

AN6164K, AN6164S

Constant Voltage Drive Speech Network Circuits

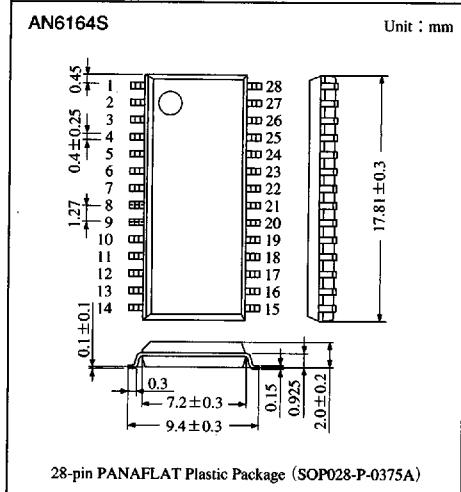
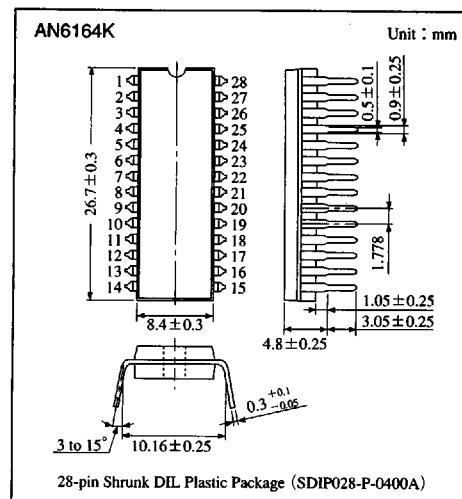
■ Overview

The AN6164K and AN6164S are ICs for constant voltage drive type speech networks.

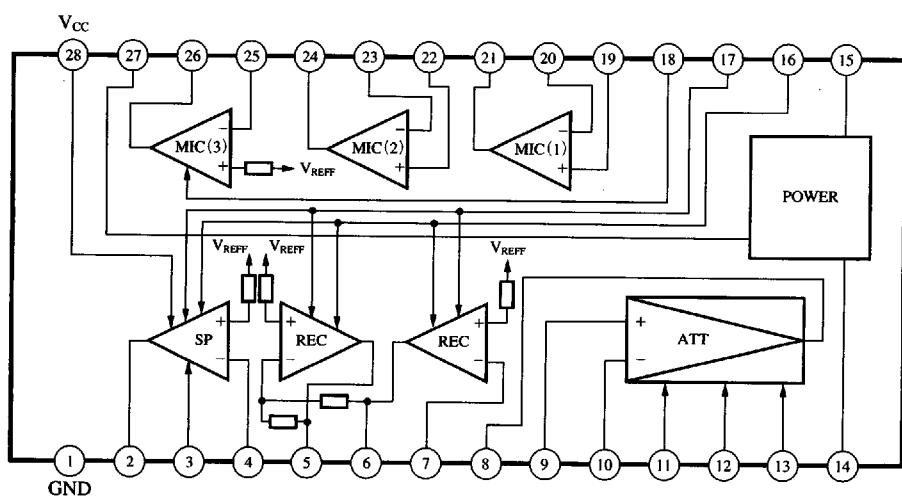
They incorporate a speaker amplifier and attenuator and suitable for the car telephone and business telephone.

■ Features

- Capable of interfacing with the piezo-electric receivers and dynamic receivers
- Capable of interfacing with the piezo-electric transmitters and ECM type transmitters
- Balance input for both receiver and transmitter system in order to prevent mixture of humming noises
- Capable of muting each amplifier by external control
- Built-in attenuator circuit in the receiver system to allow 7-step adjustment of attenuation (0 to -30dB) with the switch 3 terminals
- Built-in standby circuit for the power supply to allow low power consumption ; supply current of $15\mu A$ or less in the standby mode



■ Block Diagram



■ Absolute Maximum Ratings ($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage	V_{CC}	-0.3 to +14.4	V
Supply current	I_{CC}	1	A
Power dissipation	P_D	380 *	mW
Operating ambient temperature	T_{opr}	-20 to +75	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-55 to +125	$^\circ\text{C}$

* Operating ambient temperature $T_a=75^\circ\text{C}$, mounted onto the glass epoxy PCB (50×50×1.2mm)

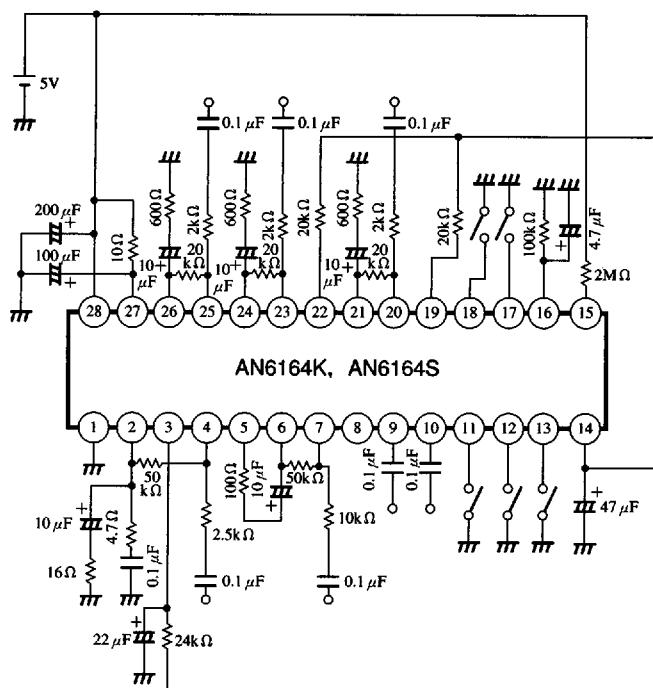
■ Recommended Operating Range ($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Range
Operating supply voltage range	V_{CC}	4.5 to 8V

■ Electrical Characteristics ($V_{CC}=5\text{V}$, $f=1\text{kHz}$, $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	min	typ	max	Unit
Current consumption (SP MODE)	I_{CC} (SP)	Measure current consumption at $V_{CC}=8\text{V}$ and at the speaker mode.	5	11	17	mA
Current consumption (STANDBY MODE)	I_s	Measure current consumption at $V_{CC}=8\text{V}$ and at the standby mode.	—	—	15	μA
Microphone amplifier (1) open circuit gain	G_V (M1)	Input a signal to the Pin② and measure the open circuit gain at the Pin③.	55	—	—	dB
Microphone amplifier (1) output level	V_o (M1)	Measure a distortion factor at the Pin③ at gain=20 dB, load=600 Ω , and output=-2dB.	—	—	5	%
Microphone amplifier (1) noise output voltage	V_{no} (M1)	Measure the noise level with DIN/AUDIO at $R_g=2.2\text{k}\Omega$ and gain=20 dB.	—	-90	-80	dBV
Receiver amplifier gain	G_V (REC)	Set the gain to 20 dB with an external resistor and measure the gain at $V_{in}=-25\text{ dBV}$.	18	20	22	dB
Receiver amplifier output level	V_o (REC)	Measure a distortion factor at gain=20 dB, load=100 Ω , and output=0 dBV.	—	—	5	%
Receiver amplifier noise output voltage	V_{no} (REC)	Measure the noise level with DIN/AUDIO at $R_g=2.2\text{k}\Omega$ and gain=20 dB.	—	-80	-70	dB
Δ ATT (1)	Δ ATT (1)	Input a signal (-10 dBV) to the Pin⑨) and measure the output level. Ground the Pin⑪.	-7	-5	-3	dB
Δ ATT (2)	Δ ATT (2)	Input a signal (-10 dBV) to the Pin⑨)) and measure the output level. Ground the Pin⑫.	-12	-10	-8	dB
Δ ATT (3)	Δ ATT (3)	Input a signal (-10 dBV) to the Pin⑨)) and measure the output level. Ground the Pin⑬.	-17	-15	-13	dB
ATT	ATT	Input a signal (-10 dBV) to the Pin⑨)) and measure the output level.	-2	0	+2	dB
Speaker amplifier open circuit gain	G_V (SP)	Input a signal to the Pin④ and measure the open circuit gain of the Pin⑤.	40	—	—	dB
Speaker amplifier output level	V_o (SP)	Measure a distortion factor at the Pin⑥ at gain=26 dB, load=16 Ω , and output=0 dBV.	—	—	5	%
Speaker amplifier noise output voltage	V_{no} (SP)	Measure the noise level with DIN/AUDIO at $R_g=2.2\text{k}\Omega$ and gain=26 dB.	—	-85	-75	dBV
Control voltage (H)	V (H)		2	—	$V_{CC}+0.3$	V
Control voltage (L)	V (L)		-0.3	—	+0.5	V
Control pin suction current	I_{cont}	Measure a current flowing out when the control pin is ground.	—	—	20	μA

■ Application Circuit



■ Pin Descriptions

Pin No.	Pin name	Typical waveform	Description	Equivalent circuit
1	GND	— DC 0V	Ground pin. Connect to the ground potential.	—
2	SP output	2.1 V	Speaker output pin. Outputs a receives signal to the speaker.	
3	SP cont	 — DC	Speaker control pin. Connect to GND through the 22μF electrolytic capacitor.	
4	SP input	2.1V	Speaker signal input pin. Inputs a speaker signal through the coupling capacitor.	Internal ref. voltage 2.1V

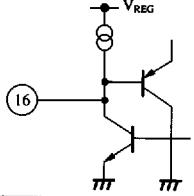
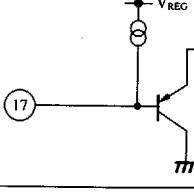
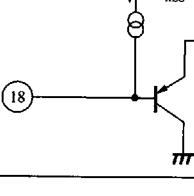
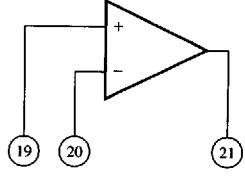
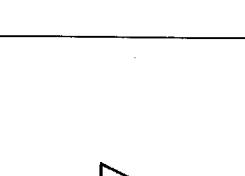
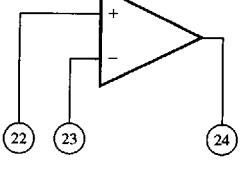
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■ Pin Descriptions (cont.)

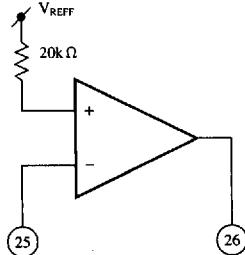
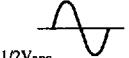
Pin No.	Pin name	Typical waveform	Description	Equivalent circuit
5	RO-2		Receiver output pins 2 and 1. Connects to the receiver through the coupling capacitor. The receiver connected is a 100Ω dynamic type or 1 k Ω piezo-electric type.	
6	RO-1		Receiver input pin. Inputs a receiver signal through the coupling capacitor.	
7	REC input		Attenuator output pin. Connects to the receiver amplifier and speaker amplifier through the coupling capacitor.	
8	ATT output		Attenuator positive input pin and negative input pin. Inputs a receiver signal through the coupling capacitor.	
9	ATT (+) input		Attenuator control pin 1. The receiver gain is attenuated 5 dB by setting this pin to the L level.	
10	ATT (-) input		Attenuator control pin 2. The receiver gain is attenuated 10 dB by setting this pin to the L level.	
11	ATT cont (1)		Attenuator control pin 3. The receiver gain is attenuated 15 dB by setting this pin to the L level.	
12	ATT cont (2)		Reference pin. Connects to GND through the electrolytic capacitor. The current obtainable from this pin is 7mA.	
13	ATT cont (3)		Standby pin. Connects to the Pin 28 through a resistor ($2M\Omega$). The standby mode is set by setting this pin to the Low level.	
14	V _{REFF}		Standby pin. Connects to the Pin 28 through a resistor ($2M\Omega$). The standby mode is set by setting this pin to the Low level.	
15	STANDBY		Standby pin. Connects to the Pin 28 through a resistor ($2M\Omega$). The standby mode is set by setting this pin to the Low level.	

■ Pin Descriptions (cont.)

Pin No.	Pin name	Typical waveform	Description	Equivalent circuit
16	V _{cc} cont	DC	Power rise control pin. Connects to GND through the electrolytic capacitor (4.7 μF) and resistor (100kΩ).	
17	REC/SP	DC	Receiver/speaker selector pin. The speaker mode is selected by setting this pin to the H level, and receiver mode by setting to the L level.	
18	MIC mute	DC	Microphone mute pin. Controls ON/OFF of the microphone (3) amplifier. Muted by setting this pin to the L level.	
19	MIC-1 input		Microphone (1) positive and negative input pins. Connects the ECM type microphone through the coupling capacitor.	
20	MIC-1 output		Microphone (1) output pin. Capable of driving a 600Ω load.	
21	MIC-1 output		Microphone (1) output pin. Capable of driving a 600Ω load.	
22	MIC-2 input		Microphone (2) positive and negative input pins. Connects the ECM type microphone through the coupling capacitor.	
23	MIC-2 input		Microphone (2) positive and negative input pins. Connects the ECM type microphone through the coupling capacitor.	
24	MIC-2 output		Microphone (2) output pin. Capable of driving a 600Ω load.	

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■ Pin Descriptions (cont.)

Pin No.	Pin name	Typical waveform	Description	Equivalent circuit
25	MIC-3 input		Microphone (3) input pin. Connects to the microphone (1) or microphone (2) through the coupling capacitor.	
26	MIC-3 output		Microphone (3) output pin. Capable of driving a 600Ω load.	
27	V_{REG}	 DC	Stabilized supply voltage pin. Connects to GND through the electrolytic capacitor.	
29	V_{CC}	 DC	Supply voltage pin. Connects to GND through the electrolytic capacitor.	

■ Supplementary Descriptions

● Receiver Attenuator

☆ About receiver attenuator

Since the AN6164K and AN6164S incorporate the attenuator circuit in the receiver system, you can adjust an amount of attenuator in 7 steps with the 3 pins, ⑪, ⑫, and ⑬.

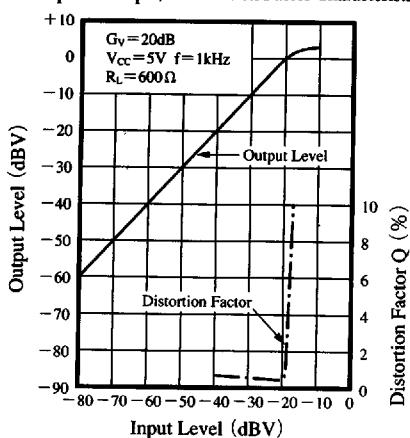
The logic table is shown below.

Receiver Attenuation Amount

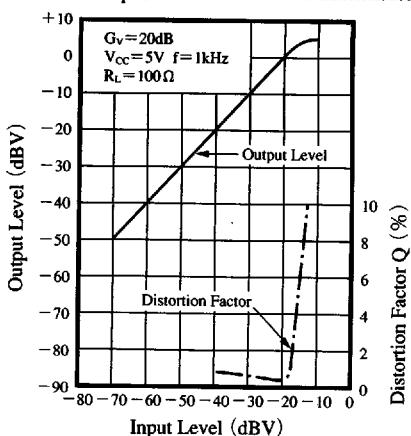
⑪	⑫	⑬	Attenuation amount (dB)
H	H	H	0
L	H	H	-5
H	L	H	-10
H	H	L	-15
L	H	L	-20
H	L	L	-25
L	L	L	-30
L	L	H	-15

■ Characteristics Curve

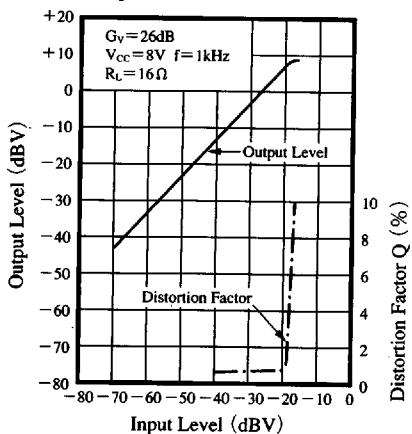
Microphone Amp. I/O Distortion Factor Characteristics



Receiver Amp. I/O Distortion Factor Characteristics



Speaker Amp. I/O Distortion Factor Characteristics



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