

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The BCT3236 is a LED driver with independent 36 output channels, and the output current of each channel can be programmed to achieve 256 levels by I2C interface. The output current of each channel can be set at up to 38mA (Max.) by an external resistor and independently scaled by a factor of 1, 1/2, 1/3 and 1/4.

The chip can be turned off by pulling the SDB pin lower by using the software shutdown feature to reduce power consumption.

BCT3236 is available in QFN5X5-44L (5mm \times 5mm). It operates from 2.7V to 5.5V over the temperature range of -40°C to +85°C.

FEATURES

- 2.7V to 5.5V supply
- I2C interface, automatic address increment function
- Internal reset register
- Modulate LED brightness with 256 levels
- Each channel can be controlled independently
- Each channel can be scaled independently by 1,1/2, 1/3 and 1/4
- -40°C to +85°C temperature range
- QFN5X5-44L (5mm × 5mm)

APPLICATIONS

Mobile phones and other hand-held devices for LED display

LED in home appliances.

ORDERING INFORMATION

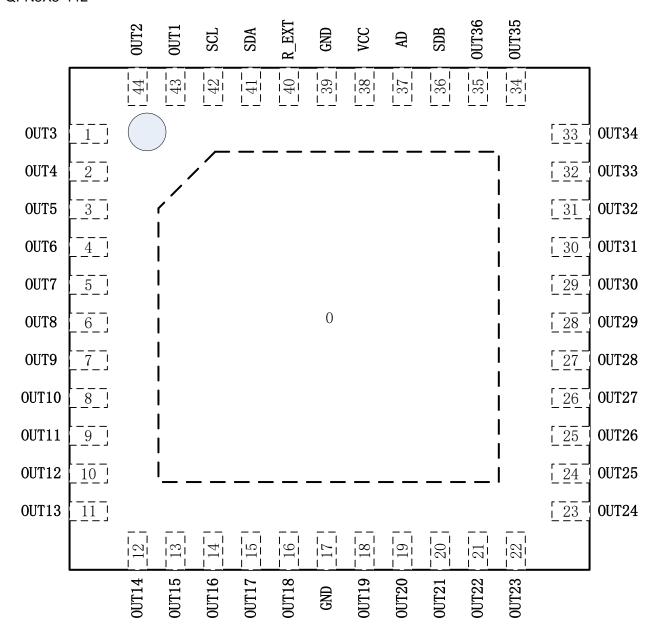
Order Number	Package Type	Temperature Range	Marking	QTY/Reel
			В	
BCT3236EGH-TR	QFN5X5-44L	-40°C to +85°C	3236	3000
			XXXXX	

Note: "XXXXX" in marking will be appeared as the batch code.



PIN CONFIGURATION

QFN5X5-44L





PIN DESCRIPTION

No.	Pin	Description
1~3	OUT3 ~ OUT5	Output channel 3~5 for LEDs.
4~16	OUT6 ~ OUT18	Output channel 6~18 for LEDs.
17,39	GND	Ground.
18~30	OUT19 ~ OUT31	Output channel 19~31 for LEDs.
31~35	OUT32 ~ OUT36	Output channel 32~36 for LEDs.
36	SDB	Shutdown the chip when pulled low.
37	AD	I2C address setting.
38	VCC	Power supply.
		Input terminal used to connect an external
40	R_EXT	resistor. This regulates the global output
		current.
41	SDA	I2C serial data.
42	SCL	I2C serial clock.
43,44	OUT1, OUT2	Output channel 1, 2 for LEDs.
0	Thermal Pad	Connect to GND.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage, V _{CC} 0.3V to 6V
Voltage at SCL, SDA, SDB, OUT1 to
OUT360.3V to V _{CC} +0.3V
Maximum junction temperature, T _{JMAX} 150°C
Storage temperature range, T _{STG} 65°C ~ +150°C
Operating temperature range, T _A −40°C ~ +85°C
Package thermal resistance (Mounted on JEDEC standard
4,layer(2s2p) PCB test board), R _{θJA}
32.65°C/W (QFN)
ESD (HBM)±4kV

NOTE:

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other condition beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability

CAUTION

This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD if you don't pay attention to ESD protection. Broadchip recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage. ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

Broadchip reserves the right to make any change in circuit design, specification or other related things if necessary without notice at any time. Please contact Broadchip sales office to get the latest datasheet.



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Typical values are $TA = 25^{\circ}C$, VCC = 3.6V.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V_{CC}	Supply voltage		2.7		5.5	V
I _{MAX}	Maximum global output current	$V_{CC} = 4.2V, V_{OUT} = 0.8V$ $R_{EXT} = 2k\Omega, SL = "00" (Note 1)$		38		mA
I _{OUT}	Output current	$V_{OUT} = 0.6V$ $R_{EXT} = 3.3k\Omega$, SL = "00"		23		mA
I _{CC}	Quiescent power supply current	$R_{EXT} = 3.3k\Omega$		9		mA
I _{SD}	Shutdown current	$V_{SDB} = 0V$ or software shutdown $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$	2	3	5	μA
I _{OZ}	Output leakage current	$V_{SDB} = 0V$ or software shutdown, $V_{OUT} = 5.5V$			0.2	μA
V _{EXT}	Output voltage of R-EXT pin			0.58		V
Logic Electric	cal Characteristics (SDA, SCL, S	DB)				
V_{IL}	Logic "0" input voltage	V _{CC} = 2.7V			0.4	V
V _{IH}	Logic "1" input voltage	V _{CC} = 5.5V	1.4			V
I _{IL}	Logic "0" input current	V _{INPUT} = 0V		5 (Note 2)		nA
l _{IH}	Logic "1" input current	$V_{INPUT} = V_{CC}$		5 (Note 2)		nA

DIGITAL INPUT SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (NOTE 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditio	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
		11				
f _{SCL}	Serial-Clock frequency				400	kHz
t _{BUF}	Bus free time between a STOP and a START condition		1.3			μs
t _{HD, STA}	Hold time (repeated) START condition		0.6			μs
t _{SU, STA}	Repeated START condition setup time		0.6			μs
tsu, sто	STOP condition setup time		0.6			μs
t _{HD, DAT}	Data hold time				0.9	μs
t _{SU, DAT}	Data setup time		100			ns
t _{LOW}	SCL clock low period		1.3			μs
t _{HIGH}	SCL clock high period		0.7			μs



t _R	Rise time of both SDA and SCL signals, receiving	(Note 3)	20+0.1 C _b	300	ns
t _F	Fall time of both SDA and SCL signals, receiving	(Note 3)	20+0.1 C _b	300	ns

Note 1: The recommended minimum value of REXT is $2k\Omega$, or it may cause a large current.

Note 2: Guaranteed by design.

Note 3: Cb = total capacitance of one bus line in pF. ISINK ≤ 6mA. tR and tF measured between 0.3 h VCC and 0.7 h VCC

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

12C INTERFACE

The BCT3236 uses a serial bus, which conforms to the I2C protocol, to control the chip's functions with two wires: SCL and SDA. The BCT3236 has a 7-bit slave address (A7:A1), followed by the R/W bit, A0. Since BCT3236 only supports write operations, A0 must always be "0". The value of bits A1 and A2 are decided by the connection of the AD pin.

The complete slave address is:

Table 1 Slave Address (Write only):

Bit	A7:A3	A2:A1	A0
Value	01111	AD	0

AD connected to GND, AD = 00;

AD connected to VCC, AD = 11;

AD connected to SCL, AD = 01;

AD connected to SDA, AD = 10;

The SCL line is uni-directional. The SDA line is

bi-directional (open-collector) with a pull-up resistor (typically $4.7k\Omega$). The maximum clock frequency specified by the I2C standard is 400kHz. In this discussion, the master is the microcontroller and the slave is the BCT3236

The timing diagram for the I2C is shown in Figure 2. The SDA is latched in on the stable high level of the SCL. When there is no interface activity, the SDA line should be held high.

The "START" signal is generated by lowering the SDA signal while the SCL signal is high. The start signal will alert all devices attached to the I2C bus to check the incoming address against their own chip address. The 8-bit chip address is sent next, most significant bit first. Each address bit must be stable while the SCL level is high.

After the last bit of the chip address is sent, the master checks for the BCT3236's acknowledge. The master releases the SDA line high (through a pull-up resistor). Then the master sends an SCL pulse. If the BCT3236 has received the address correctly, then it



holds the SDA line low during the SCL pulse. If the SDA line is not low, then the master should send a "STOP" signal (discussed later) and abort the transfer.

Following acknowledge of BCT3236, the register address byte is sent, most significant bit first

BCT3236 must generate another acknowledge indicating that the register address has been received.

Then 8-bit of data byte are sent next, most significant bit first. Each data bit should be valid while the SCL level is stable high. After the data byte is sent, the BCT3236 must generate another acknowledge to indicate that the data was received.

The "STOP" signal ends the transfer. To signal "STOP", the SDA signal goes high while the SCL signal is high.

ADDRESS AUTO INCREMENT

To write multiple bytes of data into BCT3236, load the address of the data register that the first data byte is intended for. During the BCT3236 acknowledge of receiving the data byte, the internal address pointer will increment by one. The next data byte sent to BCT3236 will be placed in the new address, and so on. The auto increment of the address will continue as long as data continues to be written to BCT3236 (Figure 5)

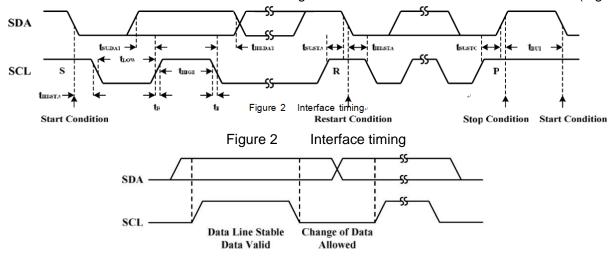


Figure 3 Bit transfer

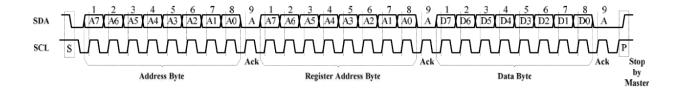
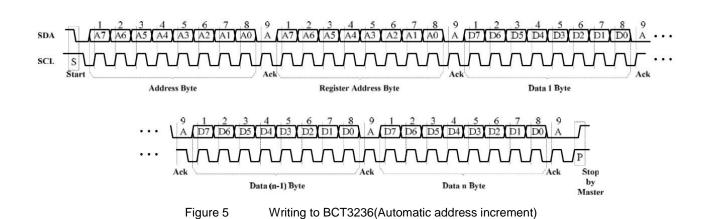


Figure 4 Writing to BCT3236(Typical)





Registers Definition

Table 2 Register Function

Table 2 Register Furtherin				
Address	Name	Function	Table	Default
00h	Shutdown Register	Set software shutdown mode	3	0000
01h~24h	Brightness Register	36 channels brightness register	4	0000
25h	Update Register	Load brightness register and LED Control	-	XXXX
		Register's data		xxxx
26h~49h	LED Control	Channel 1 to 36 enable bit and current	5	0000
	Register			0000
4Ah	Global Control	setting Set all channels enable	6	
4Fh	Reset Register	Reset all registers into default value	-	xxxx
				xxxx

Table 3 00h Shutdown Register

Bit	D7:D1	D0
Name	-	SSD
Default	0000000	0

The Shutdown Register sets software shutdown mode of BCT3236

SSD Software Shutdown EnableSoftware shutdown mode

1 Normal operation

Table 4 01h~24h Brightness Register(OUT1~OUT36)



Bit	D7:D0
Name	Brightness
Default	0000 0000

Brightness[7:0]

In normal mode, the eight bits setting the brightness of the output channel.

00000000 0/256 Light down

00000001 2/256 00000010 3/256

.....

11111111 256/256 the brightest

25H Brightness Update Register

The data sent to the Brightness Registers and the LED Control Registers will be stored in temporary registers. A write operation of "0000 0000" value to the Update Register is required to update the registers (01h~24h, 26h~49h).

Table 5 26h~49h LED Control Register (OUT1~OUT36)

Bit	D7:D3	D2:D1	D0
Name	-	SL	OUT
Default	00000	00	0

The LED Control Registers store the on or off state of each LED and set the output current.

SL Output Current Setting (IOUT)

00 IMAX

01 IMAX/2

10 IMAX/3

11 IMAX/4

OUT LED State

0 LED off

1 LED on

Table 6 4Ah Global Control Register

-	
D7·D1	D0
07.01	БО
	G EN
-	G_LIV
0000 000	0
0000 000	U
	D7:D1 - 0000 000

The Global Control Register set all channels enable.

G_EN Global LED Enable



- 0 Normal operation
- 1 Shutdown all LEDs

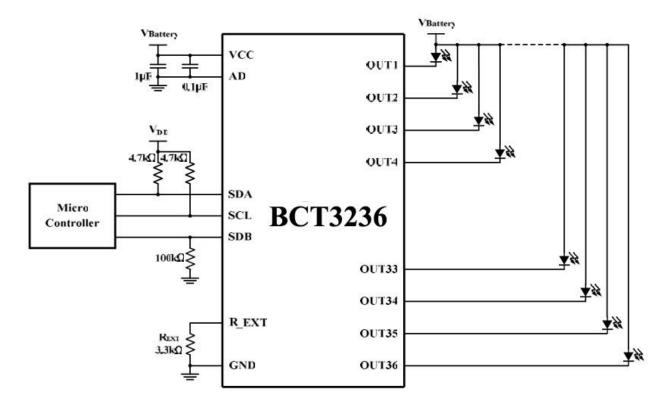
4Fh Reset Register

Once user writes "0000 0000" data to the Reset Register, BCT3236 will reset all registers to default value. On initial power-up, the BCT3236 registers are reset to their default values for a blank display.





TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT



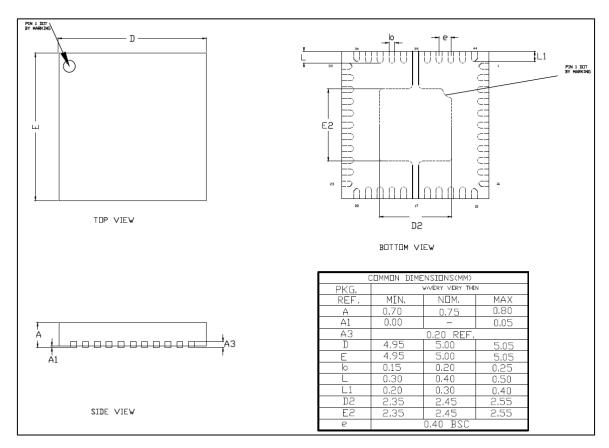
Note 1: The maximum global output current is set up to 23mA when REXT = $3.3k\Omega$. The maximum global output current can be set by external resistor REXT, IMAX=76/REXT Note 2: The IC should be placed far away from the mobile antenna in order to prevent the EMI.





PACKAGE INFORMATION

QFN5X5-44L



Note:

1. Controlling dimension: MM

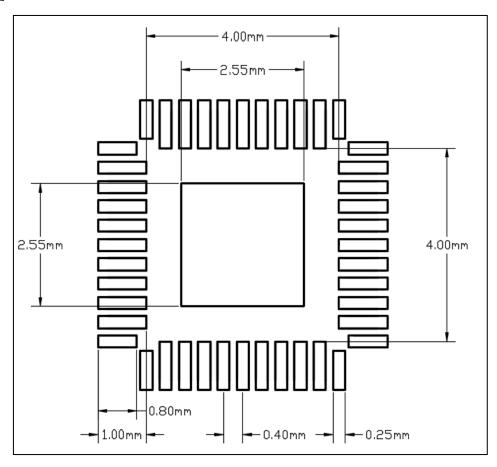
2. Reference document: na close tool

3. The pin's sharp and thermal pad shows different sharp among different factories.



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

QFN5X5-44L



Note:

- 1. Land pattern complies to IPC-7351.
- 2. This document (including dimensions, notes & specs) is a recommendation based on typical circuit board manufacturing parameters. Since land pattern design depends on many factors unknown (eg. user's board manufacturing specs), user must determine suitability for use.