

## AO4437

# P-Channel Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor



## **General Description**

The AO4437 uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent R<sub>DS(ON)</sub>, low gate charge and operation with gate voltages as low as 1.8V. This device is suitable for use as a load switch or in PWM applications. It is ESD protected. Standard Product AO4437 is Pb-free (meets ROHS & Sony 259 specifications). AO4437L is a Green Product ordering option. AO4437 and AO4437L are electrically identical.

## **Features**

 $V_{DS}(V) = -12V$ 

 $I_D = -11 \text{ A } (V_{GS} = -4.5 \text{V})$ 

 $R_{DS(ON)} < 16m\Omega (V_{GS} = -4.5V)$ 

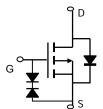
 $R_{DS(ON)}$  < 20m $\Omega$  (V<sub>GS</sub> = -2.5V)

 $R_{DS(ON)}$  < 25m $\Omega$  ( $V_{GS}$  = -1.8V)

ESD Rating: 4KV HBM

#### SOIC-8 Top View





## Absolute Maximum Ratings T<sub>A</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted

Parameter		Symbol	Maximum	Units	
Drain-Source Voltage		$V_{DS}$	-12	V	
Gate-Source Voltage		$V_{GS}$	±8	V	
Continuous Drain	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C		-11		
Current <sup>A</sup>	T <sub>A</sub> =70°C	I <sub>D</sub>	-9	A	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>B</sup>		I <sub>DM</sub>	-20		
	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C	P <sub>D</sub>	3	W	
Power Dissipation <sup>A</sup>	T <sub>A</sub> =70°C	LD	2.1	]	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range		T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>STG</sub>	-55 to 150	°C	

Thermal Characteristics					
Parameter		Symbol	Тур	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient A	t ≤ 10s	В	31	40	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient A	Steady-State	$R_{ heta JA}$	63	75	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Lead <sup>C</sup>	Steady-State	$R_{\theta JL}$	21	30	°C/W

#### Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	U
STATIC	PARAMETERS					
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D = -250 \mu A, V_{GS} = 0 V$	-12			
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Cate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> =-9.6V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V			-1	μΑ
	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	T <sub>J</sub> =55°C			-5	
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}$ =0V, $V_{GS}$ =±4.5V			±1	
	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}$ =0V, $V_{GS}$ =±8V			±10	
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$ $I_{D}=-250\mu A$	-0.3	-0.55	-1	
I <sub>D(ON)</sub>	On state drain current	V <sub>GS</sub> =-4.5V, V <sub>DS</sub> =-5V	-20			
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>		V <sub>GS</sub> =-4.5V, I <sub>D</sub> =-11A		12.4	16	
	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	T <sub>J</sub> =125°C		17	21	
	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =-2.5V, I <sub>D</sub> =-10A		15.9	20	
		V <sub>GS</sub> =-1.8V, I <sub>D</sub> =-6A		20.4	25	
<b>g</b> FS	Forward Transconductance	V <sub>DS</sub> =-5V, I <sub>D</sub> =-11A		38		
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =-1A,V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		-0.74	-1	
I <sub>S</sub>	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Cur	ırrent			-4.5	
DYNAMI	C PARAMETERS					
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =-6V, f=1MHz		3960	4750	
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance			910		
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			757		
$R_g$	Gate resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, f=1MHz		6.9	8.5	
SWITCH	ING PARAMETERS					
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge			37	47	
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge	$V_{GS}$ =-4.5V, $V_{DS}$ =-6V, $I_{D}$ =-11A		4.5		
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge			11		
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On Delay Time			15		
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time	$V_{GS}$ =-4.5V, $V_{DS}$ =-6V, $R_L$ =0.55 $\Omega$ , $R_{GEN}$ =3 $\Omega$		43		
t <sub>D(off)</sub>	Turn-Off Delay Time			158		
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time			95		
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =-11A, dI/dt=100A/μs		64		
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	<sub>e</sub> I <sub>F</sub> =-11A, dI/dt=100A/μs		50		

A: The value of  $R_{\text{BJA}}$  is measured with the device mounted on  $1\text{in}^2$  FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A$  =25°C. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design. The current rating is based on the t≤ 10s thermal resistance rating.

Rev2: August 2005

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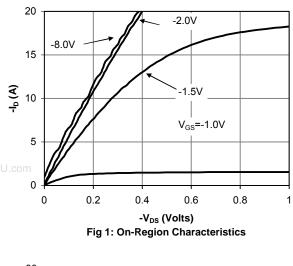
B: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature.

C. The  $R_{\theta,IA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedence from junction to lead  $R_{\theta,II}$  and lead to ambient.

D. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6,12,14 are obtained using 80 µs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

E. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in $^2$  FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A$ =25°C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

## TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



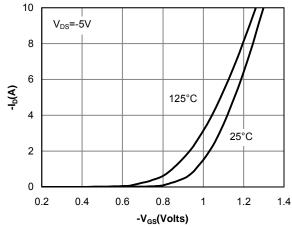


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

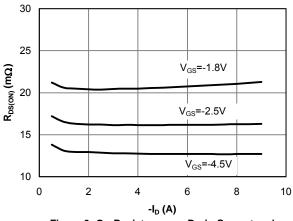


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

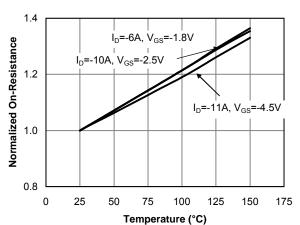


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

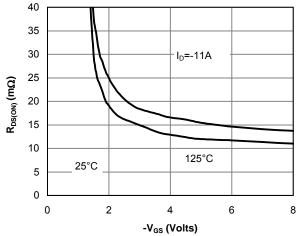


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

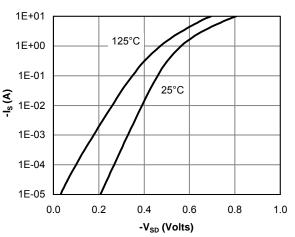


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics