 64FS Impulse Response

The following impulse responses were obtained from software simulations of these filters. The impulse responses reported below show the decimation path prior to down-sampling to 1FS and are scaled accordingly.

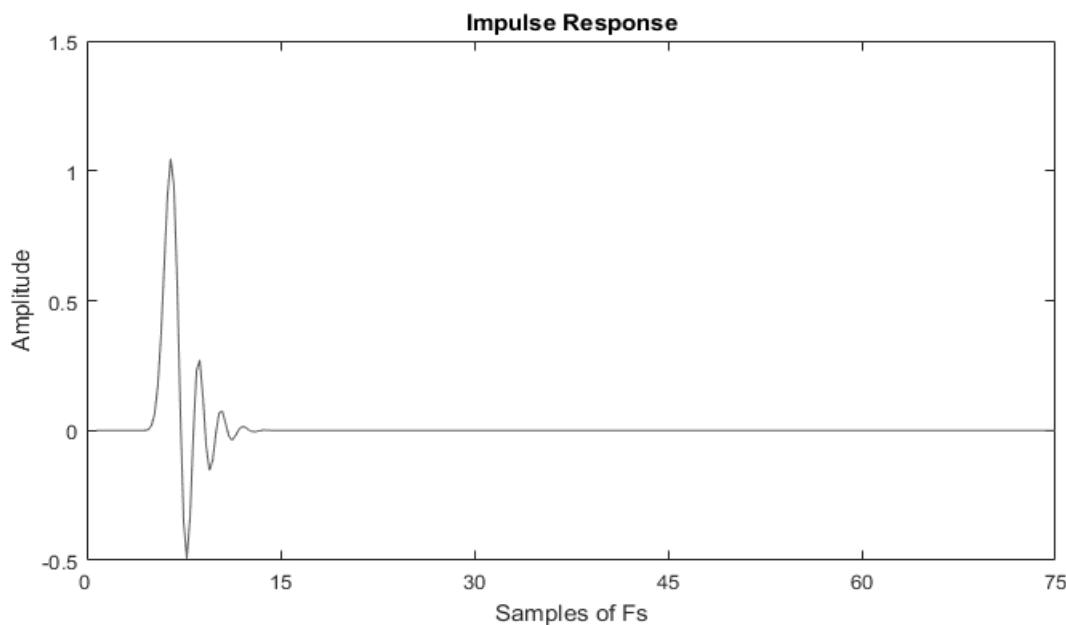


Figure 9 – Minimum Phase 64FS Impulse Response

## ES9842 PRO Product Datasheet

### Clock Distribution

The ES9842 PRO includes features for selecting and manipulating the input clock source.

The minimum MCLK frequency is 22.579MHz.

When using 24.576 MHz or 22.579 MHz BCK, it is preferable to use GPIO4-6 as the data output.

- Register 74-91 (GPIOx/x\_CONFIG) – set desired GPIO as AUX output and enable output mode.
- Register 12-15[6:5] (TDM\_LINE\_SEL\_CHx) – change TDM Line Select to desired GPIO.
- Register 11[7] (TDM\_GPIO456) – Enable TDM on GPIO456

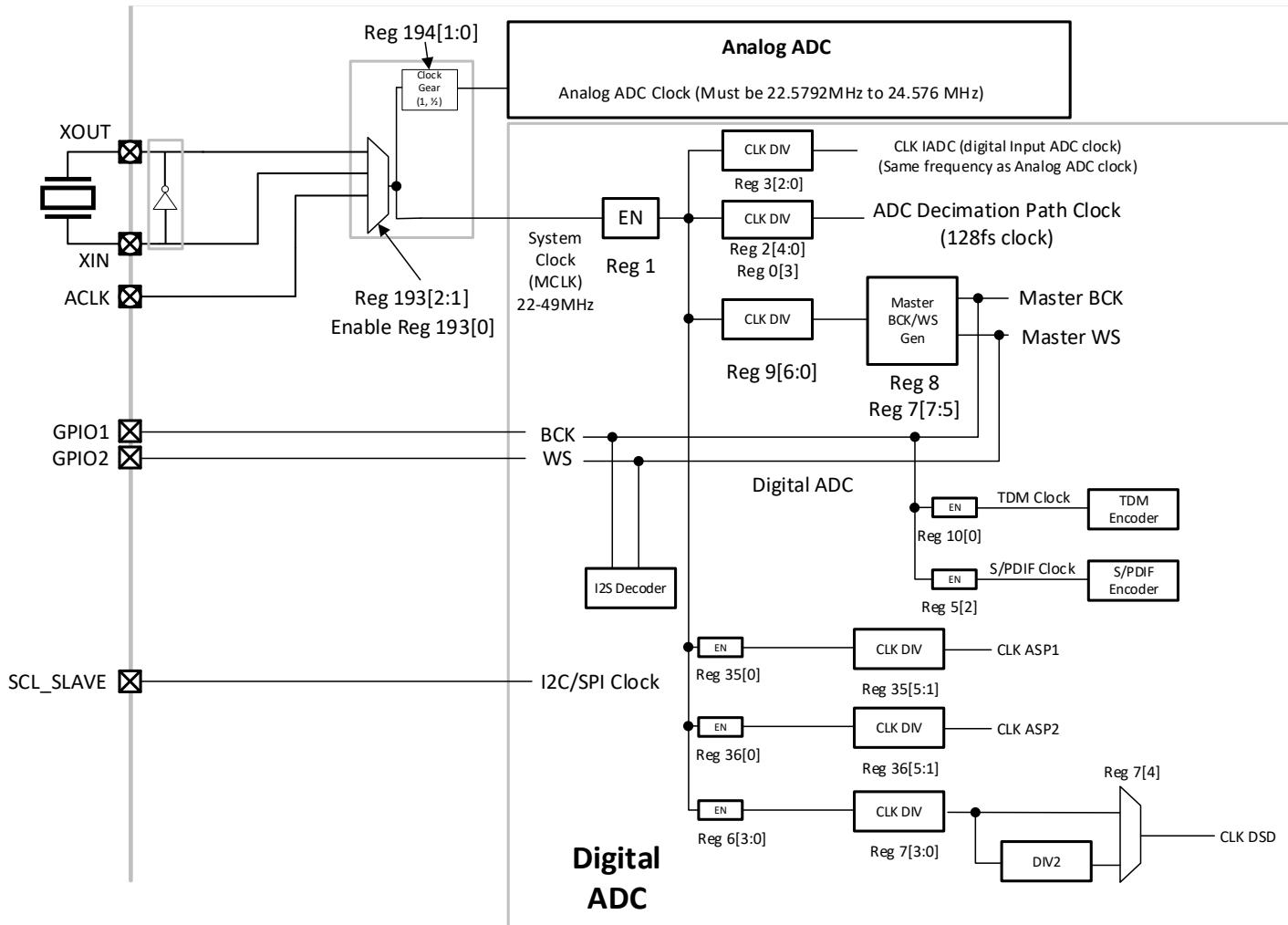


Figure 10 - ES9842 PRO Clock Distribution

The following list shows the various clocks of the ES9842 PRO and the associated registers for configuration.

### Analog ADC Clock

ADC clock must be maintained to be between 22.5792MHz & 24.576MHz

- Register 194[0] (SEL\_CLK\_DIV)
- Register 193[2:1] (SEL\_SYSCLK\_IN)
- Register 193[0] (EN\_ANA\_CLKIN)

### IADC Clock (Digital Input ADC clock)

Set to the same clock frequency as the analog ADC clock, digital sampling.

- Register 3[2:0] (SELECT\_IADC\_NUM)
  - Set this so it matches Analog ADC clock of 22.5792 or 24.576MHz.
- Register 1
  - Dependent on channels required.
- Register 193[2:1] (SEL\_SYSCLK\_IN)
- Register 193[0] (EN\_ANA\_CLKIN)

### ADC Decimation Path Clock

- Register 2[4:0] (SELECT\_ADC\_NUM)
- Register 1
  - Dependent on channels required.
- Register 9[6:0] (SELECT\_I2S\_TDM\_NUM)
- Register 193[2:1] (SEL\_SYSCLK\_IN)
- Register 193[0] (EN\_ANA\_CLKIN)

### Master BCK & WS

- Register 8
- Register 7[7:5] MASTER\_WS\_SCALE
- Register 9[6:0] SELECT\_I2S\_TDM\_NUM
- Register 193[2:1] (SEL\_SYSCLK\_IN)
- Register 193[0] (EN\_ANA\_CLKIN)

### TDM Clock

- Register 10[0] (ENABLE\_TDM\_CLK)

### S/PDIF Clock

- Register 5[2] (ENABLE\_SPDIF\_CLK)

## ES9842 PRO Product Datasheet

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### ASP1 Clock

- Register 35[0] (ENABLE\_ASP1\_CLK)
- Register 35[5:1] (SELECT\_ASP1\_NUM)
- Register 1
  - Dependent on channels required.
- Register 193[2:1] (SEL\_SYSCLK\_IN)
- Register 193[0] (EN\_ANA\_CLKIN)

### ASP2 Clock

- Register 36[0] (ENABLE\_ASP2\_CLK)
- Register 36[5:1] (SELECT\_ASP2\_NUM)
- Register 1
  - Dependent on channels required.
- Register 193[2:1] (SEL\_SYSCLK\_IN)
- Register 193[0] (EN\_ANA\_CLKIN)

### I2S Decoder Clock

- Uses BCK / WS

**I2S Master Clock Rate Configurations**

WS can be scaled down further than shown via Register 7[7:5] MASTER\_WS\_SCALE.

MCLK Frequency	WS [kHz]	BCK [MHz]	Bits	Channels	Register 2 [4:0] SELECT_ADC_NUM		Register 9 [6:0] SELECT_I2S_TDM_NUM		Register 11 [5] TDM_LENGTH	
					Value	Divider	Value	Divider	Value	Length
22.579 MHz	44.1	2.822	32	2	5'd3	4	7'd3	4	1'b0	32
	88.2	5.645		2	5'd1	2	7'd1	2	1'b0	32
	176.4	11.290		2	5'd0	1	7'd0	1	1'b0	32
	44.1	1.411	16	2	5'd3	4	7'd3	4	1'b1	16
	88.2	2.822		2	5'd1	2	7'd1	2	1'b1	16
	176.4	5.645		2	5'd0	1	7'd0	1	1'b1	16
24.576 MHz	48	3.072	32	2	5'd3	4	7'd3	4	1'b0	32
	96	6.144		2	5'd1	2	7'd1	2	1'b0	32
	192	12.288		2	5'd0	1	7'd0	1	1'b0	32
	48	1.536	16	2	5'd3	4	7'd3	4	1'b1	16
	96	3.072		2	5'd1	2	7'd1	2	1'b1	16
	192	6.144		2	5'd0	1	7'd0	1	1'b1	16
45.158 MHz	44.1	2.822	32	2	5'd7	8	7'd7	8	1'b0	32
	88.2	5.645		2	5'd3	4	7'd3	4	1'b0	32
	176.4	11.290		2	5'd1	2	7'd1	2	1'b0	32
	352.8	22.579		2	5'd0	1	7'd0	1	1'b0	32
	44.1	1.411	16	2	5'd7	8	7'd7	8	1'b1	16
	88.2	2.822		2	5'd3	4	7'd3	4	1'b1	16
	176.4	5.645		2	5'd1	2	7'd1	2	1'b1	16
	352.8	11.290		2	5'd0	1	7'd0	1	1'b1	16
49.152 MHz	48	3.072	32	2	5'd7	8	7'd7	8	1'b0	32
	96	6.144		2	5'd3	4	7'd3	4	1'b0	32
	192	12.288		2	5'd1	2	7'd1	2	1'b0	32
	384	24.576		2	5'd0	1	7'd0	1	1'b0	32
	48	1.536	16	2	5'd7	8	7'd7	8	1'b1	16
	96	3.072		2	5'd3	4	7'd3	4	1'b1	16
	192	6.144		2	5'd1	2	7'd1	2	1'b1	16
	384	12.288		2	5'd0	1	7'd0	1	1'b1	16

Table 9 - I2S Master Clock Rate Configurations

## ES9842 PRO Product Datasheet



## I2S Slave Clock Rate Configurations

MCLK Frequency	WS [kHz]	BCK	Channels	Register 2 [4:0] SELECT_ADC_NUM		Register 0 [3] ENABLE_64FS_MODE	
				Value	Divider	Value	Multiplier
22.579 MHz	44.1	512FS	2	7'd3	4	1'b0	1x
	88.2	256FS	2	7'd1	2	1'b0	1x
	176.4	128FS	2	7'd0	1	1'b0	1x
	352.8	64FS	2	7'd0	1	1'b1	2x
24.576 MHz	48	512FS	2	7'd3	4	1'b0	1x
	96	256FS	2	7'd1	2	1'b0	1x
	192	128FS	2	7'd0	1	1'b0	1x
	384	64FS	2	7'd0	1	1'b1	2x
45.158 MHz	44.1	1024FS	2	7'd7	8	1'b0	1x
	88.2	512FS	2	7'd3	4	1'b0	1x
	176.4	256FS	2	7'd1	2	1'b0	1x
	352.8	128FS	2	7'd0	1	1'b0	1x
49.152 MHz	48	1024FS	2	7'd7	8	1'b0	1x
	96	512FS	2	7'd3	4	1'b0	1x
	192	256FS	2	7'd1	2	1'b0	1x
	384	128FS	2	7'd0	1	1'b0	1x

Table 10 - I2S Slave Clock Rate Configurations

**TDM Slave Clock Rate Configurations**

All configurations are 32-bit.

When using left justified mode (Register 10) remember to enable Register 33 – sync positive edge of frame to correct for phase differences.

MCLK Frequency	WS [kHz]	BCK [MHz]	TDM Mode	Channels	Register 2 [4:0] SELECT_ADC_NUM	
					Value	Divider
22.579 MHz	44.1	5.645	TDM 128	4	5'd3	4
	88.2	11.290		4	5'd1	2
	176.4	22.579		4	5'd0	1
	44.1	11.290	TDM 256	8	5'd3	4
	88.2	22.579		8	5'd1	2
	44.1	22.579	TDM 512	16	5'd3	4
24.576 MHz	48	6.144	TDM 128	4	5'd3	4
	96	12.288		4	5'd1	2
	192	24.576		4	5'd0	1
	48	12.288	TDM 256	8	5'd3	4
	96	24.576		8	5'd1	2
	48	24.576	TDM 512	16	5'd3	4
45.158 MHz	44.1	5.645	TDM 128	4	5'd7	8
	88.2	11.290		4	5'd3	4
	176.4	22.579		4	5'd1	2
	44.1	11.290	TDM 256	8	5'd7	8
	88.2	22.579		8	5'd3	4
	44.1	22.579	TDM 512	16	5'd7	8
49.152 MHz	48	6.144	TDM 128	4	5'd7	8
	96	12.288		4	5'd3	4
	192	24.576		4	5'd1	2
	48	12.288	TDM 256	8	5'd7	8
	96	24.576		8	5'd3	4
	48	24.576	TDM 512	16	5'd7	8

Table 11 - TDM Slave Clock Rate Configurations

## ES9842 PRO Product Datasheet

## TDM Master Clock Rate Configurations

When using left justified mode (Register 10) remember to enable Register 33 – sync positive edge of frame to correct for phase differences.

MCLK Frequency	WS [kHz]	BCK [MHz]	TDM Mode	Chan-nels	Register 2 [4:0] SELECT_ADC_NUM		Register 9 [6:0] SELECT_I2S_TDM_NUM		Register 7 [7:5] MASTER_WS_SCALE		Register 8 [7] MASTER_BCK_DIV1	
					Value	Divider	Value	Divider	Value	Divider	Value	Divider
22.579 MHz	44.1	5.645	TDM 128	4	5'd3	4	7'd1	2	3'd1	2	1'b0	2
	88.2	11.290		4	5'd1	2	7'd0	1	3'd1	2	1'b0	2
	176.4	22.579		4	5'd0	1	7'd0	1	3'd0	1	1'b1	1
	44.1	11.290	TDM 256	8	5'd3	4	7'd0	1	3'd2	4	1'b0	2
	88.2	22.579		8	5'd1	2	7'd0	1	3'd1	2	1'b1	1
	44.1	22.579	TDM 512	16	5'd3	4	7'd0	1	3'd2	4	1'b1	1
24.576 MHz	48	6.144	TDM 128	4	5'd3	4	7'd1	2	3'd1	2	1'b0	2
	96	12.288		4	5'd1	2	7'd0	1	3'd1	2	1'b0	2
	192	24.576		4	5'd0	1	7'd0	1	3'd0	1	1'b1	1
	48	12.288	TDM 256	8	5'd3	4	7'd0	1	3'd2	4	1'b0	2
	96	24.576		8	5'd1	2	7'd0	1	3'd1	2	1'b1	1
	48	24.576	TDM 512	16	5'd3	4	7'd0	1	3'd2	4	1'b1	1
45.158 MHz	44.1	5.645	TDM 128	4	5'd7	8	7'd3	4	3'd1	2	1'b0	2
	88.2	11.290		4	5'd3	4	7'd1	2	3'd1	2	1'b0	2
	176.4	22.579		4	5'd1	2	7'd0	1	3'd1	2	1'b0	2
	44.1	11.290	TDM 256	8	5'd7	8	7'd1	2	3'd2	4	1'b0	2
	88.2	22.579		8	5'd3	4	7'd0	1	3'd2	4	1'b0	2
	44.1	22.579	TDM 512	16	5'd7	8	7'd0	1	3'd3	8	1'b0	2
49.152 MHz	48	6.144	TDM 128	4	5'd7	8	7'd3	4	3'd1	2	1'b0	2
	96	12.288		4	5'd3	4	7'd1	2	3'd1	2	1'b0	2
	192	24.576		4	5'd1	2	7'd0	1	3'd1	2	1'b0	2
	48	12.288	TDM 256	8	5'd7	8	7'd1	2	3'd2	4	1'b0	2
	96	24.576		8	5'd3	4	7'd0	1	3'd2	4	1'b0	2
	48	24.576	TDM 512	16	5'd7	8	7'd0	1	3'd3	8	1'b0	2

Table 12 - TDM Master Clock Rate Configurations

### DSD Master Clock Rate Configurations

MCLK Frequency	BCK [MHz]	FS [kHz]	DSD Mode	Register 7 [3:0] SELECT_DSD_N UM		Register 7 [4] DSD_CLK_DIV2		Reg 2 [4:0] SELECT_ADC_N UM	
				Value	Divider	Value	Divider	Value	Divider
22.579 MHz	2.822	44.1	DSD 64	5'd3	4	1'b1	2	5'd7	8
	5.645	44.1	DSD 128	5'd1	2	1'b1	2	5'd7	8
	11.290	44.1	DSD 256	5'd0	1	1'b1	2	5'd7	8
45.158 MHz	2.822	44.1	DSD 64	5'd7	8	1'b1	2	5'd7	8
	5.645	44.1	DSD 128	5'd3	4	1'b1	2	5'd7	8
	11.290	44.1	DSD 256	5'd1	2	1'b1	2	5'd7	8
	22.579	44.1	DSD 512	5'd0	1	1'b1	2	5'd7	8

Table 13 - DSD Master Clock Rate Configurations

## ES9842 PRO Product Datasheet

### Digital Audio Output Port

Pins are configured in Master (AUX Output) or Slave (Aux Input) modes through GPIO Configurations.

#### PCM Pin Connections

See Audio Interface Timing (I2S) for timing criteria. Can select GPIO 5,6 for the datapath.

Pin Name	Function	Description
GPIO1	I2S BCLK	I2S clock (Master or Slave)
GPIO2	I2S WS	I2S WS (Master or Slave)
GPIO3	I2S DATA	I2S DATA out (selectable for 2 channels)
GPIO4	I2S DATA	I2S DATA out (selectable for 2 channels)

Table 14 - PCM Pin Connections

#### TDM Pin Connections

See Registers 7-15 for configuration, can select GPIO 4-6 for the datapath.

Pin Name	Function	Description
GPIO1	TDM BCK	TDM clock (Master or Slave)
GPIO2	TDM WS	TDM WS (Master or Slave)
GPIO3	TDM DATA	TDM DATA out (default)

Table 15 - TDM Pin Connections

#### DSD Pin Connections

DSD requires 1 pin per ADC channel, any channel can be mapped to any of the GPIOs (GPIO3-6). See Registers 6,7,19 for configuration.

Pin Name	Function	Description
GPIO1	DSD Clock	DSD Bit Clock (Master or Slave)
GPIO3	DSD DATA out	DSD data mapped to selected channel (Channel 1 default)
GPIO4	DSD DATA out	DSD data mapped to selected channel (Channel 2 default)
GPIO5	DSD DATA out	DSD data mapped to selected channel (Channel 3 default)
GPIO6	DSD DATA out	DSD data mapped to selected channel (Channel 4 default)

Table 16 - DSD Pin Connections

## S/PDIF Pin Connections

S/PDIF Output is provided on GPIOs. Use GPIOx\_CFG for S/PDIF output.

Pin Name	Description
GPIOx	GPIOx_CFG setting for GPIO of 4'd8 (S/PDIF output)

Table 17 - S/PDIF Pin Connections

## ES9842 PRO Product Datasheet

### RAW Pin Connections

RAW connections are configured by Registers 5,16,17. GPIOs need to be configured as well through Registers 74-77. RAW data mode requires 8 GPIOs.

Pin Name	Function	Description
GPIO1	RAW Data Clock Output	Clock output in RAW mode
GPIO2	RAW Data [0] Output	Raw data bit 0
GPIO3	RAW Data [1] Output	Raw data bit 1
GPIO4	RAW Data [2] Output	Raw data bit 2
GPIO5	RAW Data [3] Output	Raw data bit 3
GPIO6	RAW Data [4] Output	Raw data bit 4
GPIO7	RAW Data [5] Output	Raw data bit 5
GPIO8	RAW Data [6] Output	Raw data bit 6

Table 18 - RAW Pin Connections

### Digital Audio Input Port

#### PCM Pin Connections

See I2S decoder and Programmable Delay. Registers 59-62 for configuration, GPIOs need to be configured as well through Registers 74 & 76.

Pin Name	Function	Description
GPIO1	I2S BCLK	I2S clock for I2S decoder
GPIO2	I2S WS	I2S WS for I2S decoder
GPIO5	I2S DATA	I2S DATA for I2S decoder

Table 19 - PCM Pin Connections

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

PARAMETER	RATING
Positive Supply Voltage <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• AVCC_R/AVCC_L</li><li>• AVCC</li><li>• AVDD</li><li>• DVDD</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• +4.75V with respect to Ground</li><li>• +4.75V with respect to Ground</li><li>• +3.7V with respect to Ground</li><li>• +1.4V with respect to Ground</li></ul>
Note: AVCC, AVCC_L/R and AVDD absolute negative max voltage is -0.3V	
Storage temperature	-65°C to +150°C
Operating Junction Temperature	+125°C
Voltage range for digital input pins	-0.3V to AVDD (nom) + 0.3V
Maximum/Minimum Input Voltage on IN_P IN_M pins	+6V to -0.4V
ESD Protection	
Human Body Model (HBM)	2kV
Charge Device Model (CDM)	500V

Table 20 - Absolute Maximum Ratings

**WARNING:** Stresses beyond those listed under here may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied.

**WARNING:** Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) can damage this device. Proper procedures must be followed to avoid ESD when handling this device.

## IO Electrical Characteristics

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	UNIT	COMMENTS
High-level input voltage	VIH	(AVDD / 2) + 0.4	-	V	
Low-level input voltage	VIL	-	0.4	V	
High-level output voltage	VOH	AVDD – 0.2	-	V	$IOH = ((AVDD / 2) + 1.4) \text{ mA}$
Low-level output voltage	VOL	-	0.2	V	$IOL = ((AVDD / 2) + 1.7) \text{ mA}$

Table 21 - IO Electrical Characteristics

## Switching Characteristics

Test Conditions (unless otherwise noted)

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $\text{AVCC} = \text{AVCCL} = \text{AVCCR} = +4.5\text{V}$ ,  $\text{AVDD} = +3.3\text{V}$ ,  $\text{fs} = 48\text{kHz}$ ,  $\text{MCLK} = 49.152\text{MHz}$ , I2S output

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MINIMUM	TYPICAL	MAXIMUM	UNIT
<b>MCLK timing</b>					
Frequency	$f_{\text{MCLK}}$	20	-	50	MHz
Analog ADC	$f_{\text{ADC}}$	20	-	25	MHz
Duty Cycle	-	45	50	55	%
<b>Bit Clock Frequency</b>					
PCM (LJ/I2S) Mode	$f_{\text{bCLK}}$	-	$2 \times \text{fs} \times \text{TDM\_LENGTH}$	$\text{MCLK}/2$	MHz
PCM (LJ/I2S) + Enable_64FS Mode	$f_{\text{bCLK}}$	-	-	$\text{MCLK}$	MHz
TDM4 (4ch data line)	$f_{\text{bCLK}}$	-	$4 \times \text{fs} \times \text{TDM\_LENGTH}$	$\text{MCLK}$	MHz
TDM8 (8ch data line)	$f_{\text{bCLK}}$	-	$8 \times \text{fs} \times \text{TDM\_LENGTH}$	$\text{MCLK}$	MHz
TDM16 (16ch data line)	$f_{\text{bCLK}}$	-	$16 \times \text{fs} \times \text{TDM\_LENGTH}$	$\text{MCLK}$	MHz
<b>Frame Clock Normal Frequency</b>					
PCM (LJ/I2S) Mode	WS	$\text{MCLK}/4096$	-	$\text{MCLK}/128$	kHz
PCM (LJ/I2S) + Enable_64FS Mode	WS	-	-	$\text{MCLK}/64$	kHz
TDM4 (4ch data line)	WS	$\text{MCLK}/4096$	-	$\text{MCLK}/128$	kHz
TDM8 (8ch data line)	WS	$\text{MCLK}/4096$	-	$\text{MCLK}/256$	kHz
TDM16 (16ch data line)	WS	$\text{MCLK}/4096$	-	$\text{MCLK}/512$	kHz

Table 22 - Switching Characteristics

Note: Analog ADC ( $f_{\text{ADC}}$ ) on the clock distribution diagram must be between 20-25MHz. MCLK used must be divided by 1 or 2 to create  $f_{\text{ADC}}$ .

## Audio Interface Timing Requirements

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MINIMUM	TYPICAL	MAXIMUM	UNIT
<b>LJ/I2S Mode or TDM modes</b>					
<b>Slave Mode</b>					
BCLK period	tb	20	-	-	ns
BCLK high duration	tbH	9	-	-	ns
BCLK low duration	tbL	9	-	-	ns
BCLK fall to Frame transition	tbsr	-6	0	6	ns
BCLK fall to serial data out	tbsdo	-	13.8	-	ns
Data in setup time	tsdisu	-	-	-	ns
Data in hold time	tsdihold	-	-	-	ns
<b>Master Mode</b>					
BCLK period	tb	20	-	-	ns
BCLK high duration	tbH	9	-	-	ns
BCLK low duration	tbL	9	-	-	ns
BCLK fall to Frame transition	tbsr	-	0	-	ns
BCLK fall to serial data out	tbsdo	-	13.2	-	ns
Data in setup time	tsdisu	-	-	-	-
Data in hold time	tsdihold	-	-	-	-

Table 23 - Audio Interface Timing Requirements

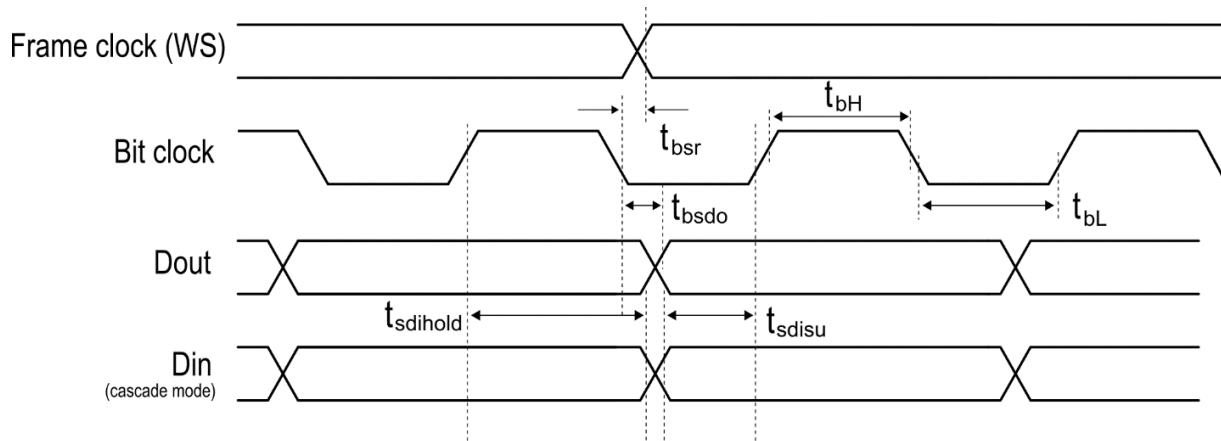


Figure 11 - Audio Interface Timing Requirements

### MCLK edge to BCK edge

The ES9842PRO has a phase relationship requirement between MCLK (System Clock) and BCK (Bit Clock). The internal ADC\_CLK (which must be 24.576/22.5792MHz) is derived from the provided MCLK. It is important to make sure the internal ADC\_CLK does not transition during the serial data transitions. To achieve this, follow the MCLK to BCK timing outlined below.

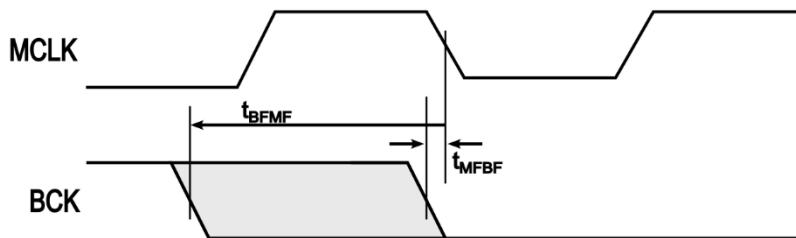


Figure 12 - 45/49MHz MCLK with BCK Phase Relationship

	Symbol	MCLK [MHz]	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
BCK "↓" to MCLK "↓"	tBFMF	49.152 / 45.1584	-	10	ns
MCLK "↓" to BCK "↓"	tMFBF		4	-	ns

Table 24 – Timing relationship for 45/49MHz MCLK &amp; BCK

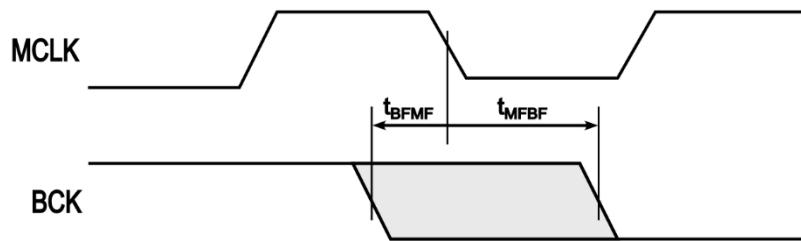


Figure 13 – 22/25MHz MCLK with BCK Phase Relationship

	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>MCLK [MHz]</b>	<b>Minimum</b>	<b>Maximum</b>	<b>Unit</b>
BCK “↓” to MCLK “↓”	tBFMF	24.576 / 22.5792	-	5	ns
MCLK “↓” to BCK “↓”	tMFBF	24.576 / 22.5792	-	7	ns

Table 25 – Timing relationship for 22/24MHz MCLK &amp; BCK

## Recommended Operating Conditions

These are the recommended operating conditions for the ES9842 PRO.

The minimum MCLK is 22MHz. Below this frequency, the device will not function.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS
Operating temperature	$T_A$	-20°C to +85°C
AVCC		4.5V
AVDD		3.3V
AVCC_L		4.5V
AVCC_R		4.5V
DVDD		Internal 1.2V

Table 26 - Recommended Operating Conditions

## Recommended Power up/down Sequences

The recommended power up/down sequences are show in the following diagram. All supplies and MCLK should be stable before CHIP\_EN goes high.

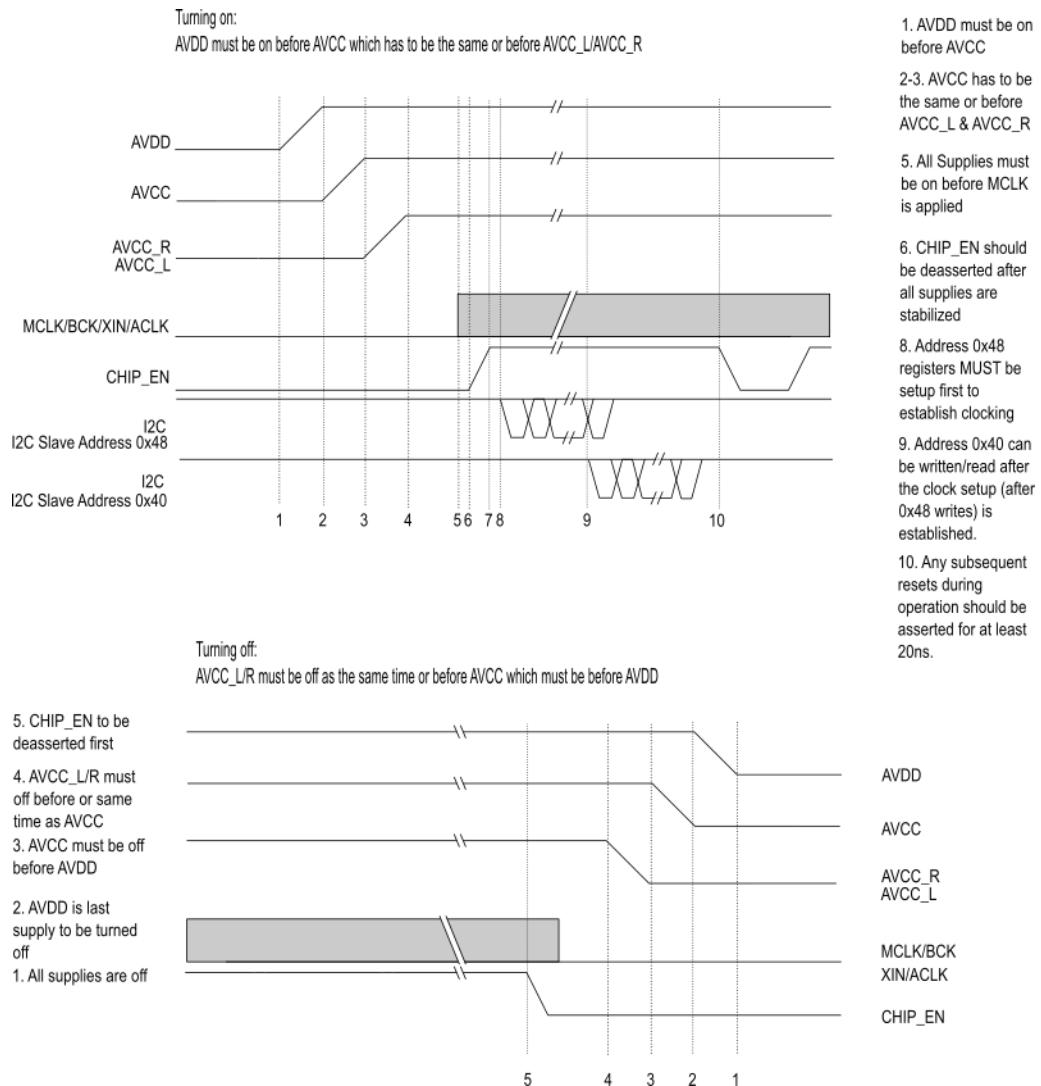


Figure 14 - Recommended Power up/down Sequences

## Power Consumption

Test Conditions (unless otherwise noted)

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , AVCC = AVCCL = AVCCR = +4.5V, AVDD = +3.3V,  $f_s = 48\text{kHz}$ , I2S output, -1dB $\text{BrG}$  signal. AVDD supply includes DVDD current.

Parameter	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
<b>Standby</b>				
AVCC, AVCC_L, AVCC_R		3		$\mu\text{A}$
AVDD		0.02		$\mu\text{A}$
<b>MCLK = 49.152MHz</b>				
<b>Supply Current during 48kHz 4ch mode</b>				
AVCC		10.2		mA
AVCC_L, AVCC_R		16.2		mA
AVDD		18.2		mA
<b>Supply Current during 192kHz 4ch mode</b>				
AVCC		10.2		mA
AVCC_L, AVCC_R		16.2		mA
AVDD		30.6		mA
<b>MCLK = 24.576MHz</b>				
<b>Supply Current during 48kHz 4ch mode</b>				
AVCC		10.1		mA
AVCC_L, AVCC_R		16.2		mA
AVDD		16.1		mA
<b>Supply current during 192kHz 4ch mode</b>				
AVCC		10.1		mA
AVCC_L, AVCC_R		16.2		mA
AVDD		28.7		mA

Table 27 - Power Consumption

## ES9842 PRO Product Datasheet

**Performance**

Test Conditions (unless otherwise noted)

 $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , AVCC = AVCCL = AVCCR = +4.5V, AVDD = +3.3V,  $f_s = 48\text{kHz}$ , MCLK = 49.152MHz, I2S output

Parameter			Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Resolution				32		Bit
0dBFS Input Voltage				3.2		Vrms
THD+N Ratio @ $f_s=48\text{kHz}$ , BW=20Hz-20kHz	4 ch mode	-1dBFS		-116	-114	dB
	2 ch mode	-1dBFS		-117		dB
	1 ch mode	-1dBFS		-118		dB
THD+N Ratio @ $f_s=96\text{kHz}$ , BW=20Hz-40kHz	4 ch mode	-1dBFS		-113		dB
	2 ch mode	-1dBFS		-115		dB
	1 ch mode	-1dBFS		-118		dB
THD+N Ratio @ $f_s=192\text{kHz}$ , BW=20Hz-80kHz	4 ch mode	-1dBFS		-111		dB
	2 ch mode	-1dBFS		-113		dB
	1 ch mode	-1dBFS		-116		dB
DNR A-wt	4ch mode	-60dBFS	119	122		dB
	2ch mode	-60dBFS	122	125		dB
	1ch mode	-60dBFS	125	128		dB
Interchannel Gain Mismatch				$\pm 0.05$	$\pm 0.4$	dB
Input DC Common Mode				AVCC_L/2 AVCC_R/2		V
Input Impedance				$860 \pm 14\%$		$\Omega$
Cin (Input Capacitance)				$\sim 10$		pF

Table 28 - Performance

## Register Overview

The registers for the ES9842 PRO can be accessed either using an I<sup>2</sup>C or SPI interface.

The MODE pin (pin 3) determines which interface will be used:

- MODE = 1'b0
  - I<sup>2</sup>C interface (pull ups on SCL & SDA required)
    - Pin 25 SDA
    - Pin 26 SCL
    - Pin 27 ADDR1
    - Pin 28 ADDR2
  - ADDR1 & ADDR2 determine the I<sup>2</sup>C address
    - I<sup>2</sup>C Slave Address = [5'b01000, ADDR2, ADDR1, R/W]
      - Possible addresses are 0x40, 0x42, 0x44, 0x46 for I<sup>2</sup>C Slave Address
    - I<sup>2</sup>C Synchronous Slave Address = [5'b01001, ADDR2, ADDR1, R/W]
      - Possible addresses are 0x48, 0x4A, 0x4C, 0x4E for I<sup>2</sup>C Synchronous Slave Address
- MODE = 1'b1
  - SPI interface
  - Different SPI commands allow for writing to write only registers, or write and read from other registers
  - The SPI Slave interface can be accessed using the Pins 25-28
    - Pin 25 MOSI
    - Pin 26 SCLK
    - Pin 27 SS
    - Pin 28 MISO

I <sup>2</sup> C Slave Address	I <sup>2</sup> C Synchronous Slave Address	ADDR2	ADDR1
0x40	0x48	L	L
0x42	0x4A	L	H
0x44	0x4C	H	L
0x46	0x4E	H	H

Table 29 - I<sup>2</sup>C addresses

## ES9842 PRO Product Datasheet

### I<sup>2</sup>C Slave Interface (Device Address 0x40, 0x42, 0x44, 0x46)

This interface contains Read/Write and Read-only registers. A system clock must be enabled through the write-only registers to read/write these registers.

Multi-byte registers must be written from LSB to MSB. Data is latched when MSB is written.

Multi-byte registers must be read from LSB to MSB. Data is latched when LSB is read.

MSB is always stored in the highest register address. Testing

#### Read/Write Register Addresses

Registers 0–179 (0x00 – 0xB3) are read/write registers.

#### Read-only Register Addresses

Registers 224 – 253 (0xE0 – 0xFD) are read only registers.

### I<sup>2</sup>C Synchronous Slave Interface (Device Address 0x48, 0x4A, 0x4C, 0x4E)

This interface contains Write-only registers. These registers can be written even when there is no system clock present. These registers must be written to enable read and write access to the rest of the registers.

When the device is inactive, all peripherals are automatically disabled and all clocks are stopped. An interrupt or a reset can wake the ES9842 PRO

#### Write-only Register Addresses

Registers 192 – 194 (0xC0 – 0xC2) are write only registers.

### Multi-Byte Registers

Multi-byte registers must be written from LSB to MSB. Data is latched when MSB is written.

MSB is always stored in the highest register address.

## I<sup>2</sup>C Slave/Synchronous Slave Interface Timing

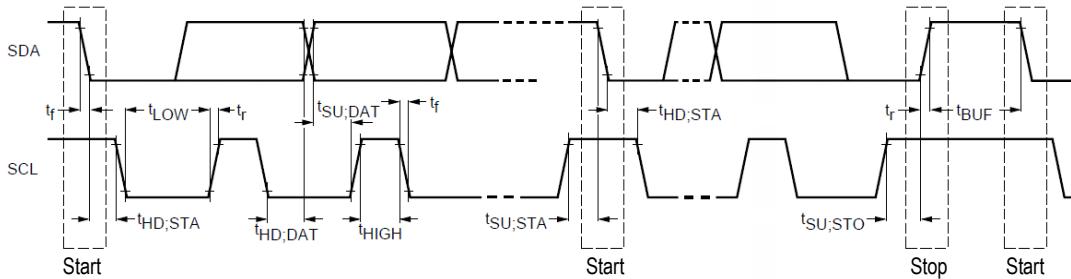


Figure 15 - I<sup>2</sup>C Slave Control Interface Timing Diagram

Parameter	Symbol	CLK Constraint	Standard-Mode		Fast-Mode		Unit
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
SCL Clock Frequency	f <sub>SCL</sub>	< CLK/20	0	100	0	400	kHz
START condition hold time	t <sub>HD;STA</sub>		4.0	-	0.6	-	μs
LOW period of SCL	t <sub>LOW</sub>	>10/CLK	4.7	-	1.3	-	μs
HIGH period of SCL (>10/CLK)	t <sub>HIGH</sub>	>10/CLK	4.0	-	0.6	-	μs
START condition setup time (repeat)	t <sub>SU;STA</sub>		4.7	-	0.6	-	μs
SDA hold time from SCL falling - All except NACK read - NACK read only	t <sub>HD;DAT</sub>		0 2/CLK	-	0 2/CLK	-	μs s
SDA setup time from SCL rising	t <sub>SU;DAT</sub>		250	-	100	-	ns
Rise time of SDA and SCL	t <sub>r</sub>		-	1000	-	300	ns
Fall time of SDA and SCL	t <sub>f</sub>		-	300	-	300	ns
STOP condition setup time	t <sub>SU;STO</sub>		4	-	0.6	-	μs
Bus free time between transmissions	t <sub>BUF</sub>		4.7	-	1.3	-	μs
Capacitive load for each bus line	C <sub>b</sub>		-	400	-	400	pF

Table 30 - I<sup>2</sup>C Slave Control Interface Timing Definitions

## SPI Slave Interface

The SPI slave interface is used when the MODE pin (pin 3) is pulled high.

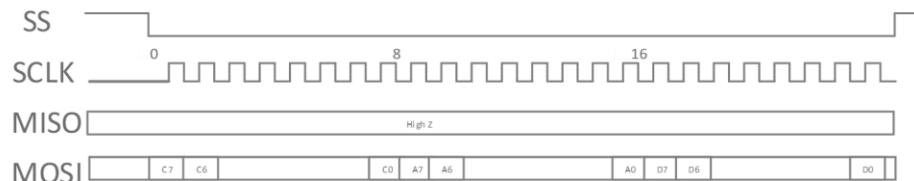
- The SPI Slave interface can be accessed using the Pins 25-28
  - Pin 25 MOSI
  - Pin 26 SCLK
  - Pin 27 SS
  - Pin 28 MISO

The 4-wire SPI data format is: Command (1 byte) + Address (1 byte) + Data

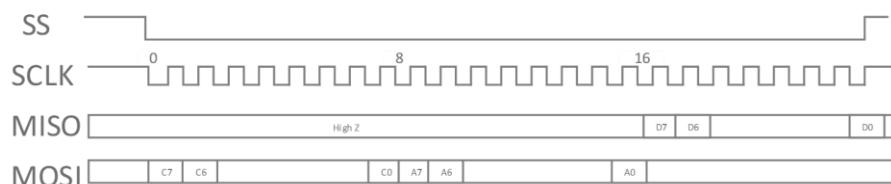
SPI commands:

- 0x01: Read
- 0x03: Write
- 0x07: Write-only Register Addresses 192-194 (0xC0 – 0xC2)

### Single byte Write



### Single byte Read



### Multiple byte Read

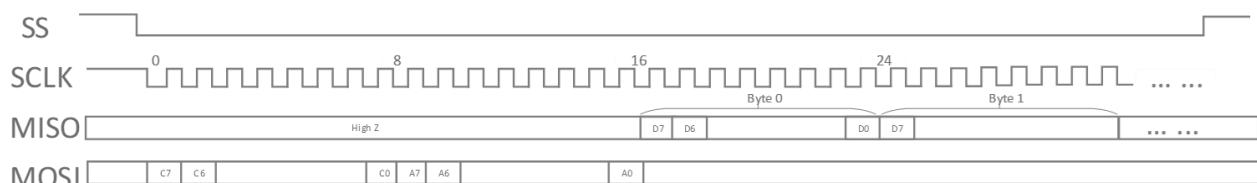


Figure 16 - SPI command timing diagrams

## Register Map

Addr (Hex)	Addr (Dec)	Register	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
0x00	0	SYS CONFIG	SOFT_RESET	OUTPUT_SEL		RESERVED	ENABLE_64FS_MODE	TWO_CH_MODE	MONO_MODE	RESERVED	
0x01	1	ADC CLOCK CONFIG1	ENABLE_DATA_IN_CH4	ENABLE_DATA_IN_CH3	ENABLE_DATA_IN_CH2	ENABLE_DATA_IN_CH1	ENABLE_ADC_CH4	ENABLE_ADC_CH3	ENABLE_ADC_CH2	ENABLE_ADC_CH1	
0x02	2	ADC CLOCK CONFIG2	RESERVED		SELECT_ADC_HALF	SELECT_ADC_NUM					
0x03	3	ADC CLOCK CONFIG3	OUTPUT2_SEL		FORCE_OUTPUT2	INVERT_FIRST_CLK_SAMPLE2	SELECT_IADC_HALF	SELECT_IADC_NUM			
0x04	4	ADC CLOCK CONFIG4	FORCE_PHASE_CLK_IADC	PHASE_CLK_IADC			INVERT_SAMPLE_CLOCK_CH4	INVERT_SAMPLE_CLOCK_CH3	INVERT_SAMPLE_CLOCK_CH2	INVERT_SAMPLE_CLOCK_CH1	
0x05	5	RAW DATA AND SPDIF CONFIG	SELECT_RAW_DATA_NUM		RAW_DATA_CLK_DIV2	RAW_DATA_DDR	ENABLE_RAW_DATA_CLK	ENABLE_SPDIF_CLK	RESERVED		
0x06	6	DSD CONFIG	RESERVED		DSD_DDR	DSD_MASTER_MODE	ENABLE_DSD_CLK_CH4	ENABLE_DSD_CLK_CH3	ENABLE_DSD_CLK_CH2	ENABLE_DSD_CLK_CH1	
0x07	7	DSD AND I2S/TDM MASTER CLK CONFIG	MASTER_WS_SCALE			DSD_CLK_DIV2	SELECT_DSD_NUM				
0x08	8	I2S/TDM MASTER MODE CONFIG	MASTER_BCK_DIV1	MASTER_WS_IDLE	MASTER_FRAME_LENGTH		MASTER_WS_PULSE_MODE	MASTER_BCK_INVERT	MASTER_WS_INVERT	MASTER_MODE_ENABLE	
0x09	9	I2S/TDM MASTER CLK CONFIG	SELECT_I2S_TDM_HALF	SELECT_I2S_TDM_NUM							
0x0A	10	TDM CONFIG1	TDM_BIT_DELAY					TDM_VALID_EDGE	TDM_LJ	ENABLE_TDM_CLK	
0x0B	11	TDM CONFIG2	TDM_GPIO456	TDM CASCADE	TDM_LENGTH	TDM_CH_NUM					
0x0C	12	TDM SLOT CONFIG CH1	RESERVED	TDM_LINE_SEL_CH1		TDM_SLOT_SEL_CH1					
0x0D	13	TDM SLOT CONFIG CH2	RESERVED	TDM_LINE_SEL_CH2		TDM_SLOT_SEL_CH2					
0x0E	14	TDM SLOT CONFIG CH3	RESERVED	TDM_LINE_SEL_CH3		TDM_SLOT_SEL_CH3					
0x0F	15	TDM SLOT CONFIG CH4	RESERVED	TDM_LINE_SEL_CH4		TDM_SLOT_SEL_CH4					
0x10	16	RAW DATA OUTPUT CONFIG	RESERVED		RAW_DATA_MIX_DIV2_CH2_4	RAW_DATA_MIX_DIV2_CH1_3	ENABLE_RAW_DATA_MIX_CH2_4	ENABLE_RAW_DATA_MIX_CH1_3	NEG_RAW_DATA_SUB_CH2	NEG_RAW_DATA_SUB_CH1	
0x11	17	RAW DATA MAPPING	RAW_DATA_MAPPING_CH4		RAW_DATA_MAPPING_CH3	RAW_DATA_MAPPING_CH2	RAW_DATA_MAPPING_CH1				
0x12	18	PCM DATA OUTPUT MAPPING	OUTPUT_MAPPING_CH4		OUTPUT_MAPPING_CH3	OUTPUT_MAPPING_CH2	OUTPUT_MAPPING_CH1				
0x13	19	DSD DATA OUTPUT MAPPING	DSD_MAPPING_CH4		DSD_MAPPING_CH3	DSD_MAPPING_CH2	DSD_MAPPING_CH1				
0x14	20	TPDF DITHER LEVEL	RESERVED			DITHER_SCALE					
0x15	21	DITHER MASK	DITHER_MASK								
0x16	22		DITHER_MASK								
0x17	23	FS GEN PHASE CONTROL	DSD_SYNC_TO_1FS	FS_PHASE							
0x18 - 0x1A	24 - 26	RESERVED	RESERVED								
0x1B	27	INTERRUPT	INTERRUPT_CLEAR_CH4_PEAK_DETECT	INTERRUPT_CLEAR_CH3_PEAK_DETECT	INTERRUPT_CLEAR_CH2_PEAK_DETECT	INTERRUPT_CLEAR_CH1_PEAK_DETECT	INTERRUPT_MASK_CH4_PEAK_DETECT	INTERRUPT_MASK_CH3_PEAK_DETECT	INTERRUPT_MASK_CH2_PEAK_DETECT	INTERRUPT_MASK_CH1_PEAK_DETECT	
0x1C	28	SPDIF CONFIG	SPDIF_CS								
0x1D	29		SPDIF_CS								
0x1E	30		SPDIF_CS								
0x1F	31		SPDIF_CS								
0x20	32		SPDIF_CS								
0x21	33	DSD DITHER SCALE & SYNC CONTROL	SYNC_POSEdge_FRAME	DISABLE_SYNC_REF	FORCE_FIR_SYNC	DSD_DITHER_SCALE					
0x22	34	SYNC CONTROL	AUTO_ADC_CLKDIV_SYNC	AUTO_CLK_IADC_PHASE_SYNC	AUTO_DSD_PHASE_SYNC	AUTO_WS_PHASE_SYNC	AUTO_ICG_EN_SYNC	AUTO_ICG_SYNC	AUTO_FIR_SYNC	AUTO_FS_SYNC	
0x23	35	ASP1 CONFIG	RESERVED		SELECT_ASP1_NUM					ENABLE_ASP1_CLK	
0x24	36	ASP2 CONFIG	RESERVED		SELECT_ASP2_NUM					ENABLE_ASP2_CLK	
0x25	37	ASP ENABLE & PROGRAM CONTROL	ASP2_COEFF_WE	ASP1_COEFF_WE	ASP2_PROGRAM_WE	ASP1_PROGRAM_WE	ASP2_PROGRAM_EN	ASP1_PROGRAM_EN	ENABLE_ASP2	ENABLE_ASP1	
0x26	38	ASP PROGRAM ADDR	ASP_PROGRAM_ADDR								
0x27	39		RESERVED								ASP_PROGRAM_ADDR
0x28	40		ASP_PROGRAM_IN								
0x29	41	ASP PROGRAM	RESERVED		ASP_PROGRAM_IN						
0x2A	42		RESERVED		ASP_COEFF_ADDR						
0x2B	43	ASP COEFF	ASP_COEFF_LSB								
0x2C	44		ASP_COEFF_LSB								
0x2D	45		ASP_COEFF_LSB								
0x2E	46		ASP_COEFF_LSB								
0x2F	47		ASP_COEFF_MSB								
0x30	48		ASP_COEFF_MSB								
0x31	49		ASP_COEFF_MSB								
0x32	50		ASP_COEFF_MSB								
0x33	51		ASP1_CH1_STEP_SIZE								
0x34	52		ASP1_CH2_STEP_SIZE								
0x35	53	ASP2_CH1_STEP_SIZE	ASP2_CH1_STEP_SIZE								
0x36	54	ASP2_CH2_STEP_SIZE	ASP2_CH2_STEP_SIZE								
0x37	55	ASP1 CUSTOM ADDR	RESERVED	ASP1_CUSTOM_ADDR							
0x38	56	ASP1 CUSTOM ADDR2	RESERVED	ASP1_CUSTOM_ADDR2							



0x77	119	ADC CH2 THD COMP CONFIG	ADC2_CORRECTION_ADDR				ADC2_CORRECTION_WE	ADC2_ENABLE_THD_COMP		
0x78	120	ADC CH2 THD COMP DATA	ADC2_CORRECTION_DATA				ADC2_CORRECTION_DATA			
0x79	121		ADC2_CORRECTION_DATA				ADC2CORRECTIONDATA			
0x7A	122	ADC CH2 PEAK DETECTOR CONFIG	ADC2_LOCK_PEAK	ADC2_DECAY_RATE				RESERVED		
0x7B	123	ADC CH2 PEAK DETECTOR THRESHOLD		ADC2_PEAK_THRESH						
0x7C	124	ADC CH2 DC OFFSET		ADC2_DC_OFFSET						
0x7D	125			ADC2_DC_OFFSET						
0x7E	126			ADC2_VOLUME						
0x7F	127	ADC CH2 VOLUME		ADC2_VOLUME						
0x80	128			ADC2_VOLUME_RATE						
0x81	129			ADC2_VOLUME_RATE						
0x82	130	ADC CH2 PROG FILTER		RESERVED		ADC2_FILTER_SHAPE		ADC2_DATA_SCALE		
0x83	131			ADC2_PROG_COEFF_STAGE		ADC2_PROG_COEFF_ADDR				
0x84	132			ADC2_PROG_COEFF_IN						
0x85	133	ADC CH2 PROG FILTER COEFF		ADC2_PROG_COEFF_IN						
0x86	134			ADC2_PROG_COEFF_IN						
0x87	135	ADC CH3 DATAPATH CONTROL	ADC3_BYPASS_FIR2X	ADC3_BYPASS_FIR4X	RESERVED		ADC3_ENABLE_DC_BLOCKING	RESERVED		
0x88	136	ADC CH3 THD COMP CONFIG		ADC3_CORRECTION_ADDR				ADC3_ENABLE_THD_COMP		
0x89	137			ADC3_CORRECTION_DATA						
0x8A	138			ADC3_CORRECTION_DATA						
0x8B	139	ADC CH3 PEAK DETECTOR CONFIG	ADC3_LOCK_PEAK	ADC3_DECAY_RATE				RESERVED		
0x8C	140			ADC3_PEAK_THRESH						
0x8D	141			ADC3_DC_OFFSET						
0x8E	142	ADC CH3 DC OFFSET		ADC3_DC_OFFSET						
0x8F	143			ADC3_VOLUME						
0x90	144			ADC3_VOLUME						
0x91	145	ADC CH3 VOLUME RATE		ADC3_VOLUME_RATE						
0x92	146			ADC3_VOLUME_RATE						
0x93	147	ADC CH3 PROG FILTER		RESERVED		ADC3_FILTER_SHAPE		ADC3_DATA_SCALE		
0x94	148			ADC3_PROG_COEFF_STAGE	ADC3_PROG_COEFF_ADDR					
0x95	149			ADC3_PROG_COEFF_IN						
0x96	150	ADC CH3 PROG FILTER COEFF		ADC3_PROG_COEFF_IN						
0x97	151			ADC3_PROG_COEFF_IN						
0x98	152	ADC CH4 DATAPATH CONTROL	ADC4_BYPASS_FIR2X	ADC4_BYPASS_FIR4X	RESERVED		ADC4_ENABLE_DC_BLOCKING	RESERVED		
0x99	153	ADC CH4 THD COMP CONFIG		ADC4_CORRECTION_ADDR				ADC4_ENABLE_THD_COMP		
0x9A	154			ADC4_CORRECTION_DATA						
0x9B	155			ADC4_CORRECTION_DATA						
0x9C	156	ADC CH4 PEAK DETECTOR CONFIG	ADC4_LOCK_PEAK	ADC4_DECAY_RATE				RESERVED		
0x9D	157			ADC4_PEAK_THRESH						
0x9E	158			ADC4_DC_OFFSET						
0x9F	159	ADC CH4 DC OFFSET		ADC4_DC_OFFSET						
0xA0	160			ADC4_VOLUME						
0xA1	161			ADC4_VOLUME						
0xA2	162	ADC CH4 VOLUME RATE		ADC4_VOLUME_RATE						
0xA3	163			ADC4_VOLUME_RATE						
0xA4	164	ADC CH4 PROG FILTER		RESERVED		ADC4_FILTER_SHAPE		ADC4_DATA_SCALE		
0xA5	165			ADC4_PROG_COEFF_STAGE	ADC4_PROG_COEFF_ADDR					
0xA6	166			ADC4_PROG_COEFF_IN						
0xA7	167	ADC CH4 PROG FILTER COEFF		ADC4_PROG_COEFF_IN						
0xA8	168			ADC4_PROG_COEFF_IN						
0xC0	192	SOFT RESET	AO_SOFT_RESET	RESERVED						
0xC1	193	CLK SELECT		RESERVED		SEL_SYSCLK_IN		EN_ANA_CLKIN		
0xC2	194	ADC CLOCK DIVIDE		RESERVED		SEL_CLK_DIV				
0xC3 - 0xC8	195 - 203	RESERVED		RESERVED						
0xE0	224	READ SYSTEM REGISTER 0		RESERVED		MODE	ADDR2	ADDR1		
0xE1	225	CHIP ID		CHIP_ID						
0xE2 - 0xE4	226 - 228	RESERVED		RESERVED						
0xE5	229	PEAK FLAG		RESERVED		PEAK_FLAG_CH4	PEAK_FLAG_CH3	PEAK_FLAG_CH2		
0xE6	230	RESERVED		RESERVED		PEAK_FLAG_CH1				

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0xE7	231	READ SYSTEM REGISTER 5	ASP2_INIT_DONE	ASP1_INIT_DONE	RESERVED	TDM_VALID	RESERVED			
0xE8	232	GPIO READBACK REGISTERS	GPIO8_READBACK	GPIO7_READBACK	GPIO6_READBACK	GPIO5_READBACK	GPIO4_READBACK	GPIO3_READBACK	GPIO2_READBACK	GPIO1_READBACK
0xE9	233				RESERVED		GPIO11_READBACK	GPIO10_READBACK	GPIO9_READBACK	
0xEA	234	ADC CH1 PROG COEFF OUT				ADC1_PROG_COEFF_OUT				
0xEB	235					ADC1_PROG_COEFF_OUT				
0xEC	236					ADC1_PROG_COEFF_OUT				
0xED	237	ADC CH1 PEAK				ADC1_PEAK				
0xEE	238					ADC1_PEAK				
0xEF	239	ADC CH2 PROG COEFF OUT				ADC2_PROG_COEFF_OUT				
0xF0	240					ADC2_PROG_COEFF_OUT				
0xF1	241					ADC2_PROG_COEFF_OUT				
0xF2	242	ADC CH2 PEAK				ADC2_PEAK				
0xF3	243					ADC2_PEAK				
0xF4	244	ADC CH3 PROG COEFF OUT				ADC3_PROG_COEFF_OUT				
0xF5	245					ADC3_PROG_COEFF_OUT				
0xF6	246					ADC3_PROG_COEFF_OUT				
0xF7	247	ADC CH3 PEAK				ADC3_PEAK				
0xF8	248					ADC3_PEAK				
0xF9	249	ADC CH4 PROG COEFF OUT				ADC4_PROG_COEFF_OUT				
0xFA	250					ADC4_PROG_COEFF_OUT				
0xFB	251					ADC4_PROG_COEFF_OUT				
0xFC	252	ADC CH4 PEAK				ADC4_PEAK				
0xFD	253					ADC4_PEAK				

Table 31 - Register Map

## Register Listing

Some RESERVED registers do not default to 0x00 and should not be modified for normal operation. If the value of the reserved registers is changed from the default state, it will be noted.

## System Registers

### Register 0: SYS CONFIG

Bits	[7]	[6:5]	[4]	[3]	[2]	[1]	[0]
Default	1'b0	2'b00	1'b0	1'b0	1'b0	1'b0	1'b0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7]	SOFT_RESET	Performs soft reset to the digital core <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Normal operation</li><li>• 1'b1: Reset digital core</li></ul>
[6:5]	OUTPUT_SEL	Selects output data format. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 2'd0: I2S output (default)</li><li>• 2'd1: SPDIF output</li><li>• 2'd2: TDM output</li><li>• 2'd3: DSD output</li></ul>
[4]	RESERVED	NA
[3]	ENABLE_64FS_MODE	Enables 64FS mode for 768k sample rate. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: 64FS mode disabled (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: 64FS mode enabled</li></ul>
[2]	TWO_CH_MODE	Enables ADC two channel mode. ADC Channel 3 is mixed into ADC Channel 1. ADC Channel 4 is mixed into Channel 2. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Two channel mode disabled (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: Two channel mode enabled</li></ul>
[1]	MONO_MODE	Enables mono mode. All 4-channel data is mixed into Ch1. For Ch1, mono mode has higher priority than two channel mode. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Mono mode disabled (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: Mono mode enabled</li></ul>
[0]	RESERVED	NA

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## Register 1: ADC CLOCK CONFIG1

Bits	[7]	[6]	[5]	[4]	[3]	[2]	[1]	[0]
Default	1'b0							

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7]	ENABLE_DATA_IN_CH4	Enables Ch4 data input clock (before decimation path) for data mixing. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Clock disabled (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: Clock enabled</li></ul>
[6]	ENABLE_DATA_IN_CH3	Enables Ch3 data input clock (before decimation path) for data mixing. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Clock disabled (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: Clock enabled</li></ul>
[5]	ENABLE_DATA_IN_CH2	Enables Ch2 data input clock (before decimation path) for data mixing. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Clock disabled (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: Clock enabled</li></ul>
[4]	ENABLE_DATA_IN_CH1	Enables Ch1 data input clock (before decimation path) for data mixing. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Clock disabled (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: Clock enabled</li></ul>
[3]	ENABLE_ADC_CH4	Enables ADC Ch4 decimation path clock. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Clock disabled (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: Clock enabled</li></ul>
[2]	ENABLE_ADC_CH3	Enables ADC Ch3 decimation path clock. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Clock disabled (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: Clock enabled</li></ul>
[1]	ENABLE_ADC_CH2	Enables ADC Ch2 decimation path clock. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Clock disabled (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: Clock enabled</li></ul>
[0]	ENABLE_ADC_CH1	Enables ADC Ch1 decimation path clock. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Clock disabled (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: Clock enabled</li></ul>

**Register 2: ADC CLOCK CONFIG2**

Bits	[7:6]	[5]	[4:0]
Default	2'b00	1'b0	5'd3

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:6]	RESERVED	NA
[5]	SELECT_ADC_HALF	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Divide by SELECT_ADC_NUM + 1 (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: Divide by half of SELECT_ADC_NUM + 1</li></ul> <p>Note: Can only produce half of an odd number divide</p>
[4:0]	SELECT_ADC_NUM	Whole number divide value + 1 for CLK_ADC (SYS_CLK/divide_value). <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 5'd0: Whole number divide value + 1 = 1</li><li>• 5'd1: Whole number divide value + 1 = 2</li><li>• 5'd31: Whole number divide value + 1 = 32</li></ul>

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## Register 3: ADC CLOCK CONFIG3

Bits	[7:6]	[5]	[4]	[3]	[2:0]
Default	2'd0	1'b0	1'b0	1'b0	3'd0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:6]	OUTPUT2_SEL	Selects DATA2 output (GPIO4) when FORCE_OUTPUT2 is set. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2'd0: I2S output (default)</li> <li>• 2'd1: SPDIF output</li> <li>• 2'd2: TDM output</li> <li>• 2'd3: DSD output</li> </ul>
[5]	FORCE_OUTPUT2	Forces DATA2 output (GPIO4) to output from a different source, controlled by OUTPUT2_SEL. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Use OUTPUT_SEL (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Use OUTPUT2_SEL</li> </ul>
[4]	INVERT_FIRST_CLK_SAMPLE2	Firstly, use neg edge of CLK_SAMPLE2 to sample adc_data_r1. Only used when different CLK_SAMPLE1 edges are used for the 4ch to ensure phase alignment. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Use pos edge of CLK_SAMPLE2 to sample adc_data_r1 (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Use neg edge of CLK_SAMPLE2 to sample adc_data_r1</li> </ul>
[3]	SELECT_IADC_HALF	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Divide by SELECT_IADC_NUM + 1 (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Divide by half of SELECT_IADC_NUM + 1</li> </ul> <p>Note: Can only produce half of an odd number divide</p>
[2:0]	SELECT_IADC_NUM	Whole number divide value + 1 for CLK_IADC (SYS_CLK/divide_value). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 3'd0: Whole number divide value + 1 = 1 (default)</li> <li>• 3'd1: Whole number divide value + 1 = 2</li> <li>• 3'd7: Whole number divide value + 1 = 8</li> </ul>

## Register 4: ADC CLOCK CONFIG4

Bits	[7]	[6:4]	[3]	[2]	[1]	[0]
Default	1'b0	3'd0	1'b0	1'b0	1'b0	1'b0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7]	FORCE_PHASE_CLK_IADC	Sets phase of CLK_IADC by PHASE_CLK_IADC. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1'b0: Auto phase tuning if AUTO_CLK_IADC_PHASE_SYNC is set (default)</li> <li>1'b1: Sets phase by PHASE_CLK_IADC</li> </ul>
[6:4]	PHASE_CLK_IADC	Sets phase of CLK_IADC relative to SYS_CLK when FORCE_PHASE_CLK_IADC is set. For 48M SYS_CLK and 24M CLK_IADC only. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3'd0: Phase 0 (default)</li> <li>3'd1: Phase 1</li> <li>others: Reserved</li> </ul>
[3]	INVERT_SAMPLE_CLOCK_CH4	Inverts ADC Ch4 data sampling clock. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1'b0: Not inverted (default)</li> <li>1'b1: Inverted</li> </ul>
[2]	INVERT_SAMPLE_CLOCK_CH3	Inverts ADC Ch3 data sampling clock. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1'b0: Not inverted (default)</li> <li>1'b1: Inverted</li> </ul>
[1]	INVERT_SAMPLE_CLOCK_CH2	Inverts ADC Ch2 data sampling clock. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1'b0: Not inverted (default)</li> <li>1'b1: Inverted</li> </ul>
[0]	INVERT_SAMPLE_CLOCK_CH1	Inverts ADC Ch1 data sampling clock. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1'b0: Not inverted (default)</li> <li>1'b1: Inverted</li> </ul>

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### Register 5: RAW DATA AND SPDIF CONFIG

Bits	[7:6]	[5]	[4]	[3]	[2]	[1:0]
Default	2'd0	1'b0	1'b0	1'b0	1'b0	2'd0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:6]	SELECT_RAW_DATA_NUM	<p>Whole number divide value + 1 for raw data clock (SYS_CLK/divide_value). When SELECT_RAW_DATA_NUM is larger than 0, the divided clock is not a 50% duty cycle clock.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2'd0: Whole number divide value + 1 = 1 (default)</li> <li>• 2'd1: Whole number divide value + 1 = 2</li> <li>• 2'd2: Whole number divide value + 1 = 3</li> <li>• 2'd3: Whole number divide value + 1 = 4</li> </ul>
[5]	RAW_DATA_CLK_DIV2	<p>Further divides the raw data clock by 2 (after divided by SELECT_RAW_DATA_NUM+1) to create a 50% duty cycle raw data clock.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: No divide (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Further divides the raw data clock by 2</li> </ul>
[4]	RAW_DATA_DDR	<p>Enables raw data double-data-rate (DDR) output. In the DDR mode, raw data is valid on both pos/neg edges of raw data clock. Otherwise, raw data is valid only on positive edge of raw data clock.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Double-data-rate disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Double-data-rate enabled</li> </ul>
[3]	ENABLE_RAW_DATA_CLK	<p>Enables raw data clock.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Raw data clock disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Raw data clock enabled</li> </ul>
[2]	ENABLE_SPDIF_CLK	<p>Enables SPDIF encoding clock.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: SPDIF clock disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: SPDIF clock enabled</li> </ul>
[1:0]	RESERVED	NA

## Register 6: DSD CONFIG

Bits	[7:6]	[5]	[4]	[3]	[2]	[1]	[0]
Default	2'b00	1'b0	1'b0	1'b0	1'b0	1'b0	1'b0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:6]	RESERVED	NA
[5]	DSD_DDR	Enables DSD double-data-rate (DDR) output. In the DDR mode, DSD data is valid on both pos/neg edges of DSD clock. Otherwise, DSD data is valid only on positive edge of DSD clock.
[4]	DSD_MASTER_MODE	Enables DSD master mode and generates DSD clock. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Enabled</li> </ul>
[3]	ENABLE_DSD_CLK_CH4	Enables Ch4 DSD encoding clock. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: DSD clock disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: DSD clock enabled</li> </ul>
[2]	ENABLE_DSD_CLK_CH3	Enables Ch3 DSD encoding clock. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: DSD clock disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: DSD clock enabled</li> </ul>
[1]	ENABLE_DSD_CLK_CH2	Enables Ch2 DSD encoding clock. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: DSD clock disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: DSD clock enabled</li> </ul>
[0]	ENABLE_DSD_CLK_CH1	Enables Ch1 DSD encoding clock. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: DSD clock disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: DSD clock enabled</li> </ul>

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### Register 7: DSD AND I2S/TDM MASTER CLK CONFIG

Bits	[7:5]	[4]	[3:0]
Default	3'd0	1'b0	4'd0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:5]	MASTER_WS_SCALE	<p>In I2S/TDM master mode, tunes master BCK/WS ratio by scaling master WS. It allows more TDM slots in a fixed frame.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 3'd0: No scale (default)</li> <li>• 3'd1: Scale down WS by 2</li> <li>• 3'd2: Scale down WS by 4</li> <li>• 3'd3: Scale down WS by 8</li> <li>• 3'd4: Scale down WS by 16</li> <li>• others: Reserved</li> </ul>
[4]	DSD_CLK_DIV2	<p>Further divides the DSD clock by 2 (after divided by SELECT_DSD_NUM+1) to create a 50% duty cycle DSD clock.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: No divide (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Further divides the DSD clock by 2</li> </ul>
[3:0]	SELECT_DSD_NUM	<p>Whole number divide value + 1 for DSD clock (SYS_CLK/divide_value). When SELECT_DSD_NUM is larger than 0, the divided clock is not a 50% duty cycle clock.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 4'd0: Whole number divide value + 1 = 1 (default)</li> <li>• 4'd1: Whole number divide value + 1 = 2</li> <li>• 4'd15: Whole number divide value + 1 = 16</li> </ul>

## Register 8: I2S/TDM MASTER MODE CONFIG

Bits	[7]	[6]	[5:4]	[3]	[2]	[1]	[0]
Default	1'b0	1'b0	2'd0	1'b0	1'b0	1'b0	1'b0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7]	MASTER_BCK_DIV1	When enabled, master BCK is I2S/TDM master encoding clock. Otherwise, BCK is less than or equal to (I2S/TDM master encoding clock)/2 (unless ENABLE_64FS_MODE is set). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1'b0: BCK is not I2S/TDM master encoding clock (default)</li> <li>1'b1: BCK is I2S/TDM master encoding clock</li> </ul>
[6]	MASTER_WS_IDLE	Sets the value of master WS when WS is idle. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1'b0: WS is 0 when idle (default)</li> <li>1'b1: WS is 1 when idle</li> </ul>
[5:4]	MASTER_FRAME_LENGTH	Selects the bit length in each I2S/TDM channel in master mode. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2'd0: 32 bit (default)</li> <li>2'd2: 16 bit</li> <li>others: Reserved</li> </ul>
[3]	MASTER_WS_PULSE_MODE	When enabled, master WS is a pulse signal instead of a 50% duty cycle signal. The pulse width is 1 BCK cycle. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1'b0: 50% duty cycle WS signal (default)</li> <li>1'b1: Pulse WS signal</li> </ul>
[2]	MASTER_BCK_INVERT	Inverts master BCK. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1'b0: Non-inverted (default)</li> <li>1'b1: Inverted</li> </ul>
[1]	MASTER_WS_INVERT	Inverts master WS. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1'b0: Non-inverted (default)</li> <li>1'b1: Inverted</li> </ul>
[0]	MASTER_MODE_ENABLE	Enables I2S/TDM master mode and generates master BCK and master WS. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1'b0: Disabled (default)</li> <li>1'b1: Enabled</li> </ul>

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## Register 9: I2S/TDM MASTER CLK CONFIG

Bits	[7]	[6:0]
Default	1'b0	7'd3

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7]	SELECT_I2S_TDM_HALF	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1'b0: Divide by SELECT_I2S_TDM_NUM + 1 (default)</li> <li>1'b1: Divide by half of SELECT_I2S_TDM_NUM + 1</li> </ul> <p>Note: Can only produce half of an odd number divide</p>
[6:0]	SELECT_I2S_TDM_NUM	<p>Whole number divide value + 1 for I2S/TDM master encoding clock (SYS_CLK/divide_value).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>7'd0: Whole number divide value + 1 = 1 (default)</li> <li>7'd1: Whole number divide value + 1 = 2</li> <li>7'd127: Whole number divide value + 1 = 128</li> </ul>

## Register 10: TDM CONFIG1

Bits	[7:3]	[2]	[1]	[0]
Default	5'd0	1'b1	1'b0	1'b1

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:3]	TDM_BIT_DELAY	Indicates the MSB-2 position of the data from the frame start. Valid from 5'd0 to 5'd31
[2]	TDM_VALID_EDGE	Sets on which WS edge the frame starts. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1'b0: Frame starts on posedge of WS</li> <li>1'b1: Frame starts on negedge of WS (default)</li> </ul>
[1]	TDM_LJ	Sets left-justified mode. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1'b0: No left-justified (default)</li> <li>1'b1: Left-justified</li> </ul>
[0]	ENABLE_TDM_CLK	Enables I2S/TDM encoding clock. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1'b0: I2S/TDM clock disabled</li> <li>1'b1: I2S/TDM clock enabled (default)</li> </ul>

**Register 11: TDM CONFIG2**

<b>Bits</b>	[7]	[6]	[5]	[4:0]
<b>Default</b>	1'b0	1'b0	1'b0	5'd1

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[7]	TDM_GPIO456	Allows GPIO 4,5,6 to output TDM ADC data. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Disabled (default), TDM data uses GPIO3</li> <li>• 1'b1: Enabled, allows TDM data on GPIO3-6</li> </ul>
[6]	TDM CASCADE	Enables TDM cascade mode. In TDM cascade mode, GPIO4 is used as the cascade data input. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Enabled</li> </ul>
[5]	TDM_LENGTH	Sets data length in each channel. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: 32 bits (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: 16 bits</li> </ul>
[4:0]	TDM_CH_NUM	Sets number of channels in each frame. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 5'd0: 1 channel</li> <li>• 5'd1: 2 channels (default)</li> <li>• 5'd31: 32 channels</li> </ul>

**Register 12: TDM SLOT CONFIG CH1**

<b>Bits</b>	[7]	[6:5]	[4:0]
<b>Default</b>	1'b0	2'd0	5'd0

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[7]	RESERVED	NA
[6:5]	TDM_LINE_SEL_CH1	Selects ADC CH1 data is presented on which TDM data line. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2'd0: TDM data line 1 - GPIO3 (default)</li> <li>• 2'd1: TDM data line 2 - GPIO4</li> <li>• 2'd2: TDM data line 3 - GPIO5</li> <li>• 2'd3: TDM data line 4 - GPIO6</li> </ul>
[4:0]	TDM_SLOT_SEL_CH1	Selects which TDM channel slot is filled by ADC CH1 data. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 5'd0: Slot 1 (default)</li> <li>• 5'd1: Slot 2</li> <li>• 5'd31: Slot 32</li> </ul>

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## Register 13: TDM SLOT CONFIG CH2

Bits	[7]	[6:5]	[4:0]
Default	1'b0	2'd0	5'd1

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7]	RESERVED	NA
[6:5]	TDM_LINE_SEL_CH2	Selects ADC CH2 data is presented on which TDM data line. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2'd0: TDM data line 1 - GPIO3 (default)</li> <li>• 2'd1: TDM data line 2 - GPIO4</li> <li>• 2'd2: TDM data line 3 - GPIO5</li> <li>• 2'd3: TDM data line 4 - GPIO6</li> </ul>
[4:0]	TDM_SLOT_SEL_CH2	Selects which TDM channel slot is filled by ADC CH2 data. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 5'd0: Slot 1</li> <li>• 5'd1: Slot 2 (default)</li> <li>• 5'd31: Slot 32</li> </ul>

## Register 14: TDM SLOT CONFIG CH3

Bits	[7]	[6:5]	[4:0]
Default	1'b0	2'd0	5'd2

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7]	RESERVED	NA
[6:5]	TDM_LINE_SEL_CH3	Selects ADC CH3 data is presented on which TDM data line. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2'd0: TDM data line 1 - GPIO3 (default)</li> <li>• 2'd1: TDM data line 2 - GPIO4</li> <li>• 2'd2: TDM data line 3 - GPIO5</li> <li>• 2'd3: TDM data line 4 - GPIO6</li> </ul>
[4:0]	TDM_SLOT_SEL_CH3	Selects which TDM channel slot is filled by ADC CH3 data. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 5'd0: Slot 1</li> <li>• 5'd1: Slot 2</li> <li>• 5'd2: Slot 3 (default)</li> <li>• 5'd31: Slot 32</li> </ul>

**Register 15: TDM SLOT CONFIG CH4**

Bits	[7]	[6:5]	[4:0]
<b>Default</b>	1'b0	2'd0	5'd3

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7]	RESERVED	NA
[6:5]	TDM_LINE_SEL_CH4	Selects ADC CH4 data is presented on which TDM data line. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 2'd0: TDM data line 1 - GPIO3 (default)</li><li>• 2'd1: TDM data line 2 - GPIO4</li><li>• 2'd2: TDM data line 3 - GPIO5</li><li>• 2'd3: TDM data line 4 - GPIO6</li></ul>
[4:0]	TDM_SLOT_SEL_CH4	Selects which TDM channel slot is filled by ADC CH4 data. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 5'd0: Slot 1</li><li>• 5'd1: Slot 2</li><li>• 5'd3: Slot 4 (default)</li><li>• 5'd31: Slot 32</li></ul>

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## Register 16: RAW DATA OUTPUT CONFIG

Bits	[7:6]	[5]	[4]	[3]	[2]	[1]	[0]
Default	2'd0	1'b0	1'b0	1'b0	1'b0	1'b0	1'b0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:6]	RESERVED	NA
[5]	RAW_DATA_MIX_DIV2_CH2_4	Divides the mixed Ch4-Ch2 raw data by 2. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: No divide (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Divides by 2</li> </ul>
[4]	RAW_DATA_MIX_DIV2_CH1_3	Divides the mixed Ch3-Ch1 raw data by 2. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: No divide (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Divides by 2</li> </ul>
[3]	ENABLE_RAW_DATA_MIX_CH2_4	Enables Ch2 and Ch4 raw data mixing. Mixed data = Ch4-Ch2. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: No mix (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Enables mixing</li> </ul>
[2]	ENABLE_RAW_DATA_MIX_CH1_3	Enables Ch1 and Ch3 raw data mixing. Mixed data = Ch3-Ch1. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: No mix (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Enables mixing</li> </ul>
[1]	NEG_RAW_DATA_SUB_CH2	Inverts ADC Ch2 raw data for Ch4-Ch2 raw data mixing. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: No inversion (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Inverts Ch2 raw data</li> </ul>
[0]	NEG_RAW_DATA_SUB_CH1	Inverts ADC Ch1 raw data for Ch3-Ch1 raw data mixing. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: No inversion (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Inverts Ch1 raw data</li> </ul>

**Register 17: RAW DATA MAPPING**

<b>Bits</b>	<b>[7:6]</b>	<b>[5:4]</b>	<b>[3:2]</b>	<b>[1:0]</b>
<b>Default</b>	2'd3	2'd2	2'd1	2'd0

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>[7:6]</b>	RAW_DATA_MAPPING_CH4	Re-maps Ch4 data from 1 of the 4 analog ADC data inputs. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2'd0: Ch4 data is from analog ADC Ch1</li> <li>• 2'd1: Ch4 data is from analog ADC Ch2</li> <li>• 2'd2: Ch4 data is from analog ADC Ch3</li> <li>• 2'd3: Ch4 data is from analog ADC Ch4 (default)</li> </ul>
<b>[5:4]</b>	RAW_DATA_MAPPING_CH3	Re-maps Ch3 data from 1 of the 4 analog ADC data inputs. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2'd0: Ch3 data is from analog ADC Ch1</li> <li>• 2'd1: Ch3 data is from analog ADC Ch2</li> <li>• 2'd2: Ch3 data is from analog ADC Ch3 (default)</li> <li>• 2'd3: Ch3 data is from analog ADC Ch4</li> </ul>
<b>[3:2]</b>	RAW_DATA_MAPPING_CH2	Re-maps Ch2 data from 1 of the 4 analog ADC data inputs. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2'd0: Ch2 data is from analog ADC Ch1</li> <li>• 2'd1: Ch2 data is from analog ADC Ch2 (default)</li> <li>• 2'd2: Ch2 data is from analog ADC Ch3</li> <li>• 2'd3: Ch2 data is from analog ADC Ch4</li> </ul>
<b>[1:0]</b>	RAW_DATA_MAPPING_CH1	Re-maps Ch1 data from 1 of the 4 analog ADC data inputs. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2'd0: Ch1 data is from analog ADC Ch1 (default)</li> <li>• 2'd1: Ch1 data is from analog ADC Ch2</li> <li>• 2'd2: Ch1 data is from analog ADC Ch3</li> <li>• 2'd3: Ch1 data is from analog ADC Ch4</li> </ul>

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## Register 18: PCM DATA OUTPUT MAPPING

Bits	[7:6]	[5:4]	[3:2]	[1:0]
Default	2'd3	2'd2	2'd1	2'd0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:6]	OUTPUT_MAPPING_CH4	<p>Re-maps Ch4 PCM data output from 1 of the 4 ADC decimation paths or ASP outputs (when ASP is enabled).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2'd0: Ch4 PCM data output is from ADC decimation path Ch1 or ASP output Ch1</li> <li>• 2'd1: Ch4 PCM data output is from ADC decimation path Ch2 or ASP output Ch2</li> <li>• 2'd2: Ch4 PCM data output is from ADC decimation path Ch3 or ASP output Ch3</li> <li>• 2'd3: Ch4 PCM data output is from ADC decimation path Ch4 or ASP output Ch4 (default)</li> </ul>
[5:4]	OUTPUT_MAPPING_CH3	<p>Re-maps Ch3 PCM data output from 1 of the 4 ADC decimation paths or ASP outputs (when ASP is enabled).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2'd0: Ch3 PCM data output is from ADC decimation path Ch1 or ASP output Ch1</li> <li>• 2'd1: Ch3 PCM data output is from ADC decimation path Ch2 or ASP output Ch2</li> <li>• 2'd2: Ch3 PCM data output is from ADC decimation path Ch3 or ASP output Ch3 (default)</li> <li>• 2'd3: Ch3 PCM data output is from ADC decimation path Ch4 or ASP output Ch4</li> </ul>
[3:2]	OUTPUT_MAPPING_CH2	<p>Re-maps Ch2 PCM data output from 1 of the 4 ADC decimation paths or ASP outputs (when ASP is enabled).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2'd0: Ch2 PCM data output is from ADC decimation path Ch1 or ASP output Ch1</li> <li>• 2'd1: Ch2 PCM data output is from ADC decimation path Ch2 or ASP output Ch2 (default)</li> <li>• 2'd2: Ch2 PCM data output is from ADC decimation path Ch3 or ASP output Ch3</li> <li>• 2'd3: Ch2 PCM data output is from ADC decimation path Ch4 or ASP output Ch4</li> </ul>
[1:0]	OUTPUT_MAPPING_CH1	<p>Re-maps Ch1 PCM data output from 1 of the 4 ADC decimation paths or ASP outputs (when ASP is enabled).</p>

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 2'd0: Ch1 PCM data output is from ADC decimation path Ch1 or ASP output Ch1 (default)</li><li>• 2'd1: Ch1 PCM data output is from ADC decimation path Ch2 or ASP output Ch2</li><li>• 2'd2: Ch1 PCM data output is from ADC decimation path Ch3 or ASP output Ch3</li><li>• 2'd3: Ch1 PCM data output is from ADC decimation path Ch4 or ASP output Ch4</li></ul>
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## Register 19: DSD DATA OUTPUT MAPPING

Bits	[7:6]	[5:4]	[3:2]	[1:0]
Default	2'd3	2'd2	2'd1	2'd0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:6]	DSD_MAPPING_CH4	<p>Re-maps Ch4 DSD data output from 1 of the 4 ADC decimation paths.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2'd0: Ch4 DSD data output is from ADC decimation path Ch1</li> <li>• 2'd1: Ch4 DSD data output is from ADC decimation path Ch2</li> <li>• 2'd2: Ch4 DSD data output is from ADC decimation path Ch3</li> <li>• 2'd3: Ch4 DSD data output is from ADC decimation path Ch4 (default)</li> </ul>
[5:4]	DSD_MAPPING_CH3	<p>Re-maps Ch3 DSD data output from 1 of the 4 ADC decimation paths.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2'd0: Ch3 DSD data output is from ADC decimation path Ch1</li> <li>• 2'd1: Ch3 DSD data output is from ADC decimation path Ch2</li> <li>• 2'd2: Ch3 DSD data output is from ADC decimation path Ch3 (default)</li> <li>• 2'd3: Ch3 DSD data output is from ADC decimation path Ch4</li> </ul>
[3:2]	DSD_MAPPING_CH2	<p>Re-maps Ch2 DSD data output from 1 of the 4 ADC decimation paths.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2'd0: Ch2 DSD data output is from ADC decimation path Ch1</li> <li>• 2'd1: Ch2 DSD data output is from ADC decimation path Ch2 (default)</li> <li>• 2'd2: Ch2 DSD data output is from ADC decimation path Ch3</li> <li>• 2'd3: Ch2 DSD data output is from ADC decimation path Ch4</li> </ul>
[1:0]	DSD_MAPPING_CH1	<p>Re-maps Ch1 DSD data output from 1 of the 4 ADC decimation paths.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2'd0: Ch1 DSD data output is from ADC decimation path Ch1 (default)</li> <li>• 2'd1: Ch1 DSD data output is from ADC decimation path Ch2</li> <li>• 2'd2: Ch1 DSD data output is from ADC decimation path Ch3</li> <li>• 2'd3: Ch1 DSD data output is from ADC decimation path Ch4</li> </ul>

## Register 20: TPDF DITHER LEVEL

Bits	[7:5]	[4:0]
Default	3'd0	5'd16

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:5]	RESERVED	NA
[4:0]	DITHER_SCALE	<p>TPDF dither level:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 5'd0: 16 bits</li><li>• 5'd1: 17 bits</li><li>• 5'd2: 18 bits</li><li>• 5'd3: 19 bits</li><li>• 5'd4: 20 bits</li><li>• 5'd5: 21 bits</li><li>• 5'd6: 22 bits</li><li>• 5'd7: 23 bits</li><li>• 5'd8: 24 bits</li><li>• 5'd9: 25 bits</li><li>• 5'd10: 26 bits</li><li>• 5'd11: 27 bits</li><li>• 5'd12: 28 bits</li><li>• 5'd13: 29 bits</li><li>• 5'd14: 30 bits</li><li>• 5'd15: 31 bits</li><li>• 5'd16: 32 bits (TPDF dither disabled) (default)</li><li>• Others: Reserved</li></ul>

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## Register 22-21: DITHER MASK

<b>Bits</b>	[15:0]
<b>Default</b>	16'hFFFF

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[15:0]	DITHER_MASK	<p>Mask off the LSB's of PCM data output.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 16'h0000: Quantized to 16 bits</li> <li>• 16'h8000: Quantized to 17 bits</li> <li>• 16'hC000: Quantized to 18 bits</li> <li>• 16'hE000: Quantized to 19 bits</li> <li>• 16'hF000: Quantized to 20 bits</li> <li>• 16'hF800: Quantized to 21 bits</li> <li>• 16'hFC00: Quantized to 22 bits</li> <li>• 16'hFE00: Quantized to 23 bits</li> <li>• 16'hFF00: Quantized to 24 bits</li> <li>• 16'hFF80: Quantized to 25 bits</li> <li>• 16'hFFC0: Quantized to 26 bits</li> <li>• 16'hFFE0: Quantized to 27 bits</li> <li>• 16'hFFF0: Quantized to 28 bits</li> <li>• 16'hFFF8: Quantized to 29 bits</li> <li>• 16'hFFFC: Quantized to 30 bits</li> <li>• 16'hFFFE: Quantized to 31 bits</li> <li>• 16'hFFFF: Quantized to 32 bits (default)</li> <li>• Others: Reserved</li> </ul>

## Register 23: FS GEN PHASE CONTROL

Bits	[7]	[6:0]
Default	1'b0	7'd4

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7]	DSD_SYNC_TO_1FS	In DSD mode, when enabled, DSD logic is sync to an 1FS signal input from GPIO2. When not enabled, DSD logic is sync to DSD clock input from GPIO1. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: DSD logic is sync to DSD clock input from GPIO1 (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: DSD logic is sync to 1FS signal input from GPIO2</li> </ul>
[6:0]	FS_PHASE	Controls phase of the generated FS signals. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Valid from 7'd0 to 7'd127</li> </ul> Note: Should be set to 7'd10 for phase alignment of all sample rates and serial modes

## Register 26-24: RESERVED

## Register 27: INTERRUPT

Bits	[7]	[6]	[5]	[4]	[3]	[2]	[1]	[0]
Default	1'b0							

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7]	INTERRUPT_CLEAR_CH4_PEAK_DETECT	Clears the peak detector interrupt of ADC CH4. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Interrupt held if asserted and not masked (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Interrupt cleared</li> </ul>
[6]	INTERRUPT_CLEAR_CH3_PEAK_DETECT	Clears the peak detector interrupt of ADC CH3. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Interrupt held if asserted and not masked (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Interrupt cleared</li> </ul>
[5]	INTERRUPT_CLEAR_CH2_PEAK_DETECT	Clears the peak detector interrupt of ADC CH2. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Interrupt held if asserted and not masked (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Interrupt cleared</li> </ul>
[4]	INTERRUPT_CLEAR_CH1_PEAK_DETECT	Clears the peak detector interrupt of ADC CH1. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Interrupt held if asserted and not masked (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Interrupt cleared</li> </ul>

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[3]	INTERRUPT_MASK_CH4_PEAK_DETECT	Masks the peak detector interrupt of ADC CH4. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Interrupt masked (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Interrupt held if asserted</li> </ul>
[2]	INTERRUPT_MASK_CH3_PEAK_DETECT	Masks the peak detector interrupt of ADC CH3. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Interrupt masked (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Interrupt held if asserted</li> </ul>
[1]	INTERRUPT_MASK_CH2_PEAK_DETECT	Masks the peak detector interrupt of ADC CH2. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Interrupt masked (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Interrupt held if asserted</li> </ul>
[0]	INTERRUPT_MASK_CH1_PEAK_DETECT	Masks the peak detector interrupt of ADC CH1. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Interrupt masked (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Interrupt held if asserted</li> </ul>

### Register 32-28: SPDIF CONFIG

Bits	[39:0]
Default	40'd0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[39:0]	SPDIF_CS	Configures SPDIF sub-code bits.

**Register 33: DSD DITHER SCALE & SYNC CONTROL**

Bits	[7]	[6]	[5]	[4:0]
Default	1'b0	1'b0	1'b0	5'd21

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7]	SYNC_POSEDGE_FRAME	Selects the logic is sync to which edge of the sync reference signal. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Sync to negative edge of the sync reference (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: Sync to positive edge of the sync reference</li></ul>
[6]	DISABLE_SYNC_REF	Disables the sync reference. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Sync reference enabled (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: Sync reference disabled</li></ul>
5]	FORCE_FIR_SYNC	Forces FIR to re-sync to the reference. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: No force (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: Forces FIR to re-sync</li></ul>
[4:0]	DSD_DITHER_SCALE	DSD noise shaped dither scale.

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## Register 34: SYNC CONTROL

Bits	[7]	[6]	[5]	[4]	[3]	[2]	[1]	[0]
Default	1'b0	1'b0	1'b0	1'b1	1'b1	1'b1	1'b1	1'b1

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7]	AUTO_ADC_CLKDIV_SYNC	When enabled, the analog ADC clock divider is only allowed to change synchronously to the reference. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Auto sync disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Auto sync enabled</li> </ul>
[6]	AUTO_CLK_IADC_PHASE_SYNC	Allows phase of CLK_IADC to be tuned automatically according to ADC input data. Only used when SYS_CLK is faster than CLK_IADC. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: CLK_IADC phase tuning disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Auto CLK_IADC phase tuning</li> </ul>
[5]	AUTO_DSD_PHASE_SYNC	Uses DSD clock input from GPIO1 as the sync reference, unless DSD_SYNC_TO_1FS is set. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: DSD clock is not the sync reference (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: DSD clock is the sync reference, unless DSD_SYNC_TO_1FS is set</li> </ul>
[4]	AUTO_WS_PHASE_SYNC	Uses WS input from GPIO2 as the sync reference, if AUTO_DSD_PHASE_SYNC is not set. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: WS is not the sync reference</li> <li>• 1'b1: WS is the sync reference, if AUTO_DSD_PHASE_SYNC is not set (default)</li> </ul>
[3]	AUTO_ICG_EN_SYNC	When enabled, the clock dividers and ADC enables are only allowed to change synchronously to the reference. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Auto sync disabled</li> <li>• 1'b1: Auto sync enabled (default)</li> </ul>
[2]	AUTO_ICG_SYNC	Allows programmable clock dividers to auto sync to the reference. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Auto sync disabled</li> <li>• 1'b1: Auto sync enabled (default)</li> </ul>
[1]	AUTO_FIR_SYNC	Allows FIR to auto sync to the reference. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Auto sync disabled</li> <li>• 1'b1: Auto sync enabled (default)</li> </ul>
[0]	AUTO_FS_SYNC	Allows FS signals to auto sync to the reference. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Auto sync disabled</li> <li>• 1'b1: Auto sync enabled (default)</li> </ul>

## ASP Registers

### Register 35: ASP1 CONFIG

Bits	[7:6]	[5:1]	[0]
Default	2'b00	5'd0	1'b0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:6]	RESERVED	NA
[5:1]	SELECT_ASP1_NUM	Whole number divide value + 1 for ASP1 clock (SYS_CLK/divide_value). <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 5'd0: Whole number divide value + 1 = 1 (default)</li><li>• 5'd1: Whole number divide value + 1 = 2</li><li>• 5'd31: Whole number divide value + 1 = 32</li></ul>
[0]	ENABLE_ASP1_CLK	Enables ASP1 clock. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Disabled (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: Enabled</li></ul>

### Register 36: ASP2 CONFIG

Bits	[7:6]	[5:1]	[0]
Default	2'b00	5'd0	1'b0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:6]	RESERVED	NA
[5:1]	SELECT_ASP2_NUM	Whole number divide value + 1 for ASP2 clock (SYS_CLK/divide_value). <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 5'd0: Whole number divide value + 1 = 1 (default)</li><li>• 5'd1: Whole number divide value + 1 = 2</li><li>• 5'd31: Whole number divide value + 1 = 32</li></ul>
[0]	ENABLE_ASP2_CLK	Enables ASP2 clock. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Disabled (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: Enabled</li></ul>

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## Register 37: ASP ENABLE &amp; PROGRAM CONTROL

Bits	[7]	[6]	[5]	[4]	[3]	[2]	[1]	[0]
Default	1'b0							

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7]	ASP2_COEFF_WE	Enables writing to the ASP2 coeff RAM. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Writing disabled (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: Writing enabled</li></ul>
[6]	ASP1_COEFF_WE	Enables writing to the ASP1 coeff RAM. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Writing disabled (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: Writing enabled</li></ul>
[5]	ASP2_PROGRAM_WE	Enables writing to the ASP2 program memory. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Writing disabled (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: Writing enabled</li></ul>
[4]	ASP1_PROGRAM_WE	Enables writing to the ASP1 program memory. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Writing disabled (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: Writing enabled</li></ul>
[3]	ASP2_PROGRAM_EN	Enables ASP2 program memory and coeff RAM programming before its output is enabled and used in the signal path. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Programming disabled (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: Programming enabled</li></ul>
[2]	ASP1_PROGRAM_EN	Enables ASP1 program memory and coeff RAM programming before its output is enabled and used in the signal path. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Programming disabled (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: Programming enabled</li></ul>
[1]	ENABLE_ASP2	Selects whether ASP2 is enabled and used in the signal path or disabled and bypassed. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: ASP2 is disabled and bypassed (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: ASP2 is enabled. Data is processed by ASP2 before output</li></ul>
[0]	ENABLE_ASP1	Selects whether ASP1 is enabled and used in the signal path or disabled and bypassed. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: ASP1 is disabled and bypassed (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: ASP1 is enabled. Data is processed by ASP1 before output</li></ul>

**Register 39-38: ASP PROGRAM ADDR**

Bits	[15:9]	[8:0]
Default	7'd0	9'd0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[15:9]	RESERVED	NA
[8:0]	ASP_PROGRAM_ADDR	Selects the program address when writing custom program codes for either ASP.

**Register 41-40: ASP PROGRAM**

Bits	[15:14]	[13:0]
Default	2'd0	14'd0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[15:14]	RESERVED	NA
[13:0]	ASP_PROGRAM_IN	A 14 bits program instruction that will be written to the address of either ASP defined by ASP_PROGRAM_ADDR.

**Register 42: ASP COEFF ADDR**

Bits	[7:6]	[5:0]
Default	2'd0	6'd0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:6]	RESERVED	NA
[5:0]	ASP_COEFF_ADDR	Selects the coefficient address when writing custom coefficient for either ASP.

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## Register 50-43: ASP COEFF

<b>Bits</b>	<b>[63:32]</b>	<b>[31:0]</b>
<b>Default</b>	32'd0	32'd0

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>[63:32]</b>	ASP_COEFF_MSB	A 32 bits coefficient that will be written to the address defined by ASP_COEFF_ADDR. These last 32 bits are typically used for the channel 2 data.
<b>[31:0]</b>	ASP_COEFF_LSB	A 32 bits coefficient that will be written to the address defined by ASP_COEFF_ADDR. These first 32 bits are typically used for the channel 1 data.

**Register 51: ASP1 CH1 STEP SIZE**

<b>Bits</b>	[7:0]
<b>Default</b>	8'd0

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[7:0]	ASP1_CH1_STEP_SIZE	Programmable value to be used in multiplications for Ch1 within ASP1.

**Register 52: ASP1 CH2 STEP SIZE**

<b>Bits</b>	[7:0]
<b>Default</b>	8'd0

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[7:0]	ASP1_CH2_STEP_SIZE	Programmable value to be used in multiplications for Ch2 within ASP1.

**Register 53: ASP2 CH1 STEP SIZE**

<b>Bits</b>	[7:0]
<b>Default</b>	8'd0

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[7:0]	ASP2_CH1_STEP_SIZE	Programmable value to be used in multiplications for Ch1 within ASP2.

**Register 54: ASP2 CH2 STEP SIZE**

<b>Bits</b>	[7:0]
<b>Default</b>	8'd0

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[7:0]	ASP2_CH2_STEP_SIZE	Programmable value to be used in multiplications for Ch2 within ASP2.

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## Register 55: ASP1 CUSTOM ADDR

Bits	[7:6]	[5:0]
Default	2'd0	6'd0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:6]	RESERVED	NA
[5:0]	ASP1_CUSTOM_ADDR	Custom address that can be accessed through the MOV_RAM1_ADDR instruction in ASP1.

## Register 56: ASP1 CUSTOM ADDR2

Bits	[7:6]	[5:0]
Default	2'd0	6'd0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:6]	RESERVED	NA
[5:0]	ASP1_CUSTOM_ADDR2	Custom address that can be accessed through the MOV_RAM2_ADDR instruction in ASP1.

## Register 57: ASP2 CUSTOM ADDR

Bits	[7:6]	[5:0]
Default	2'd0	6'd0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:6]	RESERVED	NA
[5:0]	ASP2_CUSTOM_ADDR	Custom address that can be accessed through the MOV_RAM1_ADDR instruction in ASP2.

**Register 58: ASP2 CUSTOM ADDR2**

Bits	[7:6]	[5:0]
Default	2'd0	6'd0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:6]	RESERVED	NA
[5:0]	ASP2_CUSTOM_ADDR2	Custom address that can be accessed through the MOV_RAM2_ADDR instruction in ASP2.

## Delay Line Registers

### Register 60-59: I2S DECODER CONFIG

Bits	[15:14]	[13:12]	[11]	[10]	[9:0]
Default	2'd0	2'd0	1'b0	1'b0	10'd0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[15:14]	I2S_DECODER_WORD_WIDTH	Sets the number of bits in a channel. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2'd0: 32 bits (default)</li> <li>2'd1: 24 bits</li> <li>2'd2: 16 bits</li> <li>2'd3: Reserved</li> </ul>
[13:12]	I2S_DECODER_BIT_DEPTH	Sets the number of bits of data. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2'd0: 32 bits (default)</li> <li>2'd1: 24 bits</li> <li>2'd2: 16 bits</li> <li>2'd3: Reserved</li> </ul>
[11]	I2S_DECODER_POSEdge_FRAME	Sets where the frame starts. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1'b0: Indicates frame starts on negedge of WS (default)</li> <li>1'b1: Indicates frame starts on posedge of WS</li> </ul>
[10]	ENABLE_I2S_DECODER	Enables I2S decoder. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1'b0: Disabled (default)</li> <li>1'b1: Enabled</li> </ul>
[9:0]	I2S_DECODER_BIT_START	Indicates the MSB-2 position of the data from the frame start. Valid from 10'h000 to 10'h3FF

### Register 62-61: DELAY LINE CONFIG

Bits	[15:10]	[9]	[8:0]
Default	6'd10	1'b0	9'd0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[15:10]	RESERVED	NA
[9]	ENABLE_CLK_DL	Enables delay line clock and data output. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1'b0: Disabled (default)</li> <li>1'b1: Enabled</li> </ul>
[8:0]	PROG_DELAY_LINE	Sets the length of the delay line.

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 9'd0: No delay (default)</li><li>• 9'd1: Delay the I2S input data by 1 sample</li><li>• 9'd2: Delay the I2S input data by 2 samples</li><li>• 9'd511: Delay the I2S input data by 511 samples</li></ul>
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**Register 63: ADC CH1 CONFIG 1**

Bits	[7:6]	[5:4]	[3]	[2]	[1]	[0]
Default	2'b00	2'b00	1'b0	1'b0	1'b0	1'b0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:6]	ADC_INT23_SEL_CH1	ADC integrator 2 and 3 control. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Program to 2'b11 for optimum performance</li></ul>
[5:4]	ADC_INT1_SEL_CH1	ADC integrator 1 control. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Program to 2'b10 for optimum performance</li></ul>
[3]	ADC_EN_FB_CH1	Enable ADC1 feedback path. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Disabled (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: Enabled</li></ul>
[2]	RESERVED	NA
[1]	ADC_EN_INT_CH1	Enable for INT for Channel 1. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Disabled (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: Enabled</li></ul>
[0]	ADC_EN_CH1	Enable for Comparator and Logic for Channel 1. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Disabled (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: Enabled</li></ul>

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### Register 64: ADC CH1 CONFIG 2

Bits	[7:5]	[4:3]	[2]	[1]	[0]
Default	3'b000	2'b00	1'b0	1'b0	1'b0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:5]	ADC_COMP_SEL_CH1	Sets the gain of the comparator for Channel 1. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Program to 3'b001 for optimum performance</li></ul>
[4:3]	ADC_SUM_SEL_CH1	Sets the bandwidth of the summing amplifier for Channel 1. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Program to 2'b11 for optimum performance</li></ul>
[2]	ADC_USE_DITHER_EXT_CH1	Enable the external dither for Channel 1. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Disabled (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: Enabled</li></ul>
[1]	ADC_USE_DITHER_CH1	Enable the dither for Channel 1. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Disabled (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: Enabled</li></ul>
[0]	ADC_USE_STATE_CH1	Use state as logic output for Channel 1. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Default value is 0.</li></ul>

**Register 65: ADC CH2 CONFIG 1**

Bits	[7:6]	[5:4]	[3]	[2]	[1]	[0]
<b>Default</b>	2'b00	2'b00	1'b0	1'b0	1'b0	1'b0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:6]	ADC_INT23_SEL_CH2	ADC integrator 2 and 3 control. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Program to 2'b11 for optimum performance</li></ul>
[5:4]	ADC_INT1_SEL_CH2	ADC integrator 1 control. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Program to 2'b10 for optimum performance</li></ul>
[3]	ADC_EN_FB_CH2	Enable ADC2 feedback path. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>1'b0: Disabled (default)</li><li>1'b1: Enabled</li></ul>
[2]	RESERVED	NA
[1]	ADC_EN_INT_CH2	Enable for INT for Channel 2. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>1'b0: Disabled (default)</li><li>1'b1: Enabled</li></ul>
[0]	ADC_EN_CH2	Enable for Comparator and Logic for Channel 2. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>1'b0: Disabled (default)</li><li>1'b1: Enabled</li></ul>

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### Register 66: ADC CH2 CONFIG 2

Bits	[7:5]	[4:3]	[2]	[1]	[0]
Default	3'b000	2'b00	1'b0	1'b0	1'b0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:5]	ADC_COMP_SEL_CH2	Sets the gain of the comparator for Channel 2. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Program to 3'b001 for optimum performance</li></ul>
[4:3]	ADC_SUM_SEL_CH2	Sets the bandwidth of the summing amplifier for Channel 2. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Program to 2'b11 for optimum performance</li></ul>
[2]	ADC_USE_DITHER_EXT_CH2	Enable the external dither for Channel 2. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Disabled (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: Enabled</li></ul>
[1]	ADC_USE_DITHER_CH2	Enable the dither for Channel 2. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Disabled (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: Enabled</li></ul>
[0]	ADC_USE_STATE_CH2	Use state as logic output for Channel 2. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Default value is 0.</li></ul>

**Register 67: ADC CH3 CONFIG 1**

Bits	[7:6]	[5:4]	[3]	[2]	[1]	[0]
<b>Default</b>	2'b00	2'b00	1'b0	1'b0	1'b0	1'b0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:6]	ADC_INT23_SEL_CH3	ADC integrator 2 and 3 control. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Program to 2'b11 for optimum performance</li></ul>
[5:4]	ADC_INT1_SEL_CH3	ADC integrator 1 control. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Program to 2'b10 for optimum performance</li></ul>
[3]	ADC_EN_FB_CH3	Enable ADC3 feedback path. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>1'b0: Disabled (default)</li><li>1'b1: Enabled</li></ul>
[2]	RESERVED	NA
[1]	ADC_EN_INT_CH3	Enable for INT for Channel 3. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>1'b0: Disabled (default)</li><li>1'b1: Enabled</li></ul>
[0]	ADC_EN_CH3	Enable for Comparator and Logic for Channel 3. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>1'b0: Disabled (default)</li><li>1'b1: Enabled</li></ul>

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## Register 68: ADC CH3 CONFIG 2

Bits	[7:5]	[4:3]	[2]	[1]	[0]
Default	3'b000	2'b00	1'b0	1'b0	1'b0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:5]	ADC_COMP_SEL_CH3	Sets the gain of the comparator for Channel 3. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Program to 3'b001 for optimum performance</li> </ul>
[4:3]	ADC_SUM_SEL_CH3	Sets the bandwidth of the summing amplifier for Channel 3. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Program to 2'b11 for optimum performance</li> </ul>
[2]	ADC_USE_DITHER_EXT_CH3	Enable the external dither for Channel 3. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1'b0: Disabled (default)</li> <li>1'b1: Enabled</li> </ul>
[1]	ADC_USE_DITHER_CH3	Enable the dither for Channel 3. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1'b0: Disabled (default)</li> <li>1'b1: Enabled</li> </ul>
[0]	ADC_USE_STATE_CH3	Use state as logic output for Channel 3. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Default value is 0.</li> </ul>

## Register 69: ADC CH4 CONFIG 1

Bits	[7:6]	[5:4]	[3]	[2]	[1]	[0]
Default	2'b00	2'b00	1'b0	1'b0	1'b0	1'b0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:6]	ADC_INT23_SEL_CH4	ADC integrator 2 and 3 control. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Program to 2'b11 for optimum performance</li></ul>
[5:4]	ADC_INT1_SEL_CH4	ADC integrator 1 control. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Program to 2'b10 for optimum performance</li></ul>
[3]	ADC_EN_FB_CH4	Enable ADC4 feedback path. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>1'b0: Disabled (default)</li><li>1'b1: Enabled</li></ul>
[2]	RESERVED	NA
[1]	ADC_EN_INT_CH4	Enable for INT for Channel 4. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>1'b0: Disabled (default)</li><li>1'b1: Enabled</li></ul>
[0]	ADC_EN_CH4	Enable for Comparator and Logic for Channel 4. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>1'b0: Disabled (default)</li><li>1'b1: Enabled</li></ul>

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## Register 70: ADC CH4 CONFIG 2

Bits	[7:5]	[4:3]	[2]	[1]	[0]
Default	3'b000	2'b00	1'b0	1'b0	1'b0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:5]	ADC_COMP_SEL_CH4	Sets the gain of the comparator for Channel 4. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Program to 3'b001 for optimum performance</li></ul>
[4:3]	ADC_SUM_SEL_CH4	Sets the bandwidth of the summing amplifier for Channel 4. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Program to 2'b11 for optimum performance</li></ul>
[2]	ADC_USE_DITHER_EXT_CH4	Enable the external dither for Channel 4. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Disabled (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: Enabled</li></ul>
[1]	ADC_USE_DITHER_CH4	Enable the dither for Channel 4. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Disabled (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: Enabled</li></ul>
[0]	ADC_USE_STATE_CH4	Use state as logic output for Channel 4. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Default value is 0.</li></ul>

## Register 71: ADC COMMON MODE CONFIG

Bits	[7]	[6]	[5]	[4]	[3]	[2]	[1]	[0]
Default	1'd0							

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7]	ADC_CM_AMP_SEL_CH4	Set the common mode voltage of the summing amplifiers for Channel 4. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Set to 1'b1 for optimal operation</li></ul>
[6]	ADC_CM_INT_SEL_CH4	Set the common mode voltages of the integrators for Channel 4. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Set to 1'b1 for optimal operation</li></ul>
[5]	ADC_CM_AMP_SEL_CH3	Set the common mode voltage of the summing amplifiers for Channel 3. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Set to 1'b1 for optimal operation</li></ul>
[4]	ADC_CM_INT_SEL_CH3	Set the common mode voltages of the integrators for Channel 3. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Set to 1'b1 for optimal operation</li></ul>
[3]	ADC_CM_AMP_SEL_CH2	Set the common mode voltage of the summing amplifiers for Channel 2. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Set to 1'b1 for optimal operation</li></ul>
[2]	ADC_CM_INT_SEL_CH2	Set the common mode voltages of the integrators for Channel 2. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Set to 1'b1 for optimal operation</li></ul>
[1]	ADC_CM_AMP_SEL_CH1	Set the common mode voltage of the summing amplifiers for Channel 1. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Set to 1'b1 for optimal operation</li></ul>
[0]	ADC_CM_INT_SEL_CH1	Set the common mode voltages of the integrators for Channel 1. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Set to 1'b1 for optimal operation</li></ul>

## Register 73-72: RESERVED

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## GPIO Registers

## Register 74: GPIO1/2 CONFIG

Bits	[7:4]	[3:0]
Default	4'd0	4'd0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:4]	GPIO2_CFG	<p>Configure GPIO2</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 4'd0: Analog outputs off – shutdown (default)</li> <li>• 4'd1: Aux inputs – input</li> <li>• 4'd2: Aux outputs – output</li> <li>• 4'd3: Raw data stream – output</li> <li>• 4'd4: Ch1 peak flag interrupt – output</li> <li>• 4'd5: Ch2 peak flag interrupt – output</li> <li>• 4'd6: Ch3 peak flag interrupt – output</li> <li>• 4'd7: Ch4 peak flag interrupt – output</li> <li>• 4'd8: S/PDIF stream – output</li> <li>• 4'd9: PWM1 signal – output</li> <li>• 4'd10: PWM2 signal – output</li> <li>• 4'd11: PWM3 signal – output</li> <li>• 4'd12: CLK_IADC – output</li> <li>• 4'd13: CLK_ADC – output</li> <li>• 4'd14: Output 0 – output</li> <li>• 4'd15: Output 1 – output</li> </ul>
[3:0]	GPIO1_CFG	<p>Configure GPIO1</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 4'd0: Analog outputs off – shutdown (default)</li> <li>• 4'd1: Aux inputs – input</li> <li>• 4'd2: Aux outputs – output</li> <li>• 4'd3: Raw data stream – output</li> <li>• 4'd4: Ch1 peak flag interrupt – output</li> <li>• 4'd5: Ch2 peak flag interrupt – output</li> <li>• 4'd6: Ch3 peak flag interrupt – output</li> <li>• 4'd7: Ch4 peak flag interrupt – output</li> <li>• 4'd8: S/PDIF stream – output</li> <li>• 4'd9: PWM1 signal – output</li> <li>• 4'd10: PWM2 signal – output</li> <li>• 4'd11: PWM3 signal – output</li> <li>• 4'd12: CLK_IADC – output</li> <li>• 4'd13: CLK_ADC – output</li> <li>• 4'd14: Output 0 – output</li> <li>• 4'd15: Output 1 – output</li> </ul>

## Register 75: GPIO3/4 CONFIG

<b>Bits</b>	<b>[7:4]</b>	<b>[3:0]</b>
<b>Default</b>	4'd0	4'd0

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>[7:4]</b>	GPIO4_CFG	<p>Configure GPIO4</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 4'd0: Analog outputs off – shutdown (default)</li> <li>• 4'd1: Aux inputs – input</li> <li>• 4'd2: Aux outputs – output</li> <li>• 4'd3: Raw data stream – output</li> <li>• 4'd4: Ch1 peak flag interrupt – output</li> <li>• 4'd5: Ch2 peak flag interrupt – output</li> <li>• 4'd6: Ch3 peak flag interrupt – output</li> <li>• 4'd7: Ch4 peak flag interrupt – output</li> <li>• 4'd8: S/PDIF stream – output</li> <li>• 4'd9: PWM1 signal – output</li> <li>• 4'd10: PWM2 signal – output</li> <li>• 4'd11: PWM3 signal – output</li> <li>• 4'd12: CLK_IADC – output</li> <li>• 4'd13: CLK_ADC – output</li> <li>• 4'd14: Output 0 – output</li> <li>• 4'd15: Output 1 – output</li> </ul>
<b>[3:0]</b>	GPIO3_CFG	<p>Configure GPIO3</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 4'd0: Analog outputs off – shutdown (default)</li> <li>• 4'd1: Aux inputs – input</li> <li>• 4'd2: Aux outputs – output</li> <li>• 4'd3: Raw data stream – output</li> <li>• 4'd4: Ch1 peak flag interrupt – output</li> <li>• 4'd5: Ch2 peak flag interrupt – output</li> <li>• 4'd6: Ch3 peak flag interrupt – output</li> <li>• 4'd7: Ch4 peak flag interrupt – output</li> <li>• 4'd8: S/PDIF stream – output</li> <li>• 4'd9: PWM1 signal – output</li> <li>• 4'd10: PWM2 signal – output</li> <li>• 4'd11: PWM3 signal – output</li> <li>• 4'd12: CLK_IADC – output</li> <li>• 4'd13: CLK_ADC – output</li> <li>• 4'd14: Output 0 – output</li> <li>• 4'd15: Output 1 – output</li> </ul>

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## Register 76: GPIO5/6 CONFIG

Bits	[7:4]	[3:0]
Default	4'd0	4'd0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:4]	GPIO6_CFG	<p>Configure GPIO6</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 4'd0: Analog outputs off – shutdown (default)</li> <li>• 4'd1: Aux inputs – input</li> <li>• 4'd2: Aux outputs – output</li> <li>• 4'd3: Raw data stream – output</li> <li>• 4'd4: Ch1 peak flag interrupt – output</li> <li>• 4'd5: Ch2 peak flag interrupt – output</li> <li>• 4'd6: Ch3 peak flag interrupt – output</li> <li>• 4'd7: Ch4 peak flag interrupt – output</li> <li>• 4'd8: S/PDIF stream – output</li> <li>• 4'd9: PWM1 signal – output</li> <li>• 4'd10: PWM2 signal – output</li> <li>• 4'd11: PWM3 signal – output</li> <li>• 4'd12: CLK_IADC – output</li> <li>• 4'd13: CLK_ADC – output</li> <li>• 4'd14: Output 0 – output</li> <li>• 4'd15: Output 1 – output</li> </ul>
[3:0]	GPIO5_CFG	<p>Configure GPIO5</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 4'd0: Analog outputs off – shutdown (default)</li> <li>• 4'd1: Aux inputs – input</li> <li>• 4'd2: Aux outputs – output</li> <li>• 4'd3: Raw data stream – output</li> <li>• 4'd4: Ch1 peak flag interrupt – output</li> <li>• 4'd5: Ch2 peak flag interrupt – output</li> <li>• 4'd6: Ch3 peak flag interrupt – output</li> <li>• 4'd7: Ch4 peak flag interrupt – output</li> <li>• 4'd8: S/PDIF stream – output</li> <li>• 4'd9: PWM1 signal – output</li> <li>• 4'd10: PWM2 signal – output</li> <li>• 4'd11: PWM3 signal – output</li> <li>• 4'd12: CLK_IADC – output</li> <li>• 4'd13: CLK_ADC – output</li> <li>• 4'd14: Output 0 – output</li> <li>• 4'd15: Output 1 – output</li> </ul>

## Register 77: GPIO7/8 CONFIG

Bits	[7:4]	[3:0]
Default	4'd0	4'd0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:4]	GPIO8_CFG	Configure GPIO8 <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 4'd0: Analog outputs off – shutdown (default)</li><li>• 4'd1: Aux inputs – input</li><li>• 4'd2: Aux outputs – output</li><li>• 4'd3: Raw data stream – output</li><li>• 4'd4: Ch1 peak flag interrupt – output</li><li>• 4'd5: Ch2 peak flag interrupt – output</li><li>• 4'd6: Ch3 peak flag interrupt – output</li><li>• 4'd7: Ch4 peak flag interrupt – output</li><li>• 4'd8: S/PDIF stream – output</li><li>• 4'd9: PWM1 signal – output</li><li>• 4'd10: PWM2 signal – output</li><li>• 4'd11: PWM3 signal – output</li><li>• 4'd12: CLK_IADC – output</li><li>• 4'd13: CLK_ADC – output</li><li>• 4'd14: Output 0 – output</li><li>• 4'd15: Output 1 – output</li></ul>
[3:0]	GPIO7_CFG	Configure GPIO7 <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 4'd0: Analog outputs off – shutdown (default)</li><li>• 4'd1: Aux inputs – input</li><li>• 4'd2: Aux outputs – output</li><li>• 4'd3: Raw data stream – output</li><li>• 4'd4: Ch1 peak flag interrupt – output</li><li>• 4'd5: Ch2 peak flag interrupt – output</li><li>• 4'd6: Ch3 peak flag interrupt – output</li><li>• 4'd7: Ch4 peak flag interrupt – output</li><li>• 4'd8: S/PDIF stream – output</li><li>• 4'd9: PWM1 signal – output</li><li>• 4'd10: PWM2 signal – output</li><li>• 4'd11: PWM3 signal – output</li><li>• 4'd12: CLK_IADC – output</li><li>• 4'd13: CLK_ADC – output</li><li>• 4'd14: Output 0 – output</li><li>• 4'd15: Output 1 – output</li></ul>

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## Register 78: GPIO9/10 CONFIG

Bits	[7:4]	[3:0]
Default	4'd0	4'd0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:4]	GPIO10_CFG	<p>Configure GPIO10</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 4'd0: Analog outputs off – shutdown (default)</li> <li>• 4'd1: Aux inputs – input</li> <li>• 4'd2: Aux outputs – output</li> <li>• 4'd3: Raw data stream – output</li> <li>• 4'd4: Ch1 peak flag interrupt – output</li> <li>• 4'd5: Ch2 peak flag interrupt – output</li> <li>• 4'd6: Ch3 peak flag interrupt – output</li> <li>• 4'd7: Ch4 peak flag interrupt – output</li> <li>• 4'd8: S/PDIF stream – output</li> <li>• 4'd9: PWM1 signal – output</li> <li>• 4'd10: PWM2 signal – output</li> <li>• 4'd11: PWM3 signal – output</li> <li>• 4'd12: CLK_IADC – output</li> <li>• 4'd13: CLK_ADC – output</li> <li>• 4'd14: Output 0 – output</li> <li>• 4'd15: Output 1 – output</li> </ul>
[3:0]	GPIO9_CFG	<p>Configure GPIO9</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 4'd0: Analog outputs off – shutdown (default)</li> <li>• 4'd1: Aux inputs – input</li> <li>• 4'd2: Aux outputs – output</li> <li>• 4'd3: Raw data stream – output</li> <li>• 4'd4: Ch1 peak flag interrupt – output</li> <li>• 4'd5: Ch2 peak flag interrupt – output</li> <li>• 4'd6: Ch3 peak flag interrupt – output</li> <li>• 4'd7: Ch4 peak flag interrupt – output</li> <li>• 4'd8: S/PDIF stream – output</li> <li>• 4'd9: PWM1 signal – output</li> <li>• 4'd10: PWM2 signal – output</li> <li>• 4'd11: PWM3 signal – output</li> <li>• 4'd12: CLK_IADC – output</li> <li>• 4'd13: CLK_ADC – output</li> <li>• 4'd14: Output 0 – output</li> <li>• 4'd15: Output 1 – output</li> </ul>

## Register 79: GPIO11 CONFIG

Bits	[7:4]	[3:0]
Default	4'd0	4'd0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:4]	RESERVED	NA
[3:0]	GPIO11_CFG	<p>Configure GPIO11</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 4'd0: Analog outputs off – shutdown (default)</li><li>• 4'd1: Aux inputs – input</li><li>• 4'd2: Aux outputs – output</li><li>• 4'd3: Raw data stream – output</li><li>• 4'd4: Ch1 peak flag interrupt – output</li><li>• 4'd5: Ch2 peak flag interrupt – output</li><li>• 4'd6: Ch3 peak flag interrupt – output</li><li>• 4'd7: Ch4 peak flag interrupt – output</li><li>• 4'd8: S/PDIF stream – output</li><li>• 4'd9: PWM1 signal – output</li><li>• 4'd10: PWM2 signal – output</li><li>• 4'd11: PWM3 signal – output</li><li>• 4'd12: CLK_IADC – output</li><li>• 4'd13: CLK_ADC – output</li><li>• 4'd14: Output 0 – output</li><li>• 4'd15: Output 1 – output</li></ul>

## Register 81-80: RESERVED

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## Register 83-82: INVERT GPIO

Bits	[15:11]	[10]	[9]	[8]	[7]	[6]	[5]	[4]	[3]	[2]	[1]	[0]
Default	5'b00000	1'b0										

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[15:11]	RESERVED	NA
[10]	INVERT_GPIO11	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Non-invert (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Invert GPIO11 output</li> </ul>
[9]	INVERT_GPIO10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Non-invert (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Invert GPIO10 output</li> </ul>
[8]	INVERT_GPIO9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Non-invert (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Invert GPIO9 output</li> </ul>
[7]	INVERT_GPIO8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Non-invert (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Invert GPIO8 output</li> </ul>
[6]	INVERT_GPIO7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Non-invert (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Invert GPIO7 output</li> </ul>
[5]	INVERT_GPIO6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Non-invert (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Invert GPIO6 output</li> </ul>
[4]	INVERT_GPIO5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Non-invert (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Invert GPIO5 output</li> </ul>
[3]	INVERT_GPIO4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Non-invert (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Invert GPIO4 output</li> </ul>
[2]	INVERT_GPIO3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Non-invert (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Invert GPIO3 output</li> </ul>
[1]	INVERT_GPIO2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Non-invert (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Invert GPIO2 output</li> </ul>
[0]	INVERT_GPIO1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Non-invert (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Invert GPIO1 output</li> </ul>

## Register 85-84: GPIO WEAK ENABLE

Bits	[15:11]	[10]	[9]	[8]	[7]	[6]	[5]	[4]	[3]	[2]	[1]	[0]
Default	5'b00000	1'b0										

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[15:11]	RESERVED	NA
[10]	GPIO11_WK_EN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: GPIO11 weak keeper disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: GPIO11 weak keeper enabled</li> </ul>
[9]	GPIO10_WK_EN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: GPIO10 weak keeper disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: GPIO10 weak keeper enabled</li> </ul>
[8]	GPIO9_WK_EN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: GPIO9 weak keeper disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: GPIO9 weak keeper enabled</li> </ul>
[7]	GPIO8_WK_EN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: GPIO8 weak keeper disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: GPIO8 weak keeper enabled</li> </ul>
[6]	GPIO7_WK_EN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: GPIO7 weak keeper disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: GPIO7 weak keeper enabled</li> </ul>
[5]	GPIO6_WK_EN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: GPIO6 weak keeper disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: GPIO6 weak keeper enabled</li> </ul>
[4]	GPIO5_WK_EN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: GPIO5 weak keeper disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: GPIO5 weak keeper enabled</li> </ul>
[3]	GPIO4_WK_EN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: GPIO4 weak keeper disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: GPIO4 weak keeper enabled</li> </ul>
[2]	GPIO3_WK_EN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: GPIO3 weak keeper disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: GPIO3 weak keeper enabled</li> </ul>
[1]	GPIO2_WK_EN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: GPIO2 weak keeper disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: GPIO2 weak keeper enabled</li> </ul>
[0]	GPIO1_WK_EN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: GPIO1 weak keeper disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: GPIO1 weak keeper enabled</li> </ul>

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## Register 87-86: GPIO IE

Bits	[15:11]	[10]	[9]	[8]	[7]	[6]	[5]	[4]	[3]	[2]	[1]	[0]
Default	5'b00000	1'b0										

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[15:11]	RESERVED	NA
[10]	GPIO11_IE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: GPIO11 input disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: GPIO11 input enabled</li> </ul>
[9]	GPIO10_IE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: GPIO10 input disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: GPIO10 input enabled</li> </ul>
[8]	GPIO9_IE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: GPIO9 input disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: GPIO9 input enabled</li> </ul>
[7]	GPIO8_IE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: GPIO8 input disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: GPIO8 input enabled</li> </ul>
[6]	GPIO7_IE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: GPIO7 input disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: GPIO7 input enabled</li> </ul>
[5]	GPIO6_IE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: GPIO6 input disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: GPIO6 input enabled</li> </ul>
[4]	GPIO5_IE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: GPIO5 input disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: GPIO5 input enabled</li> </ul>
[3]	GPIO4_IE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: GPIO4 input disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: GPIO4 input enabled</li> </ul>
[2]	GPIO3_IE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: GPIO3 input disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: GPIO3 input enabled</li> </ul>
[1]	GPIO2_IE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: GPIO2 input disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: GPIO2 input enabled</li> </ul>
[0]	GPIO1_IE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: GPIO1 input disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: GPIO1 input enabled</li> </ul>

## Register 89-88: GPIO OE

Bits	[15:11]	[10]	[9]	[8]	[7]	[6]	[5]	[4]	[3]	[2]	[1]	[0]
Default	5'b00000	1'b0										

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[15:11]	RESERVED	NA
[10]	GPIO11_OE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Tristate GPIO11 output (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: GPIO11 output enabled</li></ul>
[9]	GPIO10_OE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Tristate GPIO10 output (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: GPIO10 output enabled</li></ul>
[8]	GPIO9_OE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Tristate GPIO9 output (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: GPIO9 output enabled</li></ul>
[7]	GPIO8_OE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Tristate GPIO8 output (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: GPIO8 output enabled</li></ul>
[6]	GPIO7_OE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Tristate GPIO7 output (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: GPIO7 output enabled</li></ul>
[5]	GPIO6_OE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Tristate GPIO6 output (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: GPIO6 output enabled</li></ul>
[4]	GPIO5_OE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Tristate GPIO5 output (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: GPIO5 output enabled</li></ul>
[3]	GPIO4_OE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Tristate GPIO4 output (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: GPIO4 output enabled</li></ul>
[2]	GPIO3_OE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Tristate GPIO3 output (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: GPIO3 output enabled</li></ul>
[1]	GPIO2_OE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Tristate GPIO2 output (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: GPIO2 output enabled</li></ul>
[0]	GPIO1_OE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Tristate GPIO1 output (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: GPIO1 output enabled</li></ul>

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## Register 91-90: GPIO READ

Bits	[15:11]	[10]	[9]	[8]	[7]	[6]	[5]	[4]	[3]	[2]	[1]	[0]
Default	5'b00000	1'b0										

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[15:11]	RESERVED	NA
[10]	GPIO11_READ	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: GPIO11 readback disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Allows readback of GPIO11 input</li> </ul>
[9]	GPIO10_READ	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: GPIO10 readback disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Allows readback of GPIO10 input</li> </ul>
[8]	GPIO9_READ	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: GPIO9 readback disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Allows readback of GPIO9 input</li> </ul>
[7]	GPIO8_READ	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: GPIO8 readback disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Allows readback of GPIO8 input</li> </ul>
[6]	GPIO7_READ	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: GPIO7 readback disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Allows readback of GPIO7 input</li> </ul>
[5]	GPIO6_READ	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: GPIO6 readback disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Allows readback of GPIO6 input</li> </ul>
[4]	GPIO5_READ	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: GPIO5 readback disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Allows readback of GPIO5 input</li> </ul>
[3]	GPIO4_READ	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: GPIO4 readback disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Allows readback of GPIO4 input</li> </ul>
[2]	GPIO3_READ	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: GPIO3 readback disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Allows readback of GPIO3 input</li> </ul>
[1]	GPIO2_READ	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: GPIO2 readback disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Allows readback of GPIO2 input</li> </ul>
[0]	GPIO1_READ	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: GPIO1 readback disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Allows readback of GPIO1 input</li> </ul>

**Register 92: PWM1 COUNT**

<b>Bits</b>	[7:0]
<b>Default</b>	8'h00

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[7:0]	PWM1_COUNT	8-bit value to set the number of SYS_CLK periods the PWM signal is high for. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 8'h00: Disabled (default)</li> <li>• 8'h01: Minimum</li> <li>• 8'hFF: Maximum</li> </ul>

**Register 94-93: PWM1 FREQUENCY**

<b>Bits</b>	[15:0]
<b>Default</b>	16'h0000

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[15:0]	PWM1_FREQ	16-bit value to set the frequency of the PWM signal in terms of SYS_CLK divisions. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 16'h0000: Disabled (default)</li> <li>• 16'h0001: Minimum</li> <li>• 16'hFFFF: Maximum</li> </ul> $\text{frequency [Hz]} = \frac{\text{SYS\_CLK}}{\text{PWM1\_FREQ} + 1}$ $\text{Duty Cycle [%]} = \left( \frac{\text{PWM1\_COUNT}}{\text{PWM1\_FREQ} + 1} \right) \times 100$

**Register 95: PWM2 COUNT**

<b>Bits</b>	[7:0]
<b>Default</b>	8'h00

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[7:0]	PWM2_COUNT	8-bit value to set the number of SYS_CLK periods the PWM signal is high for. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 8'h00: Disabled (default)</li> <li>• 8'h01: Minimum</li> <li>• 8'hFF: Maximum</li> </ul>

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## Register 97-96: PWM2 FREQUENCY

<b>Bits</b>	[15:0]
<b>Default</b>	16'h0000

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[15:0]	PWM2_FREQ	<p>16-bit value to set the frequency of the PWM signal in terms of SYS_CLK divisions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 16'h0000: Disabled (default)</li> <li>• 16'h0001: Minimum</li> <li>• 16'hFFFF: Maximum</li> </ul> $frequency [Hz] = \frac{SYS\_CLK}{PWM2\_FREQ + 1}$ $Duty\ Cycle [\%] = \left( \frac{PWM2\_COUNT}{PWM2\_FREQ + 1} \right) \times 100$

**Register 98: PWM3 COUNT**

<b>Bits</b>	[7:0]
<b>Default</b>	8'h00

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[7:0]	PWM3_COUNT	8-bit value to set the number of SYS_CLK periods the PWM signal is high for. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 8'h00: Disabled (default)</li> <li>• 8'h01: Minimum</li> <li>• 8'hFF: Maximum</li> </ul>

**Register 100-99: PWM3 FREQUENCY**

<b>Bits</b>	[15:0]
<b>Default</b>	16'h0000

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[15:0]	PWM3_FREQ	16-bit value to set the frequency of the PWM signal in terms of SYS_CLK divisions. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 16'h0000: Disabled (default)</li> <li>• 16'h0001: Minimum</li> <li>• 16'hFFFF: Maximum</li> </ul> $frequency [Hz] = \frac{SYS\_CLK}{PWM3\_FREQ + 1}$ $Duty\ Cycle [\%] = \left( \frac{PWM3\_COUNT}{PWM3\_FREQ + 1} \right) \times 100$

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### ADC CH1 Registers

#### Register 101: ADC CH1 DATAPATH CONTROL

Bits	[7]	[6]	[5:3]	[2]	[1]	[0]
<b>Default</b>	1'b0	1'b0	3'b000	1'b0	1'b0	1'b0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7]	ADC1_BYPASS_FIR2X	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Non-bypass (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Bypass DFIR_2x</li> </ul>
[6]	ADC1_BYPASS_FIR4X	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Non-bypass (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Bypass DFIR_4x</li> </ul>
[5:3]	RESERVED	NA
[2]	ADC1_ENABLE_DC_BLOCKING	<p>Enables DC blocking path.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Enabled</li> </ul>
[1]	RESERVED	NA
[0]	ADC1_NEG_SEL	<p>Inverts data input from analog ADC.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: No inversion (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Inverts input data</li> </ul>

#### Register 102: ADC CH1 THD COMP CONFIG

Bits	[7:2]	[1]	[0]
<b>Default</b>	6'd0	1'b0	1'b0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:2]	ADC1_CORRECTION_ADDR	Selects the address when writing the THD compensation RAM.
[1]	ADC1_CORRECTION_WE	<p>Enables writing to the THD compensation RAM.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Writing disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Writing enabled</li> </ul>
[0]	ADC1_ENABLE_THD_COMP	<p>Enables the THD compensation on ADC CH1.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Disabled and bypassed (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Enabled</li> </ul>

**Register 104-103: ADC CH1 THD COMP DATA**

<b>Bits</b>	[15:0]
<b>Default</b>	16'd0

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[15:0]	ADC1_CORRECTION_DATA	A 16 bits THD corrected value that will be written to the address of the THD compensation RAM. Maximum -42dB (16'hFFFF).

**Register 105: ADC CH1 PEAK DETECTOR CONFIG**

<b>Bits</b>	[7]	[6:2]	[1]	[0]
<b>Default</b>	1'b0	5'd0	1'b0	1'b0

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[7]	ADC1_LOCK_PEAK	Locks the stored value of the peak detector for reading back. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1'b0: Stored value is allowed to update (default)</li> <li>1'b1: Stored value is locked</li> </ul>
[6:2]	ADC1_DECAY_RATE	Sets the speed at which the peak detector value will decay when greater than the input signal. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>5'd0: Instant decay</li> <li>5'd1: Fastest decay</li> <li>5'd10: Default value</li> <li>5'd22: Slowest decay</li> <li>Others: Reserved</li> </ul>
[1]	RESERVED	NA
[0]	ADC1_ENABLE_PEAK_DETECT	Enables the ADC signal peak detector. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1'b0: Disabled (default)</li> <li>1'b1: Enabled</li> </ul>

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## Register 106: ADC CH1 PEAK DETECTOR LEVEL

<b>Bits</b>	[7:0]
<b>Default</b>	8'hFF

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[7:0]	ADC1_PEAK_THRESH	<p>Threshold value to trigger the PEAK_FLAG in the CH1 peak detector. Triggers if the input signal &gt; ADC1_PEAK_THRESH.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 8'h01: -48dB</li> <li>• 8'hFF: 0dB (default)</li> </ul> $\text{threshold [dB]} = 20 * \log_{10} \left( \frac{\text{ADC1\_PEAK\_THRESH}}{2^8 - 1} \right)$

## Register 108-107: ADC CH1 DC OFFSET

<b>Bits</b>	[15:0]
<b>Default</b>	16'd0

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[15:0]	ADC1_DC_OFFSET	<p>Signed ADC CH2 DC offset coefficient. Positive offset is valid from 16'h7FFF (-30dB) to 16'h0001 (-120dB). Negative offset is valid from 16'h8000 (-30dB) to 16'hFFFF (-120dB). 16'h0000 corresponds to zero offset.</p> $\text{offset [dB]} = 20 * \log_{10} \left( \frac{\text{ADC1\_DC\_OFFSET}}{(2^{15} - 1) * 2^5} \right)$

## Register 110-109: ADC CH1 VOLUME

<b>Bits</b>	[15:0]
<b>Default</b>	16'h7FFF

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[15:0]	ADC1_VOLUME	<p>Signed value for the next desired ADC CH1 volume coefficient.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 16'h0001: -90dB</li> <li>• 16'h7FFF: 0dB (default)</li> <li>• 16'h0000: Mute</li> </ul> $\text{volume [dB]} = 20 * \log_{10} \left( \frac{\text{ADC1\_VOLUME}}{2^{15} - 1} \right)$

## Register 111: ADC CH1 VOLUME RATE

Bits	[7:0]
Default	8'h00

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:0]	ADC1_VOLUME_RATE	<p>Value by which the old coefficient value is incremented/decremented to reach the new coefficient.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 8'h00: Instant change (default)</li><li>• 8'h01: Slowest change</li><li>• 8'hFF: Fastest change</li></ul>

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## Register 112: ADC CH1 SCALE

Bits	[7:2]	[1:0]
Default	6'd36	2'd0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:2]	RESERVED	NA
[1:0]	ADC1_DATA_SCALE	ADC data scale. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2'd0: +0dB</li> <li>• 2'd1: +6dB</li> <li>• 2'd2: +12dB</li> <li>• 2'd3: +18dB</li> </ul>

## Register 113: ADC CH1 PROG FILTER

Bits	[7:5]	[4:2]	[1]	[0]
Default	3'd4	3'd0	1'b0	1'b0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:5]	RESERVED	NA
[4:2]	ADC1_FILTER_SHAPE	Selects the 8x decimation FIR filter shape. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 3'd0: Minimum phase (default)</li> <li>• 3'd1: Linear phase apodizing fast roll-off</li> <li>• 3'd2: Linear phase fast roll-off</li> <li>• 3'd3: Linear phase fast roll-off low ripple</li> <li>• 3'd4: Linear phase slow roll-off</li> <li>• 3'd5: Minimum phase fast roll-off</li> <li>• 3'd6: Minimum phase slow roll-off</li> <li>• 3'd7: Minimum phase slow roll-off low dispersion</li> </ul>
[1]	ADC1_PROG_COEFF_WRITE_EN	Enables writing to the programmable coefficient RAM. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Disables write signal to the coefficient RAM (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Enables write signal to the coefficient RAM.</li> </ul>
[0]	ADC1_PROG_COEFF_EN	Enables the custom decimation filter coefficients. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Uses a built-in filter selected by FILTER_SHAPE (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Uses the coefficients programmed via ADC1_PROG_COEFF_IN</li> </ul>

**Register 114: ADC CH1 PROG FILTER COEFF ADDR**

Bits	[7]	[6:0]
Default	1'b0	7'd0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7]	ADC1_PROG_COEFF_STAGE	Selects which stage of the filter to write. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Selects stage 1 of the decimation filter DFIR_4x (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: Selects stage 2 of the decimation filter DFIR_2x</li></ul>
[6:0]	ADC1_PROG_COEFF_ADDR	Selects the coefficient address when writing custom coefficients for the decimation filter.

**Register 117-115: ADC CH1 PROG FILTER COEFF**

Bits	[23:0]
Default	24'd0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[23:0]	ADC1_PROG_COEFF_IN	A 24-bit signed filter coefficient that will be written to the address in ADC1_PROG_COEFF_ADDR.

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### ADC CH2 Registers

#### Register 118: ADC CH2 DATAPATH CONTROL

Bits	[7]	[6]	[5:3]	[2]	[1]	[0]
<b>Default</b>	1'b0	1'b0	3'b000	1'b0	1'b0	1'b0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7]	ADC2_BYPASS_FIR2X	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Non-bypass (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Bypass DFIR_2x</li> </ul>
[6]	ADC2_BYPASS_FIR4X	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Non-bypass (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Bypass DFIR_4x</li> </ul>
[5:3]	RESERVED	NA
[2]	ADC2_ENABLE_DC_BLOCKING	Enables DC blocking path. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Enabled</li> </ul>
[1]	RESERVED	NA
[0]	ADC2_NEG_SEL	Inverts data input from analog ADC. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: No inversion (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Inverts input data</li> </ul>

#### Register 119: ADC CH2 THD COMP CONFIG

Bits	[7:2]	[1]	[0]
<b>Default</b>	6'd0	1'b0	1'b0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:2]	ADC2_CORRECTION_ADDR	Selects the address when writing the THD compensation RAM.
[1]	ADC2_CORRECTION_WE	Enables writing to the THD compensation RAM. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Writing disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Writing enabled</li> </ul>
[0]	ADC2_ENABLE_THD_COMP	Enables the THD compensation on ADC CH2. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Disabled and bypassed (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Enabled</li> </ul>

**Register 121-120: ADC CH2 THD COMP DATA**

<b>Bits</b>	[15:0]
<b>Default</b>	16'd0

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[15:0]	ADC2_CORRECTION_DATA	A 16 bits THD corrected value that will be written to the address of the THD compensation RAM. Maximum -42dB (16'hFFFF).

**Register 122: ADC CH2 PEAK DETECTOR CONFIG**

<b>Bits</b>	[7]	[6:2]	[1]	[0]
<b>Default</b>	1'b0	5'd0	1'b0	1'b0

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[7]	ADC2_LOCK_PEAK	Locks the stored value of the peak detector for reading back. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1'b0: Stored value is allowed to update (default)</li> <li>1'b1: Stored value is locked</li> </ul>
[6:2]	ADC2_DECAY_RATE	Sets the speed at which the peak detector value will decay when greater than the input signal. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>5'd0: Instant decay</li> <li>5'd1: Fastest decay</li> <li>5'd10: Default value</li> <li>5'd22: Slowest decay</li> <li>Others: Reserved</li> </ul>
[1]	RESERVED	NA
[0]	ADC2_ENABLE_PEAK_DETECT	Enables the ADC signal peak detector. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1'b0: Disabled (default)</li> <li>1'b1: Enabled</li> </ul>

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## Register 123: ADC CH2 PEAK DETECTOR THRESHOLD

<b>Bits</b>	[7:0]
<b>Default</b>	8'hFF

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[7:0]	ADC2_PEAK_THRESH	<p>Threshold value to trigger the PEAK_FLAG in the CH2 peak detector. Triggers if the input signal &gt; ADC2_PEAK_THRESH.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 8'h01: -48dB</li> <li>• 8'hFF: 0dB (default)</li> </ul> $\text{threshold [dB]} = 20 * \log_{10} \left( \frac{\text{ADC2\_PEAK\_THRESH}}{2^8 - 1} \right)$

## Register 125-124: ADC CH2 DC OFFSET

<b>Bits</b>	[15:0]
<b>Default</b>	16'd0

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[15:0]	ADC2_DC_OFFSET	<p>Signed ADC CH2 DC offset coefficient. Positive offset is valid from 16'h7FFF (-30dB) to 16'h0001 (-120dB). Negative offset is valid from 16'h8000 (-30dB) to 16'hFFFF (-120dB). 16'h0000 corresponds to zero offset.</p> $\text{offset [dB]} = 20 * \log_{10} \left( \frac{\text{ADC2\_DC\_OFFSET}}{(2^{15} - 1) * 2^5} \right)$

## Register 127-126: ADC CH2 VOLUME

<b>Bits</b>	[15:0]
<b>Default</b>	16'h7FFF

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[15:0]	ADC2_VOLUME	<p>Signed value for the next desired ADC CH2 volume coefficient.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 16'h0001: -90dB</li> <li>• 16'h7FFF: 0dB (default)</li> <li>• 16'h0000: Mute</li> </ul> $\text{volume [dB]} = 20 * \log_{10} \left( \frac{\text{ADC2\_VOLUME}}{2^{15} - 1} \right)$

**Register 128: ADC CH2 VOLUME RATE**

<b>Bits</b>	[7:0]
<b>Default</b>	8'h00

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[7:0]	ADC2_VOLUME_RATE	<p>Value by which the old coefficient value is incremented/decremented to reach the new coefficient.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 8'h00: Instant change (default)</li><li>• 8'h01: Slowest change</li><li>• 8'hFF: Fastest change</li></ul>

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## Register 129: ADC CH2 SCALE

<b>Bits</b>	[7:2]	[1:0]
<b>Default</b>	6'd36	2'd0

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[7:2]	RESERVED	NA
[1:0]	ADC2_DATA_SCALE	ADC data scale. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2'd0: +0dB</li> <li>• 2'd1: +6dB</li> <li>• 2'd2: +12dB</li> <li>• 2'd3: +18dB</li> </ul>

## Register 130: ADC CH2 PROG FILTER

<b>Bits</b>	[7:5]	[4:2]	[1]	[0]
<b>Default</b>	3'd4	3'd0	1'b0	1'b0

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[7:5]	RESERVED	NA
[4:2]	ADC2_FILTER_SHAPE	Selects the 8x decimation FIR filter shape. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 3'd0: Minimum phase (default)</li> <li>• 3'd1: Linear phase apodizing fast roll-off</li> <li>• 3'd2: Linear phase fast roll-off</li> <li>• 3'd3: Linear phase fast roll-off low ripple</li> <li>• 3'd4: Linear phase slow roll-off</li> <li>• 3'd5: Minimum phase fast roll-off</li> <li>• 3'd6: Minimum phase slow roll-off</li> <li>• 3'd7: Minimum phase slow roll-off low dispersion</li> </ul>
[1]	ADC2_PROG_COEFF_WRITE_EN	Enables writing to the programmable coefficient RAM. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Disables write signal to the coefficient RAM (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Enables write signal to the coefficient RAM.</li> </ul>
[0]	ADC2_PROG_COEFF_EN	Enables the custom decimation filter coefficients. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Uses a built-in filter selected by FILTER_SHAPE (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Uses the coefficients programmed via ADC2_PROG_COEFF_IN</li> </ul>

## Register 131: ADC CH2 PROG FILTER COEFF ADDR

Bits	[7]	[6:0]
Default	1'b0	7'd0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7]	ADC2_PROG_COEFF_STAGE	Selects which stage of the filter to write. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Selects stage 1 of the decimation filter DFIR_4x (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: Selects stage 2 of the decimation filter DFIR_2x</li></ul>
[6:0]	ADC2_PROG_COEFF_ADDR	Selects the coefficient address when writing custom coefficients for the decimation filter.

## Register 134-132: ADC CH2 PROG FILTER COEFF

Bits	[23:0]
Default	24'd0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[23:0]	ADC2_PROG_COEFF_IN	A 24-bit signed filter coefficient that will be written to the address in ADC2_PROG_COEFF_ADDR.

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## ADC CH3 Registers

## Register 135: ADC CH3 DATAPATH CONTROL

Bits	[7]	[6]	[5:3]	[2]	[1]	[0]
Default	1'b0	1'b0	3'b000	1'b0	1'b0	1'b0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7]	ADC3_BYPASS_FIR2X	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Non-bypass (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Bypass DFIR_2x</li> </ul>
[6]	ADC3_BYPASS_FIR4X	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Non-bypass (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Bypass DFIR_4x</li> </ul>
[5:3]	RESERVED	NA
[2]	ADC3_ENABLE_DC_BLOCKING	Enables DC blocking path. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Enabled</li> </ul>
[1]	RESERVED	NA
[0]	ADC3_NEG_SEL	Inverts data input from analog ADC. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: No inversion (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Inverts input data</li> </ul>

## Register 136: ADC CH3 THD COMP CONFIG

Bits	[7:2]	[1]	[0]
Default	6'd0	1'b0	1'b0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:2]	ADC3_CORRECTION_ADDR	Selects the address when writing the THD compensation RAM.
[1]	ADC3_CORRECTION_WE	Enables writing to the THD compensation RAM. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Writing disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Writing enabled</li> </ul>
[0]	ADC3_ENABLE_THD_COMP	Enables the THD compensation on ADC CH3. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Disabled and bypassed (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Enabled</li> </ul>

**Register 138-137: ADC CH3 THD COMP DATA**

<b>Bits</b>	[15:0]
<b>Default</b>	16'd0

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[15:0]	ADC3_CORRECTION_DATA	A 16 bits THD corrected value that will be written to the address of the THD compensation RAM. Maximum -42dB (16'hFFFF).

**Register 139: ADC CH3 PEAK DETECTOR CONFIG**

<b>Bits</b>	[7]	[6:2]	[1]	[0]
<b>Default</b>	1'b0	5'd0	1'b0	1'b0

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[7]	ADC3_LOCK_PEAK	Locks the stored value of the peak detector for reading back. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1'b0: Stored value is allowed to update (default)</li> <li>1'b1: Stored value is locked</li> </ul>
[6:2]	ADC3_DECAY_RATE	Sets the speed at which the peak detector value will decay when greater than the input signal. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>5'd0: Instant decay</li> <li>5'd1: Fastest decay</li> <li>5'd10: Default value</li> <li>5'd22: Slowest decay</li> <li>Others: Reserved</li> </ul>
[1]	RESERVED	NA
[0]	ADC3_ENABLE_PEAK_DETECT	Enables the ADC signal peak detector. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1'b0: Disabled (default)</li> <li>1'b1: Enabled</li> </ul>

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## Register 140: ADC CH3 PEAK DETECTOR THRESHOLD

<b>Bits</b>	[7:0]
<b>Default</b>	8'hFF

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[7:0]	ADC3_PEAK_THRESH	<p>Threshold value to trigger the PEAK_FLAG in the CH3 peak detector. Triggers if the input signal &gt; ADC3_PEAK_THRESH.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 8'h01: -48dB</li> <li>• 8'hFF: 0dB (default)</li> </ul> $\text{threshold [dB]} = 20 * \log_{10} \left( \frac{\text{ADC3\_PEAK\_THRESH}}{2^8 - 1} \right)$

## Register 142-141: ADC CH3 DC OFFSET

<b>Bits</b>	[15:0]
<b>Default</b>	16'h0000

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[15:0]	ADC3_DC_OFFSET	<p>Signed ADC CH3 DC offset coefficient. Positive offset is valid from 16'h7FFF (-30dB) to 16'h0001 (-120dB). Negative offset is valid from 16'h8000 (-30dB) to 16'hFFFF (-120dB). 16'h0000 corresponds to zero offset.</p> $\text{offset [dB]} = 20 * \log_{10} \left( \frac{\text{ADC3\_DC\_OFFSET}}{(2^{15} - 1) * 2^5} \right)$

## Register 144-143: ADC CH3 VOLUME

<b>Bits</b>	[15:0]
<b>Default</b>	16'h7FFF

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[15:0]	ADC3_VOLUME	<p>Signed value for the next desired ADC CH3 volume coefficient.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 16'h0001: -90dB</li> <li>• 16'h7FFF: 0dB (default)</li> <li>• 16'h0000: Mute</li> </ul> $\text{volume [dB]} = 20 * \log_{10} \left( \frac{\text{ADC3\_VOLUME}}{2^{15} - 1} \right)$

**Register 145: ADC CH3 VOLUME RATE**

<b>Bits</b>	[7:0]
<b>Default</b>	8'h00

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[7:0]	ADC3_VOLUME_RATE	<p>Value by which the old coefficient value is incremented/decremented to reach the new coefficient.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 8'h00: Instant change (default)</li><li>• 8'h01: Slowest change</li><li>• 8'hFF: Fastest change</li></ul>

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## Register 146: ADC CH3 SCALE

<b>Bits</b>	[7:2]	[1:0]
<b>Default</b>	6'd36	2'd0

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[7:2]	RESERVED	NA
[1:0]	ADC3_DATA_SCALE	ADC data scale. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2'd0: +0dB</li> <li>• 2'd1: +6dB</li> <li>• 2'd2: +12dB</li> <li>• 2'd3: +18dB</li> </ul>

## Register 147: ADC CH3 PROG FILTER

<b>Bits</b>	[7:5]	[4:2]	[1]	[0]
<b>Default</b>	3'd4	3'd0	1'b0	1'b0

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[7:5]	RESERVED	NA
[4:2]	ADC3_FILTER_SHAPE	Selects the 8x decimation FIR filter shape. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 3'd0: Minimum phase (default)</li> <li>• 3'd1: Linear phase apodizing fast roll-off</li> <li>• 3'd2: Linear phase fast roll-off</li> <li>• 3'd3: Linear phase fast roll-off low ripple</li> <li>• 3'd4: Linear phase slow roll-off</li> <li>• 3'd5: Minimum phase fast roll-off</li> <li>• 3'd6: Minimum phase slow roll-off</li> <li>• 3'd7: Minimum phase slow roll-off low dispersion</li> </ul>
[1]	ADC3_PROG_COEFF_WRITE_EN	Enables writing to the programmable coefficient RAM. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Disables write signal to the coefficient RAM (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Enables write signal to the coefficient RAM.</li> </ul>
[0]	ADC3_PROG_COEFF_EN	Enables the custom decimation filter coefficients. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Uses a built-in filter selected by FILTER_SHAPE (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Uses the coefficients programmed via ADC3_PROG_COEFF_IN</li> </ul>

**Register 148: ADC CH3 PROG FILTER COEFF ADDR**

Bits	[7]	[6:0]
Default	1'b0	7'd0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7]	ADC3_PROG_COEFF_STAGE	Selects which stage of the filter to write. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Selects stage 1 of the decimation filter DFIR_4x (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: Selects stage 2 of the decimation filter DFIR_2x</li></ul>
[6:0]	ADC3_PROG_COEFF_ADDR	Selects the coefficient address when writing custom coefficients for the decimation filter.

**Register 151-149: ADC CH3 PROG FILTER COEFF**

Bits	[23:0]
Default	24'd0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[23:0]	ADC3_PROG_COEFF_IN	A 24-bit signed filter coefficient that will be written to the address in ADC3_PROG_COEFF_ADDR.

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## ADC CH4 Registers

## Register 152: ADC CH4 DATAPATH CONTROL

Bits	[7]	[6]	[5:3]	[2]	[1]	[0]
Default	1'b0	1'b0	3'b000	1'b0	1'b0	1'b0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7]	ADC4_BYPASS_FIR2X	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Non-bypass (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Bypass DFIR_2x</li> </ul>
[6]	ADC4_BYPASS_FIR4X	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Non-bypass (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Bypass DFIR_4x</li> </ul>
[5:3]	RESERVED	NA
[2]	ADC4_ENABLE_DC_BLOCKING	<p>Enables DC blocking path.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Enabled</li> </ul>
[1]	RESERVED	NA
[0]	ADC4_NEG_SEL	<p>Inverts data input from analog ADC.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: No inversion (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Inverts input data</li> </ul>

## Register 153: ADC CH4 THD COMP CONFIG

Bits	[7:2]	[1]	[0]
Default	6'd0	1'b0	1'b0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:2]	ADC4_CORRECTION_ADDR	Selects the address when writing the THD compensation RAM.
[1]	ADC4_CORRECTION_WE	<p>Enables writing to the THD compensation RAM.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Writing disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Writing enabled</li> </ul>
[0]	ADC4_ENABLE_THD_COMP	<p>Enables the THD compensation on ADC CH4.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Disabled and bypassed (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Enabled</li> </ul>

**Register 155-154: ADC CH4 THD COMP DATA**

<b>Bits</b>	[15:0]
<b>Default</b>	16'd0

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[15:0]	ADC4_CORRECTION_DATA	A 16 bits THD corrected value that will be written to the address of the THD compensation RAM. Maximum -42dB (16'hFFFF).

**Register 156: ADC CH4 PEAK DETECTOR CONFIG**

<b>Bits</b>	[7]	[6:2]	[1]	[0]
<b>Default</b>	1'b0	5'd0	1'b0	1'b0

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[7]	ADC4_LOCK_PEAK	Locks the stored value of the peak detector for reading back. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Stored value is allowed to update (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Stored value is locked</li> </ul>
[6:2]	ADC4_DECAY_RATE	Sets the speed at which the peak detector value will decay when greater than the input signal. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 5'd0: Instant decay</li> <li>• 5'd1: Fastest decay</li> <li>• 5'd10: Default value</li> <li>• 5'd22: Slowest decay</li> <li>• Others: Reserved</li> </ul>
[1]	RESERVED	NA
[0]	ADC4_ENABLE_PEAK_DETECT	Enables the ADC CH4 signal peak detector. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Enabled</li> </ul>

## ES9842 PRO Product Datasheet



## Register 157: ADC CH4 PEAK DETECTOR THRESHOLD

<b>Bits</b>	[7:0]
<b>Default</b>	8'hFF

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[7:0]	ADC4_PEAK_THRESH	<p>Threshold value to trigger the PEAK_FLAG in the CH4 peak detector. Triggers if the input signal &gt; ADC4_PEAK_THRESH.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 8'h01: -48dB</li> <li>• 8'hFF: 0dB (default)</li> </ul> $\text{threshold [dB]} = 20 * \log_{10} \left( \frac{\text{ADC4\_PEAK\_THRESH}}{2^8 - 1} \right)$

## Register 159-158: ADC CH4 DC OFFSET

<b>Bits</b>	[15:0]
<b>Default</b>	16'h0000

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[15:0]	ADC4_DC_OFFSET	<p>Signed ADC CH4 DC offset coefficient. Positive offset is valid from 16'h7FFF (-30dB) to 16'h0001 (-120dB). Negative offset is valid from 16'h8000 (-30dB) to 16'hFFFF (-120dB). 16'h0000 corresponds to zero offset.</p> $\text{offset [dB]} = 20 * \log_{10} \left( \frac{\text{ADC4\_DC\_OFFSET}}{(2^{15} - 1) * 2^5} \right)$

## Register 161-160: ADC CH4 VOLUME

<b>Bits</b>	[15:0]
<b>Default</b>	16'h7FFF

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[15:0]	ADC4_VOLUME	<p>Signed value for the next desired ADC CH4 volume coefficient.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 16'h0001: -90dB</li> <li>• 16'h7FFF: 0dB (default)</li> <li>• 16'h0000: Mute</li> </ul> $\text{volume [dB]} = 20 * \log_{10} \left( \frac{\text{ADC4\_VOLUME}}{2^{15} - 1} \right)$

**Register 162: ADC CH4 VOLUME RATE**

<b>Bits</b>	[7:0]
<b>Default</b>	8'd0

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[7:0]	ADC4_VOLUME_RATE	<p>Value by which the old coefficient value is incremented/decremented to reach the new coefficient.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 8'h00: Instant change (default)</li><li>• 8'h01: Slowest change</li><li>• 8'hFF: Fastest change</li></ul>

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## Register 163: ADC CH4 SCALE

<b>Bits</b>	[7:2]	[1:0]
<b>Default</b>	6'd36	2'd0

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[7:2]	RESERVED	NA
[1:0]	ADC4_DATA_SCALE	ADC data scale. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2'd0: +0dB</li> <li>• 2'd1: +6dB</li> <li>• 2'd2: +12dB</li> <li>• 2'd3: +18dB</li> </ul>

## Register 164: ADC CH4 PROG FILTER

<b>Bits</b>	[7:5]	[4:2]	[1]	[0]
<b>Default</b>	3'd4	3'd0	1'b0	1'b0

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[7:5]	RESERVED	NA
[4:2]	ADC4_FILTER_SHAPE	Selects the 8x decimation FIR filter shape. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 3'd0: Minimum phase (default)</li> <li>• 3'd1: Linear phase apodizing fast roll-off</li> <li>• 3'd2: Linear phase fast roll-off</li> <li>• 3'd3: Linear phase fast roll-off low ripple</li> <li>• 3'd4: Linear phase slow roll-off</li> <li>• 3'd5: Minimum phase fast roll-off</li> <li>• 3'd6: Minimum phase slow roll-off</li> <li>• 3'd7: Minimum phase slow roll-off low dispersion</li> </ul>
[1]	ADC4_PROG_COEFF_WRITE_EN	Enables writing to the programmable coefficient RAM. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Disables write signal to the coefficient RAM (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Enables write signal to the coefficient RAM.</li> </ul>
[0]	ADC4_PROG_COEFF_EN	Enables the custom decimation filter coefficients. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Uses a built-in filter selected by FILTER_SHAPE (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Uses the coefficients programmed via ADC4_PROG_COEFF_IN</li> </ul>

**Register 165: ADC CH4 PROG FILTER COEFF ADDR**

Bits	[7]	[6:0]
Default	1'b0	7'd0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7]	ADC4_PROG_COEFF_STAGE	Selects which stage of the filter to write. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1'b0: Selects stage 1 of the decimation filter DFIR_4x (default)</li><li>• 1'b1: Selects stage 2 of the decimation filter DFIR_2x</li></ul>
[6:0]	ADC4_PROG_COEFF_ADDR	Selects the coefficient address when writing custom coefficients for the decimation filter.

**Register 168-166: ADC CH4 PROG FILTER COEFF**

Bits	[23:0]
Default	24'd0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[23:0]	ADC4_PROG_COEFF_IN	A 24-bit signed filter coefficient that will be written to the address in ADC4_PROG_COEFF_ADDR.

## ES9842 PRO Product Datasheet



## Synchronous Slave Interface Registers

## Register 192: SOFT RESET

<b>Bits</b>	[7]	[6:0]
<b>Default</b>	1'b0	7'd0

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[7]	AO_SOFT_RESET	Performs soft reset to digital core except for the synchronous registers.
[6:0]	RESERVED	NA

## Register 193: CLK SELECT

<b>Bits</b>	[7:3]	[2:1]	[0]
<b>Default</b>	5'd0	2'd0	1'b0

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[7:3]	RESERVED	NA
[2:1]	SEL_SYSCLK_IN	Selects digital core and ADC clock source when EN_ANA_CLKIN is set. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2'd0: XTAL (default)</li> <li>• 2'd1: MCLK</li> <li>• 2'd2: ACLK</li> <li>• 2'd3: Reserved</li> </ul>
[0]	EN_ANA_CLKIN	Enables clock outputs to the digital core and ADC. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1'b0: Disabled (default)</li> <li>• 1'b1: Enabled</li> </ul>

**Register 194: ADC CLOCK DIVIDE**

<b>Bits</b>	[7:2]	[1:0]
<b>Default</b>	6'd0	2'd0

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:2]	RESERVED	NA
[1:0]	SEL_CLK_DIV	Sets ADC clock rate: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2'd0: Full rate (default)</li> <li>• 2'd1: 1/2 rate</li> <li>• 2'd2: 1/4 rate</li> <li>• 2'd3: 1/8 rate</li> </ul>

**Register 203-195: RESERVED****Readback Registers****Register 224: READ SYSTEM REGISTER 0**

<b>Bits</b>	[7:4]	[3]	[2]	[1]	[0]
<b>Default</b>	-	-	-	-	-

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:4]	RESERVED	NA
[3]	MODE	Readback MODE pin.
[2]	ADDR2	Readback ADDR2 pin.
[1]	ADDR1	Readback ADDR1 pin.
[0]	RESERVED	NA

**Register 225: CHIP ID**

<b>Bits</b>	[7:0]
<b>Default</b>	-

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:0]	CHIP_ID	Chip ID

**Register 228-226: RESERVED****Register 229: PEAK FLAG**

Bits	[7:4]	[3]	[2]	[1]	[0]
Default	-	-	-	-	-

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7:4]	RESERVED	NA
[3]	PEAK_FLAG_CH4	ADC CH4 peak detector flag
[2]	PEAK_FLAG_CH3	ADC CH3 peak detector flag
[1]	PEAK_FLAG_CH2	ADC CH2 peak detector flag
[0]	PEAK_FLAG_CH1	ADC CH1 peak detector flag

**Register 230: RESERVED**

## Register 231: READ SYSTEM REGISTER 5

Bits	[7]	[6]	[5]	[4]	[3:0]
Default	-	-	-	-	-

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[7]	ASP2_INIT_DONE	ASP2 initialize is done
[6]	ASP1_INIT_DONE	ASP1 initialize is done
[5]	RESERVED	NA
[4]	TDM_VALID	TDM valid flag
[3:0]	RESERVED	NA

## Register 233-232: GPIO READBACK REGISTERS

Bits	[15:11]	[10]	[9]	[8]	[7]	[6]	[5]	[4]	[3]	[2]	[1]	[0]
Default	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Bits	Mnemonic	Description
[15:11]	RESERVED	NA
[10]	GPIO11_READBACK	GPIO 11 Readback
[9]	GPIO10_READBACK	GPIO 10 Readback
[8]	GPIO9_READBACK	GPIO 9 Readback
[7]	GPIO8_READBACK	GPIO 8 Readback
[6]	GPIO7_READBACK	GPIO 7 Readback
[5]	GPIO6_READBACK	GPIO 6 Readback
[4]	GPIO5_READBACK	GPIO 5 Readback
[3]	GPIO4_READBACK	GPIO 4 Readback
[2]	GPIO3_READBACK	GPIO 3 Readback
[1]	GPIO2_READBACK	GPIO 2 Readback
[0]	GPIO1_READBACK	GPIO 1 Readback

**ES9842 PRO Product Datasheet****Register 236-234: ADC CH1 PROG COEFF OUT**

<b>Bits</b>	[23:0]
<b>Default</b>	-

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[23:0]	ADC1_PROG_COEFF_OUT	Programmable FIR coefficient readback.

**Register 238-237: ADC CH1 PEAK**

<b>Bits</b>	[15:0]
<b>Default</b>	-

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[15:0]	ADC1_PEAK	Detected peak value readback

**Register 241-239: ADC CH2 PROG COEFF OUT**

<b>Bits</b>	[23:0]
<b>Default</b>	-

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[23:0]	ADC2_PROG_COEFF_OUT	Programmable FIR coefficient readback.

**Register 243-242: ADC CH2 PEAK**

<b>Bits</b>	[15:0]
<b>Default</b>	-

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[15:0]	ADC2_PEAK	Detected peak value readback

**Register 246-244: ADC CH3 PROG COEFF OUT**

<b>Bits</b>	[23:0]
<b>Default</b>	-

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[23:0]	ADC3_PROG_COEFF_OUT	Programmable FIR coefficient readback.

**ES9842 PRO Product Datasheet****Register 248-247: ADC CH3 PEAK**

<b>Bits</b>	[15:0]
<b>Default</b>	-

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[15:0]	ADC3_PEAK	Detected peak value readback

**Register 251-249: ADC CH4 PROG COEFF OUT**

<b>Bits</b>	[23:0]
<b>Default</b>	-

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[23:0]	ADC4_PROG_COEFF_OUT	Programmable FIR coefficient readback.

**Register 253-252: ADC CH4 PEAK**

<b>Bits</b>	[15:0]
<b>Default</b>	-

<b>Bits</b>	<b>Mnemonic</b>	<b>Description</b>
[15:0]	ADC4_PEAK	Detected peak value readback

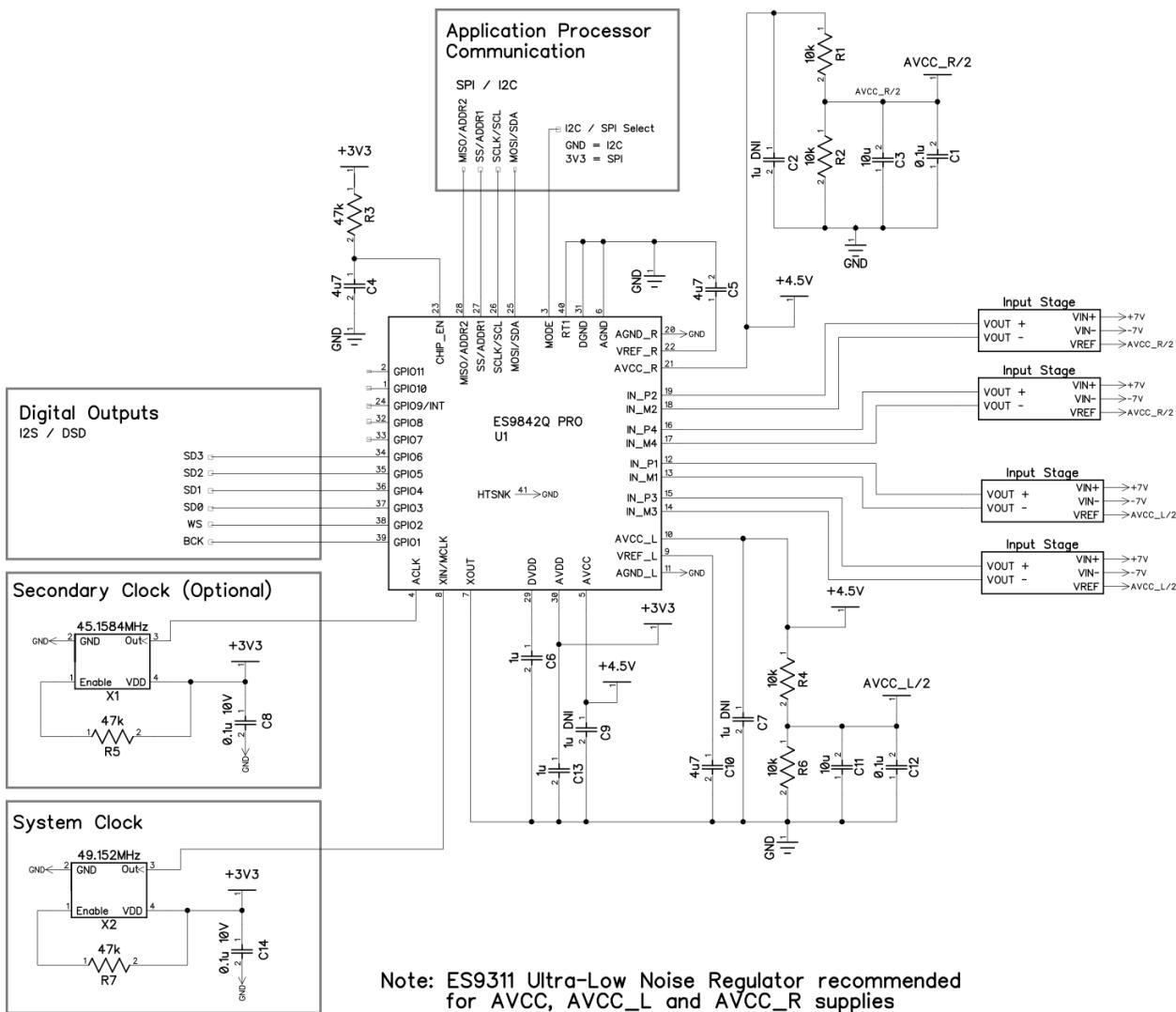
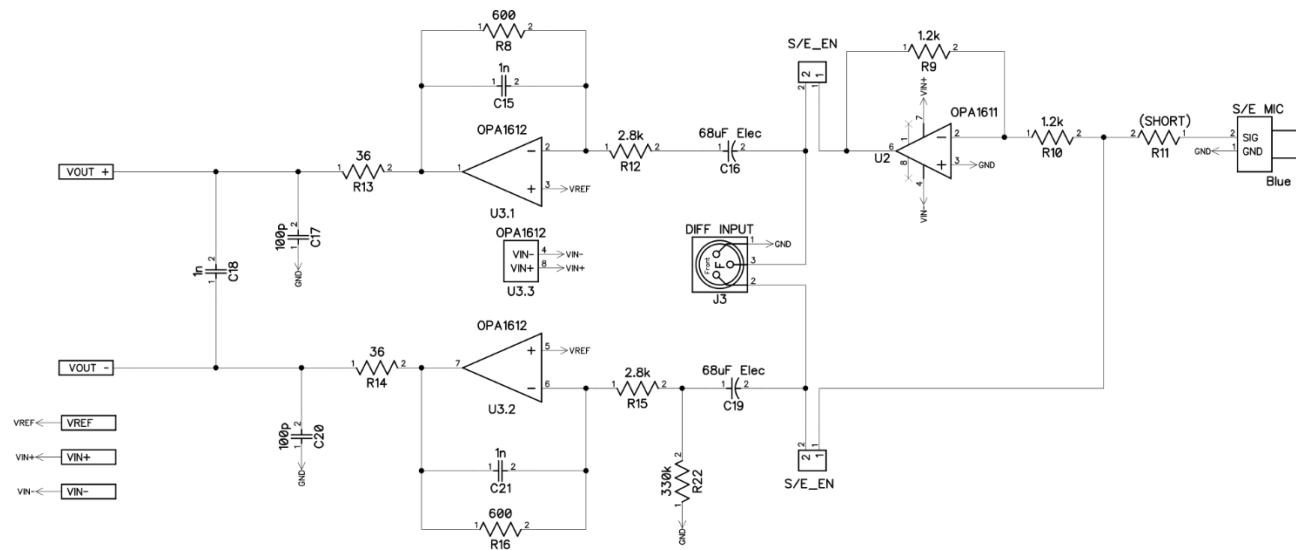
ES9842 PRO Reference Schematic<sup>8</sup>

Figure 17 - ES9842PRO Reference Schematic

Schematic subject to change

<sup>8</sup> Pin 41 QFN Package Pad (HTSNK) should be connected to DGND

## ES9842 PRO Product Datasheet



\*Note: All resistors are thin-film and all caps are COG/NPO unless otherwise specified\*

Figure 18 - Reference Schematic ADC Input Stage for Single Ended (S/E) and Differential Input

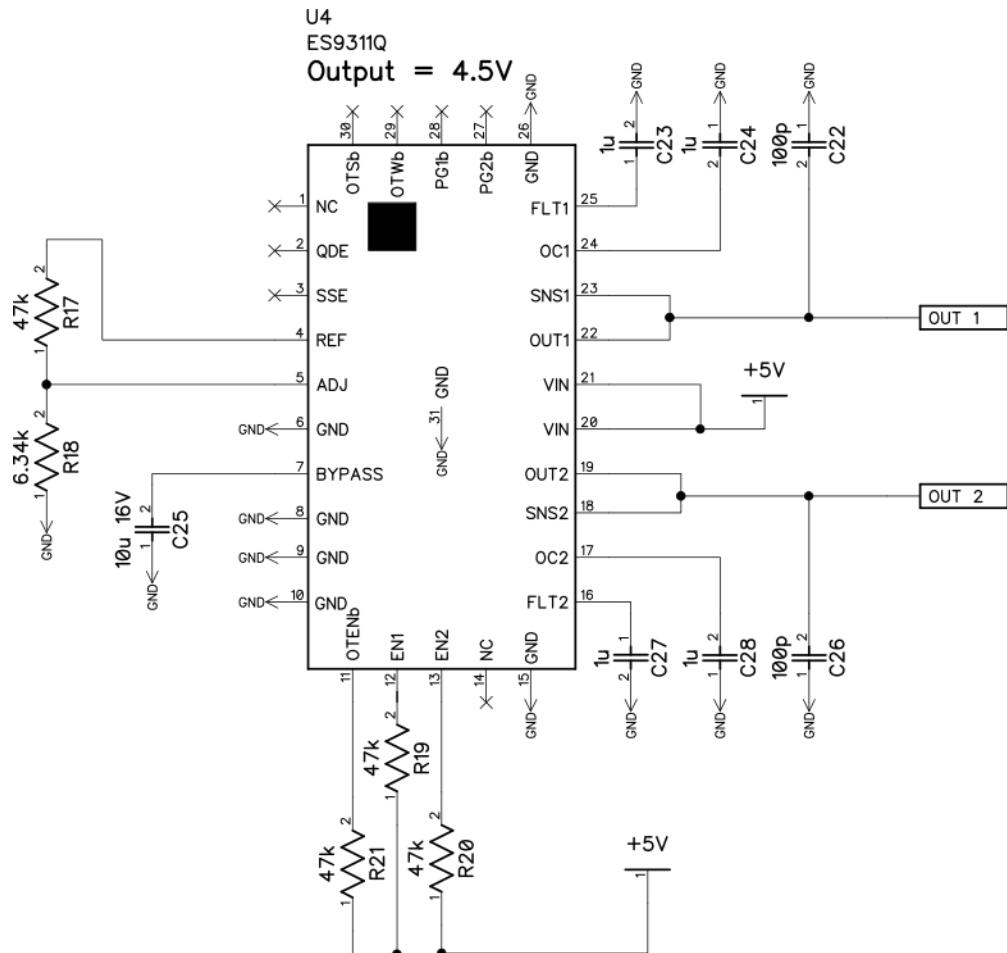


Figure 19 - ES9311Q Reference Voltage Regulator Schematic

## Internal Pad Circuitry

Pin	Type	Pin Name	Equivalent Circuit
AVCC AVCC_L AVCC_R DVDD AVDD	Power (Positive)	5 10 21 29 30	<p>Power Pad</p> <p>ESD</p> <p>GND</p>
AGND AGND_L AGND_R DGND	Ground	6 11 20 31	<p>VDD</p> <p>ESD</p> <p>Ground Pad</p>
CHIP_EN	Reset	23	<p>I</p> <p>PU/PD</p> <p>R</p> <p>VDD</p> <p>ESD</p> <p>Digital I</p> <p>GND</p>
GPIO10 GPIO11 MODE ACLK GPIO9/INT MOSI/SDA SCLK/SCL SS/ADDR1 MISO/ADDR2 GPIO8 GPIO7	Digital I/O	1 2 3 4 24 25 26 27 28 32 33	<p>OE</p> <p>O</p> <p>I</p> <p>PU/PD</p> <p>R</p> <p>VDD</p> <p>ESD</p> <p>Digital I/O</p> <p>GND</p>

GPIO6		34	
GPIO5		35	
GPIO4		36	
GPIO3		37	
GPIO2		38	
GPIO1		39	
RT1		40	
XOUT		7	
XIN		8	
VREF_L		9	
IN_P1		12	
IN_M1		13	
IN_M3		14	
IN_P3	Analog IO	15	
IN_P4		16	
IN_M4		17	
IN_M2		18	
IN_P2		19	
VREF_R		22	

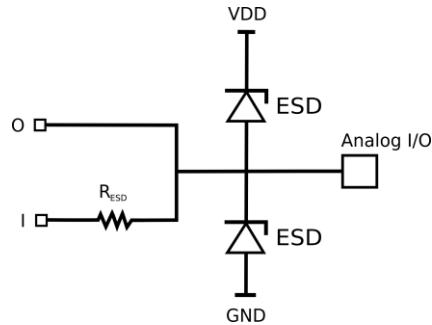
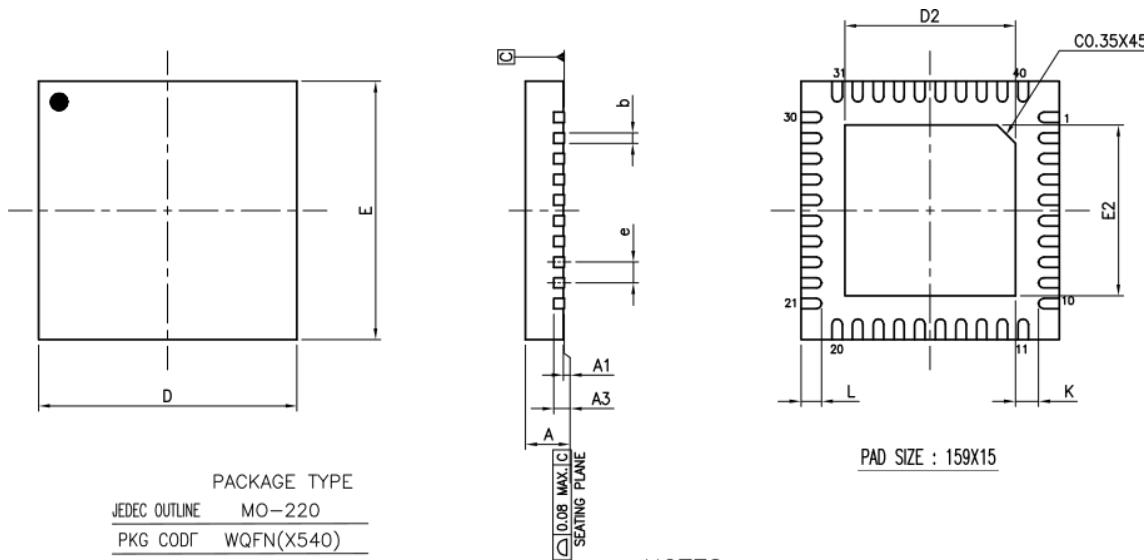


Table 32 - Internal Pad Circuitry

## 40 QFN Package Dimensions



PACKAGE TYPE			
JEDEC OUTLINE	MO-220		
PKG CODE	WQFN(X540)		
SYMBOLS	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.
A	0.70	0.75	0.80
A1	0.00	0.02	0.05
A3	0.203	REF.	
b	0.15	0.20	0.25
D	5.00	BSC	
E	5.00	BSC	
e	0.40	BSC	
K	0.20	—	—

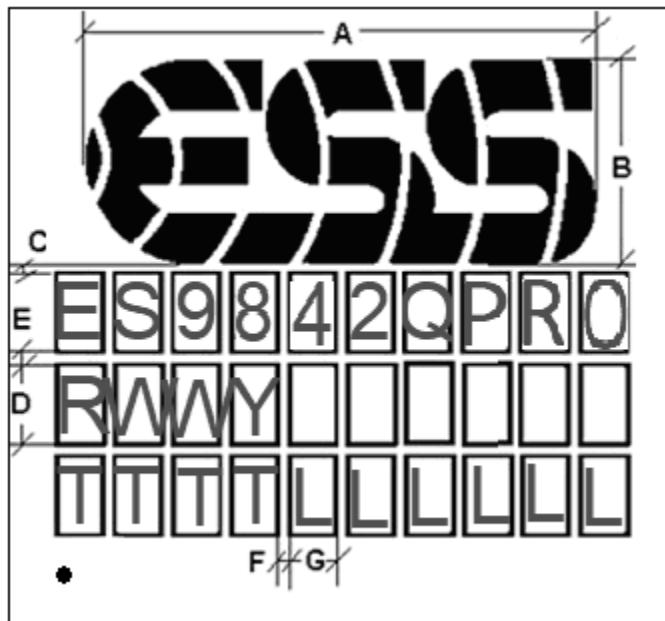
### NOTES :

1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
2. DIMENSION b APPLIES TO METALLIZED TERMINAL AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.15mm AND 0.30mm FROM THE TERMINAL TIP. IF THE TERMINAL HAS THE OPTIONAL RADIUS ON THE OTHER END OF THE TERMINAL, THE DIMENSION b SHOULD NOT BE MEASURED IN THAT RADIUS AREA.
3. BILATERAL COPLANARITY ZONE APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED HEAT SINK SLUG AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS.

PAD SIZE	D2			E2			L		
	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.
159X15* MIL	3.74	3.79	3.84	3.74	3.79	3.84	0.25	0.30	0.35

Figure 20 - 40 QFN Package Dimensions

## 40 QFN Top View Marking



Package Type	Dimension in mm						
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
QFN 5mm x 5mm	4.0	1.6	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.3

T	Tracking number
W	Work week
Y	Last digit of year
L	Lot number
R	Silicon Revision

Marking is subject to change. This drawing is not to scale.

Figure 21 - ES9842 PRO QFN Marking

## Reflow Process Considerations

### Temperature Controlled

For lead-free soldering, the characterization and optimization of the reflow process is the most important factor to consider. The lead-free alloy solder has a melting point of 217°C. This alloy requires a minimum reflow temperature of 235°C to ensure good wetting. The maximum reflow temperature is in the 245°C to 260°C range, depending on the package size (RPC-2 Pb-Free Process – Classification Temperatures (T<sub>c</sub>)). This narrows the process window for lead-free soldering to 10°C to 20°C.

The increase in peak reflow temperature in combination with the narrow process window makes the development of an optimal reflow profile a critical factor for ensuring a successful lead-free assembly process. The major factors contributing to the development of an optimal thermal profile are the size and weight of the assembly, the density of the components, the mix of large and small components, and the paste chemistry being used.

Reflow profiling needs to be performed by attaching calibrated thermocouples well adhered to the device as well as other critical locations on the board to ensure that all components are heated to temperatures above the minimum reflow temperatures and that smaller components do not exceed the maximum temperature limits (Table RPC-2).

To ensure that all packages can be successfully and reliably assembled, the reflow profiles studied and recommended by ESS are based on the JEDEC/IPC standard J-STD-020 revision D.1.

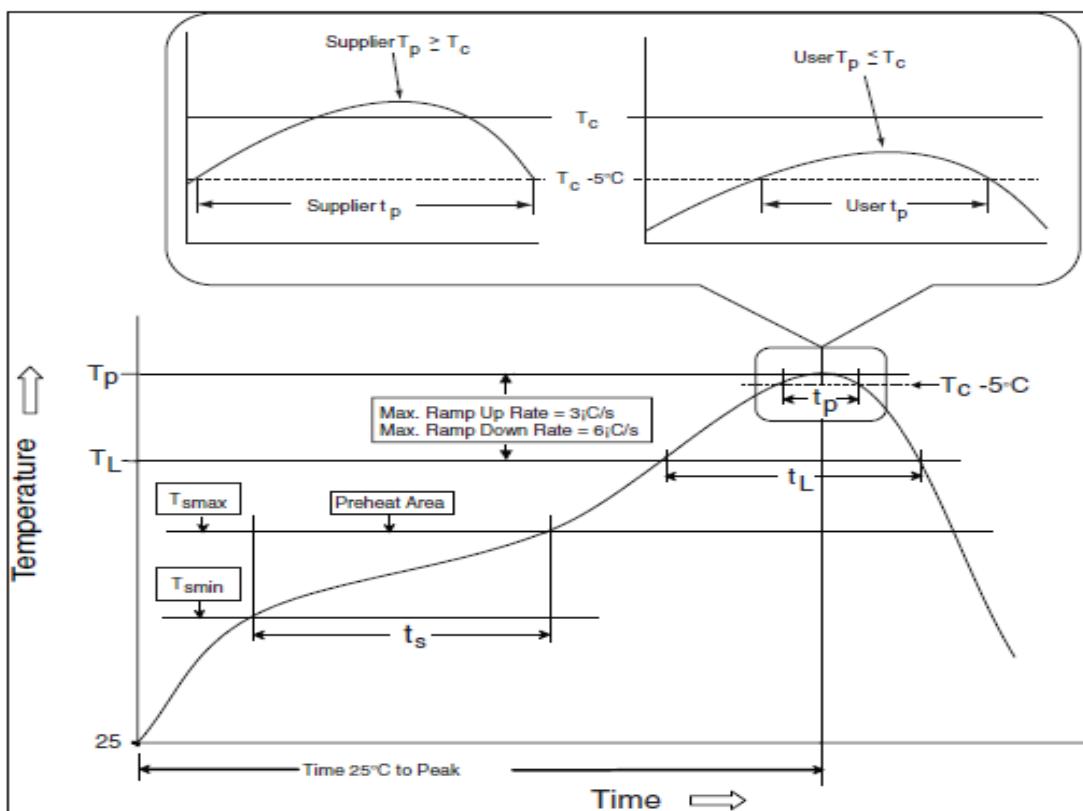


Figure 22 - IR/Convection Reflow Profile (IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020D.1)

## ES9842 PRO Product Datasheet



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Reflow is allowed 3 times. Caution must be taken to ensure time between re-flow runs does not exceed the allowed time by the moisture sensitivity label. If the time elapsed between the re-flows exceeds the moisture sensitivity time bake the board according to the moisture sensitivity label instructions.

## Manual

Allowed up to 2 times with maximum temperature of 350°C no longer than 3 seconds.

### RPC-1 Classification reflow profile

Profile Feature	Pb-Free Assembly
<b>Preheat/Soak</b>	
Temperature Min (T <sub>smin</sub> )	150°C
Temperature Max (T <sub>smax</sub> )	200°C
Time (t <sub>s</sub> ) from (T <sub>smin</sub> to T <sub>smax</sub> )	60-120 seconds
Ramp-up rate (TL to T <sub>p</sub> )	3°C / second maximum
Liquidous temperature (TL)	217°C
Time (t <sub>L</sub> ) maintained above TL	60-150 seconds
Peak package body temperature (T <sub>p</sub> )	For users T <sub>p</sub> must not exceed the classification temp in Table RPC-2. For suppliers T <sub>p</sub> must equal or exceed the Classification temp in Table RPC-2.
Time (t <sub>p</sub> )* within 5°C of the specified classification temperature (T <sub>c</sub> ), see <b>Error! Reference source not found.</b> 7	30* seconds
Ramp-down rate (T <sub>p</sub> to TL)	6°C / second maximum
Time 25°C to peak temperature	8 minutes maximum

\* Tolerance for peak profile temperature (T<sub>p</sub>) is defined as a supplier minimum and a user maximum.

Table 33 - RPC-1 Classification reflow profile

All temperatures refer to the center of the package, measured on the package body surface that is facing up during assembly reflow (e.g., live-bug). If parts are reflowed in other than the normal live-bug assembly reflow orientation (i.e., dead-bug), T<sub>p</sub> shall be within  $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$  of the live-bug T<sub>p</sub> and still meet the T<sub>c</sub> requirements, otherwise, the profile shall be adjusted to achieve the latter. To accurately measure actual peak package body temperatures, refer to JEP140 for recommended thermocouple use.

Reflow profiles in this document are for classification/preconditioning and are not meant to specify board assembly profiles. Actual board assembly profiles should be developed based on specific process needs and board designs and should not exceed the parameters in Table RPC-1.

For example, if T<sub>c</sub> is 260°C and time t<sub>p</sub> is 30 seconds, this means the following for the supplier and the user.

For a supplier: The peak temperature must be at least 260°C. The time above 255°C must be at least 30 seconds.

For a user: The peak temperature must not exceed 260°C. The time above 255°C must not exceed 30 seconds.

All components in the test load shall meet the classification profile requirements.

**RPC-2 Pb-Free Process – Classification Temperatures (Tc)**

Package Thickness	Volume mm <sup>3</sup> , <350	Volume mm <sup>3</sup> , 350 to 2000	Volume mm <sup>3</sup> , >2000
<1.6 mm	260°C	260°C	260°C
1.6 mm – 2.5 mm	260°C	250°C	245°C
>2.5 mm	250°C	245°C	245°C

Table 34 - RPC-2 Pb-Free Process

At the discretion of the device manufacturer, but not the board assembler/user, the maximum peak package body temperature (Tp) can exceed the values specified in Table RPC-2. The use of a higher Tp does not change the classification temperature (Tc).

Package volume excludes external terminals (e.g., balls, bumps, lands, leads) and/or nonintegral heat sinks.

The maximum component temperature reached during reflow depends on package thickness and volume. The use of convection reflow processes reduces the thermal gradients between packages. However, thermal gradients due to differences in thermal mass of SMD packages may still exist.

## Ordering Information

Part Number	Description	Package
ES9842QPRO	SABRE 32-bit 4 Channel ADC with Built in programmable filters, ASP, and multiple output format	5mm x 5mm 40 QFN

Table 35 - Ordering Information

## Addendum

The following subsections outline the recommended configuration for Common I2S and TDM modes in s2m format.

### I2S Master

FS=48kHz, 4 Channel from 2 data lines of I2S, MCLK=49.152MHz

```
w 0x48 193 0x01; //SEL_SYSCLK_IN = 00 (XTAL), EN_ANA_CLKIN = 1
//w 0x48 193 0x05; //SEL_SYSCLK_IN = 10 (ACLK), EN_ANA_CLKIN = 1
w 0x48 194 0x01; //SEL_CLK_DIV = 1/2 (sets ADC CLK rate, must be 22 or 24MHz)

w 0 0x00; //OUTPUT_SEL = 00 (I2S)
w 2 0x07; //SELECT_ADC_NUM = 7 for 48k/44.1k, 3 for 96k, 1 for 192k
w 3 0x01; //SELECT_IADC_NUM = 1, should match SEL_CLK_DIV
w 8 0x07; //MASTER_BCK_DIV1 = 0, MASTER_MODE_ENABLE = 1
w 9 0x07; //SELECT_I2S_TDM_NUM = 7 for 48k/44.1k
w 10 0x05; //TDM_VALID_EDGE = 1, ENABLE_TDM_CLK = 1
w 11 0x01; //TDM_CH_NUM = 1 (# of channels = 1 + TDM_CH_NUM)
w 12 0x00; //TDM_LINE_SEL_CH1: 00 (GPIO3), TDM_SLOT_SEL_CH1: 0 (slot 0)
w 13 0x01; //TDM_LINE_SEL_CH2: 00 (GPIO3), TDM_SLOT_SEL_CH2: 1 (slot 1)
w 14 0x20; //TDM_LINE_SEL_CH3: 01 (GPIO4), TDM_SLOT_SEL_CH3: 0 (slot 0)
w 15 0x21; //TDM_LINE_SEL_CH4: 01 (GPIO4), TDM_SLOT_SEL_CH4: 1 (slot 1)
w 23 0xA; //FS_PHASE = 10

//GPIO enabling
w 74 0x22; //GPIO1_CFG and GPIO2_CFG set to AUX output (master mode)
w 75 0x22; //GPIO3 and GPIO4 set to AUX output
w 86 0x03; //GPIO1_SDB and GPIO2_SDB input enabled (required)
w 88 0x0F; //GPIO1_OE and GPIO2_OE and GPIO3_OE and GPIO4_OE output enabled

//ADC CONFIG
w 63 0xBB; //adc ch1 config
w 64 0x38;
w 65 0xBB; //adc ch2 config
w 66 0x38;
w 67 0xBB; //adc ch3 config
w 68 0x38;
w 69 0xBB; //adc ch4 config
w 70 0x38;
w 71 0xFF; //set common mode to 3

//ADC filter and datapath registers
w 113 0x98; //ADC1_FILTER_SHAPE = Minimum phase slow roll off
w 130 0x98; //ADC2_FILTER_SHAPE = Minimum phase slow roll off
w 147 0x98; //ADC3_FILTER_SHAPE = Minimum phase slow roll off
w 164 0x98; //ADC4_FILTER_SHAPE = Minimum phase slow roll off

//Enable ADC
w 1 0xFF; //ENABLE_ADC_CH and ENABLE_DATA_IN_CH
```

## I2S Slave

FS=48kHz, 4 Channel from 2 data lines of I2S, MCLK=49.152MHz

```
w 0x48 193 0x01; //SEL_SYSCLK_IN = 00 (XTAL), EN_ANA_CLKIN = 1
//w 0x48 193 0x05; //SEL_SYSCLK_IN = 10 (ACLK), EN_ANA_CLKIN = 1
w 0x48 194 0x01; //SEL_CLK_DIV = 1/2 (sets ADC CLK rate, must be 22 or 24MHz)

w 0 0x00; //OUTPUT_SEL = 00 (I2S)
w 1 0xFF; //ENABLE_ADC_CH and ENABLE_DATA_IN_CH
w 2 0x07; //SELECT_ADC_NUM = 7 for 48k/44.1k, 3 for 96k, 1 for 192k
w 3 0x01; //SELECT_IADC_NUM = 1, should match SEL_CLK_DIV
w 8 0x00; //MASTER_BCK_DIV1 = 0, MASTER_MODE_ENABLE = 0
w 9 0x00; //master mode is disabled
w 10 0x05; //TDM_VALID_EDGE = 1, ENABLE_TDM_CLK = 1
w 11 0x01; //TDM_CH_NUM = 1 (# of channels = 1 + TDM_CH_NUM)
w 12 0x00; //TDM_LINE_SEL_CH1: 00 (GPIO3), TDM_SLOT_SEL_CH1: 0 (slot 0)
w 13 0x01; //TDM_LINE_SEL_CH2: 00 (GPIO3), TDM_SLOT_SEL_CH2: 1 (slot 1)
w 14 0x20; //TDM_LINE_SEL_CH3: 01 (GPIO4), TDM_SLOT_SEL_CH3: 0 (slot 0)
w 15 0x21; //TDM_LINE_SEL_CH4: 01 (GPIO4), TDM_SLOT_SEL_CH4: 1 (slot 1)
w 23 0x0A; //FS_PHASE = 10

//GPIO enabling
w 74 0x11; //GPIO1 and GPIO2 set to AUX input (slave mode)
w 75 0x22; //GPIO3 and GPIO4 set to AUX output
w 86 0x03; //GPIO1 and GPIO2 input enabled
w 88 0x0C; //GPIO3 and GPIO4 output enabled

//ADC CONFIG
w 63 0xBB; //adc ch1 config
w 64 0x38;
w 65 0xBB; //adc ch2 config
w 66 0x38;
w 67 0xBB; //adc ch3 config
w 68 0x38;
w 69 0xBB; //adc ch4 config
w 70 0x38;
w 71 0xFF; //set common mode to 3

//ADC filter and datapath registers
w 113 0x98; //ADC1_FILTER_SHAPE = Minimum phase slow roll off
w 130 0x98; //ADC2_FILTER_SHAPE = Minimum phase slow roll off
w 147 0x98; //ADC3_FILTER_SHAPE = Minimum phase slow roll off
w 164 0x98; //ADC4_FILTER_SHAPE = Minimum phase slow roll off

//Enable ADC
w 1 0xFF; //ENABLE_ADC_CH and ENABLE_DATA_IN_CH
```

## TDM Master

FS=48kHz, 4 Channel TDM (Left Justified), MCLK=49.152MHz

```
w 0x48 193 0x01; //SEL_SYSCLK_IN = 00 (XTAL), EN_ANA_CLKIN = 1
//w 0x48 193 0x05; //SEL_SYSCLK_IN = 10 (ACLK), EN_ANA_CLKIN = 1
w 0x48 194 0x01; //SEL_CLK_DIV = 1/2 (sets ADC CLK rate, must be 22 or 24MHz)

w 0 0x40; //OUTPUT_SEL = 10 (TDM)
w 2 0x07; //SELECT_ADC_NUM = 7 for 48k/44.1k, 3 for 96k, 1 for 192k
w 3 0x01; //SELECT_IADC_NUM = 1, should match SEL_CLK_DIV
w 7 0x20; //MASTER_WS_SCALE = Scale WS by 2
w 8 0x07; //MASTER_BCK_DIV1 = 0, MASTER_MODE_ENABLE = 1
w 9 0x07; //SELECT_I2S_TDM_NUM = 7 (SELECT_I2S_TDM_NUM + 1)*(MASTER_WS_SCALE)
w 10 0x03; //TDMLJ format: TDM_LJ = 1, TDM_VALID_EDGE = 0, ENABLE_TDM_CLK = 1
w 11 0x03; //TDM_CH_NUM = 3 (# of channels = 1 + TDM_CH_NUM)
w 12 0x00; //TDM_LINE_SEL_CH1: 00 (GPIO3), TDM_SLOT_SEL_CH1: 0 (slot 0)
w 13 0x01; //TDM_LINE_SEL_CH2: 00 (GPIO3), TDM_SLOT_SEL_CH2: 1 (slot 1)
w 14 0x02; //TDM_LINE_SEL_CH3: 00 (GPIO3), TDM_SLOT_SEL_CH3: 2 (slot 2)
w 15 0x03; //TDM_LINE_SEL_CH4: 00 (GPIO3), TDM_SLOT_SEL_CH4: 3 (slot 3)
w 23 0x0A; //FS_PHASE = 10
w 33 0x95; //TDM format LJ requires SYNC_POSEdge_FRAME = 1

//GPIO enabling
w 74 0x22; //GPIO1_CFG and GPIO2_CFG set to AUX output (master mode)
w 75 0x02; //GPIO3_CFG set to AUX output (data out)
w 86 0x03; //GPIO1_SDB and GPIO2_SDB input enabled
w 88 0x0F; //GPIO1_OE and GPIO2_OE and GPIO3_OE and GPIO4_OE output enabled

//ADC CONFIG
w 63 0xBB; //adc ch1 config
w 64 0x38;
w 65 0xBB; //adc ch2 config
w 66 0x38;
w 67 0xBB; //adc ch3 config
w 68 0x38;
w 69 0xBB; //adc ch4 config
w 70 0x38;
w 71 0xFF; //set common mode to 3

//ADC filter and datapath registers
w 113 0x98; //ADC1_FILTER_SHAPE = Minimum phase slow roll off
w 130 0x98; //ADC2_FILTER_SHAPE = Minimum phase slow roll off
w 147 0x98; //ADC3_FILTER_SHAPE = Minimum phase slow roll off
w 164 0x98; //ADC4_FILTER_SHAPE = Minimum phase slow roll off

//Enable ADC
w 1 0xFF; //ENABLE_ADC_CH and ENABLE_DATA_IN_CH
```

## TDM Slave

FS=48kHz, 4 Channel TDM (Left Justified), MCLK=49.152MHz

```
w 0x48 193 0x01; //SEL_SYSCLK_IN = 00 (XTAL), EN_ANA_CLKIN = 1
//w 0x48 193 0x05; //SEL_SYSCLK_IN = 10 (ACLK), EN_ANA_CLKIN = 1
w 0x48 194 0x01; //SEL_CLK_DIV = 1/2 (sets ADC CLK rate, must be 22 or 24MHz)

w 0 0x40; //OUTPUT_SEL = 10 (TDM)
w 2 0x07; //SELECT_ADC_NUM = 7 for 48k/44.1k, 3 for 96k, 1 for 192k
w 3 0x01; //SELECT_IADC_NUM = 1, should match SEL_CLK_DIV
w 8 0x00; //MASTER_BCK_DIV1 = 0, MASTER_MODE_ENABLE = 0
w 9 0x00; //master mode is disabled
w 10 0x03; //TDMLJ format: TDM_LJ = 1, TDM_VALID_EDGE = 0, ENABLE_TDM_CLK = 1
w 11 0x03; //TDM_CH_NUM = 3 (# of channels = 1 + TDM_CH_NUM)
w 12 0x00; //TDM_LINE_SEL_CH1: 00 (GPIO3), TDM_SLOT_SEL_CH1: 0 (slot 0)
w 13 0x01; //TDM_LINE_SEL_CH2: 00 (GPIO3), TDM_SLOT_SEL_CH2: 1 (slot 1)
w 14 0x02; //TDM_LINE_SEL_CH3: 00 (GPIO3), TDM_SLOT_SEL_CH3: 2 (slot 2)
w 15 0x03; //TDM_LINE_SEL_CH4: 00 (GPIO3), TDM_SLOT_SEL_CH4: 3 (slot 3)
w 23 0xA; //FS_PHASE = 10
w 33 0x95; //TDM format LJ requires SYNC_POSEdge_FRAME = 1

//GPIO enabling
w 74 0x11; //GPIO1_CFG and GPIO2_CFG set to AUX input (clocks in)
w 75 0x02; //GPIO3_CFG set to AUX output (data out)
w 86 0x03; //GPIO1_SDB and GPIO2_SDB input enabled
w 88 0x0C; //GPIO3_OE and GPIO4_OE output enabled

//ADC CONFIG
w 63 0xBB; //adc ch1 config
w 64 0x38;
w 65 0xBB; //adc ch2 config
w 66 0x38;
w 67 0xBB; //adc ch3 config
w 68 0x38;
w 69 0xBB; //adc ch4 config
w 70 0x38;
w 71 0xFF; //set common mode to 3

//ADC filter and datapath registers
w 113 0x98; //ADC1_FILTER_SHAPE = Minimum phase slow roll off
w 130 0x98; //ADC2_FILTER_SHAPE = Minimum phase slow roll off
w 147 0x98; //ADC3_FILTER_SHAPE = Minimum phase slow roll off
w 164 0x98; //ADC4_FILTER_SHAPE = Minimum phase slow roll off

//Enable ADC
w 1 0xFF; //ENABLE_ADC_CH and ENABLE_DATA_IN_CH
```

## Revision History

Current Version 0.5

Rev.	Date	Notes
0.1.4	October 30, 2020	Initial release
0.1.6	November 2, 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Added Input Voltage to performance table</li> </ul>
0.1.7	November 3, 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Added sample rate and latency table for the pre-programmed digital filters</li> <li>Updated the Impulse and Freq Response plots of the digital filters</li> </ul>
0.1.8	November 6, 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Added GPIO Audio Data Configurations</li> <li>Updated Pin Descriptions</li> <li>Updated Reference Schematic</li> </ul>
0.1.9	November 10, 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Corrected pin 28 naming on QFN pinout</li> <li>Updated pin descriptions</li> <li>Added I2C Slave/Synchronous Slave Interface Timing</li> <li>Added SPI Slave Interface formatting</li> </ul>
0.1.10	November 17, 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Updated some power supply naming</li> <li>Added L dimension to Package Dimensions</li> <li>Corrected pin 5 naming in QFN pinout</li> </ul>
0.1.11	November 24, 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Added Register Map</li> </ul>
0.1.12	Dec 1, 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Corrected Pin 4 pin description</li> </ul>
0.1.13	Feb 1, 2021	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Updated Performance table</li> <li>Added Power Up/Down Sequences</li> <li>Updated recommended operating conditions</li> <li>Updated Absolute Maximum Ratings from 5V to 4.75V, no 5V supplies are to be used</li> </ul>
0.1.14	Feb 1, 2021	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Updated Package Drawing, removed ESS symbol</li> </ul>
0.2	April 6, 2021	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Added Clock Distribution section</li> <li>Updated Power Consumption table</li> <li>Added I2S Serial timing table</li> <li>Updated ASP references</li> <li>Corrected Register 228 with clip descriptions to register 229</li> <li>Updated Digital Path diagram to include I2S decoder</li> <li>Added notes on THD compensation</li> <li>Added Clip detection section</li> <li>Digital Output Ports</li> <li>Reserved Reg 105[1],122[1],139[1],156[1]</li> <li>Updated Register 194 descriptions</li> <li>Updated Register 63-70 Register descriptions</li> <li>Updated Register 35,36 Register descriptions</li> </ul>

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Updated Register 12-15[6:5] descriptions</li><li>• Added I2S decoder and Programmable delay section</li><li>• Updated Register Overview I2C table</li><li>• Updated Register 73 descriptions</li></ul>
0.2.1	April 14, 2021	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Updated Default value Register 13 [4:0] typo</li><li>• Updated GPIO section description</li><li>• Added Pin 41 Package pad description to Pin list</li><li>• Updated Register 87-86 mnemonics</li></ul>
0.2.3	May 10, 2021	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Updated Register 23 FS_PHASE description. Recommended to set to 7'd10</li><li>• Updated Register 11 [7] TDM_GPIO456</li><li>• Updated Device Markings</li></ul>
0.2.4	June 10, 2021	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Reserved register 73</li><li>• Added minimum MCLK frequency</li></ul>
0.3.1	October 15, 2021	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Added clock configuration tables</li><li>• Added 2x mode registers to clock distribution diagram</li><li>• Added reserved register note to top of register listings</li><li>• Added note on connecting package pin to DGND</li><li>• Major overall formatting changes</li><li>• Changed Standby power consumption</li><li>• Added Captions to all tables and figures</li><li>• Changed HP filter to DC blocking filter for clarity in Digital Path Block diagram</li><li>• Re-organized Digital Features sub-sections and added corresponding register names</li><li>• Added Volume Control section under Digital Signal Path</li><li>• Updated GPIO section</li><li>• Added Addendum with s2m configurations</li><li>• Unreserved register 71</li><li>• Added PCM digital filter characteristics</li><li>• Updated IADC clock description</li><li>• Added ESD protection limits</li><li>• Corrected Figure 5 ES9311 pin names, pins 16-17, 24-25</li><li>• Updated ES9311 reference schematic</li><li>• Updated Register 64,66,68,70 descriptions</li></ul>
0.4	April 7, 2022	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Corrected Register Heading for register 23 (was an error)</li><li>• Updated power up and down sequencing</li><li>• Updated Register 6[5],192,193 Register Descriptions</li><li>• Added switching characteristics section</li><li>• Added audio interface timing requirements</li></ul>

## ES9842 PRO Product Datasheet



		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Added TDM cascade and TDM/I2S parallel mode sections</li> <li>• Updated power consumption</li> <li>• Added DVDD to Recommended Operating Conditions</li> <li>• Updated block diagram, removed low noise reg reference</li> <li>• Added Min Phase filter characteristics</li> <li>• Reserved register 73</li> <li>• Updated register 8[7] description</li> <li>• Added maximum input voltages</li> <li>• Added maximum negative supply voltages (See Absolute Max Ratings table)</li> </ul>
0.5	May 26, 2023	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Updated formatting</li> <li>• Changed TDM/I2S to TDM/PCM</li> <li>• Updated PCM Filter characteristics</li> <li>• Update addendum s2m files</li> <li>• Added MCLK to BCK timing requirements</li> <li>• Renamed 2x mode to 64FS mode</li> <li>• Updated defaults for Registers 112, 129, 146, 163</li> <li>• Updated names for Registers 112,113,129,130,146,147,163,164</li> <li>• Updated Register 23[6:0] FS_PHASE</li> <li>• Renamed all “clip” references to “peak”</li> </ul>

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