

DP9128V

Non-isolated Quasi-Resonant Buck LED Power Switch

FEATURES

- Integrated with 500V MOSFET
- No Auxiliary Winding Needed
- Quasi-Resonant for High Efficiency
- Built-in Thermal Foldback
- Built-in Charging Circuit for Fast Start-Up
- ±4% CC Regulation
- Very Low VDD Operation Current
- Built-in AC Line CC Compensation
- Build in Protections:
 - LED Short/Open Protection
 - On-Chip Thermal Fold-back (OTP)
 - Cycle-by-Cycle Current Limiting
 - Leading Edge Blanking (LEB)
 - Pin Floating Protection
 - VDD UVLO
- Available with SOP-8 Package

APPLICATIONS

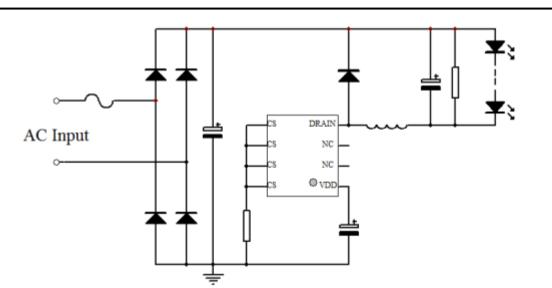
• LED Lighting

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

DP9128V is a highly integrated power switch with Quasi-Resonant Buck (QR-Buck) constant current (CC) control for LED lighting applications.

DP9128V combines a 500V power MOSFET switch with a power controller in one chip. The IC also integrates high voltage startup/IC supply circuit and a novel transformer demagnetization circuit, which eliminates transformer auxiliary winding. The IC adopts Quasi-Resonant control for high efficiency.

DP9128V integrates functions and protections of Current Limit and Leading Edge Blanking, Under Voltage Lockout (UVLO), Cycle-by-cycle Current Limiting (OCP), Thermal Foldback (OTP), LED Open/Short Protection, etc.



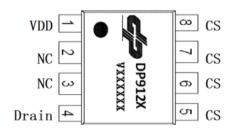
TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT



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Pin Configuration & Marking Information



SOP-8

Output Power Table

Part Number	Package	Output Current for 90-265Vac		Output Current for 176-265Vac		Minimum	
	Fackage	36V output	72V output	150V output	200V output	Minimum Output Voltage	
DP9128	SOP-8	190 mA	150 mA	130 mA	120 mA	Voltage	

Pin Description

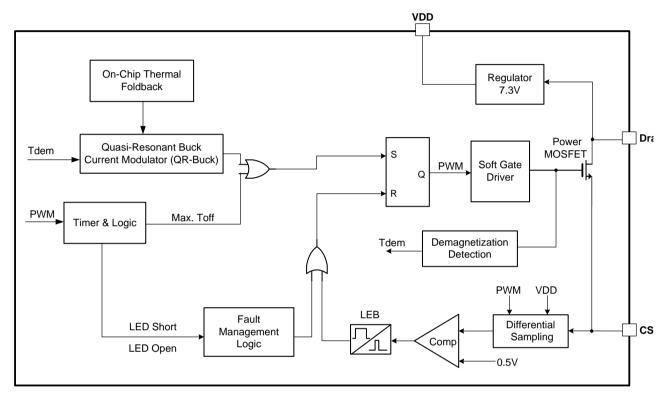
SOP-8	Pin Name	I/O	Description	
4	Drain	Р	Internal power MOSFET drain	
1	VDD	Р	Power Supply Pin of the Chip.	
5,6,7,8	CS	Ρ	The Ground of the IC. This pin is also used for peak current control.	



Ordering Information

Part Number	Description
DP9128V	SOP8, Pb free in T&R, 4000Pcs/Reel

Block Diagram





Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

Parameter	Value	Unit
VDD DC Supply Voltage	8.5	V
Drain pin	-0.3 to 500	V
Package Thermal Resistance (SOP-8)	165	°C /W
Package Thermal Resistance (TO-92)	170	°C /W
Package Thermal Resistance (SOT23-3L)	260	°C /W
Package Thermal Resistance (SOT-223)	105	°C /W
Maximum Junction Temperature	175	°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65 to 150	°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10sec.)	260	°C
ESD Capability, HBM (Human Body Model)	3	kV
ESD Capability, MM (Machine Model)	250	V

Recommended Operation Conditions (Note 2)

Parameter	Value	Unit
Operating Junction Temperature	-40 to 125	°C

Electrical Characteristics (Ta = 25° C, If Not Otherwise Noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit		
Supply Volta	Supply Voltage Section(VDD Pin)							
I _{VDD_ST}	Startup Current	VDD=6.5V		700		uA		
I _{VDD_Op}	Operation Current			140	260	uA		
V _{DD_Op}	VDD Operation Voltage		6.8	7.3	7.8	V		
V _{DD_OFF}	VDD Under Voltage Lockout Enter			5.3		V		
Timing Sect	Timing Section							
T _{on_max}	Maximum On Time			32		us		
T _{off_min}	Minimum OFF Time			2.5		us		
T _{off_max}	Maximum OFF Time			300		us		



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T _{dem_OVP}	Off Time OVP Trigger Threshold			5		us		
Current Sen	Current Sense Input Section (CS Pin)							
T _{LEB}	CS Input Leading Edge Blanking Time			500		ns		
V _{cs(max)}	Current limiting threshold		490	500	510	mV		
T _{D_OCP}	Over Current Detection and Control Delay			100		ns		
Over Tempe	Over Temperature Protection							
T _{SD}	Thermal Foldback Trigger Point	(Note 3)		165		°C		
Power MOSFET Section (Drain Pin)								
V _{BR}	Power MOSFET Drain Source Breakdown Voltage		500			V		
R_{dson}	Static Drain-Source On Resistance	I(Drain)=50mA		10		ohm		

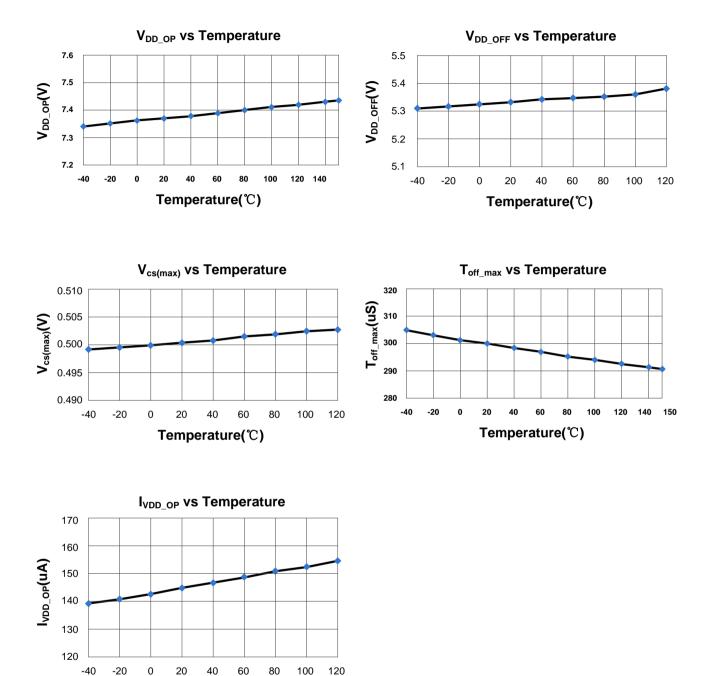
Note1. Stresses listed as the above "Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are for stress ratings. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may remain possibility to affect device reliability.

Note2. The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating conditions.

Note3. Guaranteed by design.



Characterization Plots



Temperature(°C)



Operation Description

DP9128V combines a high voltage power MOSFET switch with a power controller in one chip. The built-in high precision CC control with high level protection features makes it suitable for LED lighting applications.

• 7.3V Regulator

In DP9128V, the 7.3V regulator charges VDD hold-up capacitor to 7.3V by drawing a current from the voltage on the Drain pin, whenever the internal power MOSFET is off. When the power MOSFET is on, the charging device runs off of the energy stored in the VDD hold-up capacitor. Extremely low IC power consumption allows DP9128V to operate continuously from the current drawn from the Drain pin. A capacitor value about 1uF is sufficient for both high frequency decoupling and energy storage.

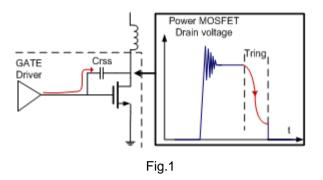
• Very Low Operation Current

The operating current in DP9128V is as small as 140uA (typical). The small operating current results in higher efficiency and reduces the VDD hold-up capacitance requirement.

Demagnetization Detection without Auxiliary Winding

In DP9128V. the transformer core demagnetization is detected by monitoring the coupling current flowing through the parasitic capacitor Crss between the drain and gate of power MOSFET. When the transformer is fully demagnetized, the Drain voltage evolution is governed by the resonating energy transfer between the transformer inductor and the global capacitance present on the Drain. These voltage oscillations create current oscillation in the parasitic capacitor Crss. A negative current takes place during the decreasing part of the Drain oscillation, and a positive current during the

increasing part. The transformer demagnetization time corresponds to the inversion of the current by detecting this point, as shown in Fig.1.



Quasi Resonant Buck (QR-Buck) Constant Current Control

In QR-Buck mode, the IC keeps CS peak current constant and starts new PWM cycle with valley switching. Therefore, high precision CC and high conversion efficiency can be achieved simultaneously. The average LED regulation output current is given by:

$$I_{Buck_CC_OUT}(mA) \cong \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{500mV}{Rcs(\Omega)}$$

In the equation above,

Rcs--- the sensing resistor connected between the CS pin to Buck system GND.

Minimum and Maximum OFF Time

In DP9128V, a minimum OFF time (typically 2us) is implemented to suppress ringing when the power MOSFET is off. The minimum OFF time is necessary in applications where the transformer has a large leakage inductance. The maximum OFF time in DP9128V is typically 250us.

Auto-Restart and LED Open Loop



Protectio n

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In the event of LED open loop condition, the

system frequency increases and the demagnetization time decreases accordingly. When the transformer demagnetization time is smaller than 5.0us (typical), the IC enters into auto-restart and VDD oscillation mode begins, wherein the power MOSFET is disabled. In VDD oscillation mode, the VDD hold-up capacitor voltage will periodically ramp up and down between 5.3V and 7.3V with a digital counter counting the oscillation cycle. When 32 cycles had been counted, the IC will reset and start up the system again. However, if the fault still exists, the system will experience the above mentioned process. If the fault has gone, the system will resume normal operation. The triggering voltage of LED Open Loop Protection is given by

$$V_{\text{LED_OVP}}\left(V\right) = \frac{I_{\text{PK}} \times L}{T_{\text{dem_OVP}}} \cong \frac{500 \text{mV}}{\text{Rcs}(\Omega)} \times \frac{L}{5 \text{us}}$$

In the equation above,

L--- Inductance of Buck Inductor.

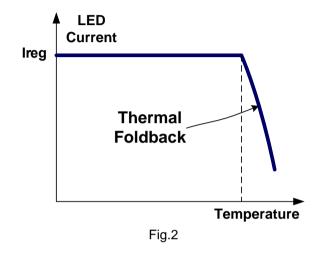
Current Limit and Leading Edge Blanking

The current limit circuit samples the differential voltage between VDD and CS, as shown in "Block Diagram". When the sampled differential voltage exceeds the internal threshold (500mV), the power MOSFET is turned off for the remainder of that cycle. An internal leading edge blanking circuit is built in. During this blanking period (500ns, typical), the cycle-by-cycle current limiting comparator is disabled and cannot switch off the GATE driver.

• On Chip Thermal Fold-back (OTP)

DP9128V integrates thermal fold-back function. When the IC temperature is over 165°C, the system output regulation current is gradually reduced, as shown in Fig.2. Thus, the output power and thermal dissipation are also reduced. In this way, the system temperature is limited and system reliability is also improved.

DP9128V



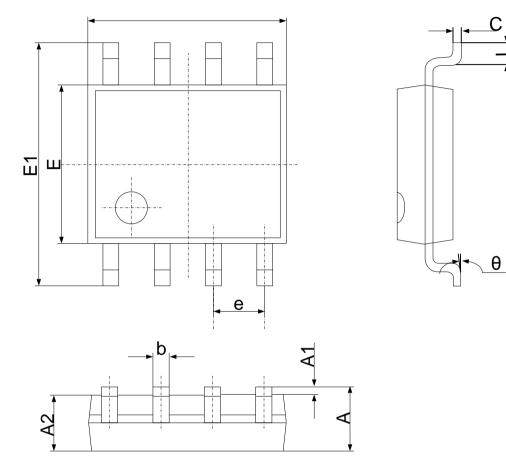
Soft Totem-Pole Gate Driver

DP9128V has a soft totem-pole gate driver with optimized EMI performance.



Package Dimension

SOP-8



Symbol	Dimensions I	n Millimeters	Dimensions In Inches		
Symbol	Min	Мах	Min	Max	
A	1.350	1.750	0.053	0.069	
A1	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010	
A2	1.350	1.550	0.053	0.061	
b	0.330	0.510	0.013	0.020	
С	0.170	0.250	0.006	0.010	
D	4.700	5.100	0.185	0.200	
E	3.800	4.000	0.150	0.157	
E1	5.800	6.200	0.228	0.244	
е	1.270 (BSC)		0.050	(BSC)	
L	0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050	
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°	