

DM11A

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8-bit Constant Current LED Driver



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DM11A

8-bit Constant Current LED Driver

General Description

DM11A is a constant-current sink driver specifically designed for LED display applications. The device incorporates shift registers, data latches, and constant current circuitry on the silicon CMOS chip. The maximum output current value of all 8 channels is adjustable by a single external resistor.

Features

- Constant-current outputs: 3mA to 60mA adjustable by one external resistor
- Maximum output voltage: 17V
- Maximum clock frequency: 25MHz
- Power supply voltage: 3.3V to 5V
- In-rush current control
- Output slew rate control (Tr/Tf, over/under shoot)
- Bit-to-bit skew : $\pm 3\%$ (max.) Chip-to-chip skew : $\pm 6\%$ (max.)
- Package and pin assignment compatible to conventional LED drivers (DM114/5/6)

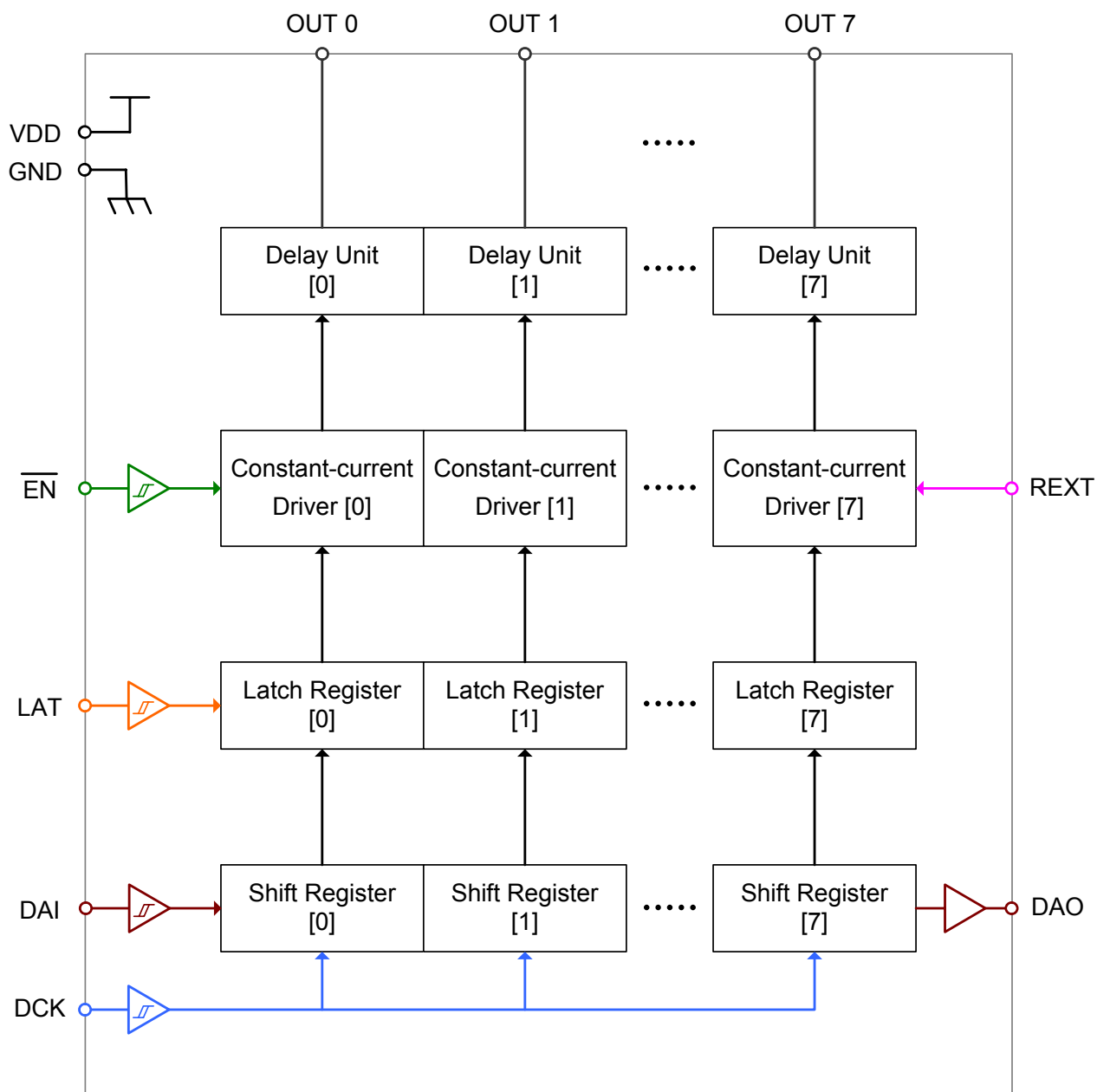
Applications

- Indoor/Outdoor LED Video Display
- LED Variable Message Signs (VMS) System

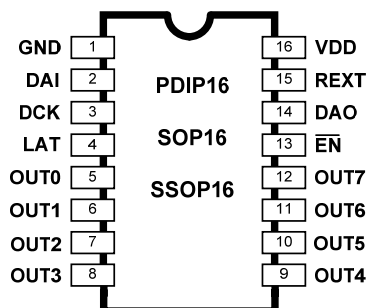
Package Types

- PDIP16, SOP16, SOP16B, SSOP16

Block Diagram



Pin Connection

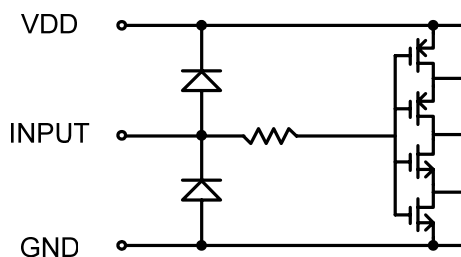


Pin Description

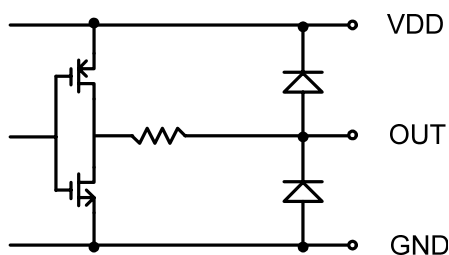
PIN No.	PIN NAME	FUNCTION
1	GND	Ground terminal.
2	DAI	Serial data input terminal.
3	DCK	Synchronous clock input terminal for serial data transfer. Data is sampled at the rising edge of DCK.
4	LAT	Input terminal of data strobe. Data on shift register goes through at the high level of LAT (level trigger). Otherwise, data is latched.
5~12	OUT0~7	Sink constant-current outputs (open-drain).
13	$\overline{\text{EN}}$	Output enable terminal: ‘H’ for all outputs are turned off , ‘L’ for all outputs are active.
14	DAO	Serial data output terminal.
15	REXT	External resistors connected between REXT and GND for output current value setting.
16	VCC	Supply voltage terminal.

Equivalent Circuit of Inputs and Outputs

1. DCK, DAI, LAT, $\overline{\text{EN}}$ terminals



2. DAO terminals





Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C, Tj(max) = 120°C)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Supply Voltage	VDD	-0.3 ~ 7.0	V
Input Voltage	VIN	-0.3 ~ VDD+0.3	V
Output Current	IOUT	60	mA
Output Voltage	VOUT	-0.3 ~ 17	V
Input Clock Frequency	FDCK	25	MHz
GND Terminal Current	IGND	1500	mA
Power Dissipation (4 layer PCB)	PD	1.12 (PDIP16 : Ta=25°C)	W
		1.17 (SOP16 : Ta=25°C)	
		1.06 (SOP16B : Ta=25°C)	
		0.82 (SSOP16 : Ta=25°C)	
Thermal Resistance	Rth(j-a)	85.0 (PDIP16)	°C/W
		81.2 (SOP16)	
		90 (SOP16B)	
		115.9 (SSOP16)	
Operating Temperature	Top	-40 ~ 85	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-55 ~ 150	°C

Recommended Operating Condition

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Supply Voltage	VDD	—	3.3	5.0	5.5	V
Output Voltage	VOUT	Driver On ^{*1}	1.0	—	0.5VDD	V
Output Voltage	VOUT	Driver Off ^{*2}	—	—	17	
Output Current	IO	OUTn	5	—	60	mA
	IOH	VOH = VDD – 0.2 V	—	—	+1.2	
	IOL	VOL = 0.2 V	—	—	-1.4	
Input Voltage	VIH	VDD = 3.3 V ~ 5.5V	0.8VDD	—	VDD	V
	VIL		0.0	—	0.2VDD	
Input Clock Frequency	FDCK	Single Chip Operation	—	—	25	MHz
LAT Pulse Width	tw LAT	VDD = 5.0V	15	—	—	ns
DCK Pulse Width	tw DCK		15	—	—	
Set-up Time for DAI	tsetup(D)		10	—	—	
Hold Time for DAI	thold(D)		10	—	—	
Set-up Time for LAT	tsetup(L)		10	—	—	
Hold Time for LAT	thold(L)		10	—	—	

^{*1} Notice that the power dissipation is limited to its package and ambient temperature.

^{*2} The driver output voltage including any overshoot stress has to be compliant with the maximum voltage (17V).



Electrical Characteristics (VDD = 5.0 V, Ta = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Input Voltage "H" Level	VIH	CMOS logic level	0.8VDD	—	VDD	V
Input Voltage "L" Level	VIL	CMOS logics2 level	GND	—	0.2VDD	
Output Leakage Current	IOL	VOH = 17 V	—	—	±1.0	uA
Output Voltage (DAO)	VOL	IOL = 1.5 mA	—	—	0.2	V
	VOH	IOH= 1.4 mA	VDD-0.2	—	—	
Output Current Skew (Channel-to-Channel) *1	IOL1	VOUT = 1.0 V Rrest = 2.2KΩ	—	—	±3	%
Output Current Skew (Chip-to-Chip) *2	IOL2				±6	%
Output Voltage Regulation	% / VOUT	Rrest = 2.2KΩ VOUT = 1 V ~ 3 V	—	±0.1	±0.5	% / V
Supply Voltage Regulation	% / VDD	Rrest = 2.2 KΩ	—	±1	±4	
Supply Current *3	IDD(off)	power on all pins are open unless VDD and GND	2	3	4	mA
	IDD(off)	input signal is static Rrest = 2.9 KΩ all outputs turn off	4	5	6	
	IDD(on)	input signal is static Rrest = 2.9 KΩ all outputs turn on	4	5	6	
	IDD(off)	input signal is static Rrest = 1.05K Ω all outputs turn off	8	9	10	
	IDD(on)	input signal is static Rrest = 1.05K Ω all outputs turn on	8	9	10	

*1 Channel-to-channel skew is defined as the ratio between (any Iout – average Iout) and average Iout, where average Iout = (Imax + Imin) / 2.

*2 Chip-to-Chip skew is defined as the range into which any output current of any IC falls.

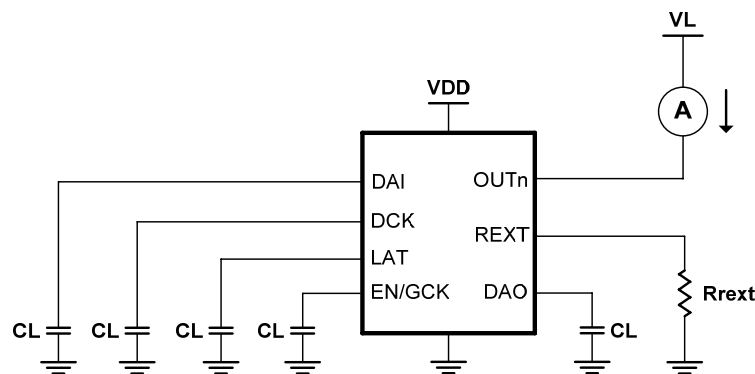
*3 IO excluded.

Switching Characteristics (VDD = 5.0V, Ta = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

CHARACTERISTIC		SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Propagation Delay (‘L’ to ‘H’)	EN-to-OUT0	tpLH	VIH = VDD VIL = GND Rrext = 2.2KΩ VL = 5.0 V CL ^{*1} = 13 pF	46	52	58	ns
	LAT-to-OUT0			48	49	50	
	DCK-to-DAO			19	20	21	
Propagation Delay (‘H’ to ‘L’)	EN-to-OUT0	tpHL		19	22	32	
	LAT-to-OUT0			72	75	79	
	DCK-to-DAO			19	19.5	21	
Output Current Rise Time		tor		31	33.5	36	
Output Current Fall Time		tof		5	6	7	
Output Delay Time (OUT(n)-to-OUT(n+1))		tod		4	5	9	

Switching Characteristics (VDD = 3.3V, Ta = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

CHARACTERISTIC		SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Propagation Delay (‘L’ to ‘H’)	EN-to-OUT0	tpLH	VIH = VDD VIL = GND Rrest = 2.2KΩ VL = 5.0 V CL*1 = 13 pF	46	51	57	ns
	LAT-to-OUT0			20	21.5	23	
	DCK-to-DAO			11	12	13	
Propagation Delay (‘H’ to ‘L’)	EN-to-OUT0	tpHL		22	23	24	
	LAT-to-OUT0			46	49	53	
	DCK-to-DAO			11	11.5	12	
Output Current Rise Time		tor		31	35	39	
Output Current Fall Time		tof		9	10	11	
Output Delay Time (OUT(n)-to-OUT(n+1))		tod		5	10	11	

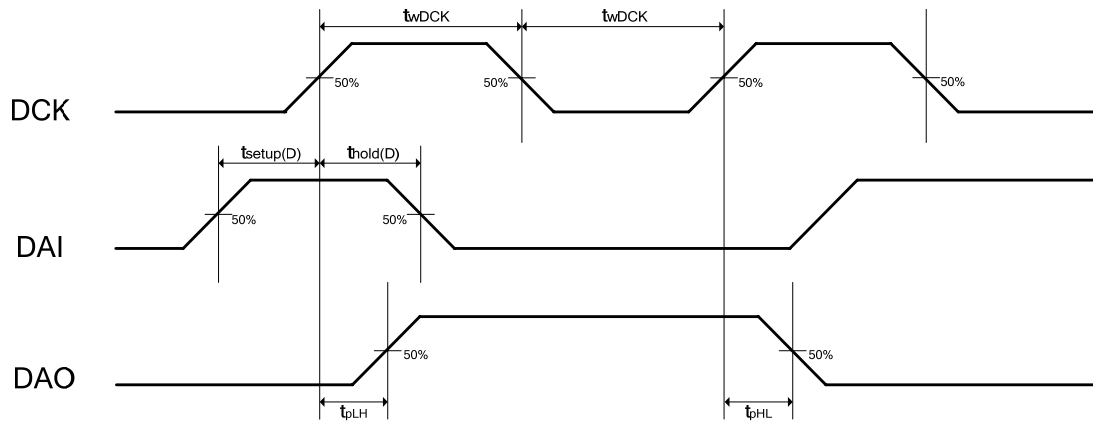


Switching Characteristics Test Circuit

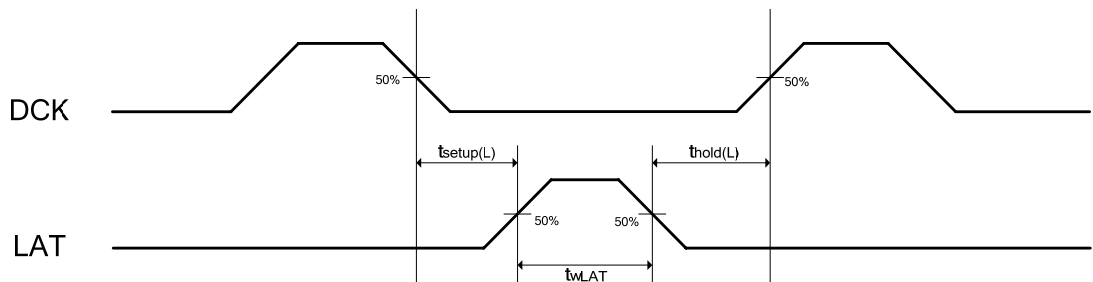
*1 CL means the probe capacitance of oscilloscope.

Timing Diagram

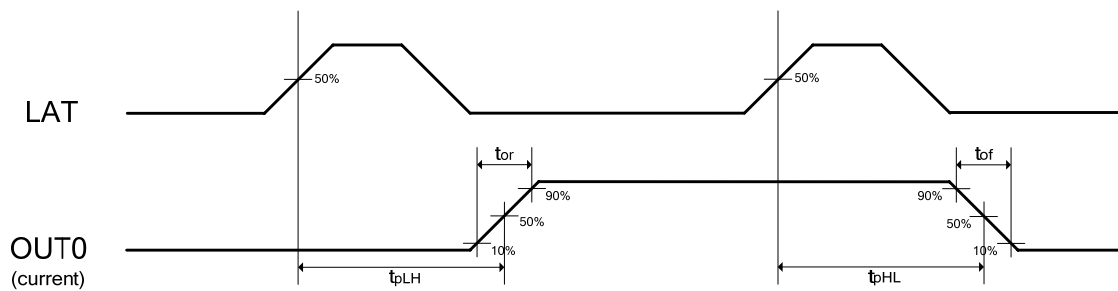
1. DCK-DAI, DAO



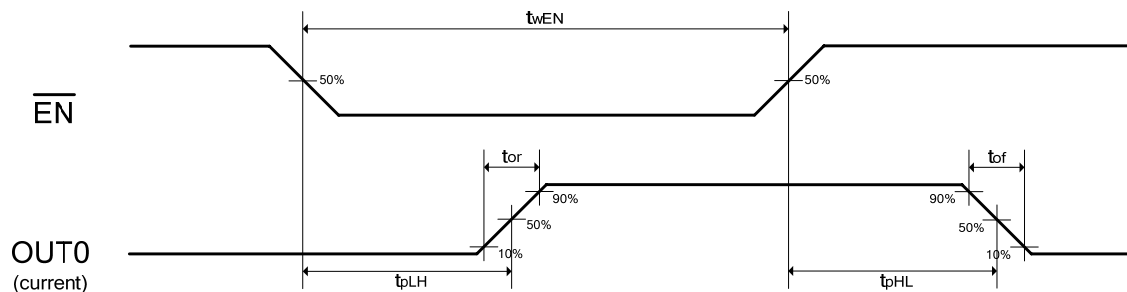
2. DCK-LAT



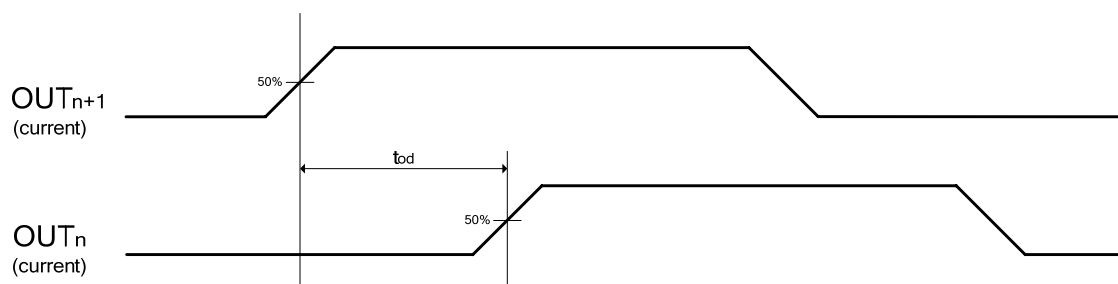
3. LAT-OUT0



4. $\overline{\text{EN}}$ -OUT0



5. OUT_{n+1}-OUT_n

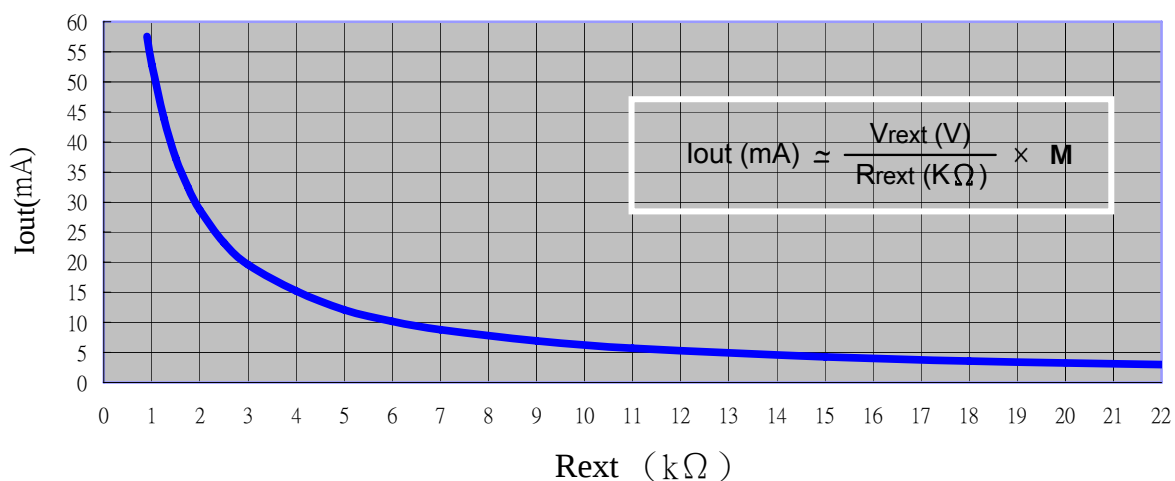


Constant-Current Output

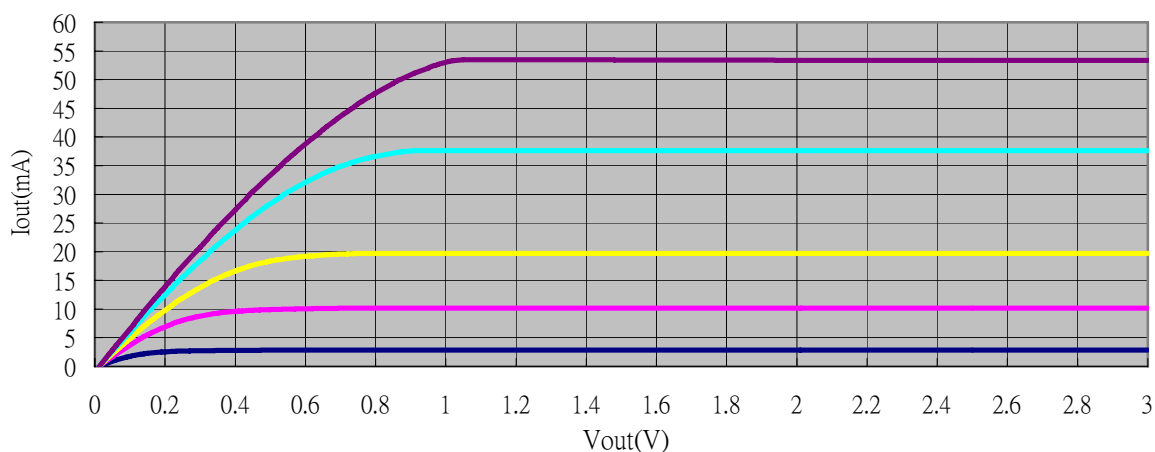
Constant-current value of each output channel is set by an external resistor connected between the REXT pin and GND. Varying the resistor value can adjust the current scale ranging from 3mA to 60mA. The reference voltage of REXT terminal (V_{rext}) is approximately 1.25V. The output current value is calculated roughly by the following equation:

I _{out} (mA)	5	10	20	30	40	50
M	48.85	48.15	47	46	44.88	43.43

Output Current as a Function of R_{ext} value



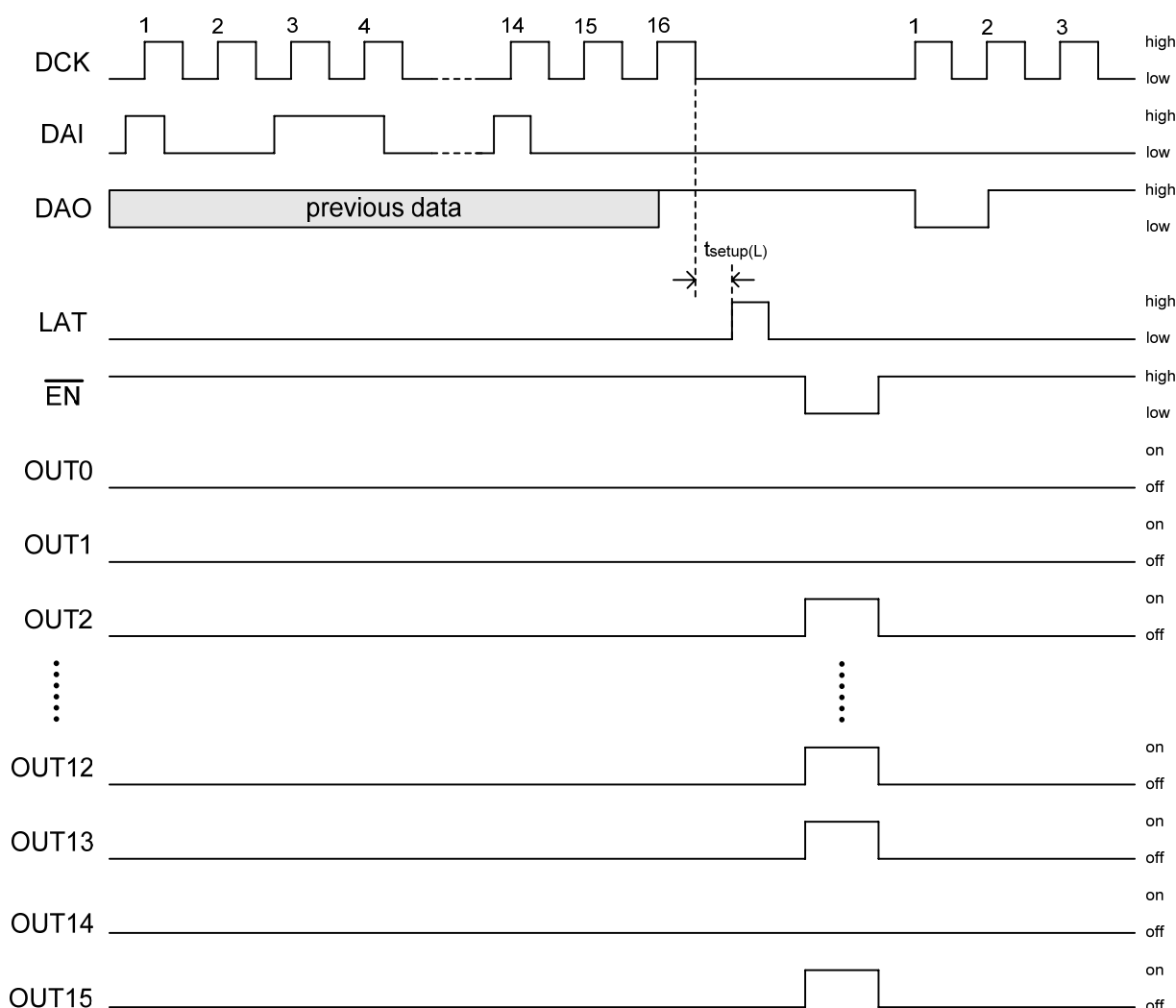
Output Current as a Function of Output Voltage



In order to obtain a good performance of constant-current output, a suitable output voltage is necessary. Users can get related information about the minimum output voltage above.

Serial Data Interface

The serial-in data (DAI) will be clocked into 8 bit shift register synchronized on the rising edge of the clock (DCK). The data '1' represents the corresponding current output 'ON', while the data '0' stands for 'OFF'. The data will be transferred into the 8 bit latch register when the strobe signal (LAT) is 'H' (level trigger); otherwise, the data will be held. The trigger timing of the serial-out data (DAO) will be shifted out on synchronization to the rising edge of the clock. All outputs are turned off while enable terminal (EN) is kept at high level. And they are active when EN shifts to low.

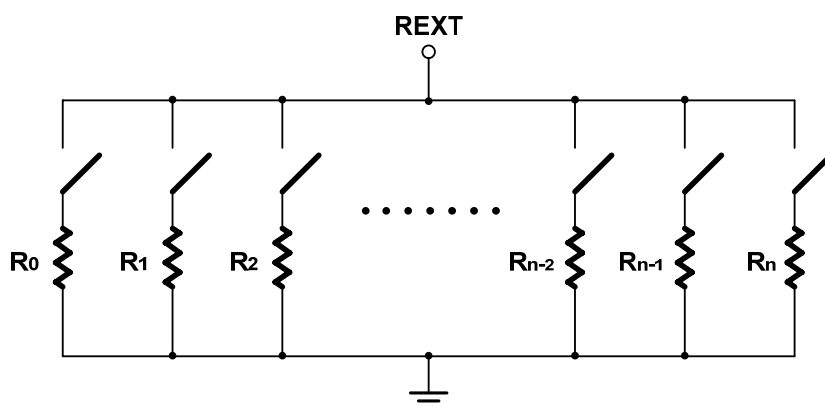


Outputs Delay

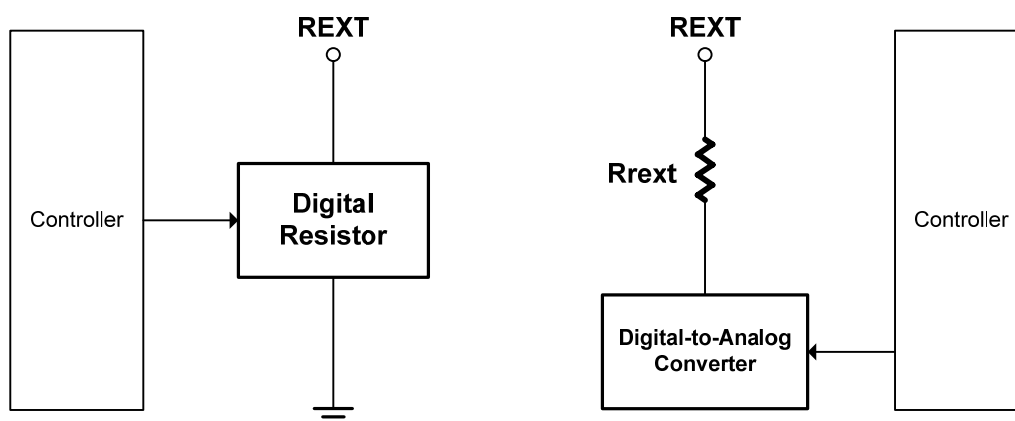
Large in-rush currents will occur when the system activates all the outputs at once. To reduce this effect, DM11A is designed to have a constant unit of delay (around 2.5ns) between outputs. The delay sequence for every output goes like this: OUT0 (no delay) → OUT7 → OUT1 → OUT6 → OUT2 → OUT5 → OUT3 → OUT4 (the largest delay).

Global Brightness Control

DM13A has no built-in global brightness control feature. In order to obtain a lower resolution of global brightness control effect, two methods could be utilized. One is providing PWM signal synchronized on latch pulse to modulate the output enable terminal ($\overline{EN}$ pin). The other is to adjust the R_{ext} value or voltage drop across the external resistor. Please see the reference circuit below:



Global Brightness Control with Resistor Ladder



Global Brightness Control
with Digital Resistor

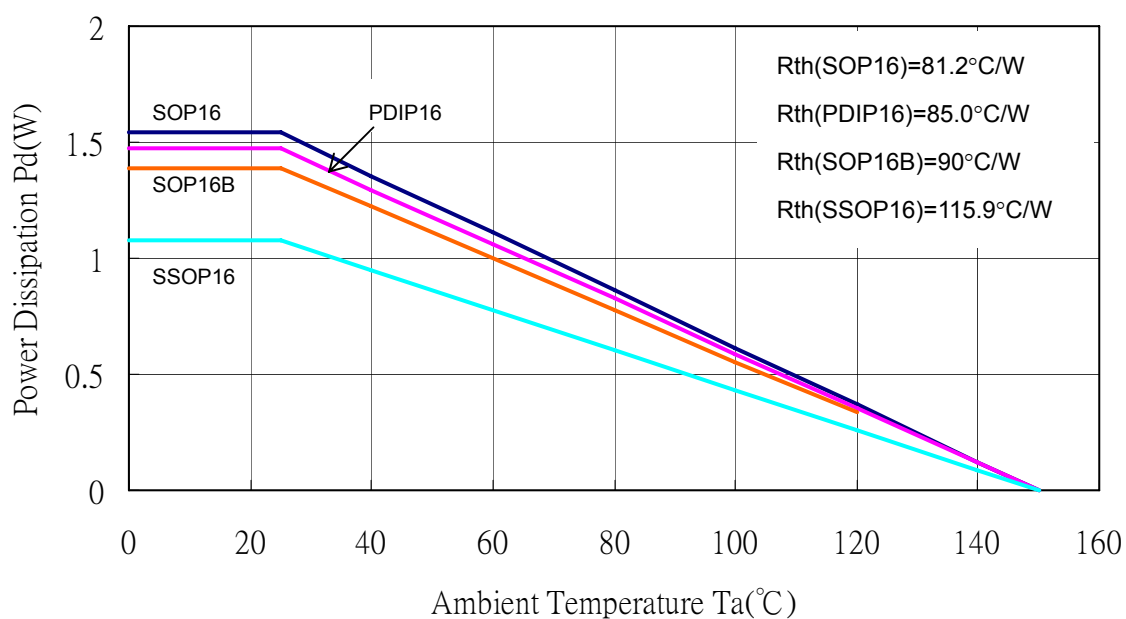
Global Brightness Control
with D/A converter

Power Dissipation

The power dissipation of a semiconductor chip is limited to its package and ambient temperature, in which the device requires the maximum output current calculated for given operating conditions. The maximum allowable power consumption can be calculated by the following equation:

$$Pd(max)(Watt) = \frac{Tj(junction\ temperature)(max)(^{\circ}C) - Ta(ambient\ temperature)(^{\circ}C)}{Rth(junction\text{-}to\text{-}air\ thermal\ resistance)(^{\circ}C/Watt)}$$

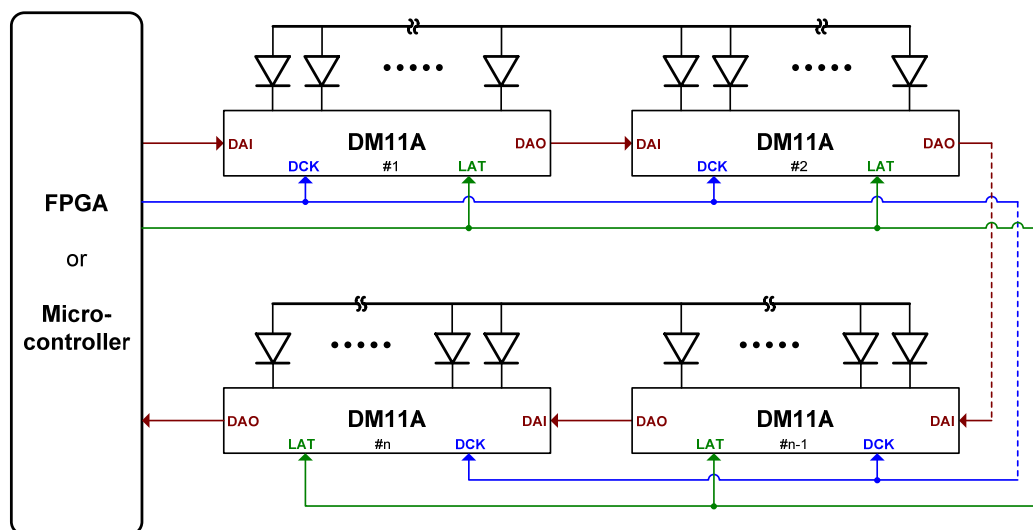
The relationship between power dissipation and operating temperature can be referred to the figure below:



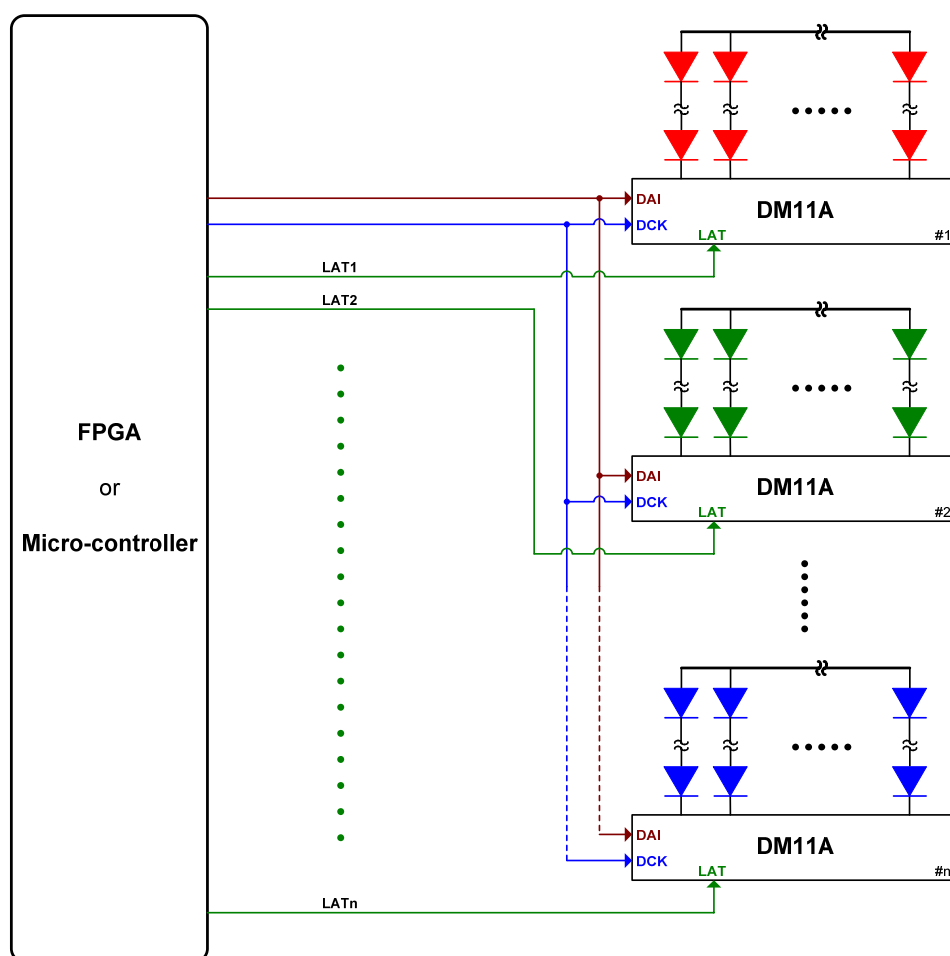
The power consumption of IC can be determined by the following equation and should be less than the maximum allowable power dissipation:

$$Pd(W) = V_{cc}(V) \times I_{DD}(A) + V_{out0} \times I_{out0} \times Duty0 + \dots + V_{out7} \times I_{out7} \times Duty7 \leq Pd(max)(W)$$

Typical Application



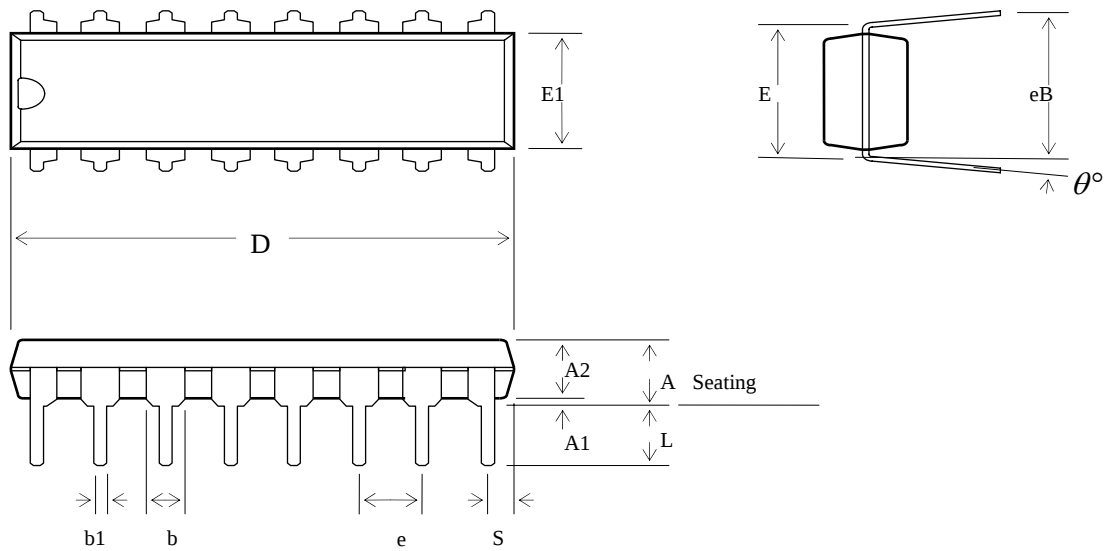
Serial Connection Type



Parallel Connection Type

Package Outline Dimension

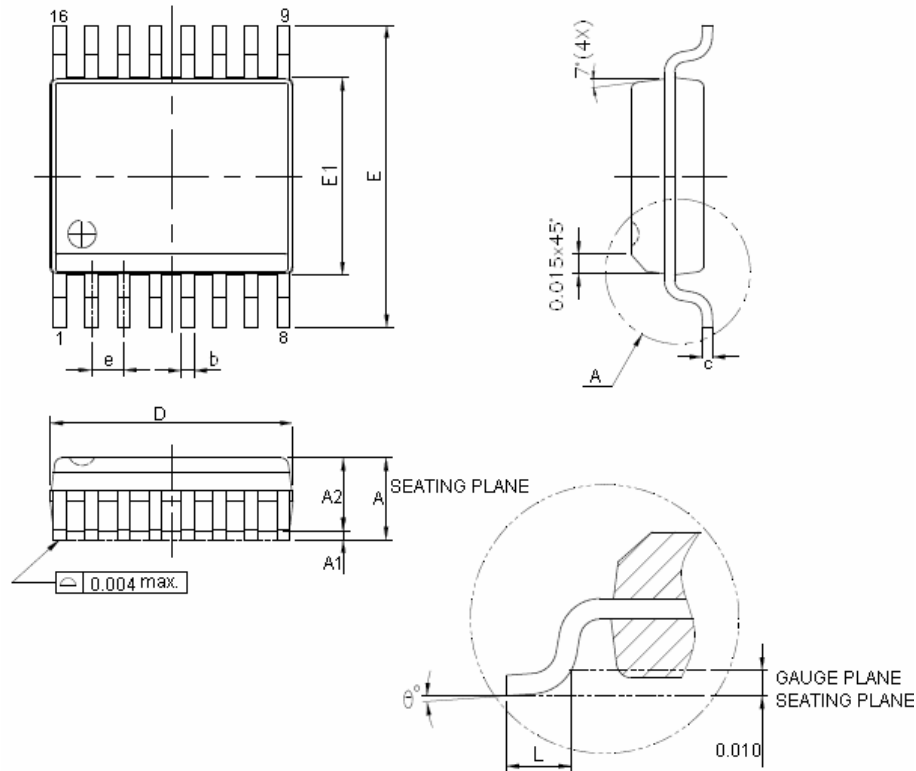
PDIP16



	DIMENSION IN MM			DIMENSION IN INCH		
SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX
A	-	-	5.334	-	-	0.21
A1	0.381	-	-	0.015	-	-
A2	3.175	3.302	3.429	0.125	0.130	0.135
b	1.300	1.500	1.700	0.05118	0.059	0.06693
b1	0.400	0.480	0.560	0.01575	0.019	0.02205
D	18.669	19.495	20.320	0.735	0.768	0.8
E	7.366	7.620	7.874	0.29	0.300	0.31
E1	6.223	6.812	7.400	0.245	0.268	0.29134
e	2.290	2.540	2.790	0.09016	0.100	0.10984
eB	8.509	9.017	9.525	0.335	0.355	0.375
L	2.540	3.175	3.810	0.1	0.125	0.15
S	-	-	1.120	-	-	0.04409
θ°	0	7	15	0	0.276	0.59055

Package Outline Dimension

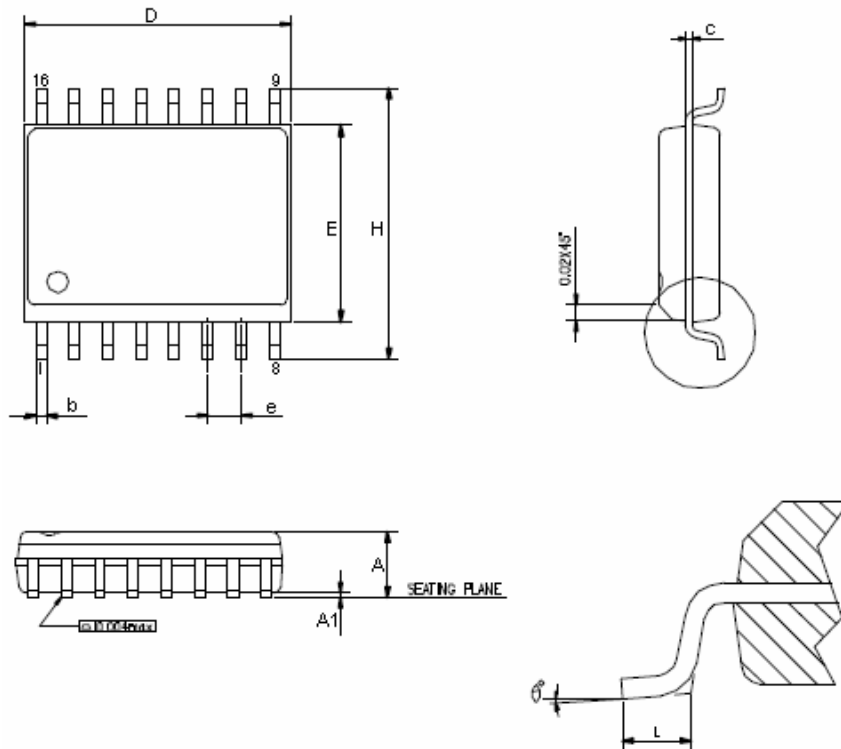
SSOP16



	DIMENSION IN MM			DIMENSION IN INCH		
SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX
A	1.346	-	1.753	0.053	-	0.069
A1	0.102	-	0.254	0.004	-	0.010
A2	1.245	-	1.499	0.049	-	0.059
b	0.203	-	0.305	0.008	-	0.012
c	0.178	-	0.254	0.007	-	0.010
D	4.801	4.902	5.004	0.189	0.193	0.197
E	5.791	5.994	6.198	0.228	0.236	0.244
e	0.635 BSC			0.635 BSC		
E1	3.810	3.912	3.988	0.150	0.154	0.157
L	0.406	-	1.270	0.016	-	0.050
θ°	0	-	8	0	-	8

Package Outline Dimension

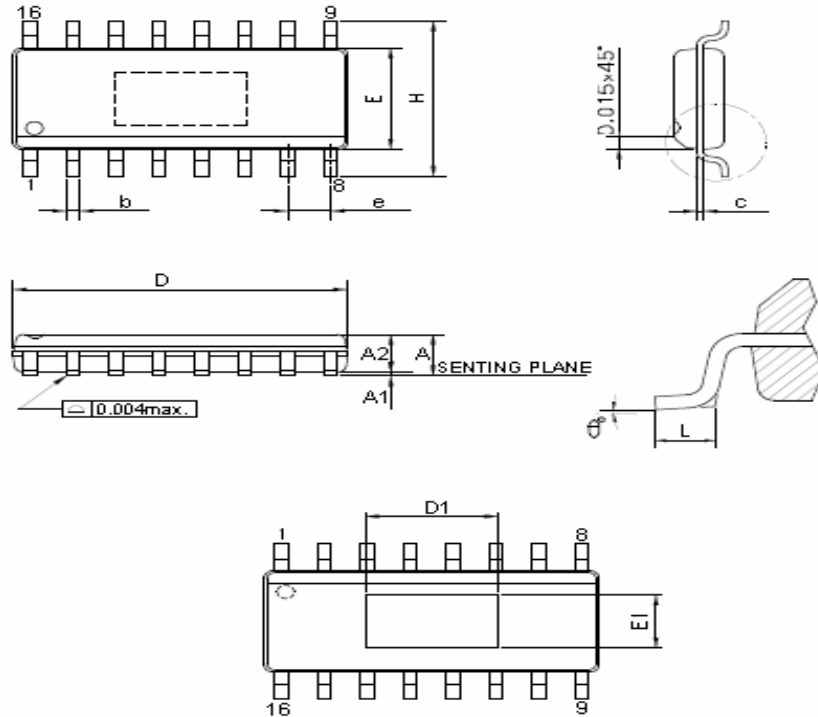
SOP16B (300mil)



	DIMENSION IN MM			DIMENSION IN INCH		
SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MIN
A	2.362	-	2.642	0.093	-	0.104
A1	0.102	-	0.305	0.004	-	0.012
b	0.406 BSC			0.406 BSC		
c	0.203 BSC			0.203 BSC		
D	10.109	-	10.490	0.398	-	0.413
E	7.391	-	7.595	0.291	-	0.299
e	1.270 BSC			1.270 BSC		
H	10.008	-	10.643	0.394	-	0.419
L	0.406	-	1.270	0.016	-	0.050
θ°	0	-	8	0	-	8

Package Outline Dimension

SOP16 (exposed pad)



	DIMENSION IN MM			DIMENSION IN INCH		
SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX
A	1.346	-	1.753	0.053	-	0.069
A1	0.051	-	0.152	0.002	-	0.006
b	0.406 BSC			0.406 BSC		
c	0.203 BSC			0.203 BSC		
D	9.804	-	10.008	0.386	-	0.394
E	3.810	-	3.988	0.150	-	0.157
e	1.270 BSC			1.270 BSC		
H	5.791	-	6.198	0.228	-	0.244
L	0.406	-	1.270	0.016	-	0.050
θ°	0	-	8	0	-	8
PAD SIZE1 (95×18E)						
E1	1.930	-	2.413	0.076	-	0.095
D1	3.658	-	4.572	0.144	-	0.180



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