



BYD Microelectronics Co., Ltd.

# BF9028DND-GE

## 20V N-Channel MOSFET

### General Description

The BF9028DND-GE is a dual N-channel MOS Field Effect Transistor, which is applied to electronic systems as a power switch. This device has ESD-protection and low resistance characteristics.

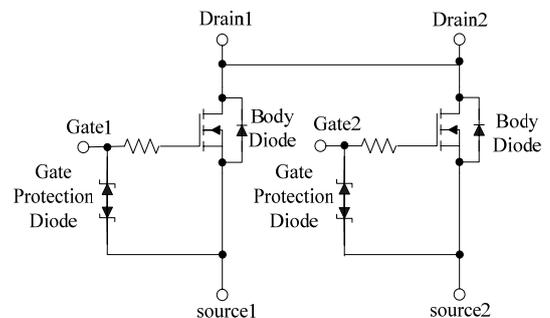


1, 2 Source1 ; 3 Gate1 ;  
4 Gate2 ; 5, 6 Source2 ;  
Backside pad is Drain

### Features

- $V_{DS}=24\text{ V}$
- $I_D=6\text{ A}$
- Low on-state resistance
  - $R_{DS(on)} < 19.5\text{ m}\Omega$  ( $V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}$ )
  - $R_{DS(on)} < 20\text{ m}\Omega$  ( $V_{GS}=3.8\text{V}$ )
  - $R_{DS(on)} < 26\text{ m}\Omega$  ( $V_{GS}=3.0\text{V}$ )
  - $R_{DS(on)} < 30\text{ m}\Omega$  ( $V_{GS}=2.5\text{V}$ )

### EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



### Absolute Maximum Ratings( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_{DS}$	Drain-Source Voltage	24	V
$I_D$	Drain Current(continuous)at $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	6	A
$I_{DM}$	Drain Current (pulsed) (Note a)	24	A
$V_{GS}$	Gate-Source Voltage	$\pm 10$	V
$P_D$	Power Dissipation $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	2.0	W
$T_J, T_{stg}$	Operating and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$

### Ordering Information

Part Number	Package	Packaging
BF9028DND-GE	DFN2*5-6L	Tape&Reel

Electrical Characteristics ( $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$BV_{DSS}$	Drain-source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	24			V
$I_{DSS}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=24\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$			10	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-body Leakage Current	$V_{GS}=\pm 10\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}$			$\pm 10$	$\mu\text{A}$
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	0.5	0.8	1.5	V
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-source On Resistance	$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, I_D=3\text{A}$	14	18.5	19.5	m $\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=3.8\text{V}, I_D=3\text{A}$	15	19	20	
		$V_{GS}=3.0\text{V}, I_D=3\text{A}$	16	19.5	26	
		$V_{GS}=2.5\text{V}, I_D=3\text{A}$	17	21	30	
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{DS}=10\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		800		pF
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance			280		pF
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			120		pF
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on Delay Time	$V_{DD}=12\text{V}, I_D=3\text{A}, V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, R_G=4.7\Omega$ (Note b,c)		680		ns
$t_r$	Rise Time			1640		ns
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off Delay Time			3040		ns
$t_f$	Fall Time			2280		ns
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{DS}=19\text{V}, I_D=6\text{A}, V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}$ (Note b,c)		12		nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate-source Charge			2.5		nC
$Q_{gd}$	Gate-Drain Charge			3.5		nC
$V_{SD}^*$	Forward On Voltage	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, I_F=6\text{A}$		0.7		V

**Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>c</sub> = -30~80°C)**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-source Breakdown Voltage	I <sub>D</sub> =250uA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V	24			V
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> =24V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V			10	uA
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-body Leakage Current	V <sub>GS</sub> =±10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =0V			±10	uA
V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	Gate Threshold Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub> =V <sub>GS</sub> , I <sub>D</sub> =250uA	0.3	0.75	1.8	V
R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	Static Drain-source On Resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =4.5V, I <sub>D</sub> =3A	12	18.5	22.5	mΩ
		V <sub>GS</sub> =3.8V, I <sub>D</sub> =3A	13	19	22	
		V <sub>GS</sub> =3.0V, I <sub>D</sub> =3A	14.5	19.5	30	
		V <sub>GS</sub> =2.5V, I <sub>D</sub> =3A	16	21	32	
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance	V <sub>DS</sub> =10V, f=1MHz, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		800		pF
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance			280		pF
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			120		pF
t <sub>d(on)</sub>	Turn-on Delay Time	V <sub>DD</sub> =12V, I <sub>D</sub> =3A, V <sub>GS</sub> =4.5V, R <sub>G</sub> =4.7Ω (Note b,c)		680		ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise Time			1640		ns
t <sub>d(off)</sub>	Turn-off Delay Time			3040		ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Fall Time			2280		ns
Q <sub>g</sub>	Total Gate Charge	V <sub>DS</sub> =19V, I <sub>D</sub> =6A, V <sub>GS</sub> =4.5V (Note b,c)		12		nC
Q <sub>gs</sub>	Gate-source Charge			2.5		nC
Q <sub>gd</sub>	Gate-Drain Charge			3.5		nC
V <sub>SD</sub> (*)	Forward On Voltage	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, I <sub>F</sub> =6A		0.7		V

**Notes**

a: Repetitive Rating : Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature

b: Pulse Test : Pulse width ≤ 300μs, Duty cycle ≤ 2%

c: Essentially independent of operating temperature

(\*)Pulsed: Pulse duration

**Caution:** These values must not be exceeded under any conditions.

**Remark:** The diode connected between the gate and source of the transistor serves as a protector against ESD. When this device actually used, an additional protection circuit is externally required if a voltage exceeding the rated voltage may be applied to this device.

Typical characteristics (25°C unless noted)

Figure 1 Output Characteristics

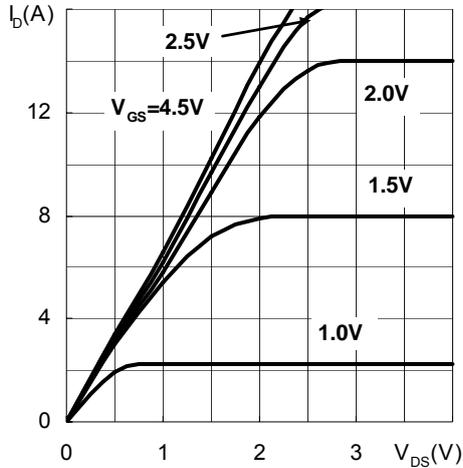


Figure 2 Transfer Characteristics

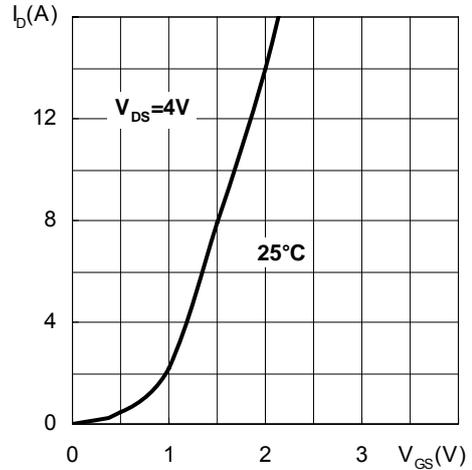


Figure 3 Normalized  $V_{th}$  vs. Temperature

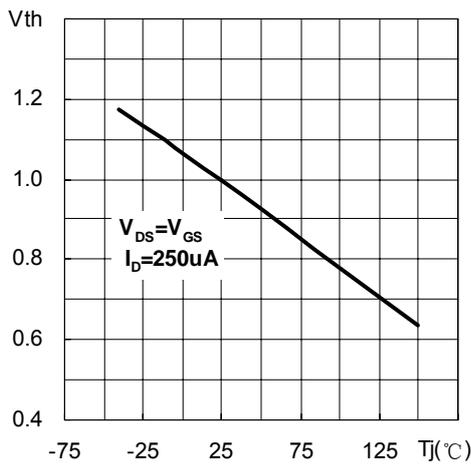


Figure 4 Normalized  $B_{V_{DSS}}$  vs. Temperature

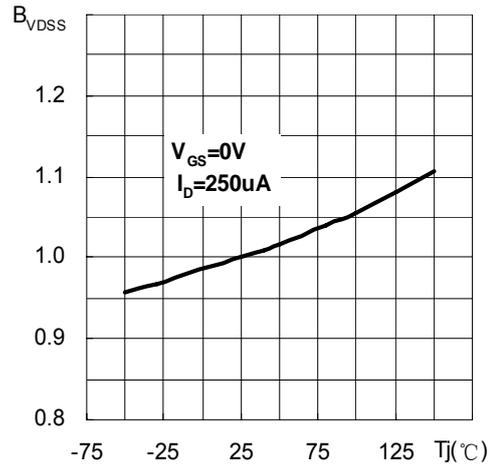


Figure 5  $R_{DS(on)}$  vs. Temperature

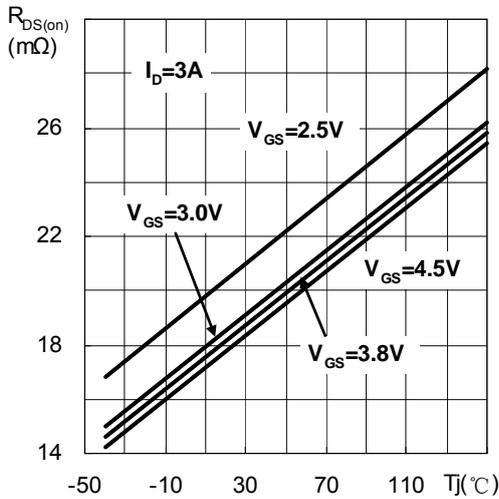


Figure 6  $I_{GSS}$  vs. Temperature

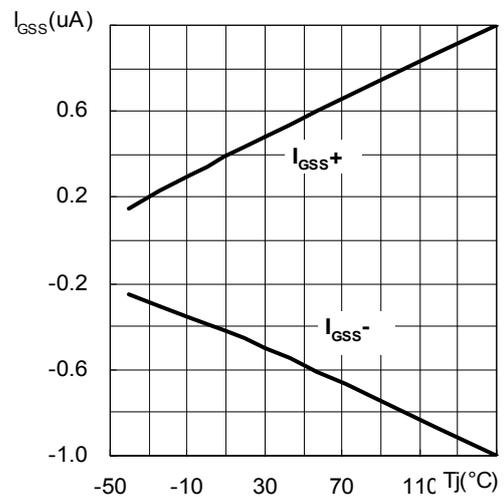


Figure 7 Capacitance

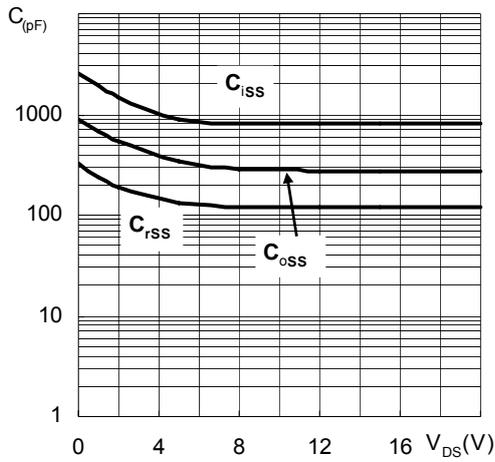


Figure 8 Gate Charge

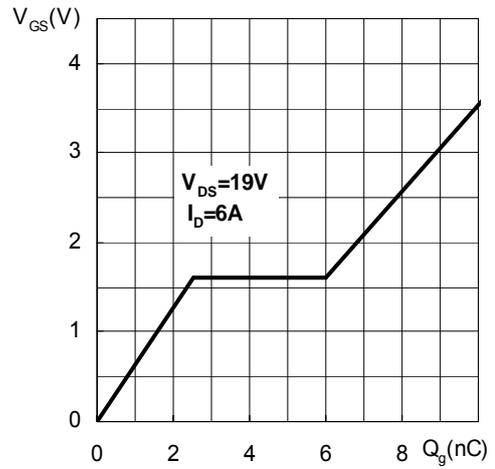


Figure 9 Safe Operating Area

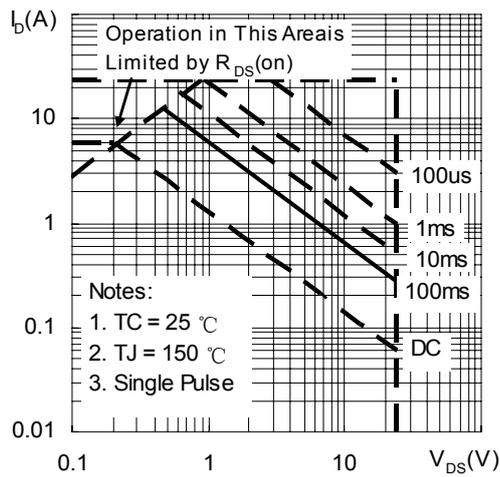


Figure 10 Maximum  $I_{DSS}$  Vs. Case Temperature

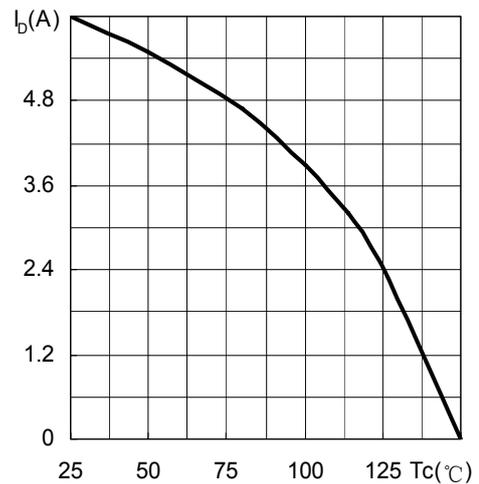


Figure 11  $R_{DS(on)}$  vs.  $V_{GS}$

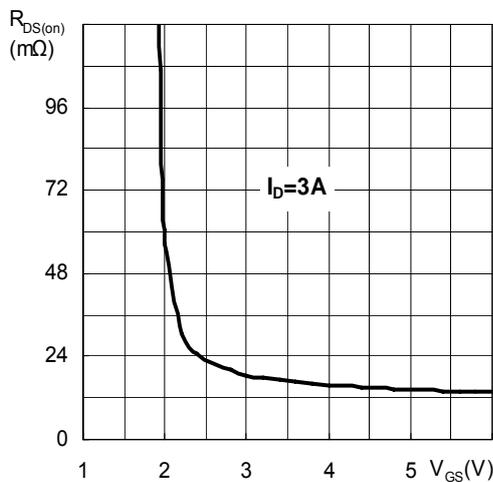
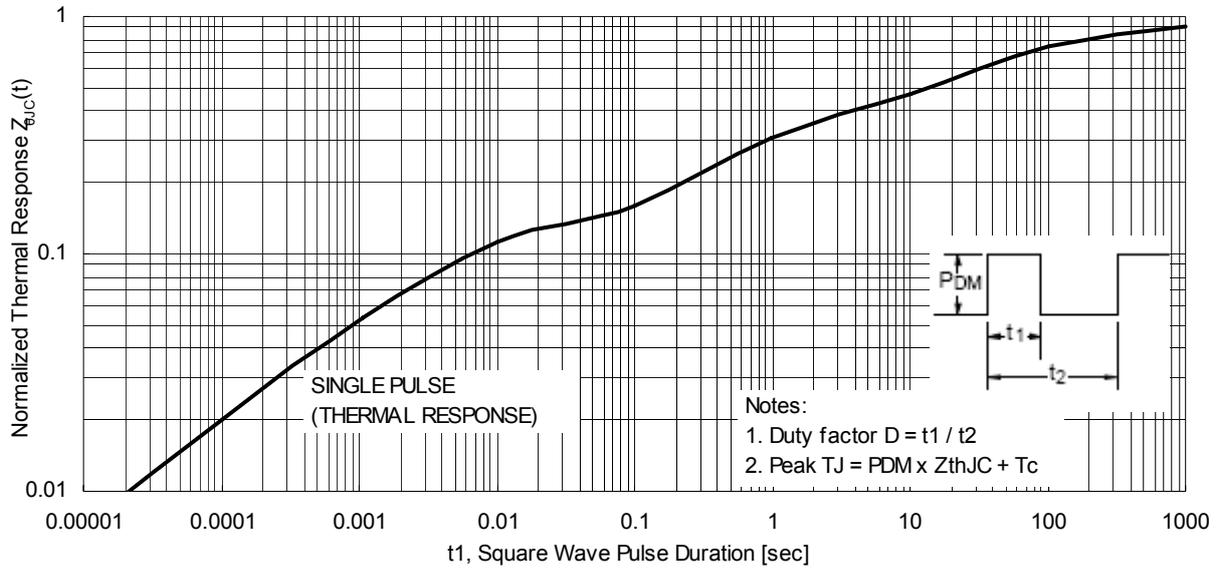
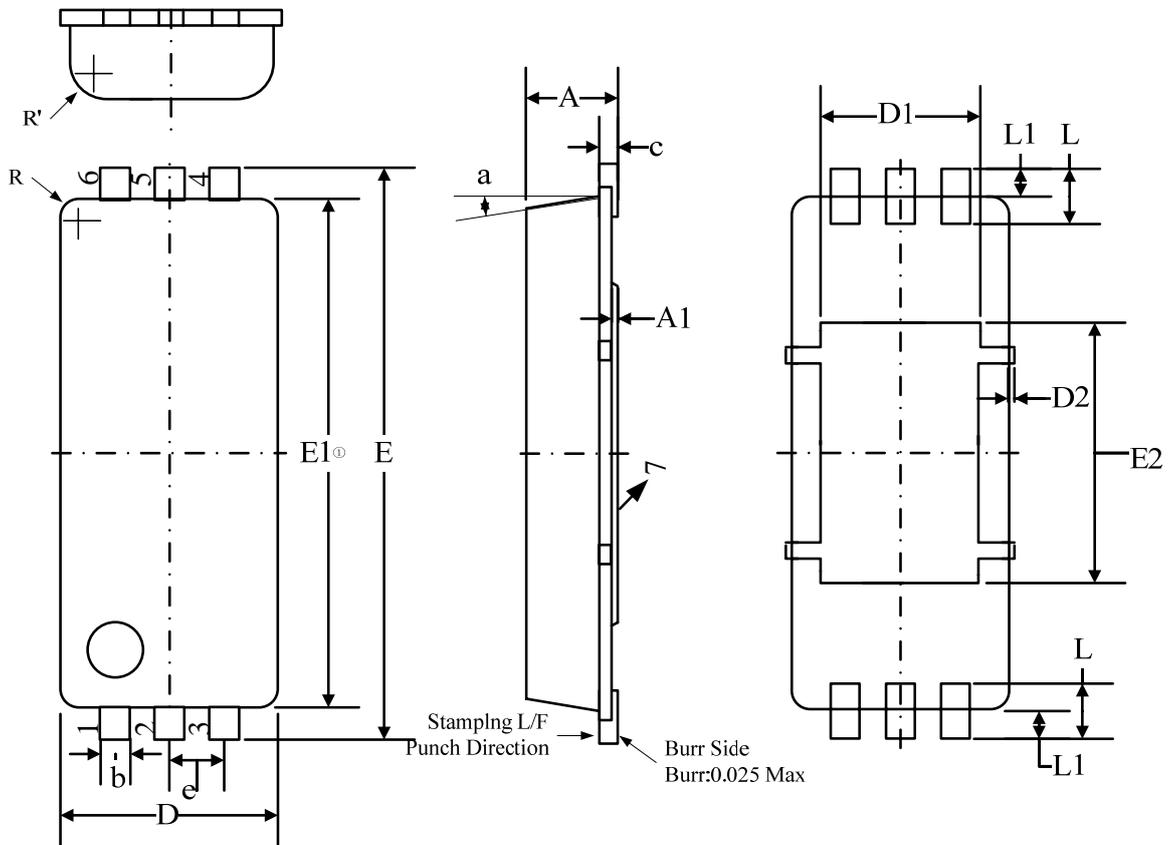


Figure 12 Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance



Package Drawing:



1,2 Source1; 3 Gate1;  
4 Gate2; 5,6 Source2; 7 Drain

NOTE:

1) All Dimensions Are In mm.

DIM	A	A1	b	c	D	D1	D2	E	E1	E2	e	L	L1	R	R'	a
Min.	0.70	0.00	0.18	0.10	1.85	1.25	0.00	4.90	4.30	2.30	0.50 BSC	0.37	0.23	0.15	0.10 (Ref)	10°
Nom.	0.75	-	0.21	0.15	2.00	1.40	-	5.00	4.40	2.625		0.50	0.30			
Max.	0.80	0.05	0.33	0.20	2.15	1.55	0.10	5.10	4.50	2.95		0.63	0.37			

- Package Body Sizes Exclude Mold Flash, Protrusion Or Gate Burrs, Mold Flash, Protrusion Or Gate Burrs Shall Not Exceed 0.10 mm Per Side.
- Package Body Sizes Determined At The Outermost Extremes Of The Plastic Body Exclusive Of Mold Flash ,Tie Bar Burrs, Gate Burrs And Interlead Flash, But Including Any Mismatch Between The Top And Bottom Of The Plastic Body.
- The Package Top May Be Smaller Than The Package Bottom.



## RESTRICTIONS ON PRODUCT USE

- The information contained herein is subject to change without notice.
- BYD Microelectronics Co., Ltd. (short for BME) exerts the greatest possible effort to ensure high quality and reliability. Nevertheless, semiconductor devices in general can malfunction or fail due to their inherent electrical sensitivity and vulnerability to physical stress. It is the responsibility of the buyer, when utilizing BME products, to comply with the standards of safety in making a safe design for the entire system, including redundancy, fire-prevention measures, and malfunction prevention, to prevent any accidents, fires, or community damage that may ensue. In developing your designs, please ensure that BME products are used within specified operating ranges as set forth in the most recent BME products specifications.
- The BME products listed in this document are intended for usage in general electronics applications (personal equipment, office equipment, domestic appliances, etc.). These BME products are neither intended nor warranted for usage in equipment that requires extraordinarily high quality and/or reliability or a malfunction or failure of which may cause loss of human life or bodily injury (“Unintended Usage”). Unintended Usage include atomic energy control instruments, airplane or spaceship instruments, transportation instruments, traffic signal instruments, combustion control instruments, medical instruments, all types of safety devices, etc.. Unintended Usage of BME products listed in this document shall be made at the customer’s own risk.
- BME is not responsible for any problems caused by circuits or diagrams described herein whose related industrial properties, patents, or other rights belong to third parties. The application circuit examples explain typical applications of the products, and do not guarantee the success of any specific mass-production design.