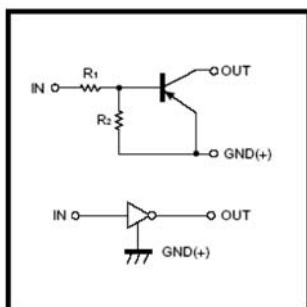


RoHS Compliant Product
A suffix of "-C" specifies halogen & lead-free

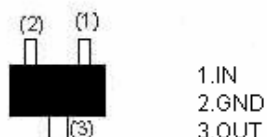
FEATURES

- Built-in bias resistors enable the configuration of an inverter circuit without connecting external input resistors (see equivalent circuit).
- The bias resistors consist of thin-film resistors with complete isolation to allow positive biasing of the input. They also have the advantage of almost completely eliminating parasitic effects.
- Only the on/off conditions need to be set for operation, making device design easy.

EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT

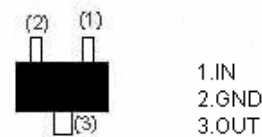


DTA124EE (SOT-523)



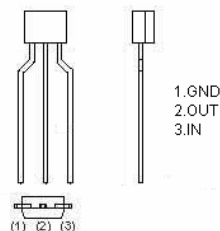
Abbreviated symbol : 15

DTA124EUA (SOT-323)

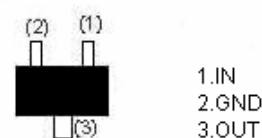


Abbreviated symbol : 15

DTA124ESA (TO-92S)



DTA124ECA (SOT-23)



Abbreviated symbol : 15

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS at (T_A = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Limits (DTA124E□)				Unit
		E	UA	CA	SA	
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	-50				V
Input Voltage	V _{IN}	-40 ~ 10				V
Output Current	I _O	-30				mA
	I _{C(MAX)}	-100				
Power dissipation	P _D	150	200		300	mW
Junction & Storage temperature	T _J , T _{STG}	150, -55~150				℃

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at (T_A = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
Input Voltage	V _{I(off)}	-	-	-0.5	V	V _{CC} = -5V, I _O = -100μA
	V _{I(on)}	-3	-	-		V _O = -0.2V, I _O = -5mA
Output Voltage	V _{O(on)}	-	-	-0.3	V	I _O /I _I = -10mA / -0.5mA
Input Current	I _I	-	-	-0.36	mA	V _I = -5V
Output Current	I _{O(off)}	-	-	-0.5	μA	V _{CC} = -50V, V _I =0
DC Current Gain	G _I	56	-	-		V _O = -5V, I _O = -5mA
Input Resistance	R _I	15.4	22	28.6	KΩ	
Resistance ratio	R ₂ / R ₁	0.8	1	1.2		
Transition frequency	f _T	-	250	-	MHz	V _O = -10V, I _O = -5mA, f= 100MHz

CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

●Electrical characteristic curves

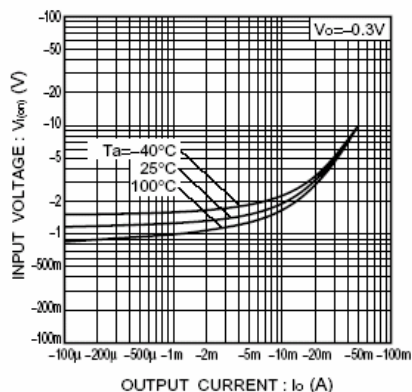


Fig.1 Input voltage vs. output current
(ON characteristics)

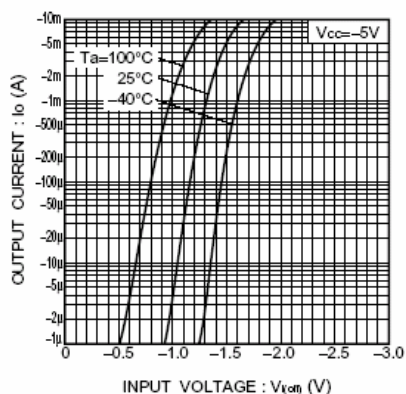


Fig.2 Output current vs. input voltage
(OFF characteristics)

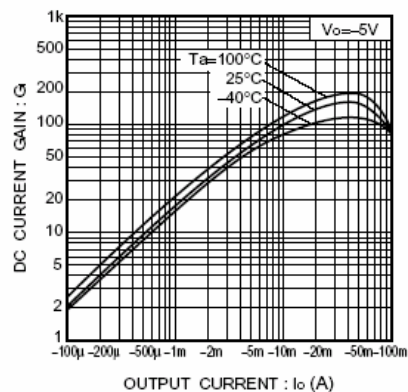


Fig.3 DC current gain vs. output
current

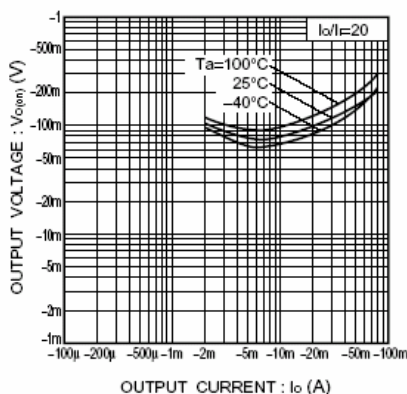


Fig.4 Output voltage vs. output current