# S.Q. TUBE

Special quality pentode designed for use as broad band amplifier.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA				
Life test	10 000 hou	ırs		
Mechanical quality	Shock and	Shock and vibration resistant		
Low microphony level				
Base	Noval			
Heating	Indirect a.c. or d	.c.; parallel	supply	
Heater voltage	$v_{f}$	6.3	v	
Heater current	$I_{f}$	320	mA	
Anode current	I <sub>a</sub>	13	mA	
Mutual conductance	S	16.5	mA/V	
Equivalent noise resistance	R <sub>eq</sub>	330	Ω	
Hum voltage	$v_{g_1}$	<100	μV	

#### DIMENSIONS AND CONNECTIONS

Dimensions in mm

Base: Noval





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#### **CHARACTERISTICS**

Column I

I Nominal value or setting of the tubeII Range values for equipment design: Initial spread

III Range values for equipment design: End of life

		I	II	III	
Heater voltage	V <sub>f</sub>	6.3			v
Heater current	$I_{f}$	320	300-340		mA
Anode supply voltage	V <sub>ba</sub>	190			v
Grid No.3 voltage	$v_{g_3}$	0			v
Grid No.2 supply voltage	v <sub>bg2</sub>	160			v
Grid No.1 supply voltage	$+ V_{bg_1}$	9			v
Cathode resistor	R <sub>k</sub>	630			Ω
Anode current	Ι <sub>a</sub>	13	12.2-13.8	min.11.5	mA
Grid No.2 current	Ig2	3.3	2.9- 3.7	}	mA
Mutual conductance	S	16.5	14.2-18.6	min. 11	mA/V
Amplification factor grid No.2 to grid No.1	$^{\mu}g_{2}g_{1}$	53			
Internal resistance	R <sub>i</sub>	100			kΩ
Equivalent noise resistance frequency 45 MHz	R <sub>eq</sub>	330			Ω
Negative grid No.1 current	-Ig1		max. 0.2	max.0.5	μA
Anode supply voltage	v <sub>ba</sub>	180			v
Grid No.3 voltage	v <sub>g3</sub>	0			v
Grid No.2 supply voltage	v <sub>bg2</sub>	150			v
Cathode resistor	R <sub>k</sub>	100			Ω
Anode current	Ia	11.5			mA
	ĺ				
Grid No.2 current	Ig2	2.9			mA

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CHARACTERISTICS (continued)	_	I	II	III	
Cut-off voltage	$-v_{g_1}$	4.5			v
Anode voltage	va	180			v
Grid No.3 voltage	$v_{g_3}$	0			v
Grid No.2 voltage	$v_{g_2}$	150			v
Anode current	Ia		max.0.8		mA
Leakage current between cathode and heater Voltage between cathode and heater V <sub>kf</sub> = 100 V	I <sub>kf</sub>		max. 10	max.20	μA
Insulation resistance between two electrodes Voltage between electrodes = 100 V	R <sub>ins</sub>		min. 100	min. 50	MΩ
Hum voltage	v <sub>g1</sub>		max.100		μV
Grid No.1 resistor Rg1 = 0.5 M $\Omega$					
Centre tapping of heater trans- former grounded					
Cathode resistor by-passed					
Vibrational noise output					
With vibration frequency = $50-2000$ Hz	$v_{g_1}$		max.500		mV <sub>RMS</sub>
With vibration frequency = $50 \text{ Hz}$	$v_{g_1}$		max.200		mV <sub>RMS</sub>
Anode supply voltage $V_{b_a}$ = 216 V					
Anode resistor $R_a = 2 \ k\Omega$					
Grid No.2 supply voltage $V_{bg_2}$ = 160 V	,				
Grid No.3 voltage V <sub>g3</sub> = 0 V					
Cathode resistor R <sub>k</sub> = 630 Ω (not by-passed)					
Grid No.1 supply voltage $+V_{bg_1}$ = 9 V					
Acceleration (peak value) = 10 g					

#### **CAPACITANCES** . With external shield

Anode to grid No.3, grid No.2 cathode, heater and screen

Grid No.1 to grid No.3, grid No.2 cathode, heater and screen

Anode to grid No.1

	Ι	II	
$C_{a/g_3g_2kfs}$	3.45		pF
$c_{g_1/g_3g_2kfs}$	7.6		pF
C <sub>ag1</sub>		max.0.03	pF

### SHOCK AND VIBRATION RESISTANCE

The following test conditions are applied to assess the mechanical quality of the tube. These conditions are not intended to be used as normal operating conditions.

#### Shock

The tube is subjected 5 times in each of 4 positions to an acceleration of 500 g supplied by an NRL shock machine with the hammer lifted over an angle of  $30^{\circ}$ .

#### Vibration

The tube is subjected during 32 hours in each of 3 positions to a vibration frequency of 50 Hz with an acceleration of 2.5 g.

#### LIFE

Production samples are tested to be within the end of life values (column III) under the following conditions during 10 000 hours.

Anode supply voltage	V <sub>ba</sub>	190	v
Grid No.3 voltage	$v_{g_3}$	0	v
Grid No.2 voltage	vg2	160	v
Grid No.1 supply voltage	$+V_{bg_1}$	9	V
Cathode resistor	Ř <sub>k</sub>	630	Ω
Voltage between cathode and heater (cathode negative)	V <sub>kf</sub>	70	v

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## LIMITING VALUES (Absolute max. rating system)

Anode voltage	vao	max.	400	v
	v <sub>a</sub>	max.	210	v
Anode dissipation	Wa	max.	3	W
Grid No.2 dissipation	$w_{g_2}$	max.	0.7	W
Grid No.2 voltage	$v_{g_{2o}}$	max.	400	v
	$v_{g_2}$	max.	175	v
Grid No.1 voltage				
positive	$+ Vg_1$	max.	0	v
negative	$-v_{g_1}$	max.	50	v
negative peak	-Vg <sub>1p</sub>	max.	100	v
Grid No.1 resistor	-			
fixed bias	$R_{g_1}$	max.	0.25	MΩ
automatic bias	$R_{g_1}$	max.	0.5	MΩ
Cathode current	Ι <sub>k</sub>	max.	25	mA
Voltage between cathode and heater	v <sub>kf</sub>	max.	60	v
Bulb temperature	tbulb	max.	165	°C

Heater voltage: The average heater voltage should be 6.3 V.

Variation of the heater voltage exceeding the range of 6.0 V to 6.6 V will shorten the tube life.

The tolerance of heater current (column II) should be taken into account .





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# PHILIPS

# Data handbook



Electronic components and materials

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