# 700 Bit Serial Electrically Alterable Read Only Memory

#### **FEATURES**

- 50 word x 14 bit organization
- Addressing by two consecutive one-of-ten codes
- Word alterable
- 10 year data storage
- TTL compatible signal levels

of the selected memory transistors.

■ Write/erase time: 10ms

#### DESCRIPTION

The ER1451 is a serial input/output 700 bit electrically erasable and reprogrammable ROM, organized as 50 words of 14 bits each. Data and address are communicated in serial form via a one-pin bidirectional bus. Its operation is similar to the ER1400 in all respects, except that it has only half the memory capacity. The address, in the form of two consecutive one-of-ten codes, is shifted in with the first ten bits indicating the MSD. Address 49 is the highest valid address. For this reason during the first five clock cycles of an ACCEPT ADDRESS function the data input is ignored.

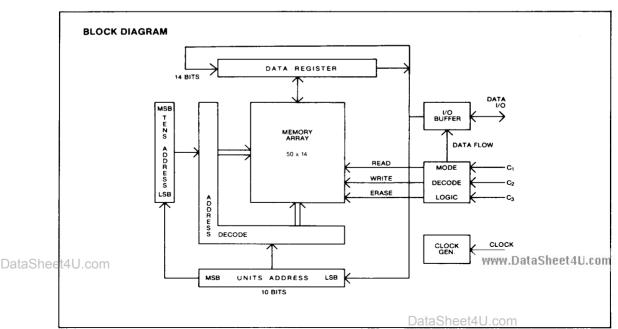
Mode selection is by a 3 bit code applied to C1, C2 and C3. Before writing, a selected location must be preconditioned by an

Erase operation. Data is then stored by internal negative writing pulses that selectively tunnel charge into the oxide-nitride interface of the gate insulator of the 700 MNOS memory transistors. When the writing voltage is removed the charge trapped at the

Top View V<sub>SS</sub> (+5V) 14 V<sub>M</sub> (N.C.) V<sub>GG</sub> (-30V) 13 N.C. N.C. Data I/O GND [ 11 N.C. DataSh N.C. 10 T N.C. 9 🗀 C3 Clock [ C1 8 1 C2 N.C. = No external connection for normal usage interface is manifested as a negative shift in the threshold voltage

PIN CONFIGURATION

14 LEAD DUAL IN LINE



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#### PIN FUNCTIONS

Name	Function										
Data	In the Accept Address and Accept Data modes, this pin is an input pin for address and data respectively. When outputting data it has TTL drive capability, while in all other modes it is left floating.										
V <sub>M</sub>	Used for testing purposes only. Must be left unconnected for normal operation.										
v <sub>ss</sub>	Chip substrate. Normally connected to +5V										
v <sub>ee</sub>	DC supply. Normally connected to −30 Volt supply.										
Clock	Timing reference. Required for all operations. May be left at logic one when device is in standby.										
C1, C2, C3	Mode control pins. Their operation is as follows:										
	<u>C1</u>	C2	<u>C3</u>	Function							
	1	1	1	Standby—The output buffer is left floating. If the clock is maintained, the contents of the Address and Data Registers will remain unchanged.							
	1	0	0	Accept Address—Data presented at the I/O pin is shifted into the Address Register with each clock pulse. Addressing is by two consecutive one-of-ten codes.							
	0	1	1	Read—The address word is read from memory into the data register.							
	0	1	0	Shift Data Out—The output driver is enabled and the contents of the Data Register are shifted out one bit with each clock pulse.							
	1	0	1	Erase-The word stored at the addressed location is erased to all zeroes.							
om	0	0	0	Accept DataThe data register accepts serial data presented at the I/O pin. The Address Register remains unchanged.							
OIII	0	0	1	Write—The word contained in the Data Register is written into the location designated by the Address Register.							
	1	1	0	Not Used							

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

## Maximum Ratings\*

All inputs and outputs (except  $V_{GG}$ ) with respect to  $V_{SS}$ . -20V to +0.3V  $V_{GG}$  with respect to  $V_{SS}$ . -40V Storage temperature (No Data Retention).......-65° C to +150° C Storage temperature (with Data Retention)

\* Exceeding these ratings could cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of this device at these conditions is not implied—operating ranges are specified in Standard Conditions. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Data labeled "typical" is presented for design guidance only and is not guaranteed.

## Standard Conditions (unless otherwise noted)

 $V_{SS}\!=+5$  Volts  $\pm$  5% GND = 0 Volts

 $V_{GG}$  = -30 Volts  $\pm$  5%

Operating Temperature T<sub>A</sub> = 0°C to +70°C

Characteristics	Sym	Min	Тур**	Max	Units	Conditions
DC CHARACTERISTICS						
Input Logic "0"	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub> 15.0	_	+0.8	Volts	
Input Logic "1"	V <sub>IH</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub> -1.5	_	V <sub>SS</sub> +0.3	Volts	
Input Leakage	1,	-	_	10	μΑ	V <sub>IN</sub> = -10V
Output Logic "0"	V <sub>OL</sub>		_	+0.4	Volts	$I_{OI} = 3.2 \text{mA}$
Output Logic "1"	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub> -1.5	_	V <sub>ss</sub>	Volts	I <sub>OH</sub> = 3.2mA
Power Consumption	P <sub>GG</sub>		_	300	mW	l on
Power Supply Current	IGG	_	_	8.0	mA	
	Iss	_	_	8.0	mΑ	
AC CHARACTERISTICS	30					
Clock Frequency	fφ	10.0	14.0	17.0	kHz	
Clock Duty Cycle	Dφ	35	50	65	%	
Write Time	tw	10.0	15.0	24.0	ms	
Erase Time	te	10.0	15.0	24.0	ms	
Rise, Fall Time	tr, tf	_	_	1.0	μs	
Control, Data Set Up Time	tcs	1 1	_	_	μs	
Control, Data Hold Time	t <sub>CH</sub>	l o	_	_	μs	
Propagation Delay	tpw		_	20.0	μS	Load: 2 TTL gates + 100pf
Non-Volatile Data Storage	Ts	10	_		Years	See Note 1.
Number of Erase/Write Cycles	Nw	_	_	10⁴	_	Per word. See Note 2.
Number of Read Accesses Between Writes	N <sub>RA</sub>	109	_		_	Per word

Data\*\*Typical values are at +25°C and nominal voltages.

NOTES: 1. T<sub>S</sub> is for powered or unpowered storage.

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N<sub>W</sub> (=10<sup>4</sup>) is a maximum for data retention times greater than 10 years. Beyond 10<sup>4</sup> reprogramming cycles, there is a gradual, logarithmic reduction in retention time with 1 year being a typical value after 10<sup>5</sup> cycles.