

AN3890FBS

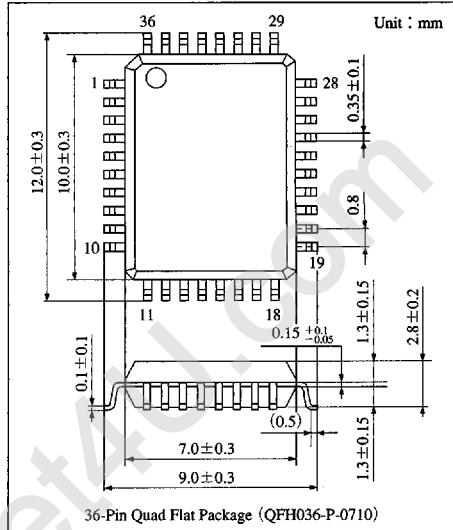
Capstan Motor Drive IC for VCR

■ Overview

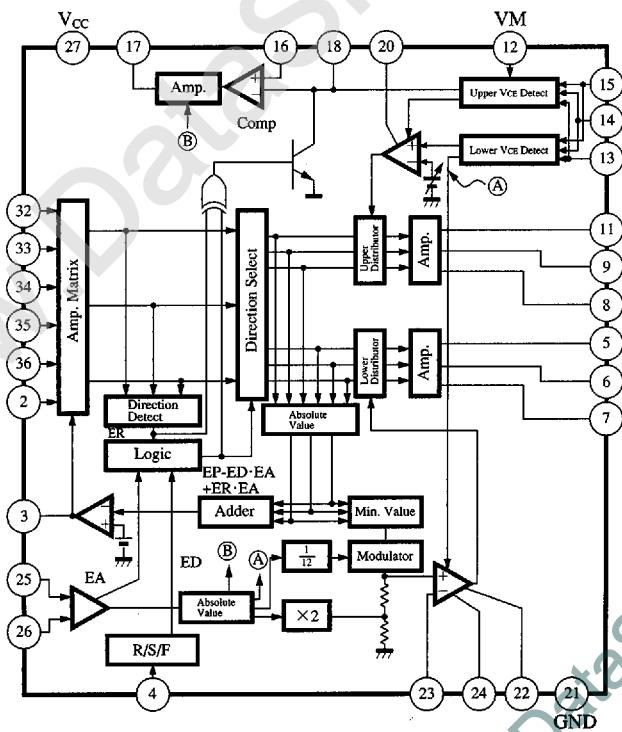
The AN3890FBS is an IC designed as a VCR capstan motor drive. It is particularly optimum for camera combined VCR.

■ Features

- Controls the output transistors (external) at low V_{CE} .
- Built-in torque ripple cancellation circuit.
- Overlap drive.
- Provided with predrive output for switching regulator control.
- Output pin electrolytic capacitor unrequired.



■ Block Diagram



■ 6932852 0014709 T97 ■

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■ Absolute Maximum Ratings ($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit	Note
Supply voltage	V_{CC}	6	V	
Power dissipation	P_D	500	mW	
Operating ambient temperature	T_{opr}	-20 to +70	°C	
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-55 to +125	°C	
Motor supply voltage	V_{12}	20	V	
Output pin voltage	V_1	20	V	$V_1=13, 14, 15$
Pin voltage	V_m	-0.3 to V_{CC}	V	$m=2, 4, 16, 24,$ $25, 26, 32,$ $33, 34, 35, 36$

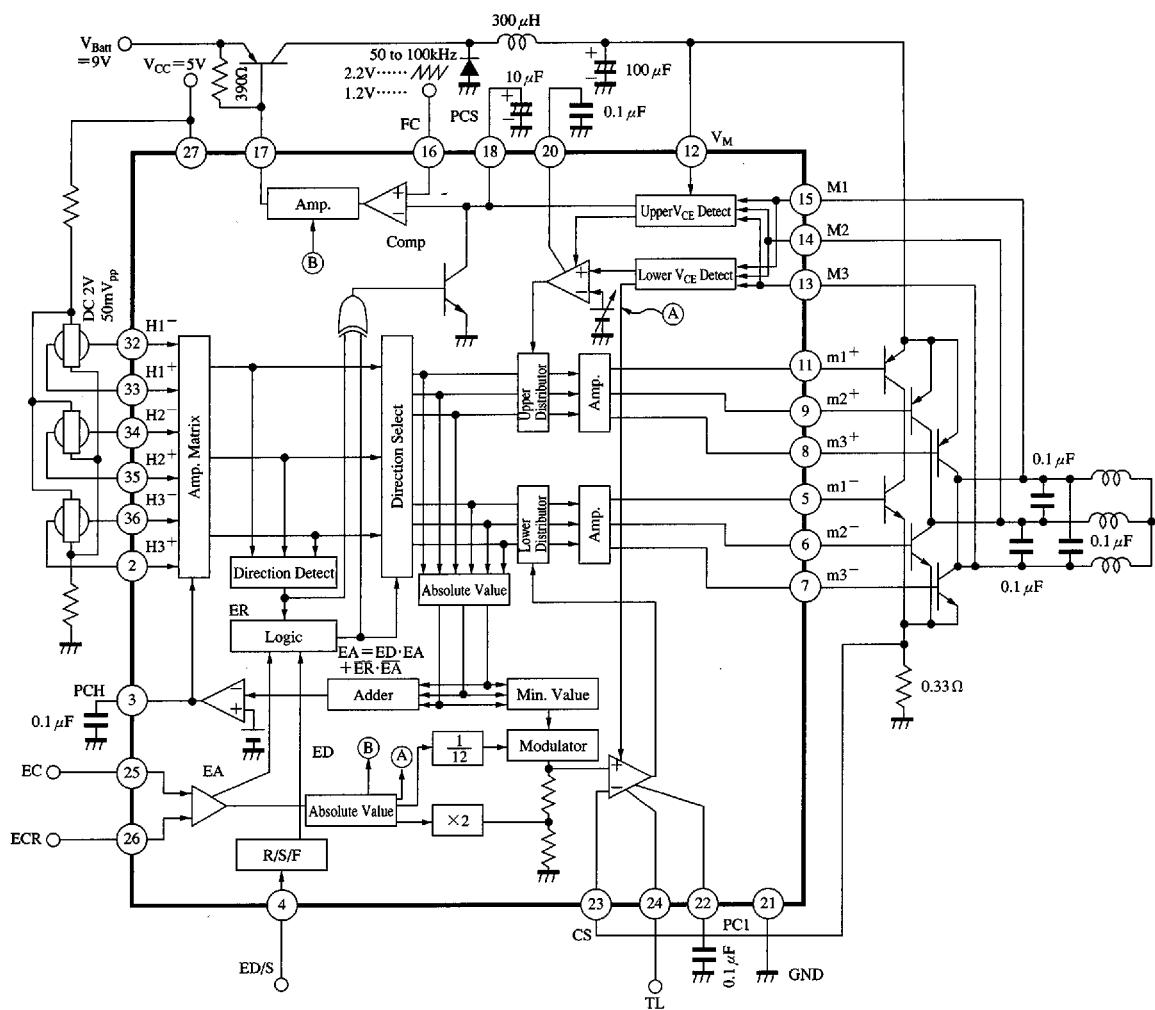
■ Recommended Operating Range ($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Range
Operating supply voltage range	V_{CC}	4.5V to 5.5V

■ Electrical Characteristics ($V_{CC}=5\text{V}$, $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	min	typ	max	Unit
Circuit current	I_{CC}		—	—	15	mA
Torque command ref. voltage	ECR		2	—	3	V
Torque command voltage	EC		0.5	—	4	V
Torque command input current	I_{EC}	$EC=ECR=2.5\text{V}$	-1	—	0	μA
Torque command input offset voltage	EC_{off}		-150	—	150	mV
Torque command dead zone	EC_{DZ}		30	—	150	mV
Output idle voltage	ATC_{idle}		0	—	4	mV
I/O gain	G_{io}		0.19	0.24	0.28	times
Output max. voltage	ATC_{max}		0.3	—	—	V
Forward command voltage	ED_F		—	—	0.9	V
Stop command voltage	ED_S		1.3	—	3.1	V
Reverse command voltage	ED_R		3.5	—	—	V
Hall element input allowable voltage	H_{in}		1.1	—	3.5	V
Hall element input conversion offset	H_{offset}		-8	—	8	mV
Lower output voltage (1)	$VN(1)$	$ATC=66\text{mV}$	0.25	0.37	0.55	V
Lower output voltage (2)	$VN(2)$	$EC=0.5\text{V}$	—	—	1.2	V
TL-CS offset	TL_{offset}	$TL=0.2\text{V}$	0	7	15	mV
Ripple cancellation rate	α	$V_{ATC}=66\text{mV}$	6	10.5	15	%
Upper drive max. current	I_{MP}		15	—	—	mA
Lower drive max. current	I_{MN}		—	—	-15	mA
Switching power supply control output operating point	PCS	$PCS=1.7\text{V}$ at $V_M=6\text{V}$. Value of V_M - MI Times	0.25	0.4	0.55	V
Switching power supply control output gain	G_{PCS}	$V_M=6\text{V}$	6.5	9	11	times
Output drive max. current for switching power supply	I_{SW}	$EC=0.5\text{V}$	8	—	—	mA
Output rise time for switching power supply	t_{on}		—	—	1	μs
Output fall time for switching power supply	t_{off}		—	—	1	μs
Switching power supply comparator input offset	ΔV_{FC}		-10	—	10	mV
Switching power supply comparator input current	I_{FC}	$FC=1.7\text{V}$	-10	—	0	μA

■ Application Circuit



■ Pin Descriptions

Pin No.	Pin name	Typ. waveform	Description	I/O impedance	Equivalent circuit
1	NC	—	—	—	—
2	H_3^+ Hall element input	2V 60mV _{PP}	Inputs signal for the Hall element of the motor.	—	
3	PCH Hall amp. phase compensation	—	AGC loop phase-compensation pin of the Hall amplifier	—	
4	ED/S direction command input	—	Gives motor rotary direction or stop command with 3-valued input.	—	
5	m_2^- lower predrive output 1	—	Pre-drive output for output transistor of the sink side (lower side)	—	
6	m_2^- lower predrive output 2				
7	m_3^- lower predrive output 3				
8	m_3^+ upper predrive output 3	—	Pre-drive output for output transistor of the source side	—	
9	m_2^+ upper predrive output 2				
11	m_1^+ upper predrive output 1				
10	NC	—	—	—	—
12	V_M motor power pin	—	Motor power input pin	—	—

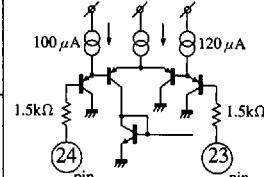
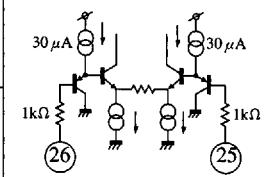
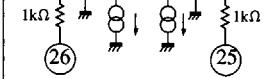
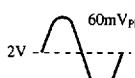
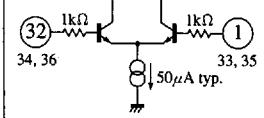
■ Pin Descriptions (cont.)

Pin No.	Pin name	Typ. waveform	Description	I/O impedance	Equivalent circuit
13 14 15	M3 motor coil pin 3 M2 motor coil pin 2 M1 motor coil pin 1		Connect to the motor coil.	—	
16	FC switching power triangular wave input pin		Inputs switching power supply control triangular wave from external.	—	
17	SW switching power output		Power transistor pre-drive output for switching power supply	—	
18	PCS switching power control output		Outputs a voltage proportional to Vce of the output on the source side. It also serves as a phase compensation pin for the switching power supply loop.	16.8kΩ	
19	NC		NC	—	
20	PCV voltage feedback system phase compensation		Phase compensation pin of the control system for the output transistor on the source side	—	
21	GND pin		Ground pin	—	
22	PCI current feedback phase compensation		Phase compensation pin of the control system for the output transistor on the sink side	—	

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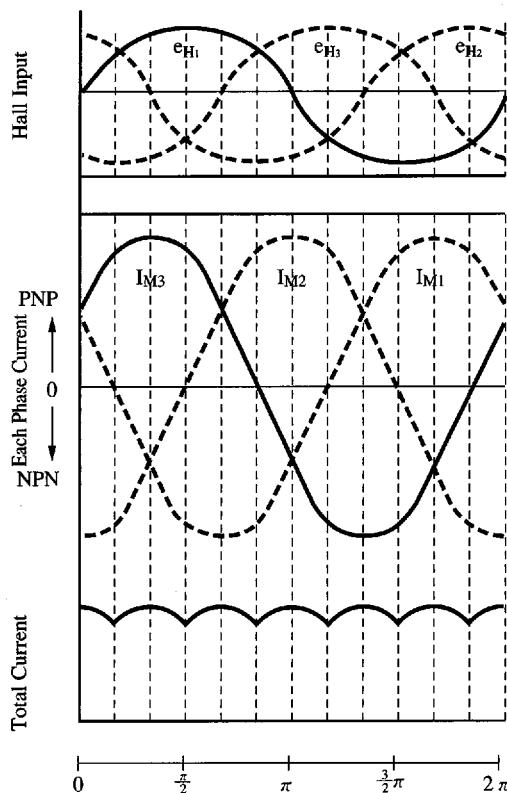
■ Pin Descriptions (cont.)

Pin No.	Pin name	Typ. waveform	Description	I/O impedance	Equivalent circuit
23	CS current detection pin	—	Inputs the value detected by a current detection resistor.	—	
24	TL torque limit pin	—	Inputs an output current limit value.	—	
25	EC torque command input pin	—	Inputs a torque command.	—	
26	ECR torque command ref. input pin	—	Inputs a torque command ref. voltage.	—	
27	V _{CC} power pin	—	Inputs the supply voltage.	—	—
28, 29 30, 31	NC	—	NC	—	—
32 33 34 35 36	H ₁ ⁻ Hall element input H ₁ ⁺ Hall element input H ₂ ⁺ Hall element input H ₂ ⁻ Hall element input H ₃ ⁻ Hall element input		Inputs a signal for the Hall elements of the motor.	—	

■ Supplementary Explanation

● Hall Input and Output Current Phases for AN3890FBS

ED/S=0V EC<ECR



• Torque Direction Setting Logic

The direction of generated torque is determined by the following information.

- Information from the rotary direction detection circuit : ED

High : $H_1 \rightarrow H_3 \rightarrow H_2$

- Brake information from the torque command circuit : EA

High : $ECR > EC$

• Rotary direction command : ED

High : $H_1 \rightarrow H_3 \rightarrow H_2$

$H_1 \rightarrow H_3 \rightarrow H_2$ (forward rotation) at ED/S=0V

• Direction of generated torque : EP

High : Generates a torque rotating in the direction of $H_1 \rightarrow H_3 \rightarrow H_2$

EP is determined as follows, depending on ER,

EA, or ED

$$EP = ED \cdot EA + \bar{EA} \cdot \bar{ED}$$

	<u>EA</u>	<u>EA</u>		<u>ED</u>
ED	H	H	H	L
<u>ED</u>	H	L	L	L
	<u>ER</u>		ER	

Torque Direction Setting Logic Carnot's Diagram