

## PowerMOS transistor

BUK483-60A

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

N-channel enhancement mode field-effect power transistor in a plastic envelope suitable for surface mount applications. The device is intended for use in automotive and general purpose switching applications.

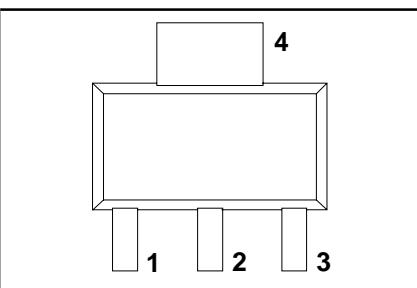
## QUICK REFERENCE DATA

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MAX.	UNIT
$V_{DS}$	Drain-source voltage	60	V
$I_D$	Drain current (DC)	3.2	A
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation	1.8	W
$T_j$	Junction temperature	150	°C
$R_{DS(ON)}$	Drain-source on-state resistance; $V_{GS} = 10$ V	0.10	Ω

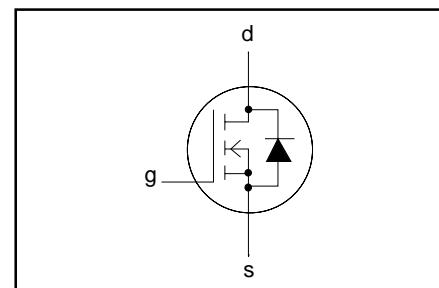
## PINNING - SOT223

PIN	DESCRIPTION
1	gate
2	drain
3	source
4	drain (tab)

## PIN CONFIGURATION



## SYMBOL



## LIMITING VALUES

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
$V_{DS}$	Drain-source voltage	-	-	60	V
$V_{DGR}$	Drain-gate voltage	$R_{GS} = 20$ kΩ	-	60	V
$\pm V_{GS}$	Gate-source voltage	-	-	30	V
$I_D$	Drain current (DC)	$T_{amb} = 25$ °C	-	3.2	A
$I_D$	Drain current (DC)	$T_{amb} = 100$ °C	-	2.0	A
$I_{DM}$	Drain current (pulse peak value)	$T_{amb} = 25$ °C	-	13	A
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation	$T_{amb} = 25$ °C	-	1.8	W
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature	-	-55	150	°C
$T_j$	Junction temperature	-	-	150	°C

## THERMAL RESISTANCES

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
$R_{th j-sp}$	From junction to solder point <sup>1</sup>	Mounted on any PCB	-	12	15	K/W
$R_{th j-amb}$	From junction to ambient	Mounted on PCB of fig.18	-	-	70	K/W

<sup>1</sup> Temperature measured at solder joint on drain tab.

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**STATIC CHARACTERISTICS** $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
$V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$	Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}; I_D = 0.25 \text{ mA}$	60	70	-	V
$V_{GS(\text{TO})}$	Gate threshold voltage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}; I_D = 1 \text{ mA}$	2.1	3.0	4.0	V
$I_{DSS}$	Zero gate voltage drain current	$V_{DS} = 60 \text{ V}; V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	1	10	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{DSS}$	Zero gate voltage drain current	$V_{DS} = 60 \text{ V}; V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}; T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.1	1.0	mA
$I_{GSS}$	Gate source leakage current	$V_{GS} = \pm 30 \text{ V}; V_{DS} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	10	100	nA
$R_{DS(\text{ON})}$	Drain-source on-state resistance	$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}; I_D = 3.2 \text{ A}$	-	0.07	0.10	$\Omega$

**DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS** $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
$g_{fs}$	Forward transconductance	$V_{DS} = 25 \text{ V}; I_D = 3.2 \text{ A}$	-	6.0	-	S
$C_{iss}$	Input capacitance	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}; V_{DS} = 25 \text{ V}; f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	-	650	825	pF
$C_{oss}$	Output capacitance		-	240	350	pF
$C_{rss}$	Feedback capacitance		-	120	160	pF
$t_{d\text{ on}}$	Turn-on delay time	$V_{DD} = 30 \text{ V}; I_D = 3 \text{ A}$	-	10	20	ns
$t_r$	Turn-on rise time	$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}; R_{GS} = 50 \Omega$	-	35	55	ns
$t_{d\text{ off}}$	Turn-off delay time	$R_{gen} = 50 \Omega$	-	60	90	ns
$t_f$	Turn-off fall time		-	55	80	ns

**REVERSE DIODE LIMITING VALUES AND CHARACTERISTICS** $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
$I_{DR}$	Continuous reverse drain current	-	-	-	3.2	A
$I_{DRM}$	Pulsed reverse drain current	-	-	-	13	A
$V_{SD}$	Diode forward voltage	$I_F = 3.2 \text{ A}; V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	0.85	1.1	V
$t_{rr}$	Reverse recovery time	$I_F = 3.2 \text{ A}; -dI_F/dt = 100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	70	-	ns
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse recovery charge	$V_{GS} = -10 \text{ V}; V_R = 30 \text{ V}$	-	0.25	-	$\mu\text{C}$

**AVALANCHE LIMITING VALUE**

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
$W_{DSS}$	Drain-source non-repetitive unclamped inductive turn-off energy	$I_D = 3.2 \text{ A}; V_{DD} \leq 25 \text{ V}; V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}; R_{GS} = 50 \Omega; T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	45	mJ

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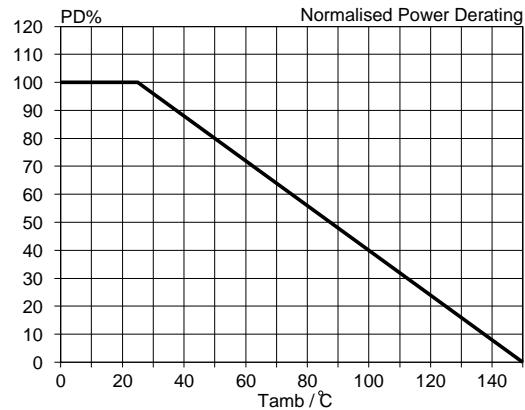


Fig. 1. Normalised power dissipation.  
 $PD\% = 100 \cdot P_D / P_{D\ 25\ ^\circ C} = f(T_{amb})$

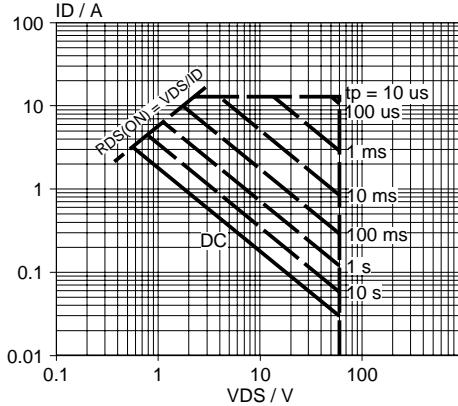


Fig. 4. Safe operating area  $T_{amb} = 25\ ^\circ C$   
 $I_D$  &  $I_{DM}$  =  $f(V_{DS})$ ;  $I_{DM}$  single pulse; parameter  $t_p$

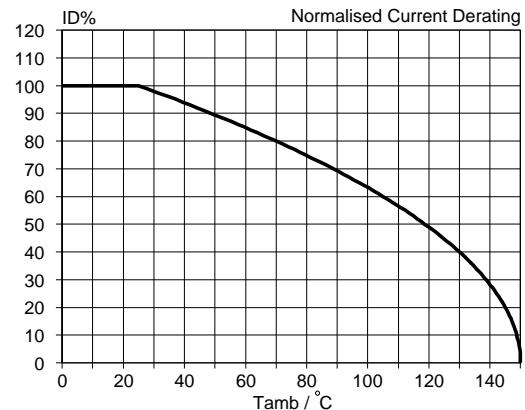


Fig. 2. Normalised continuous drain current.  
 $ID\% = 100 \cdot I_D / I_{D\ 25\ ^\circ C} = f(T_{amb})$ ; conditions:  $V_{GS} \geq 10\ V$

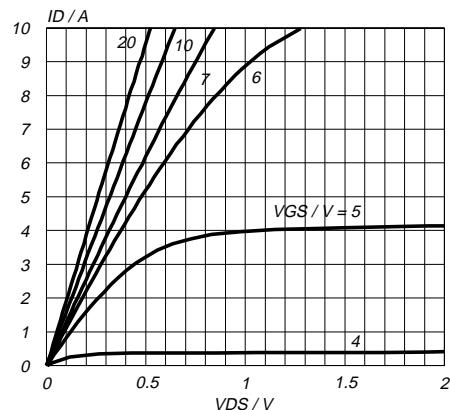


Fig. 5. Typical output characteristics,  $T_j = 25\ ^\circ C$ .  
 $I_D = f(V_{DS})$ ; parameter  $V_{GS}$

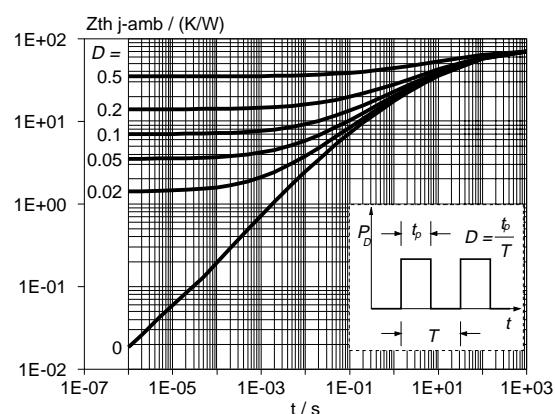


Fig. 3. Transient thermal impedance.  
 $Z_{th\ j-amb} = f(t)$ ; parameter  $D = t_p/T$

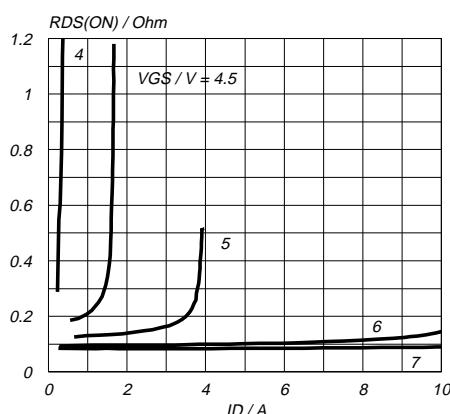


Fig. 6. Typical on-state resistance,  $T_j = 25\ ^\circ C$ .  
 $R_{DS(ON)} = f(I_D)$ ; parameter  $V_{GS}$

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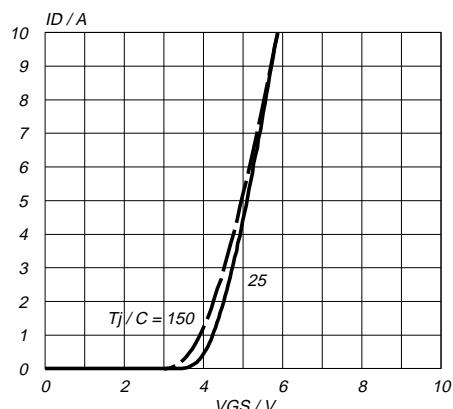


Fig.7. Typical transfer characteristics.  
 $I_D = f(V_{GS})$ ; conditions:  $V_{DS} = 25\text{ V}$ ; parameter  $T_j$

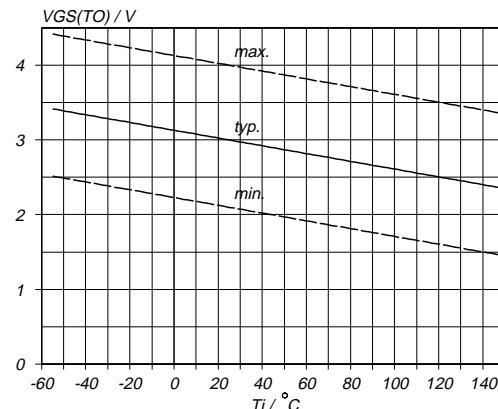


Fig.10. Gate threshold voltage.  
 $V_{GS(TO)} = f(T_j)$ ; conditions:  $I_D = 1\text{ mA}$ ;  $V_{DS} = V_{GS}$

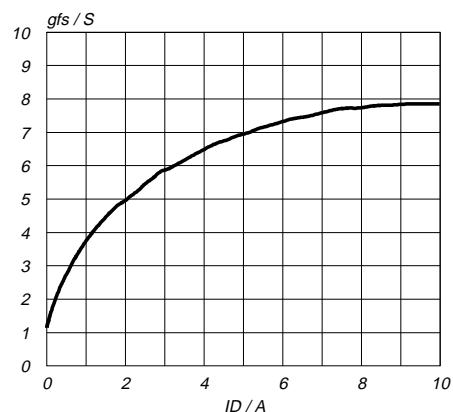


Fig.8. Typical transconductance,  $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .  
 $g_{fs} = f(I_D)$ ; conditions:  $V_{DS} = 25\text{ V}$

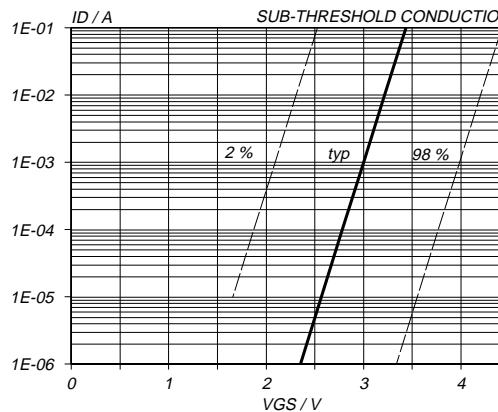


Fig.11. Sub-threshold drain current.  
 $I_D = f(V_{GS})$ ; conditions:  $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $V_{DS} = V_{GS}$

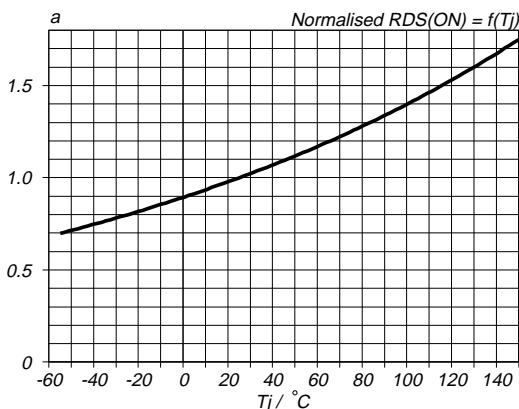


Fig.9. Normalised drain-source on-state resistance.  
 $a = R_{DS(ON)}/R_{DS(ON)25^\circ\text{C}} = f(T_j)$ ;  $I_D = 3.2\text{ A}$ ;  $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$

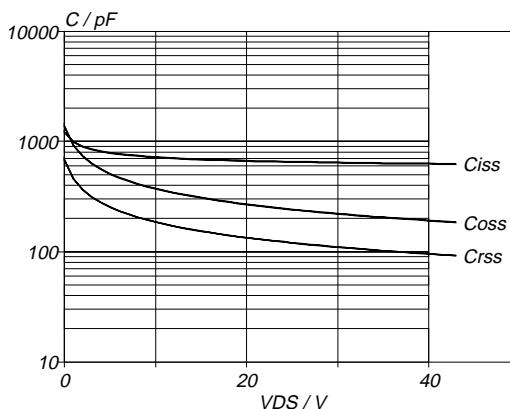


Fig.12. Typical capacitances,  $C_{iss}$ ,  $C_{oss}$ ,  $C_{rss}$ .  
 $C = f(V_{DS})$ ; conditions:  $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$ ;  $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

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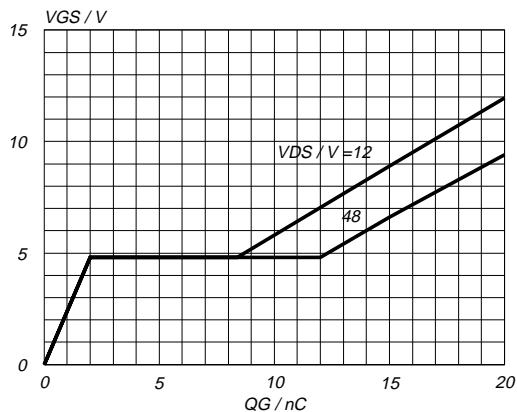


Fig.13. Typical turn-on gate-charge characteristics.  
 $V_{GS} = f(Q_G)$ ; conditions:  $I_D = 3.2 \text{ A}$ ; parameter  $V_{DS}$

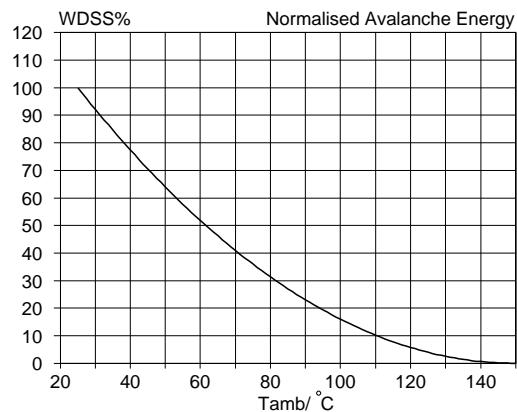


Fig.15. Normalised avalanche energy rating.  
 $W_{DSS}\% = f(T_{amb})$ ; conditions:  $I_D = 3.2 \text{ A}$

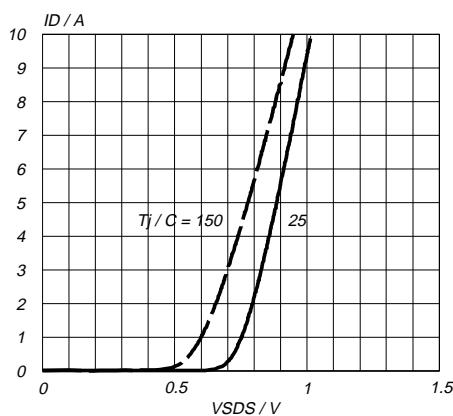


Fig.14. Typical reverse diode current.  
 $I_F = f(V_{SDS})$ ; conditions:  $V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$ ; parameter  $T_j$

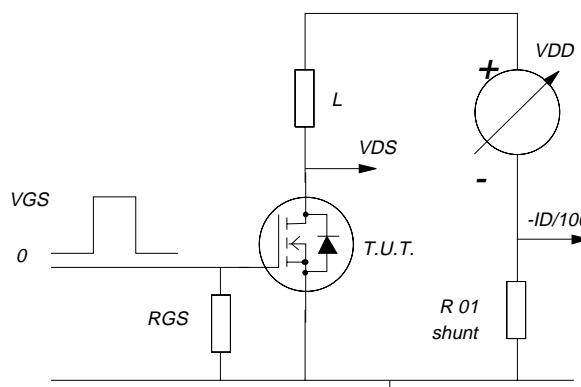


Fig.16. Avalanche energy test circuit.  
 $W_{DSS} = 0.5 \cdot L I_D^2 \cdot BV_{DSS} / (BV_{DSS} - V_{DD})$

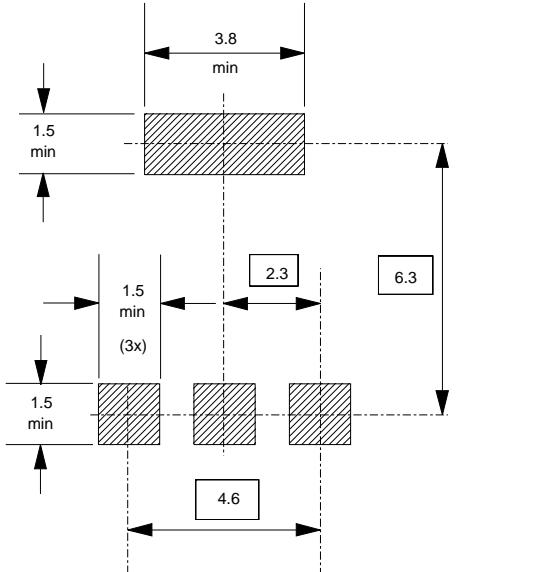
**MOUNTING INSTRUCTIONS**

Fig.17. soldering pattern for surface mounting  
SOT223.

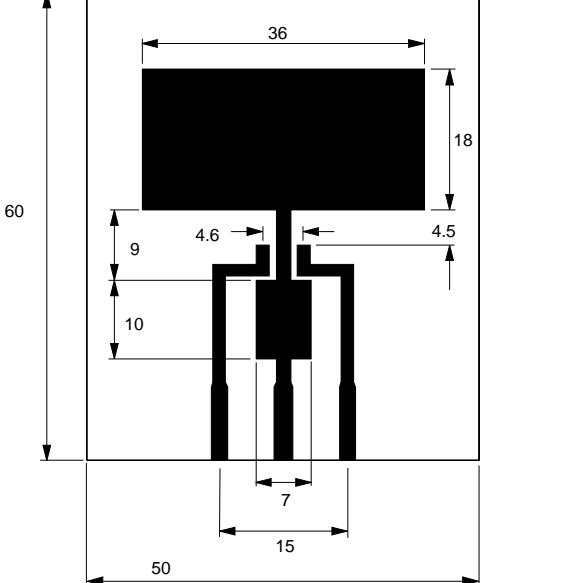
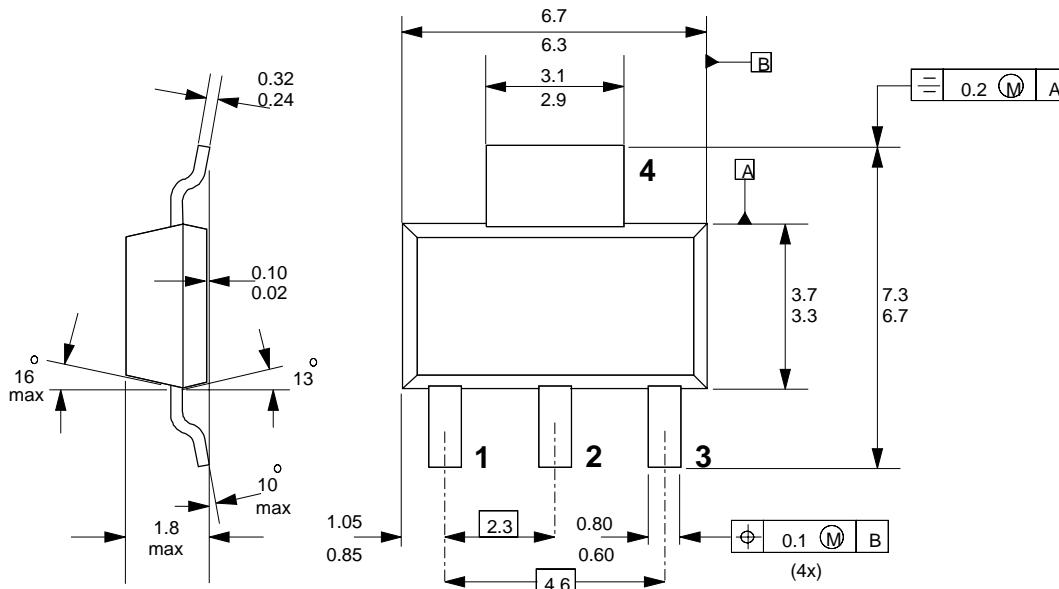
**PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD**

Fig.18. PCB for thermal resistance and power rating  
for SOT223.  
PCB: FR4 epoxy glass (1.6 mm thick), copper  
laminate (35 µm thick).

## **MECHANICAL DATA**

*Dimensions in mm*

*Net Mass: 0.11 g*



*Fig.19. SOT223 surface mounting package.*

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## Notes

- Notes**

  1. Observe the general handling precautions for electrostatic-discharge sensitive devices (ESDs) to prevent damage to MOS gate oxide.
  2. Refer to surface mounting instructions for SOT223 envelope.
  3. Epoxy meets UL94 V0 at 1/8".

## DEFINITIONS

<b>Data sheet status</b>	
Objective specification	This data sheet contains target or goal specifications for product development.
Preliminary specification	This data sheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data may be published later.
Product specification	This data sheet contains final product specifications.
<b>Limiting values</b>	
Limiting values are given in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.	
<b>Application information</b>	
Where application information is given, it is advisory and does not form part of the specification.	
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