AS1337 200mA, DC-DC Step-Up Converter with Buck Mode

1 General Description

The AS1337 is a synchronous, fixed frequency, highefficiency DC-DC boost converter capable of supplying 3.3V @ 200mA from two AA Cells. Compact size and minimum external parts requirements make these devices perfect for modern portable devices. The AS1337 offers automatic powersave mode to increase efficiency at light loads. For input voltages higher than VOUT the AS1337 will switch in a step down mode, so that a Buck Boost function is realized.

The AS1337A offers a shutdown mode where the battery is connected directly to the output enabling the supply of real-time-clocks or memories.

The AS1337 offers a POK (open-drain) feature which detects output power fail of 10%.

The AS1337 is available in a TDFN (3x3mm) 8-pin package.

2 Key Features

Input Voltage Range: 0.65V to 4.5V

Low Start-Up Voltage: 0.85V

Output Voltage Range: 2.5V to 5.0V

■ Delivers 200mA @ 3.3V (from two AA Cell)

up to 97% Efficiency

■ High-Speed Fixed-Frequency: 1.2MHz

■ Single-Cell Operation

Internal PMOS Synchronous Rectifier

■ Automatic Powersave Operation

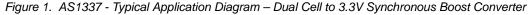
Anti-Ringing Control Minimizes EMI

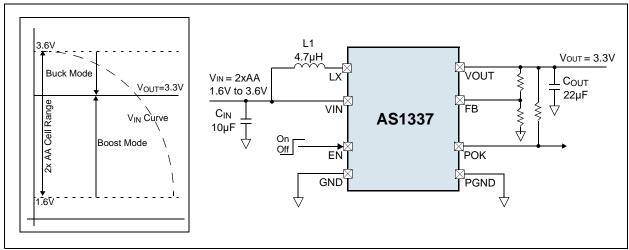
■ Logic Controlled Shutdown (< 1µA)</p>

■ TDFN (3x3mm) 8-pin Package

3 Applications

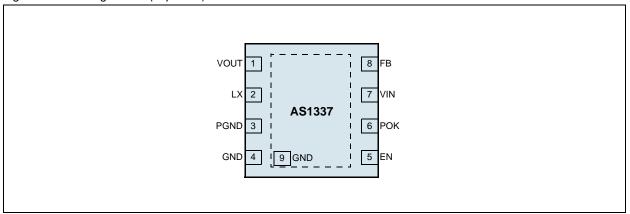
The AS1337 is ideal for low-power applications where ultra-small size is critical as in medical diagnostic equipment, hand-held instruments, pagers, digital cameras, remote wireless transmitters, MP3 players, LCD bias supplies, cordless phones, GPS receivers, and PC cards.





4 Pin Assignments

Figure 2. Pin Assignments (Top View)



Pin Descriptions

Table 1. Pin Descriptions

Pin Name	Pin Number	Description
VOUT	1	Output Voltage . Bias is derived from Vout when Vout exceeds Vin. PCB trace length from Vout to the output filter capacitor(s) should be as short and wide as is practical.
LX	2	Switch Pin. Connect an inductor between this pin and Vin. Keep the PCB trace lengths as short and wide as is practical to reduce EMI and voltage overshoot. If the inductor current falls to zero, or pin EN is low, an internal 100Ω anti-ringing switch is connected from this pin to Vin to minimize EMI. Note: An optional Schottky diode can be connected between this pin and Vout.
PGND	3	Power Ground . Provide a short, direct PCB path between this pin and the output capacitor(s).
GND	4	Ground
EN	5	 Enable Pin. Logic controlled enable input. 1 = Normal operation 0 = Shutdown Note: In a typical application, EN should be connected to VIN through a 1MΩ pull-up resistor.
POK	6	POK. High when Vou⊤ is within regulation.
VIN	7	Input Voltage. The AS1337 gets its start-up bias from VIN unless VOUT exceeds VIN, in which case the bias is derived from VOUT. Thus, once started, operation is completely independent from VIN. Operation is only limited by the output power level and the internal series resistance of the supply.
FB	8	Feedback Pin . Feedback input to the g_m error amplifier. Connect a resistor divider tap to this pin. The output voltage can be adjusted from 2.5V to 5V by: $VOUT = 1.23V[1 + (R_1/R_2)]$
GND	9	Exposed Pad Ground

5 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses beyond those listed in Table 2 may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in Section 6 Electrical Characteristics on page 4 is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Table 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Min	Max	Units	Notes
VIN to GND	-0.3	5.5	V	
FB to GND	-0.3	5	V	
All other pins to GND	-0.3	6	V	
Operating Temperature Range	-40	+85	°C	
Storage Temperature Range	-65	+125	°C	
Package Body Temperature		+260	°C	The reflow peak soldering temperature (body temperature) specified is in accordance with IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020D "Moisture/Reflow Sensitivity Classification for Non-Hermetic Solid State Surface Mount Devices". The lead finish for Pb-free leaded packages is matte tin (100% Sn).
Latch-Up	-100	100	mA	@85°C, JEDEC 78
Human Body Model	2	2	kV	HBM MIL-Std. 883E 3015.7 methods



6 Electrical Characteristics

VIN = VEN = +1.2V, VOUT = +3.3V, $Typ \ values @ TAMB = +25°C$, $TAMB = -40 \ to +85°C$ (unless otherwise specified);

Table 3. Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units	
Input			•		•		
	Minimum Start-Up Voltage	ILOAD = 1mA		0.85	1.15	V	
	Minimum Operating Voltage	EN = VIN 1		0.65	0.85	V	
VIN	Maximum Input Voltage				4.5	V	
	Output Voltage Adjust Range		2.5		5	V	
Regulatio	n				•		
VFB	Feedback Voltage		1.192	1.23	1.268	V	
lгв	Feedback Input Current	VFB = 1.25V		1		nA	
Operating	Current		1		•		
IQPWS	Quiescent Current	VFB = 1.4V ²		20	35	μΑ	
Ishdn	Shutdown Current	EN = GND, VIN = 3.3V		0.01	1	μΑ	
Switches	L						
Inmosswl	NMOS Switch Leakage			0.01	1	μA	
Ronnmos	NMOS Switch On Resistance	Vout = 3.3V		0.35		0	
		Vout = 5V		0.20		Ω	
Davision	DM000 0 31 1 0 D 31	Vout = 3.3V		0.45		0	
RONPMOS	PMOS Switch On Resistance	Vout = 5V		0.30		Ω	
Inmos	NMOS Current Limit			850		mA	
	Max Duty Cycle	VFB = 1V	80	87		%	
fsw	Switching Frequency		0.95	1.2	1.5	MHz	
Shutdown	1		•				
VIH	Enable Input Threshold		1			V	
VIL	Lilable input Tilleshold				0.3	V	
len	EN Input Current	EN = 5.0V		0.01	1	μA	
Power-OK	(·				
	POK Voltage Low	IPOK=1mA		0.1	0.4	V	
	POK Leakage Current	VPOK = VIN or VOUT		1	100	nA	
	Power-OK Threshold	Falling Edge	86	88	91	%	
Thermal F	Protection						
T_{ENM}	Overtemperature Protection			145		°C	
ΔT_{ENM}	Overtemperature Protection Hysteresis			10		°C	

^{1.} Minimum Vin operation after start-up is only limited by the battery's ability to provide the necessary power as it enters a deeply discharged state.

^{2.} IQPWs is measured at Vout. Multiply this value by Vout/Vin to get the equivalent input (battery) current.

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7 Typical Operating Characteristics

Vout = 3.3V, Cin = 10μF, Cout = 22μF, L1 = 4.7μH, TAMB = +25°C (unless otherwise specified).

Figure 3. Efficiency vs. IOUT - Down Conversion Mode

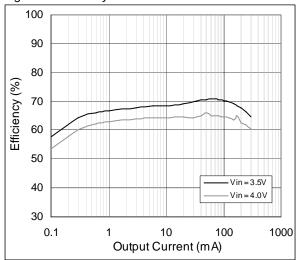


Figure 5. Efficiency vs. Input Voltage

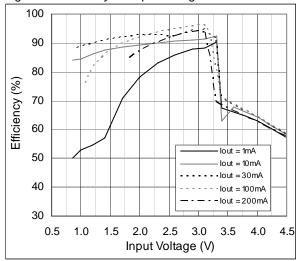


Figure 7. Min. Operating Voltage vs. Temperature

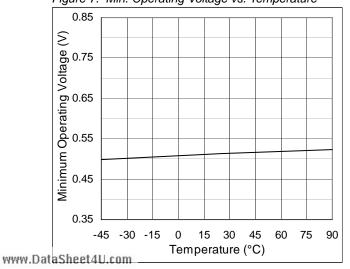


Figure 4. Efficiency vs. IOUT - Step-up Mode

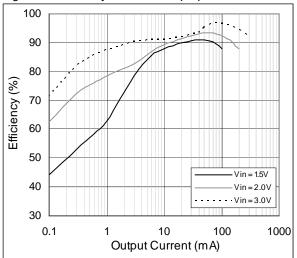


Figure 6. Output Current vs. Input Voltage

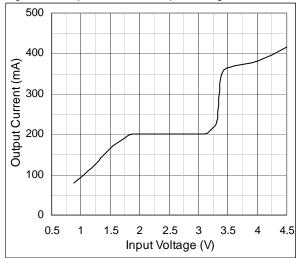
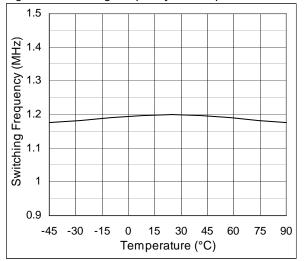


Figure 8. Switching Frequency vs. Temperature



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Figure 9. Output Voltage vs. Temp.; ILOAD = 1mA

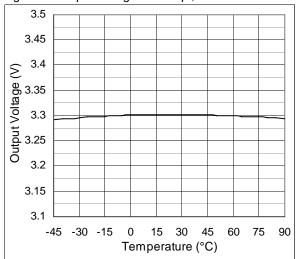


Figure 10. Load Transient Response; VIN = 1.8V

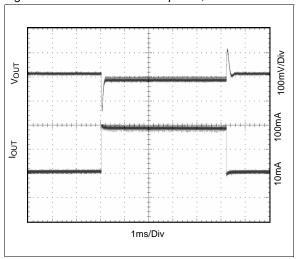


Figure 11. Load Transient Response; VIN = 3.0V

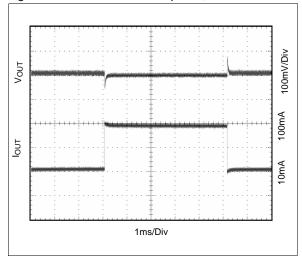
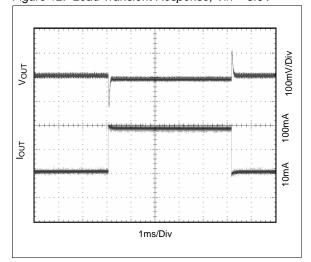


Figure 12. Load Transient Response; VIN = 3.6V



8 Detailed Description

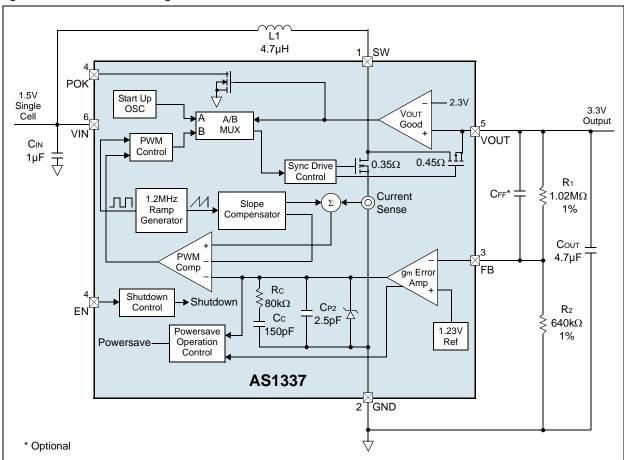
The AS1337 can operate from a single-cell input voltage (VIN) below 1V, and features fixed frequency (1.2MHz) and current mode PWM control for exceptional line- and load-regulation. With low RDS(ON) and gate charge internal NMOS and PMOS switches, the device maintains high-efficiency from light to heavy loads.

Modern portable devices frequently spend extended time in low-power or standby modes, switching to high power-drain only when certain functions are enabled. The AS1337 is ideal for portable devices since they maintain high-power conversion efficiency over a wide output power range, thus increasing battery life in these types of devices.

In addition to high-efficiency at moderate and heavy loads, the AS1337 includes an automatic powersave mode that improves efficiency of the power converter at light loads. The powersave mode is initiated if the output load current falls below a factory programmed threshold.

The Overtemperature protection circuitry turn-off both switches for a short time when the temperature reaches 145°C in the device .

Figure 13. AS1337 - Block Diagram



Low-Voltage Start-Up and Soft Start

The AS1337 requires a VIN of only 0.85V (typ) or higher to start up. The low-voltage start-up circuitry controls the internal switches and provides a soft start function, where the inductor current during start up is limited to about 300mA. This soft start and in rush current limitation feature provides also a smooth curve of Vout after start up and makes the overshoot of Vout minimal.

After a certain time a bigger inductor current is allowed and the soft start is disabled.

Low-Noise Fixed-Frequency Operation

Oscillator

The AS1337 switching frequency is internally fixed at 1.2MHz allowing the use of very small external components.

Current Sensing

A signal representing the internal NMOS-switch current is summed with the slope compensator. The summed signal is compared to the error amplifier output to provide a peak current control command for the PWM. Peak switch current is limited to approximately 850mA independent of VIN or VOUT.

Zero Current Comparator

The zero current comparator monitors the inductor current to the output and shuts off the PMOS synchronous rectifier once this current drops to 20mA (approx.). This prevents the inductor current from reversing polarity and results in improved converter efficiency at light loads.

Anti-Ringing Control

Anti-ringing control circuitry prevents high-frequency ringing on pin LX as the inductor current approaches zero. This is accomplished by damping the resonant circuit formed by the inductor and the capacitance on pin LX.

Setting Output Voltage

A voltage divider from VOUT to GND programs the output voltage from 2.5V to 5V via pin FB as:

$$VOUT = 1.23V(1 + (R_1/R_2))$$
 (EQ 1)

Powersave Operation

In light load conditions, the integrated powersave feature removes power from all circuitry not required to monitor Vout. When Vout has dropped approximately 1% from nominal, the AS1337 powers up and begins normal PWM operation.

Cout (see Figure 13 on page 7) recharges, causing the AS1337 to re-enter powersave mode as long as the output load remains below the powersave threshold. The frequency of this intermittent PWM is proportional to load current; i.e., as the load current drops further below the powersave threshold, the AS1337 turns on less frequently. When the load current increases above the powersave threshold, the AS1337 will resume continuous, seamless PWM operation.

Note: An optional capacitor (CFF) between pins VOUT and FB in some applications can reduce VouTp-p ripple and input quiescent current during powersave mode. Typical values for CFF range from 15pF to 220pF.

Buck Mode

The AS1337A offers a low power buck mode for VIN > VOUT operation.

Shutdown

When pin EN is low the AS1337 is switched off and <1µA current is drawn from battery; when pin EN is high the device is switched on. If EN is driven from a logic-level output, the logic high-level (on) should be referenced to VouT to avoid intermittently switching the device on.

Note: If pin EN is not used, it should be connected directly to pin VOUT.

Caution: Because of the feedthrough the output voltage is the same as the input voltage during shutdown. If VIN > VOUT the output voltage will jump to the value of the input voltage when the device switches into shutdown. During normal operation the device is in down conversion mode.



Shutdown Battery Feedthrough (AS1337A)

In shutdown the battery input of the AS1337A is connected to the output through the inductor and the small internal synchronous rectifier P-FET. This allows the input battery to provide backup power for devices such as an idle microcontroller, memory, or real-time-clock, without the usual diode forward drop. In this way a separate backup battery is not needed.

Future Version (on request): Shutdown Battery Disconnect (AS1337B)

The AS1337B is designed to allow true output disconnect by opening both P-channel MOSFET rectifiers. This means that Vout is discharged and connected to GND.

POK Function

The POK output indicates if the output voltage is within 88% (typ.) of the nominal voltage level. As long as the output voltage is within regulation the open-drain POK output is high impedance. The POK output can be tied to VIN or to VOUT or to any external voltage up to VIN or VOUT via a pull-up resistance (see Figure 1 on page 1). If the output voltage drops below 88% (typ.) of the nominal voltage the POK pin is pulled to GND.

Note: It is important to consider that in shutdown mode the POK output is pulled to VIN in order to save current.

9 Application Information

The AS1337 is perfectly suited for LED matrix displays, bar-graph displays, instrument-panel meters, dot matrix displays, set-top boxes, white goods, professional audio equipment, medical equipment, industrial controllers to name a few applications.

Along with Figure 1 on page 1, Figure 14 and Figure 15 depict a few of the many applications for which the AS1337 converters are perfectly suited.

Figure 14. Single AA Cell to 3.3V Synchronous Boost Converter

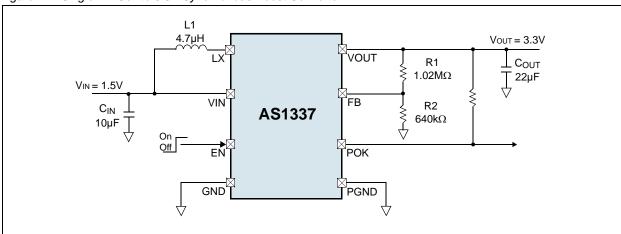
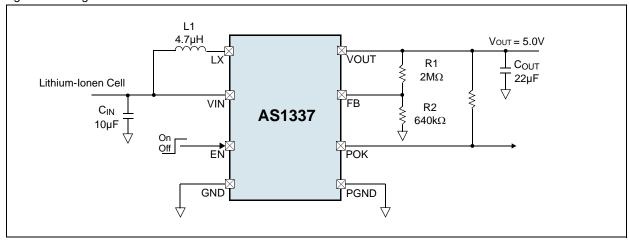


Figure 15. Single Lithium Cell to 5V



Component Selection

Only three power components are required to complete the design of the buck-boost converter, except the additional two resistors for the voltage divider to set Vout. The high operating frequency and low peak currents of the AS1337 allow the use of low value, low profile inductors and tiny external ceramic capacitors.

Inductor Selection

The inductor should have low ESR to reduce the I²R power losses, and must be able to handle the peak inductor current without saturating. High-frequency ferrite core inductor materials reduce frequency dependent power losses compared to less expensive powdered iron types, which result in improved converter efficiency.

A 4.7µH to 15µH inductor value with a >850mA current rating and low DCR is recommended. For applications where radiated noise is a concern, a toroidal or shielded inductor can be used.

Capacitor Selection

A 10µF capacitor is recommend for CIN as well as a 22µF for COUT. Small-sized ceramic capacitors are recommended. X5R and X7R ceramic capacitors are recommend as they retain capacitance over wide ranges of voltages and temperatures.

Output Capacitor Selection

Low ESR capacitors should be used to minimize VouT ripple. Multi-layer ceramic capacitors are recommended since they have extremely low ESR and are available in small footprints. A 1 to $10\mu F$ output capacitor is sufficient for most applications. Larger values up to $22\mu F$ may be used to obtain extremely low output voltage ripple and improve transient response.

An additional phase lead capacitor may be required with output capacitors larger than $10\mu F$ to maintain acceptable phase margin. X5R and X7R dielectric materials are recommended due to their ability to maintain capacitance over wide voltage and temperature ranges.

Input Capacitor Selection

Low ESR input capacitors reduce input switching noise and reduce the peak current drawn from the battery. Ceramic capacitors are recommended for input decoupling and should be located as close to the device as is practical. A 4.7µF input capacitor is sufficient for most applications. Larger values may be used without limitations.

Table 4. Recommended External Components

Name	Part Number	Value	Rating	Туре	Size	Manufacturer
CIN	GRM219R60J106KE19	10µF	6.3V	X5R	0805	Murata
Соит	GRM21BR60J226ME39	22µF	6.3V	X5R	0805	www.murata.com
L1	MOS6020-472ML	4.7µH	1.82A	50mΩ	6.8x6.0x2.4mm	Coilcraft www.coilcraft.com

PCB Layout Guidelines

The high-speed operation of the AS1337 requires proper layout for optimum performance.

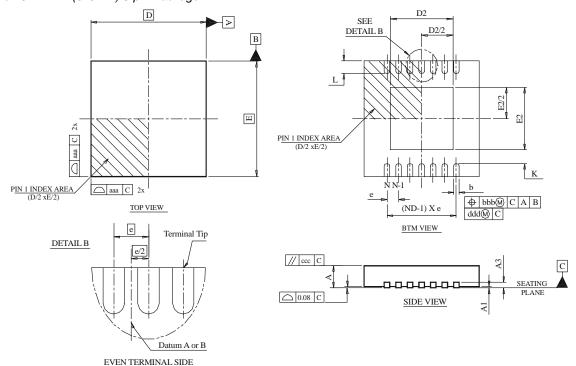
- A large ground pin copper area will help to lower the device temperature.
- A multi-layer board with a separate ground plane is recommended.
- Traces carrying large currents should be direct.
- Trace area at pin FB should be as small as is practical.
- The lead-length to the battery should be as short as is practical.

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10 Package Drawings and Markings

The devices are available in a TDFN (3x3mm) 8-pin package.

Figure 16. TDFN (3x3mm) 8-pin Package



Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Notes
Α	0.70	0.75	0.80	1, 2
A1	0.00	0.02	0.05	1, 2
A3		0.20 REF		1, 2
L1	0.03		0.15	1, 2
L2			0.13	1, 2
aaa		0.15		1, 2
bbb		0.10		1, 2
CCC		0.10		1, 2
ddd		0.05		1, 2
eee		0.08		1, 2
999		0.10		1, 2

Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Notes
D BSC		3.00		1, 2
E BSC		3.00		1, 2
D2	1.60		2.50	1, 2
E2	1.35		1.75	1, 2
L	0.30	0.40	0.50	1, 2
θ	00		14º	1, 2
K	0.20			1, 2
b	0.18	0.25	0.30	1, 2, 5
е		0.65		
N		8		1, 2
ND		4		1, 2, 5

Notes:

- 1. Figure 16 is shown for illustration only.
- 2. All dimensions are in millimeters; angles in degrees.
- 3. Dimensioning and tolerancing conform to ASME Y14.5 M-1994.
- 4. N is the total number of terminals.
- 5. The terminal #1 identifier and terminal numbering convention shall conform to *JEDEC 95-1, SPP-012*. Details of terminal #1 identifier are optional, but must be located within the zone indicated. The terminal #1 identifier may be either a mold or marked feature.
- 6. Dimension b applies to metallized terminal and is measured between 0.15mm and 0.30mm from the terminal tip.
- 7. ND refers to the maximum number of terminals on side D.
- 8. Unilateral coplanarity zone applies to the exposed heat sink slug as well as the terminals

11 Ordering Information

The device is available as the standard products listed in Table 5.

Table 5. Ordering Information

Ordering Code	dering Code Marking Descriptiom		Delivery Form	Package
AS1337A-BTDT	ASSE	200mA, DC-DC Step-Up Converter with Buck Mode; Battery Connect in Shutdown	Tape and Reel	TDFN (3x3mm) 8-pin
AS1337B-BTDT*	ASSF	200mA, DC-DC Step-Up Converter with Buck Mode; Battery Disconnect in Shutdown	Tape and Reel	TDFN (3x3mm) 8-pin

^{*)} on request

Note: All products are RoHS compliant and Pb-free.

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