TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

AM26C32, AM26C32C, AM26C32M, AM26C32I
SLLS104M – DECEMBER 1990 – REVISED OCTOBER 2023

AM26C32 Quadruple Differential Line Receiver

1 Features

- Meets or exceeds the requirements of ANSI TIA/EIA-422-B, TIA/EIA-423-B, and ITU recommendation V.10 and V.11
- Low power, I_{CC} = 10 mA typical
- ±7-V Common-mode range with ±200-mV sensitivity
- Input hysteresis: 60 mV typical
- t_{pd} = 17 ns typical
- Operates from a single 5-V supply
- 3-State outputs
- Input fail-safe circuitry
- Improved replacements for AM26LS32 device
- Available in Q-temp automotive

2 Applications

- High-reliability automotive applications
- Factory automation
- ATM and cash counters
- Smart grid
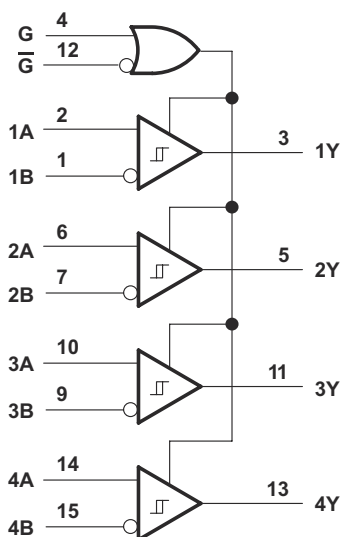- AC and servo motor drives

3 Description

The AM26C32 device is a quadruple differential line receiver for balanced or unbalanced digital data transmission. The enable function is common to all four receivers and offers a choice of active-high or active-low input. The 3-state outputs permit connection directly to a bus-organized system. Fail-safe design specifies that if the inputs are open, the outputs always are high. The AM26C32 devices are manufactured using a BiCMOS process, which is a combination of bipolar and CMOS transistors. This process provides the high voltage and current of bipolar with the low power of CMOS to reduce the power consumption to about one-fifth that of the standard AM26LS32, while maintaining AC and DC performance.

Package Information

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE[1]	PACKAGE SIZE[2]
AM26C32	PDIP (N, 16)	19.3 mm × 9.4 mm
	SO (NS, 16)	10.2 mm × 7.8 mm
	SOIC (D, 16)	9.9 mm × 6 mm
	SSOP (DB, 16)	6.2mm × 7.8mm
	TSSOP (PW, 16)	5 mm × 6.4 mm
	CDIP (J, 16)	mm × 6.92 mm
	CFP (W, 16)	10.3 mm × 6.73 mm
	LCCC (FK, 20)	8.90 mm × 8.90 mm

(1) For more Information, see Section 11.
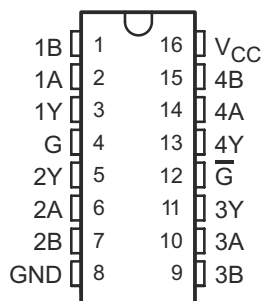(2) The package size (length × width) is a nominal value and includes pins, where applicable.
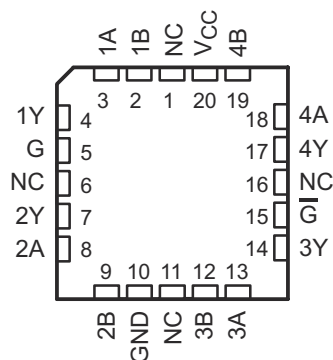

Simplified Schematic

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Product Folder Links: *AM26C32 AM26C32C AM26C32M AM26C32I*

4 Pin Configuration and Functions

**Figure 4-1. D, DB, N, NS, PW, J or W Package
16-Pin SOIC, PDIP, SO, TSSOP, CDIP, or CFP
(Top View)**

**Figure 4-2. FK Package, 20-Pin LCCC
(Top View)**

PIN			I/O	DESCRIPTION
NAME	LCCC	SOIC, PDIP, SO, TSSOP, CFP, or CDIP		
1A	3	2	I	RS422/RS485 differential input (noninverting)
1B	2	1	I	RS422/RS485 differential input (inverting)
1Y	4	3	O	Logic level output
2A	8	6	I	RS422/RS485 differential input (noninverting)
2B	9	7	I	RS422/RS485 differential input (inverting)
2Y	7	5	O	Logic level output
3A	13	10	I	RS422/RS485 differential input (noninverting)
3B	12	9	I	RS422/RS485 differential input (inverting)
3Y	14	11	O	Logic level output
4A	18	14	I	RS422/RS485 differential input (noninverting)
4B	19	15	I	RS422/RS485 differential input (inverting)
4Y	17	13	O	Logic level output
G	5	4	I	Active-high select
$\overline{G}$	15	12	I	Active-low select
GND	10	8	—	Ground
NC[1]	1	—	—	Do not connect
	6			
	11			
	16			
V_{CC}	20	16	—	Power Supply

(1) NC – no internal connection.

Product Folder Links: *AM26C32 AM26C32C AM26C32M AM26C32I*

5 Specifications

5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) [1]

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{CC}	Supply voltage[2]			7	V
V_I	Input voltage	A or B inputs	−11	14	V
		G or $\overline{G}$ inputs	−0.5	V_{CC} + 0.5	
V_{ID}	Differential input voltage		−14	14	V
V_O	Output voltage		−0.5	V_{CC} + 0.5	V
I_O	Output current			±25	mA
T_{stg}	Storage temperature		-65	150	°C

(1)   Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions*. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2)   All voltage values, except differential voltages, are with respect to the network ground terminal.

5.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
$V_{(ESD)}$	Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001[1]	±3000	V
		Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101[2]	±2000	

(1)   JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
(2)   JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

5.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V_{CC}	Supply voltage		4.5	5	5.5	V
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage		2		V_{cc}	V
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage		0		0.8	V
V_{IC}	Common-mode input voltage		-7		+7	V
I_{OH}	High-level output current				−6	mA
I_{OL}	Low-level output current				6	mA
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	AM26C32C	0		70	°C
		AM26C32I	−40		85	
		AM26C32Q	−40		125	
		AM26C32M	−55		125	

5.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC[1]		D (SOIC)	DB (SSOP)	N (PDIP)	NS (SO)	PW (TSSOP)	UNIT
		16 PINS	16 PINS	16 PINS	16 PINS	16 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	84.6	102.6	60.6	88.5	107.5	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case(top) thermal resistance	43.5	48.7	48.1	46.2	38.4	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	43.2	54.3	40.6	50.7	53.7	°C/W
Ψ_{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	10.4	11.8	27.5	13.5	3.2	°C/W
Ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-bottom characterization parameter	42.8	53.5	40.3	50.3	53.1	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report, SPRA953.

5.5 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC[1]		J (CDIP)	FK (LCCC)	W (CFP)	UNIT
		16 PINS	20 PINS	16 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	65.6	61.6	99.5	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case(top) thermal resistance	54.6	36.8	51.5	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	42.1	36.1	86.5	°C/W
Ψ_{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	22.9	31	23.7	°C/W
Ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-bottom characterization parameter	41.6	36	80.2	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(bottom)}$	Junction-to-case(bottom) thermal resistance	N/A	4.2	N/A	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report, SPRA953.

5.6 Electrical Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP[1]	MAX	UNIT
V_{IT+}	Differential input high-threshold voltage	$V_O = V_{OH(min)}$, $I_{OH} = -440$ µA	$V_{IC} = -7$ V to 7 V			0.2	V
			$V_{IC} = 0$ V to 5.5 V			0.1	
V_{IT-}	Differential input low-threshold voltage	$V_O = 0.45$ V, $I_{OL} = 8$ mA	$V_{IC} = -7$ V to 7 V	-0.2[2]			V
			$V_{IC} = 0$ V to 5.5 V	-0.1[2]			
V_{hys}	Hysteresis voltage ($V_{IT+} - V_{IT-}$)				60		mV
V_{IK}	Enable input clamp voltage	$V_{CC} = 4.5$ V, $I_I = -18$ mA				-1.5	V
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage	$V_{ID} = 200$ mV, $I_{OH} = -6$ mA		3.8			V
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage	$V_{ID} = -200$ mV, $I_{OL} = 6$ mA			0.2	0.3	V
I_{OZ}	OFF-state (high-impedance state) output current	$V_O = V_{CC}$ or GND			±0.5	±5	µA
I_I	Line input current	$V_I = 10$ V, Other input at 0 V				1.5	mA
		$V_I = -10$ V, Other input at 0 V				-2.5	mA
I_{IH}	High-level enable current	$V_I = 2.7$ V				20	µA
I_{IL}	Low-level enable current	$V_I = 0.4$ V				-100	µA
r_i	Input resistance	One input to ground		12	17		kΩ
I_{CC}	Quiescent supply current	$V_{CC} = 5.5$ V			10	15	mA

(1) All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 5$ V, $V_{IC} = 0$, and $T_A = 25$°C.

Product Folder Links: *AM26C32 AM26C32C AM26C32M AM26C32I*

(2)   The algebraic convention, in which the less positive (more negative) limit is designated minimum, is used in this data sheet for common-mode input voltage.

5.7 Switching Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range, C_L = 50 pF (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	AM26C32C AM26C32I			AM26C32Q AM26C32M			UNIT
			MIN	TYP[1]	MAX	MIN	TYP[1]	MAX	
t_{PLH}	Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output	See Figure 6-1	9	17	27	9	17	27	ns
t_{PHL}	Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output		9	17	27	9	17	27	ns
t_{TLH}	Output transition time, low- to high-level output	See Figure 6-1		4	9		4	10	ns
t_{THL}	Output transition time, high- to low-level output			4	9		4	9	ns
t_{PZH}	Output enable time to high-level	See Figure 6-2		13	22		13	22	ns
t_{PZL}	Output enable time to low-level			13	22		13	22	ns
t_{PHZ}	Output disable time from high-level	See Figure 6-2		13	22		13	26	ns
t_{PLZ}	Output disable time from low-level			13	22		13	25	ns

(1)   All typical values are at V_{CC} = 5 V, T_A = 25°C.

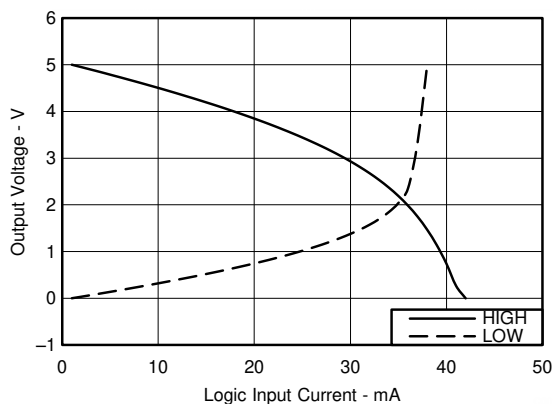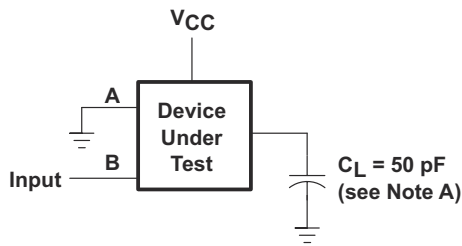## 5.8 Typical Characteristics

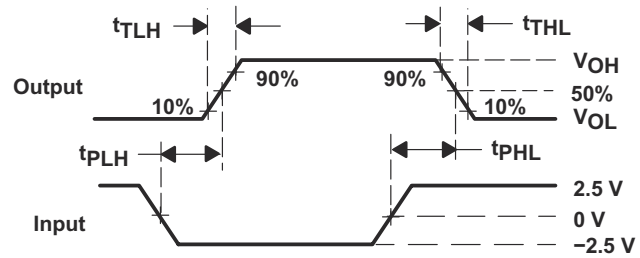**Figure 5-1. Output Voltage vs Input Current**
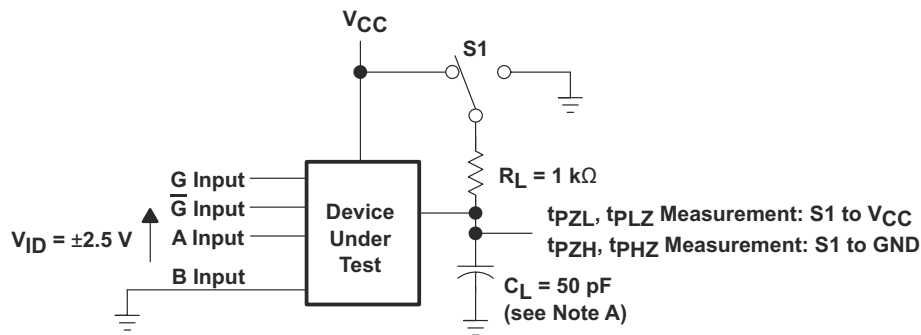
6 Parameter Measurement Information
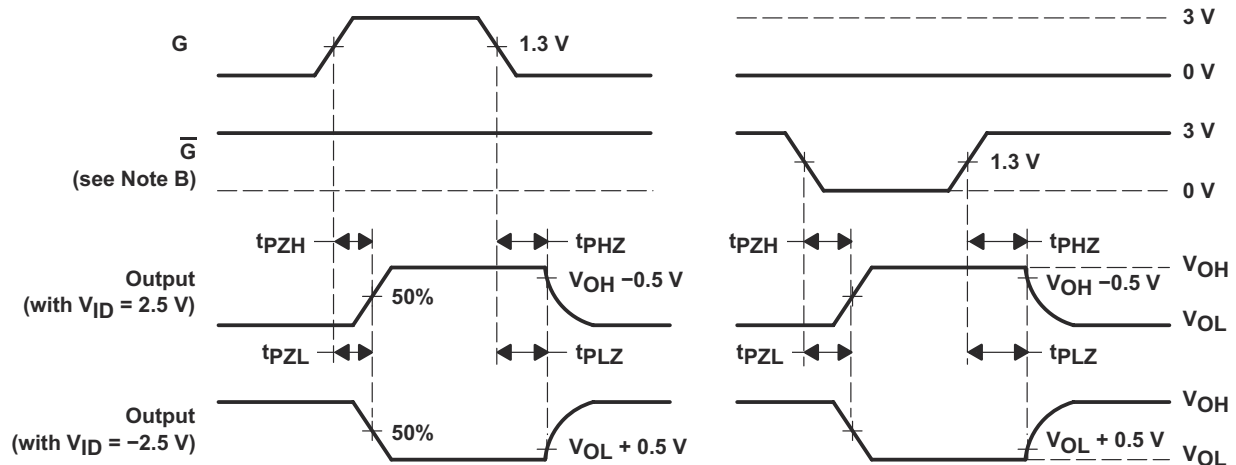

TEST CIRCUIT   **VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS**

A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 6-1. Switching Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

TEST CIRCUIT

VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS

A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.
B.   The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR = 1 MHz, duty cycle ≤ 50%, $t_r = t_f$ = 6 ns.

Figure 6-2. Enable/Disable Time Test Circuit and Output Voltage Waveforms

7 Detailed Description

7.1 Overview

The AM26C32 is a quadruple differential line receiver that meets the necessary requirements for NSI TIA/EIA-422-B, TIA/EIA-423-B, and ITU Recommendation V.10 and V.11. This device allows a low power or low voltage MCU to interface with heavy machinery, subsystems and other devices through long wires of up to 1000m, giving any design a reliable and easy to use connection. As any RS422 interface, the AM26C32 works in a differential voltage range, which enables very good signal integrity.

7.2 Functional Block Diagram
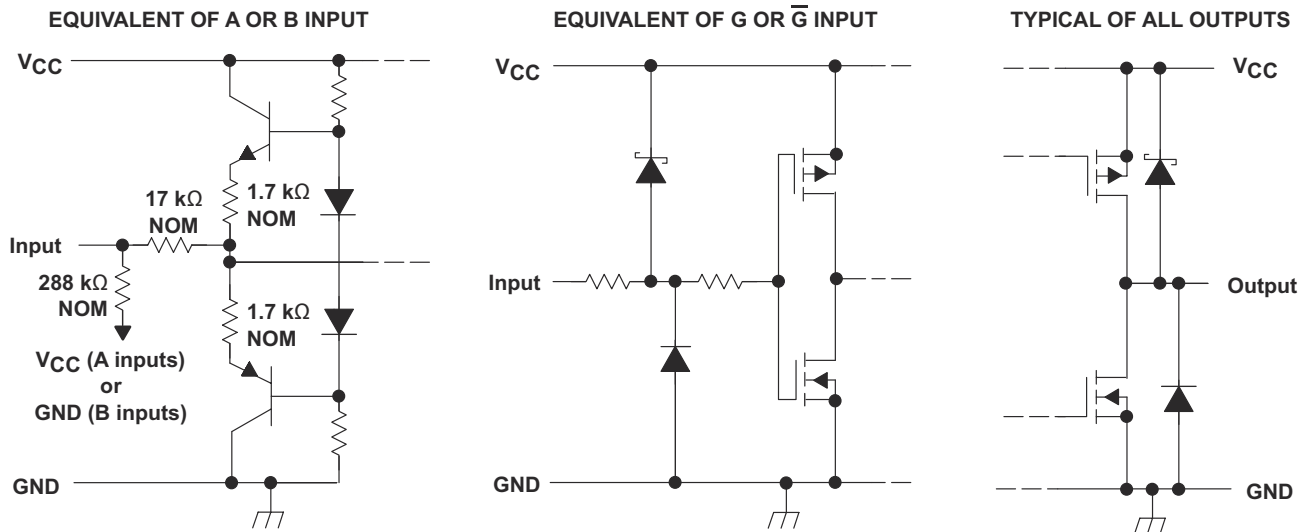
7.3 Feature Description

7.3.1 ±7-V Common-Mode Range With ±200-mV Sensitivity

For a common-mode voltage varying from -7V to 7V, the input voltage is acceptable in low ranges greater than 200 mV as a standard.

7.3.2 Input Fail-Safe Circuitry

RS-485 specifies that the receiver output state should be logic high for differential input voltages of $V_{AB} \geq$ +200 mV and logic low for $V_{AB} \leq$ −200 mV. For input voltages in between these limits, a receiver's output state is not defined and can randomly assume high or low. Removing the uncertainty of random output states, modern transceiver designs include internal biasing circuits that put the receiver output into a defined state (typically high) in the absence of a valid input signal.

A loss of input signal can be caused by an pen circuit caused by a wire break or the unintentional disconnection of a transceiver from the bus. The AM26C32 has an internal circuit that ensures functionality during an idle bus.

7.3.3 Active-High and Active-Low

The device can be configure using the G and $\overline{G}$ logic inputs to select receiver output. The high voltage or logic 1 on the G pin, allows the device to operate on an active-high and having a low voltage or logic 0 on the $\overline{G}$ enables active low operation. These are simply a way to configure the logic to match that of the receiving or transmitting controller or microprocessor.

7.3.4 Operates from a Single 5-V Supply

Both the logic and receivers operate from a single 5-V rail, making designs much more simple. The line drivers and receivers can operate off the same rail as the host controller or a similar low voltage supply, thus simplifying power structure.

7.4 Device Functional Modes

7.4.1 Enable and Disable

The receivers implemented in these RS422 devices can be configured using the G and $\overline{G}$ pins to be enabled or disabled. This allows users to ignore or filter out transmissions as desired.

Table 7-1. Function Table (Each Receiver)

DIFFERENTIAL INPUT	ENABLES[1]		OUTPUT
A/B	G	$\overline{G}$	Y
$V_{ID} \geq V_{IT+}$	H	X	H
	X	L	H
$V_{IT} < V_{ID} < V_{IT+}$	H	X	?
	X	L	?
$V_{ID} \leq V_{IT-}$	H	X	L
	X	L	L
X	L	H	Z

(1)   H = High level, L = Low level, X = Irrelevant, Z = High impedance (off), ? = Indeterminate

8 Application and Implementation

> **Note**
>
> Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

8.1 Application Information

When designing a system that uses drivers, receivers, and transceivers that comply with RS-422 or RS-485, proper cable termination is essential for highly reliable applications with reduced reflections in the transmission line. Because RS-422 allows only one driver on the bus, if termination is used, it is placed only at the end of the cable near the last receiver. In general, RS-485 requires termination at both ends of the cable. Factors to consider when determining the type of termination usually are performance requirements of the application and the ever-present factor, cost. The different types of termination techniques discussed are unterminated lines, parallel termination, AC termination, and multipoint termination. Laboratory waveforms for each termination technique (except multipoint termination) illustrate the usefulness and robustness of RS-422 (and, indirectly, RS-485). Similar results can be obtained if 485-compliant devices and termination techniques are used. For laboratory experiments, 100 feet of 100-Ω, 24-AWG, twisted-pair cable (Bertek) was used. A single driver and receiver, TI AM26C31C and AM26C32C, respectively, were tested at room temperature with a 5-V supply voltage. Two plots per termination technique are shown. In each plot, the top waveform is the driver input and the bottom waveform is the receiver output. To show voltage waveforms related to transmission-line reflections, the first plot shows output waveforms from the driver at the start of the cable; the second plot shows input waveforms to the receiver at the far end of the cable.
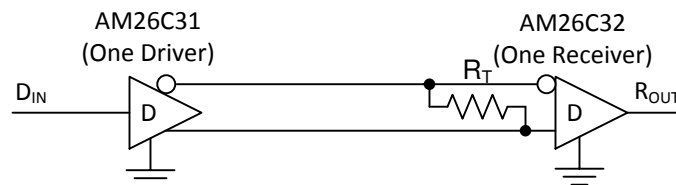
8.2 Typical Application

Figure 8-1. Differential Terminated Configuration

8.2.1 Design Requirements

Resistor and capacitor (if used) termination values are shown for each laboratory experiment, but vary from system to system. For example, the termination resistor, R_T, must be within 20% of the characteristic impedance, Zo , of the cable and can vary from about 80 Ω to 120 Ω.

8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

Figure 8-1 shows a configuration with no termination. Although reflections are present at the receiver inputs at a data signaling rate of 200 kbps with no termination, the RS-422-compliant receiver reads only the input differential voltage and produces a clean signal at the output.
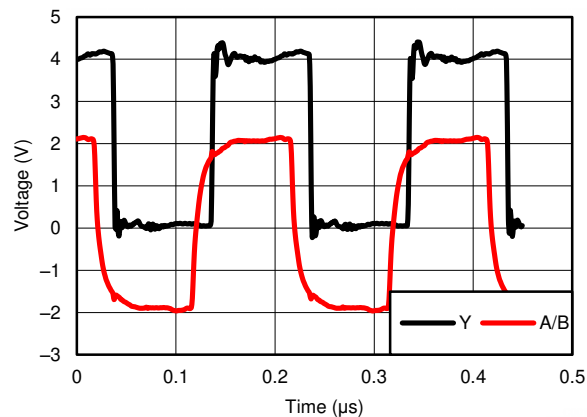
8.2.3 Application Curve

Figure 8-2. Differential 120-Ω Terminated Output Waveforms (Cat 5E Cable)

8.3 Power Supply Recommendations

Place 0.1-µF bypass capacitors close to the power-supply pins to reduce errors coupling in from noisy or high impedance power supplies.

8.4 Layout

8.4.1 Layout Guidelines

For best operational performance of the device, use good PCB layout practices, including:

- Noise can propagate into analog circuitry through the power pins of the circuit as a whole, as well as the operational amplifier. Bypass capacitors are used to reduce the coupled noise by providing low impedance power sources local to the analog circuitry.
  - Connect low-ESR, 0.1-µF ceramic bypass capacitors between each supply pin and ground, placed as close to the device as possible. A single bypass capacitor from V+ to ground is applicable for single supply applications.
- Separate grounding for analog and digital portions of circuitry is one of the simplest and most-effective methods of noise suppression. One or more layers on multilayer PCBs are usually devoted to ground planes. A ground plane helps distribute heat and reduces EMI noise pickup. Make sure to physically separate digital and analog grounds, paying attention to the flow of the ground current.
- To reduce parasitic coupling, run the input traces as far away from the supply or output traces as possible. If it is not possible to keep them separate, it is much better to cross the sensitive trace perpendicular as opposed to in parallel with the noisy trace.
- Place the external components as close to the device as possible. Keeping RF and RG close to the inverting input minimizes parasitic capacitance.
- Keep the length of input traces as short as possible. Always remember that the input traces are the most sensitive part of the circuit.
- Consider a driven, low-impedance guard ring around the critical traces. A guard ring can significantly reduce leakage currents from nearby traces that are at different potentials.
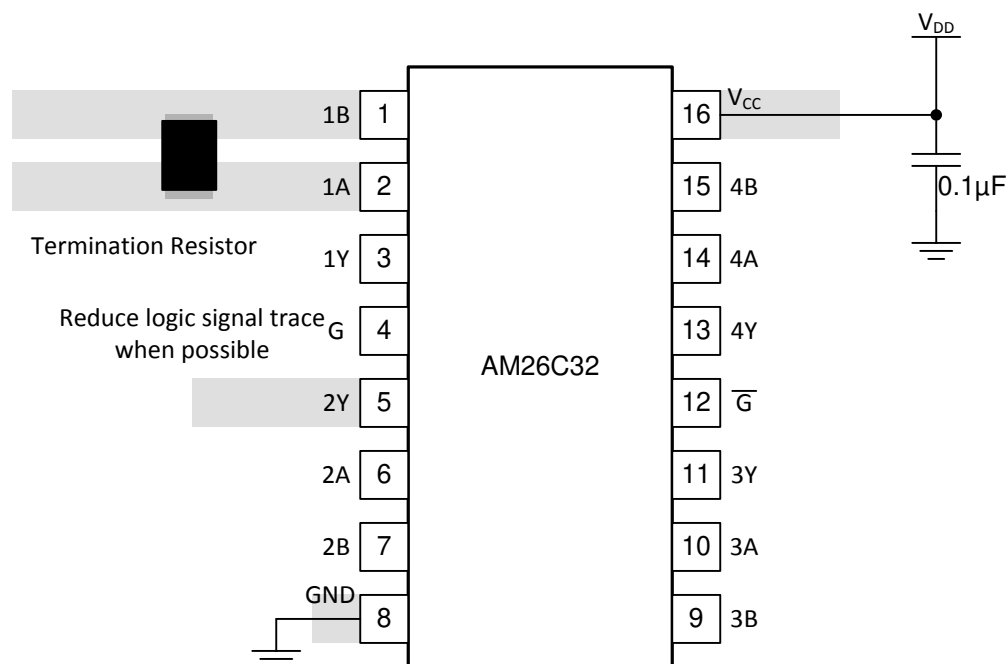
8.4.2 Layout Example

Figure 8-3. Trace Layout on PCB and Recommendations

9 Device and Documentation Support

9.1 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. Click on *Subscribe to updates* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

9.2 Support Resources

TI E2E™ support forums are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

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9.3 Trademarks

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9.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution

This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

9.5 Glossary

TI Glossary   This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

10 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

11 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
5962-9164001Q2A	ACTIVE	LCCC	FK	20	55	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	5962-9164001Q2A AM26C32 MFKB	Samples
5962-9164001QEA	ACTIVE	CDIP	J	16	25	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	5962-9164001QEA AM26C32MJB	Samples
5962-9164001QFA	ACTIVE	CFP	W	16	25	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	5962-9164001QFA AM26C32MWB	Samples
AM26C32CD	OBSOLETE	SOIC	D	16		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	0 to 70	AM26C32C	
AM26C32CDBR	OBSOLETE	SSOP	DB	16		TBD	Call TI	Call TI		26C32	
AM26C32CDR	OBSOLETE	SOIC	D	16		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	0 to 70	AM26C32C	
AM26C32CN	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	16	25	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	0 to 70	AM26C32CN	Samples
AM26C32CNE4	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	16	25	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	0 to 70	AM26C32CN	Samples
AM26C32CNSR	OBSOLETE	SO	NS	16		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	0 to 70	26C32	
AM26C32ID	OBSOLETE	SOIC	D	16		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85	AM26C32I	
AM26C32IDBR	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	16	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(26C32, 26C32I)	Samples
AM26C32IDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	AM26C32I	Samples
AM26C32IDRE4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	AM26C32I	Samples
AM26C32IDRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	AM26C32I	Samples
AM26C32IN	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	16	25	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 85	AM26C32IN	Samples
AM26C32INSR	ACTIVE	SO	NS	16	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	26C32I	Samples
AM26C32IPW	OBSOLETE	TSSOP	PW	16		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85	26C32I	
AM26C32IPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	26C32I	Samples
AM26C32IPWRG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	26C32I	Samples

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
AM26C32MFKB	ACTIVE	LCCC	FK	20	55	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	5962-9164001Q2A AM26C32 MFKB	Samples
AM26C32MJB	ACTIVE	CDIP	J	16	25	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	5962-9164001QE A AM26C32MJB	Samples
AM26C32MWB	ACTIVE	CFP	W	16	25	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	5962-9164001QF A AM26C32MWB	Samples
AM26C32QD	OBSOLETE	SOIC	D	16		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125	AM26C32Q	
AM26C32QDG4	OBSOLETE	SOIC	D	16		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125	26C32Q	
AM26C32QDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AM26C32Q	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:
ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.
LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.
NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.
PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.
OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".
RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.
Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF AM26C32, AM26C32M :

- Catalog : AM26C32

- Enhanced Product : AM26C32-EP, AM26C32-EP

- Military : AM26C32M

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

- Catalog - TI's standard catalog product

- Enhanced Product - Supports Defense, Aerospace and Medical Applications

- Military - QML certified for Military and Defense Applications

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

REEL DIMENSIONS

TAPE DIMENSIONS

A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE

*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
AM26C32IDBR	SSOP	DB	16	2000	330.0	16.4	8.35	6.6	2.4	12.0	16.0	Q1
AM26C32IDBR	SSOP	DB	16	2000	330.0	16.4	8.35	6.6	2.4	12.0	16.0	Q1
AM26C32IDR	SOIC	D	16	2500	330.0	16.4	6.5	10.3	2.1	8.0	16.0	Q1
AM26C32INSR	SO	NS	16	2000	330.0	16.4	8.2	10.5	2.5	12.0	16.0	Q1
AM26C32INSR	SO	NS	16	2000	330.0	16.4	8.2	10.5	2.5	12.0	16.0	Q1
AM26C32IPWR	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
AM26C32QDR	SOIC	D	16	2500	330.0	16.4	6.5	10.3	2.1	8.0	16.0	Q1

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS
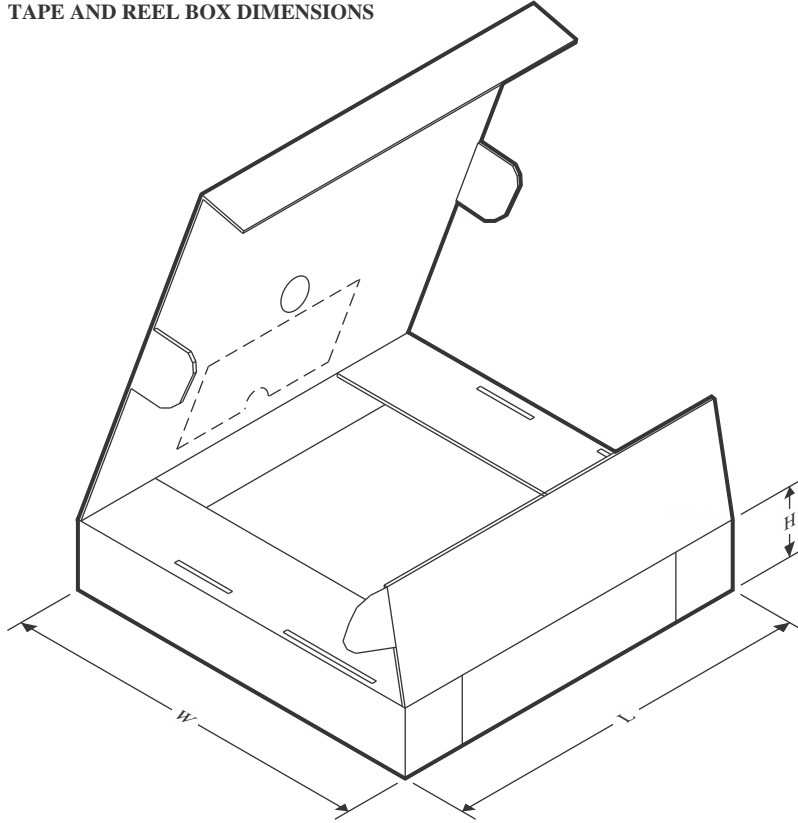
*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
AM26C32IDBR	SSOP	DB	16	2000	356.0	356.0	35.0
AM26C32IDBR	SSOP	DB	16	2000	353.0	353.0	32.0
AM26C32IDR	SOIC	D	16	2500	353.0	353.0	32.0
AM26C32INSR	SO	NS	16	2000	353.0	353.0	32.0
AM26C32INSR	SO	NS	16	2000	367.0	367.0	38.0
AM26C32IPWR	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	367.0	367.0	35.0
AM26C32QDR	SOIC	D	16	2500	353.0	353.0	32.0

TUBE

T - Tube height

L - Tube length

W - Tube width

B - Alignment groove width

*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	T (µm)	B (mm)
5962-9164001Q2A	FK	LCCC	20	55	506.98	12.06	2030	NA
5962-9164001QFA	W	CFP	16	25	506.98	26.16	6220	NA
AM26C32CN	N	PDIP	16	25	506	13.97	11230	4.32
AM26C32CN	N	PDIP	16	25	506	13.97	11230	4.32
AM26C32CNE4	N	PDIP	16	25	506	13.97	11230	4.32
AM26C32CNE4	N	PDIP	16	25	506	13.97	11230	4.32
AM26C32IN	N	PDIP	16	25	506	13.97	11230	4.32
AM26C32MFKB	FK	LCCC	20	55	506.98	12.06	2030	NA
AM26C32MWB	W	CFP	16	25	506.98	26.16	6220	NA

D (R−PDSO−G16)   PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE
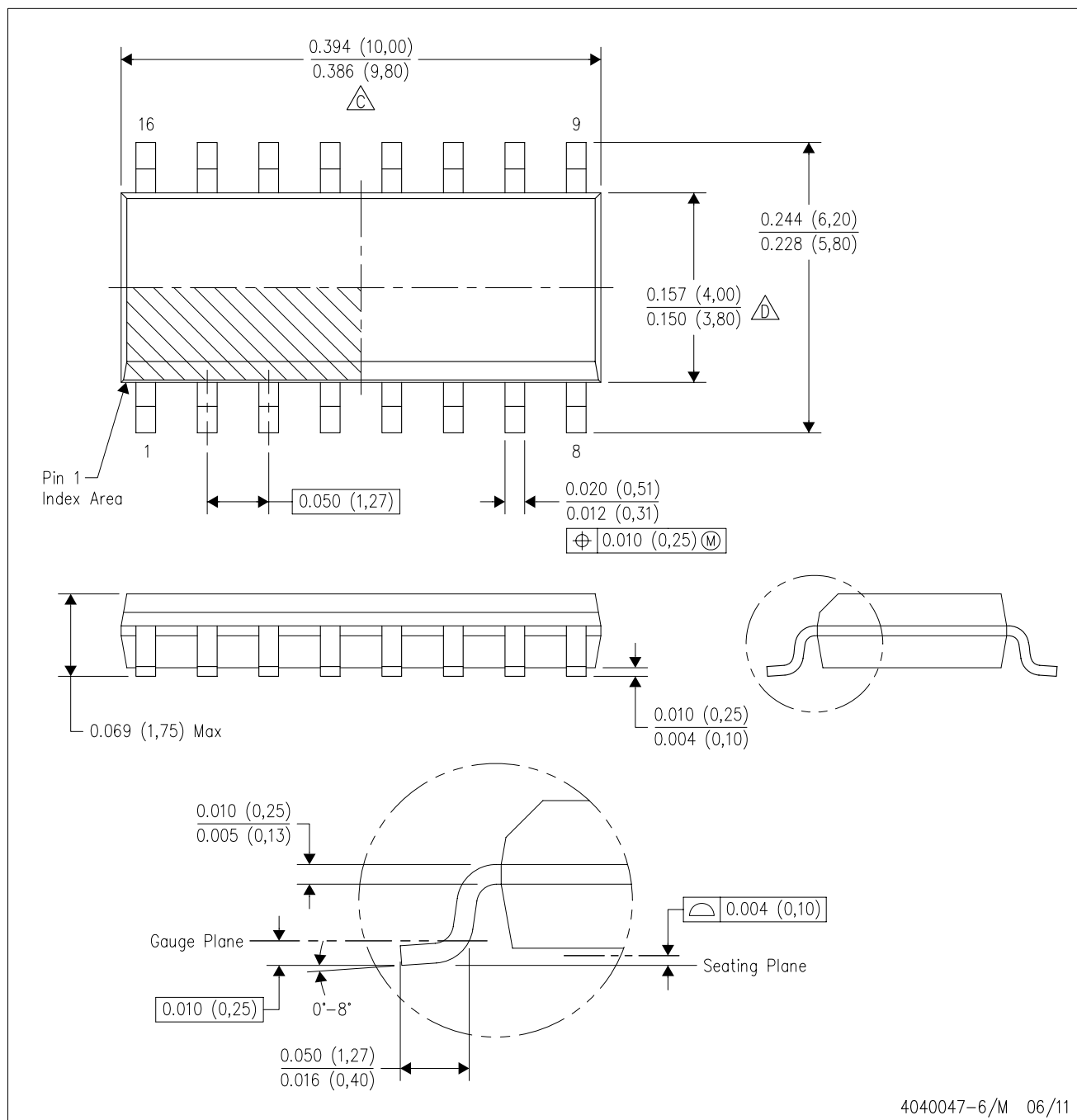
0.394 (10,00)
0.386 (9,80)
⚠C

16   9

0.244 (6,20)
0.228 (5,80)

0.157 (4,00)
0.150 (3,80) ⚠D

1   8

Pin 1
Index Area

0.050 (1,27)

0.020 (0,51)
0.012 (0,31)

⊕ 0.010 (0,25) Ⓜ

0.069 (1,75) Max

0.010 (0,25)
0.004 (0,10)

0.010 (0,25)
0.005 (0,13)

0.004 (0,10)

Gauge Plane

Seating Plane

0.010 (0,25)   0°−8°

0.050 (1,27)
0.016 (0,40)

4040047−6/M   06/11

NOTES: A.   All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
         B.   This drawing is subject to change without notice.
       ⚠C   Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall
              not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
       ⚠D   Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
         E.   Reference JEDEC MS−012 variation AC.

A

6.6
6.2 TYP

PIN 1 INDEX AREA

14X 0.65

16

1

5.1
4.9
NOTE 3

2X

4.55

8

9

B

4.5
4.3
NOTE 4

16X 0.30
0.19

$\oplus$ 0.1 ⓜ C A B

SEATING PLANE

C

◯ 0.1 C

1.2 MAX

SEE DETAIL A

(0.15) TYP

0.25

GAGE PLANE

0.15
0.05

0°-8°

0.75
0.50

DETAIL A
TYPICAL
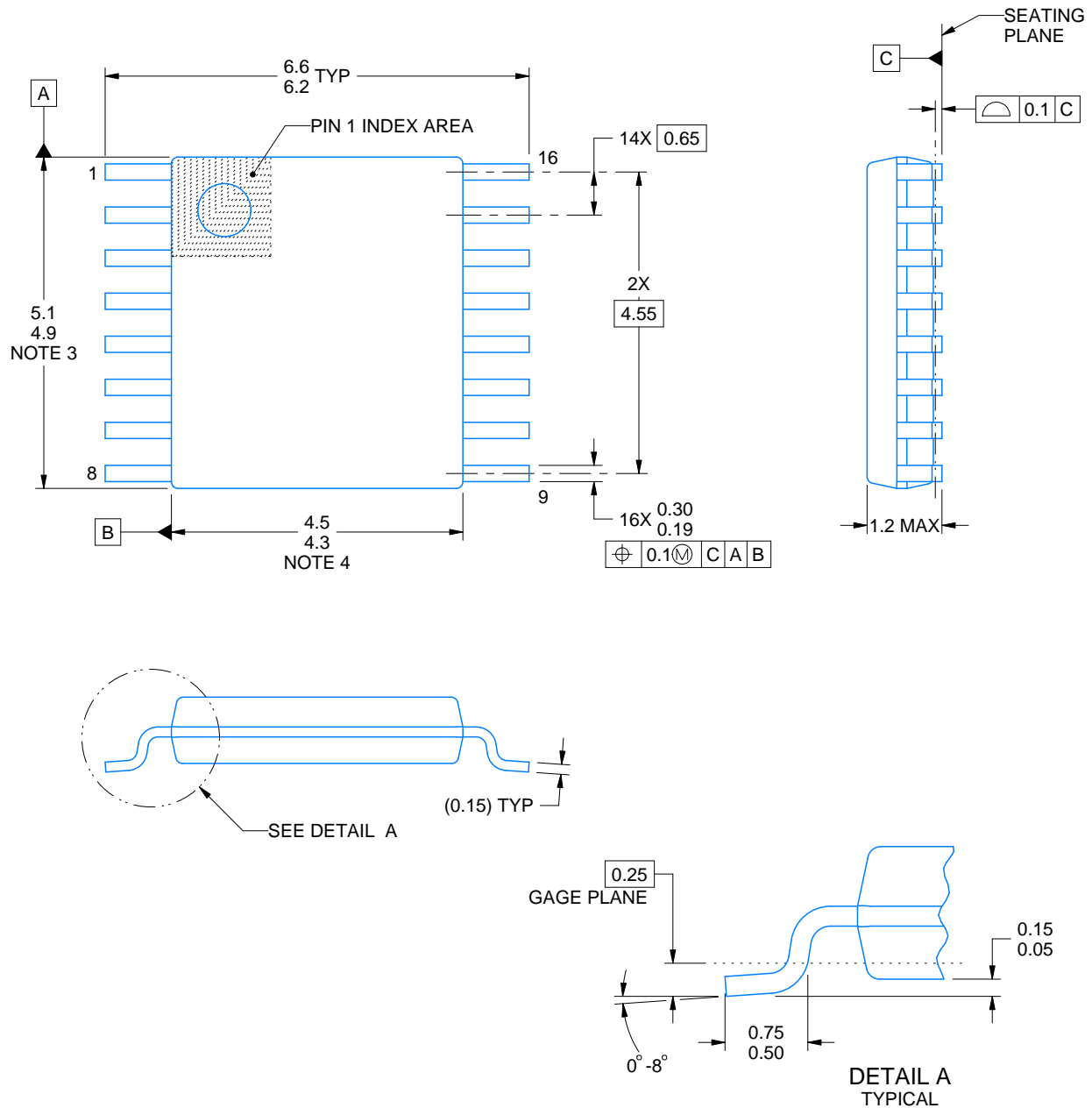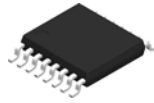
4220204/A 02/2017

NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.

16X (1.5)

SYMM

1

16X (0.45)

(R0.05) TYP

16

SYMM

14X (0.65)

8

9

(5.8)

LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
SCALE: 10X

SOLDER MASK
OPENING

METAL

EXPOSED METAL

0.05 MAX
ALL AROUND

NON-SOLDER MASK
DEFINED
(PREFERRED)

METAL UNDER
SOLDER MASK

SOLDER MASK
OPENING

EXPOSED METAL

0.05 MIN
ALL AROUND
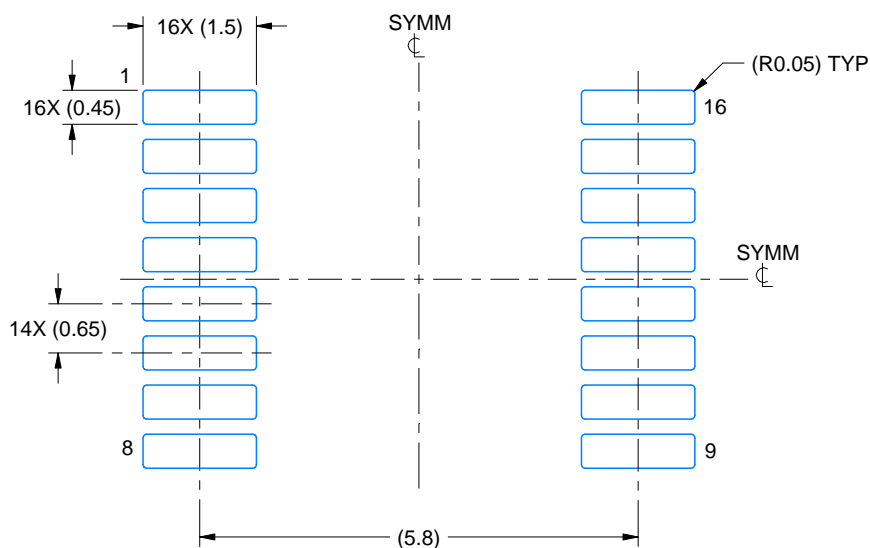
SOLDER MASK
DEFINED
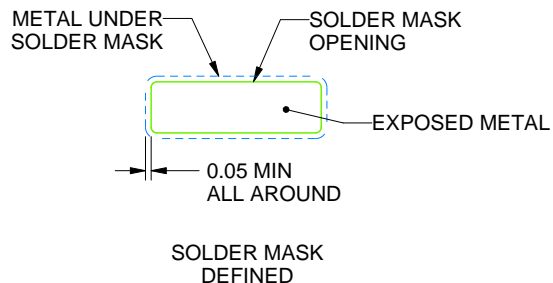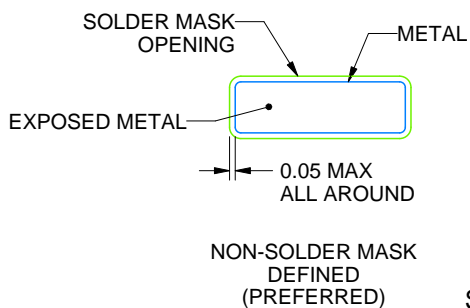
SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4220204/A   02/2017

NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

16X (1.5)

SYMM

1

16X (0.45)

(R0.05) TYP

16

SYMM

14X (0.65)

8

9

(5.8)
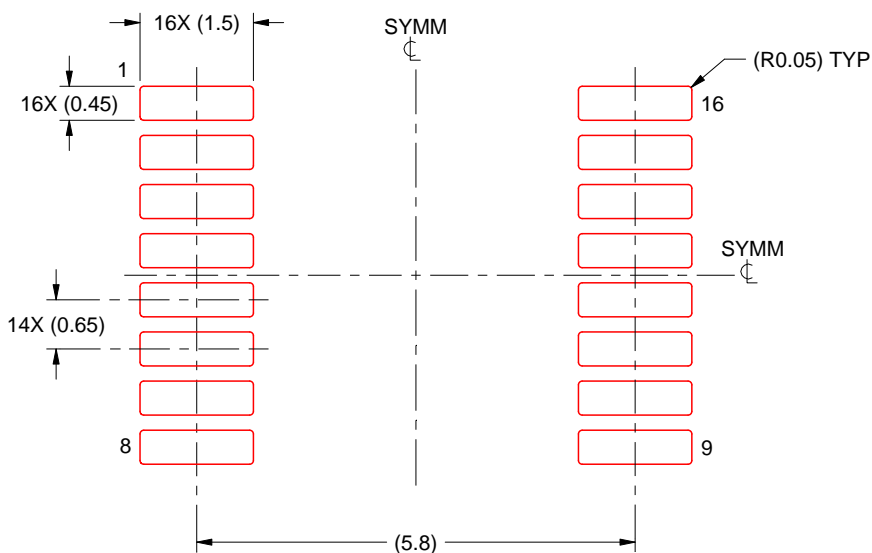
SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL
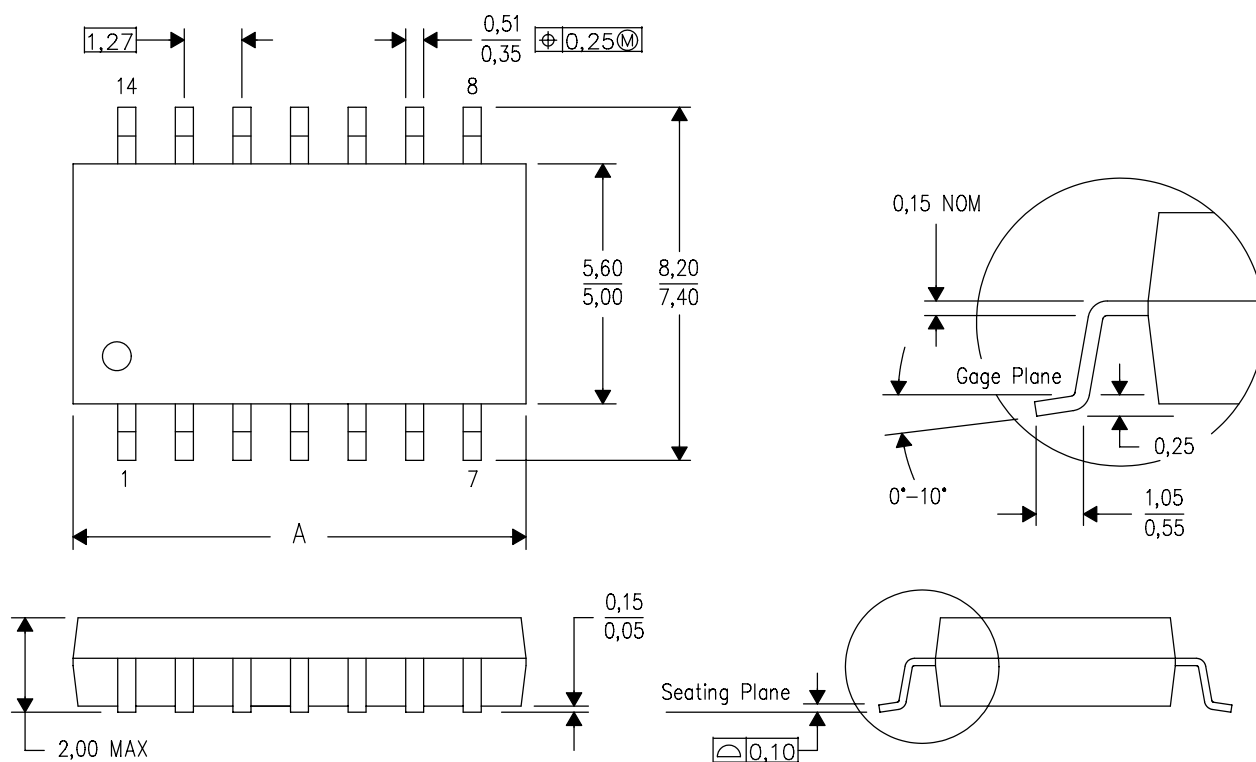SCALE: 10X

4220204/A   02/2017

NOTES: (continued)

8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

4220763/A   05/2022

NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
4. Reference JEDEC registration MO-150.

16X (1.85)

1

16X (0.45)

14X (0.65)

8

SYMM

(R0.05) TYP

16

SYMM

9

(7)

LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
SCALE: 10X

SOLDER MASK OPENING

METAL

EXPOSED METAL

0.05 MAX
ALL AROUND

NON-SOLDER MASK
DEFINED
(PREFERRED)

METAL UNDER
SOLDER MASK

SOLDER MASK
OPENING

EXPOSED METAL

0.05 MIN
ALL AROUND

SOLDER MASK
DEFINED

SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4220763/A   05/2022

NOTES: (continued)

5. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
6. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

16X (1.85)

SYMM

1

16X (0.45)

(R0.05) TYP

16

SYMM

14X (0.65)

8

9

(7)
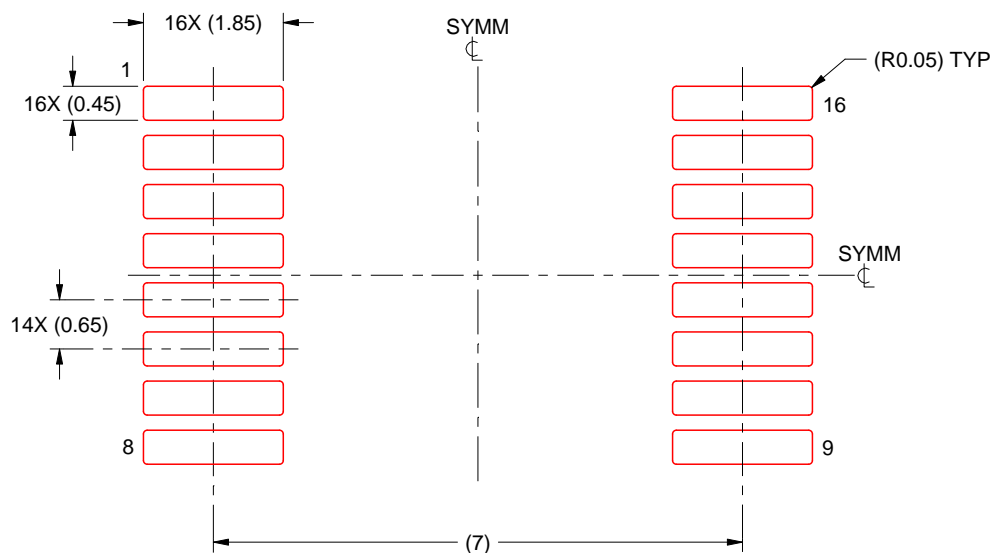
SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL
SCALE: 10X

4220763/A 05/2022

NOTES: (continued)

7. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
8. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

MECHANICAL DATA

| | PINS ** | 14 | 16 | 20 | 24 |
DIM					
A MAX		10,50	10,50	12,90	15,30
A MIN		9,90	9,90	12,30	14,70

0,15 NOM

Gage Plane

0,25

0°–10°

1,05 / 0,55

1,27

0,51 / 0,35

⊕ 0,25 Ⓜ

5,60 / 5,00

8,20 / 7,40

A

0,15 / 0,05

2,00 MAX

Seating Plane

⌓ 0,10

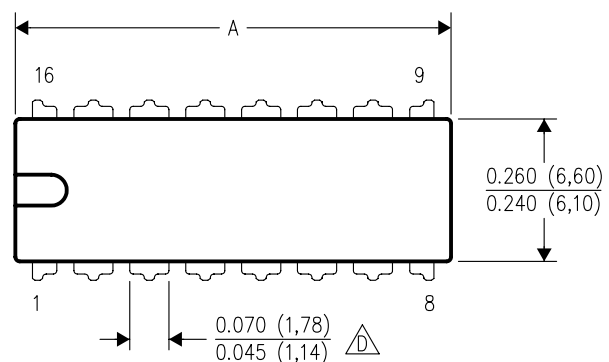4040062/C 03/03

NOTES: A.   All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
         B.   This drawing is subject to change without notice.
         C.   Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion, not to exceed 0,15.

W (R−GDFP−F16)   CERAMIC DUAL FLATPACK
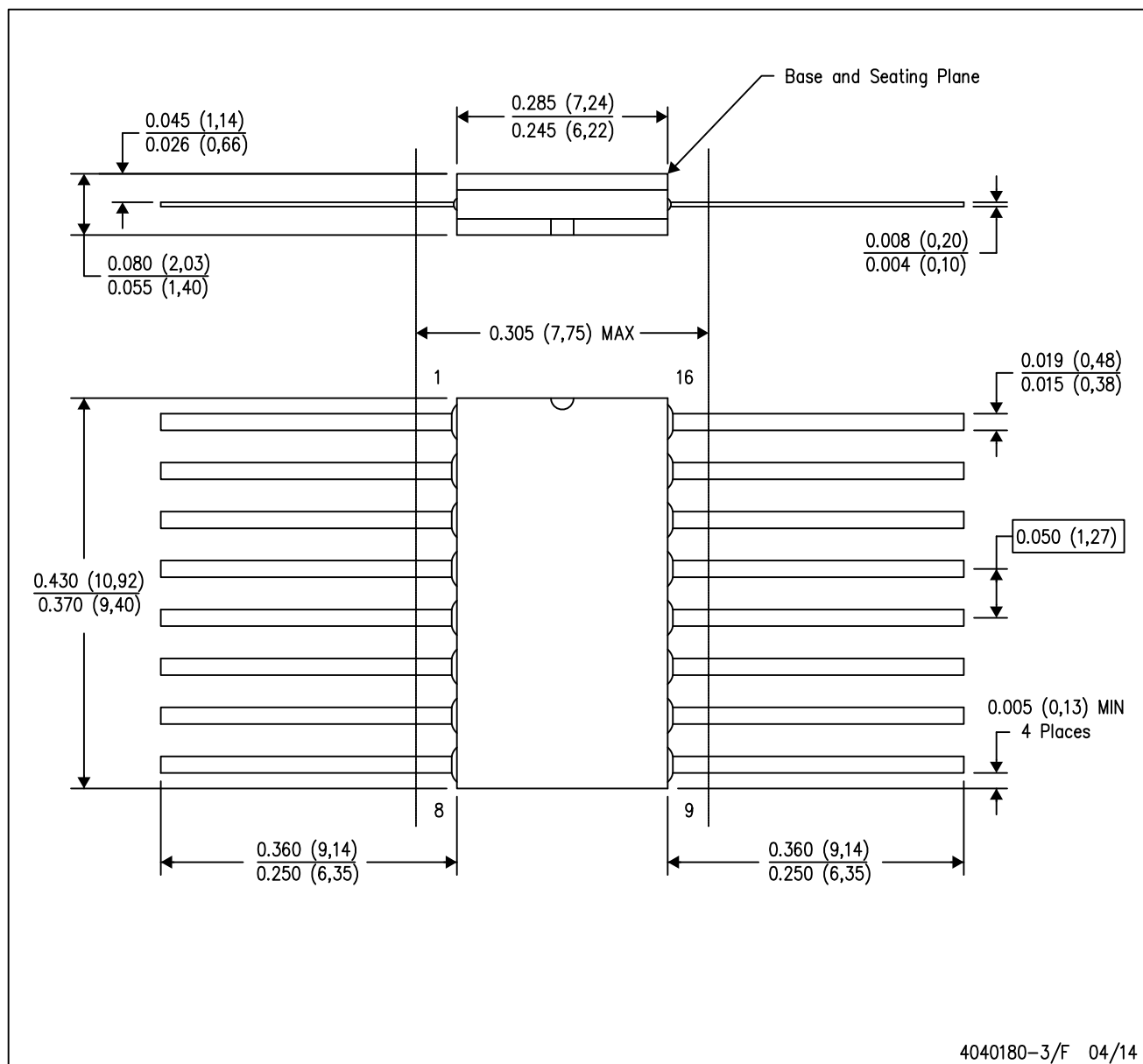
0.045 (1,14)
0.026 (0,66)

0.285 (7,24)
0.245 (6,22)

Base and Seating Plane

0.080 (2,03)
0.055 (1,40)

0.008 (0,20)
0.004 (0,10)

0.305 (7,75) MAX

1   16

0.019 (0,48)
0.015 (0,38)

0.430 (10,92)
0.370 (9,40)

0.050 (1,27)

0.005 (0,13) MIN
4 Places

8   9

0.360 (9,14)
0.250 (6,35)

0.360 (9,14)
0.250 (6,35)

4040180−3/F   04/14

NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
         B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
         C. This package can be hermetically sealed with a ceramic lid using glass frit.
         D. Index point is provided on cap for terminal identification only.
         E. Falls within MIL STD 1835 GDFP2−F16

FK 20

LCCC - 2.03 mm max height

8.89 x 8.89, 1.27 mm pitch

This image is a representation of the package family, actual package may vary.
Refer to the product data sheet for package details.
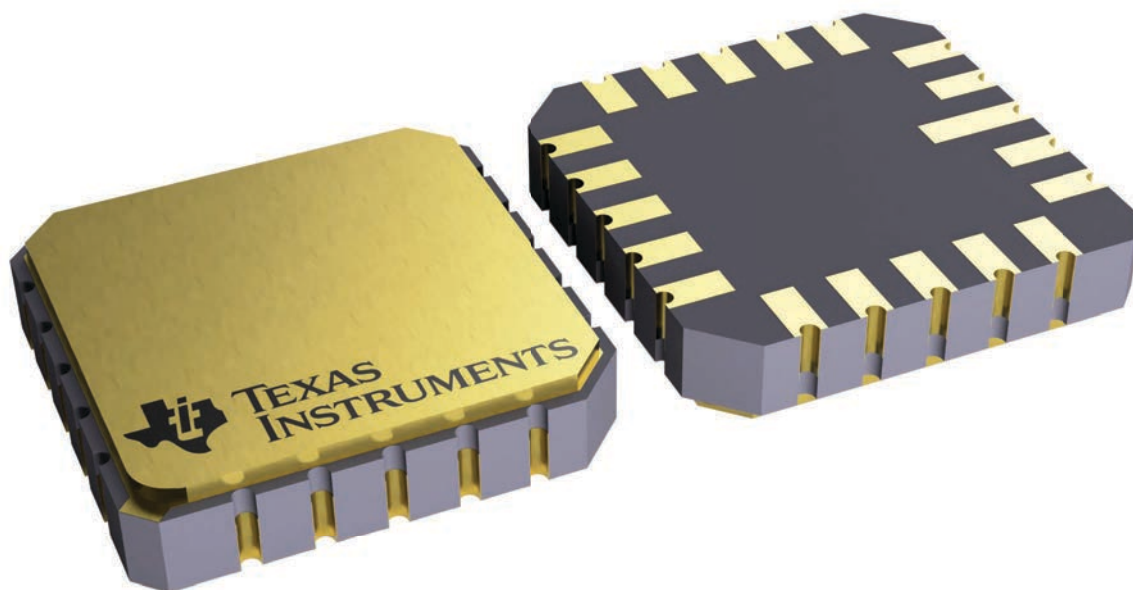
4229370VA\

J (R-GDIP-T**)   CERAMIC DUAL IN-LINE PACKAGE
14 LEADS SHOWN
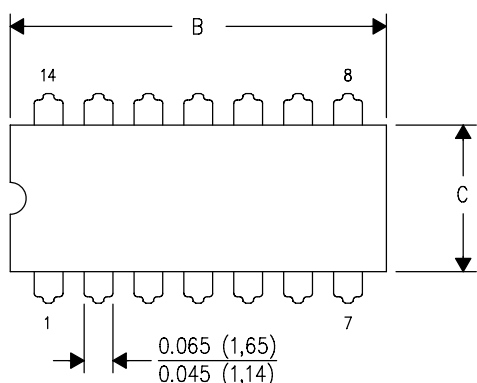
DIM \ PINS **	14	16	18	20
A	0.300 (7,62) BSC	0.300 (7,62) BSC	0.300 (7,62) BSC	0.300 (7,62) BSC
B MAX	0.785 (19,94)	.840 (21,34)	0.960 (24,38)	1.060 (26,92)
B MIN	——	——	——	——
C MAX	0.300 (7,62)	0.300 (7,62)	0.310 (7,87)	0.300 (7,62)
C MIN	0.245 (6,22)	0.245 (6,22)	0.220 (5,59)	0.245 (6,22)

B

14   8

1   7

$\frac{0.065 (1,65)}{0.045 (1,14)}$

C

0.005 (0,13) MIN

$\frac{0.060 (1,52)}{0.015 (0,38)}$

0.200 (5,08) MAX

Seating Plane

0.130 (3,30) MIN

$\frac{0.026 (0,66)}{0.014 (0,36)}$

0.100 (2,54)

A

0°-15°

$\frac{0.014 (0,36)}{0.008 (0,20)}$
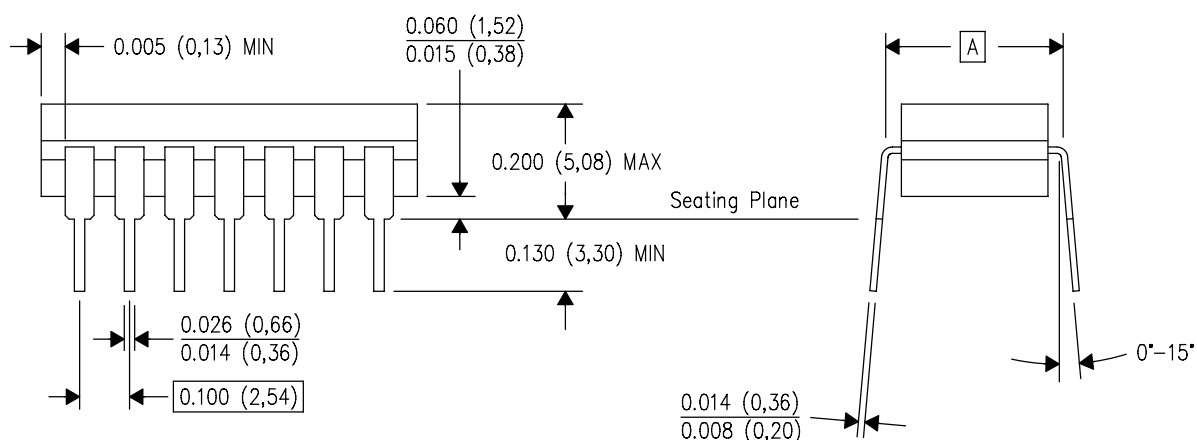
4040083/F 03/03

NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
         B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
         C. This package is hermetically sealed with a ceramic lid using glass frit.
         D. Index point is provided on cap for terminal identification only on press ceramic glass frit seal only.
         E. Falls within MIL STD 1835 GDIP1-T14, GDIP1-T16, GDIP1-T18 and GDIP1-T20.

N (R−PDIP−T**)

16 PINS SHOWN

PLASTIC DUAL−IN−LINE PACKAGE

	PINS ** DIM	14	16	18	20
A MAX		0.775 (19,69)	0.775 (19,69)	0.920 (23,37)	1.060 (26,92)
A MIN		0.745 (18,92)	0.745 (18,92)	0.850 (21,59)	0.940 (23,88)
△C MS−001 VARIATION		AA	BB	AC	AD

A

16   9

0.260 (6,60)
0.240 (6,10)

1   8

0.070 (1,78)
0.045 (1,14) △D

0.045 (1,14)
0.030 (0,76) △D

0.020 (0,51) MIN

0.200 (5,08) MAX

Seating Plane

0.125 (3,18) MIN

0.100 (2,54)

0.021 (0,53)
0.015 (0,38)

⌖ 0.010 (0,25) Ⓜ

14/18 Pin Only
20 Pin vendor option △D

0.325 (8,26)
0.300 (7,62)

0.015 (0,38)

Gauge Plane

0.010 (0,25) NOM

0.430 (10,92) MAX
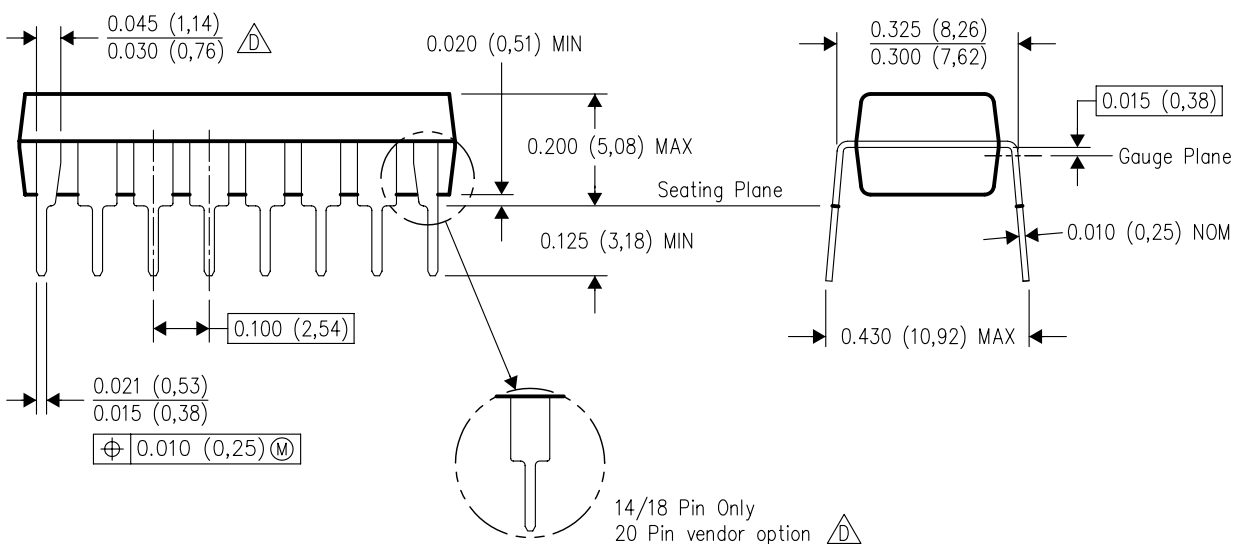
4040049/E   12/2002

NOTES: A.   All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
         B.   This drawing is subject to change without notice.
       △C   Falls within JEDEC MS−001, except 18 and 20 pin minimum body length (Dim A).
       △D   The 20 pin end lead shoulder width is a vendor option, either half or full width.

8.2
7.4 TYP

A

PIN 1 ID
AREA

1

16

14X 1.27

10.4
10.0
NOTE 3

2X
8.89

8

9

16X 0.51
0.35

⊕ 0.25Ⓜ C A B

B

5.4
5.2
NOTE 4

C

SEATING PLANE

⌒ 0.1 C

2.00 MAX

SEE DETAIL A

0.15 TYP

0.25
GAGE PLANE

0.3
0.1

0° - 10°

1.05
0.55

(1.25)

DETAIL A
TYPICAL
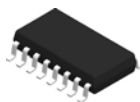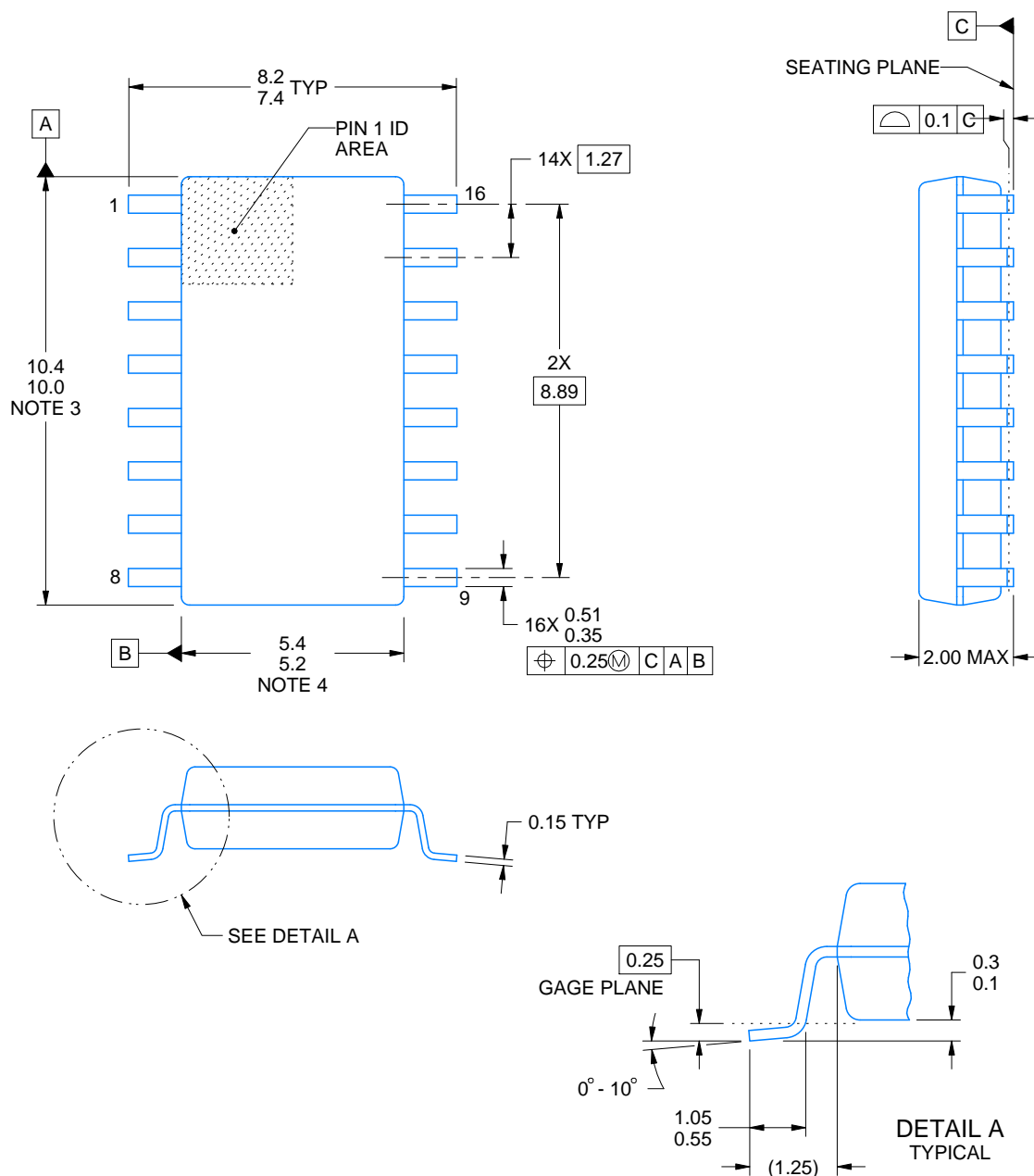
4220735/A 12/2021

NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 mm, per side.
4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm, per side.

16X (1.85)

SYMM

SEE
DETAILS

1

16

16X (0.6)

SYMM

14X (1.27)

8

9

(R0.05) TYP

(7)

LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
SCALE:7X

METAL

SOLDER MASK
OPENING

SOLDER MASK
OPENING

METAL

0.07 MAX
ALL AROUND

0.07 MIN
ALL AROUND

NON SOLDER MASK
DEFINED

SOLDER MASK
DEFINED

SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4220735/A   12/2021

NOTES: (continued)

5. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
6. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL
SCALE:7X

4220735/A   12/2021

NOTES: (continued)

7. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
8. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

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