

FAST SOFT-RECOVERY RECTIFIER DIODES

Silicon diodes in DO-5 metal envelopes, featuring non-snap-off characteristics. They are intended for use in high-frequency power supplies, thyristor inverters and multi-phase power rectifier applications. The series consists of the following types:

Normal polarity (cathode to stud): 1N3909, 1N3910, 1N3911, 1N3912, 1N3913,

Reverse polarity (anode to stud): 1N3909R, 1N3910R, 1N3911R, 1N3912R, 1N3913R.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

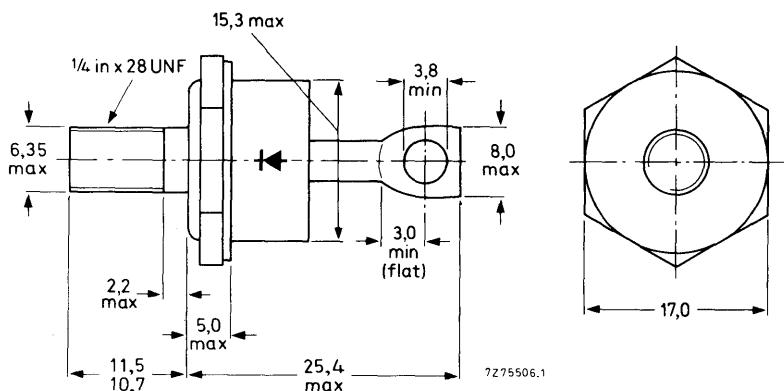
		1N3909(R)	3910(R)	3911(R)	3912(R)	3913(R)	
Repetitive peak reverse voltage	V _{RRM}	max.	50	100	200	300	400 V
Average forward current	I _{F(AV)}	max.			30		A
Non-repetitive peak forward current	I _{FSM}	max.			300		A
Reverse recovery time	t _{rr}	<			200		ns

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Fig.1 DO-5; Supplied with device: 1 nut, 1 lock-washer

Nut dimensions across the flats: 11.1 mm



Net mass: 22 g

Diameter of clearance hole: max. 6.5 mm

Accessories supplied on request:

56264A (mica washer, insulating ring, tag)

The mark shown applies to normal polarity types.

Torque on nut:

min. 1.7 Nm (17 kg cm)

max. 2.5 Nm (25 kg cm)

RATINGS

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

Voltages

			1N3909(R)	3910(R)	3911(R)	3912(R)	3913(R)	
Non-repetitive peak reverse voltage ($t = 10$ ms)	V_{RSM}	max.	75	200	300	400	500	V
Repetitive peak reverse voltage ($\delta \leq 0.01$)	V_{RRM}	max.	50	100	200	300	400	V
Crest working voltage	V_{RWM}	max.	50	100	200	300	400	V

Currents

Average on-state current assuming zero switching losses (averaged over any 20 ms period)

up to $T_{mb} = 100$ °C	$I_F(AV)$	max.	30	A
at $T_{mb} = 125$ °C	$I_F(AV)$	max.	15	A

R.M.S. forward current	$I_F(RMS)$	max.	45	A
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Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	max.	125	A
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Non-repetitive peak forward current
 $T_j = 150$ °C prior to surge;
 half sine-wave with reapplied V_{RWMmax} ;
 $t = 10$ ms
 $t = 8.3$ ms

I^2t for fusing ($t = 10$ ms)	I^2t	max.	375	A^2s
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Temperatures

Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-65 to 175	°C	
Operating junction temperature	T_j	max.	150	°C

THERMAL RESISTANCE

From junction to mounting base	$R_{th j-mb}$	=	1.0	°C/W
From mounting base to heatsink with heatsink compound	$R_{th mb-h}$	=	0.3	°C/W
Transient thermal impedance; $t = 1$ ms	$Z_{th j-mb}$	=	0.2	°C/W

CHARACTERISTICS

Forward voltage

 $I_F = 30 \text{ A}; T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_F < 1.4 \text{ V}^*$

Reverse current

 $V_R = V_{RWMmax}; T_j = 100^\circ\text{C}$ $I_R < 10 \text{ mA}$

Reverse recovery when switched from

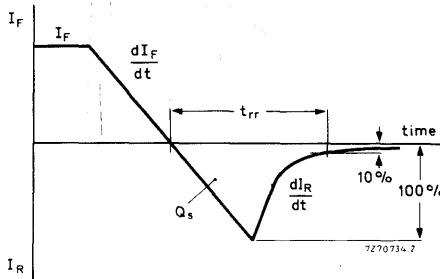
 $I_F = 1 \text{ A} \text{ to } V_R \geq 30 \text{ V}; -dI_F/dt = 35 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}; T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $t_{rr} < 200 \text{ ns}$

Recovery time

 $I_F = 2 \text{ A} \text{ to } V_R \geq 30 \text{ V}; -dI_F/dt = 20 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}; T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $t_{rr} < 250 \text{ nC}$

Recovered charge

Maximum slope of the reverse recovery current

when switched from $I_F = 1 \text{ A} \text{ to } V_R \geq 30 \text{ V}$; $-dI_F/dt = 2 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}; T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $|dI_R/dt| < 5 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ 

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Fig. 2 Definitions of t_{rr} and Q_s .

*Measured under pulse conditions to avoid excessive dissipation.

SINUSOIDAL OPERATION

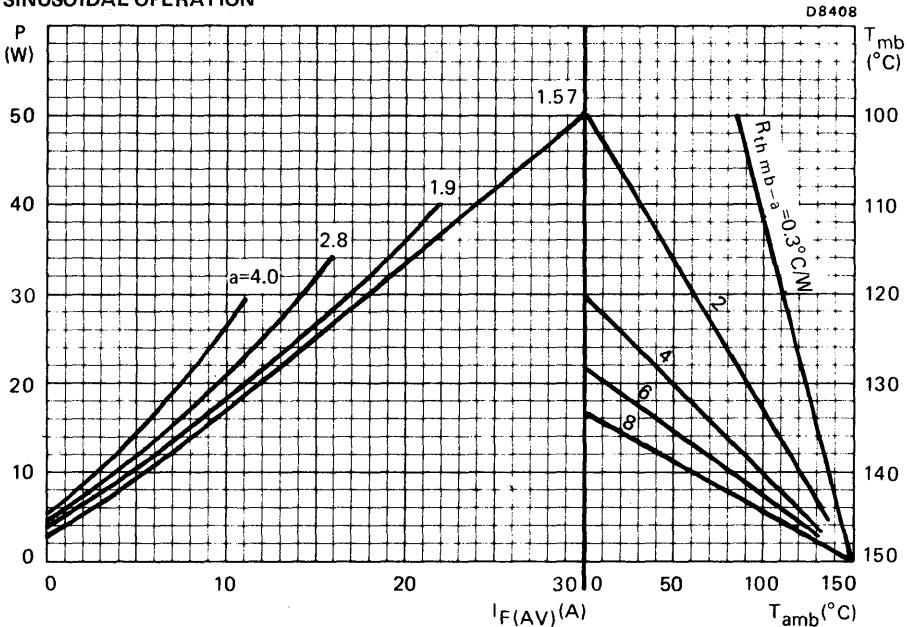


Fig. 3 The right-hand part shows the interrelationship between the power (derived from the left-hand part) and the maximum permissible temperatures.

P = power dissipation excluding switching losses.

a = form factor = $I_F(\text{RMS})/I_F(\text{AV})$.

SQUARE-WAVE OPERATION

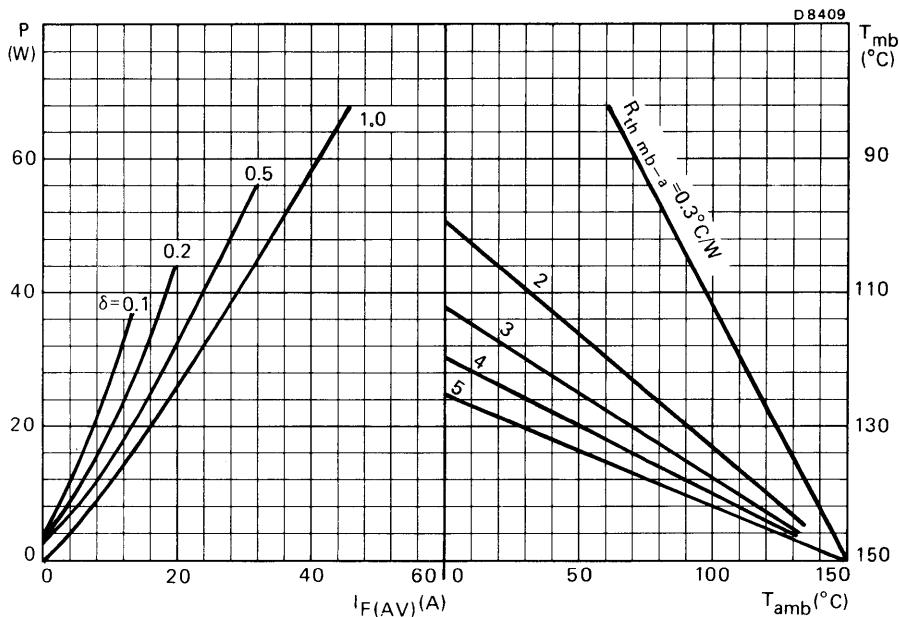
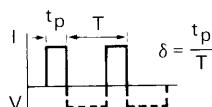


Fig. 4 The right-hand part shows the interrelationship between the power (derived from the left-hand part) and the maximum permissible temperatures.

P = power dissipation excluding switching losses.



$$I_F(AV) = I_F(\text{RMS}) \times \sqrt{\delta}$$

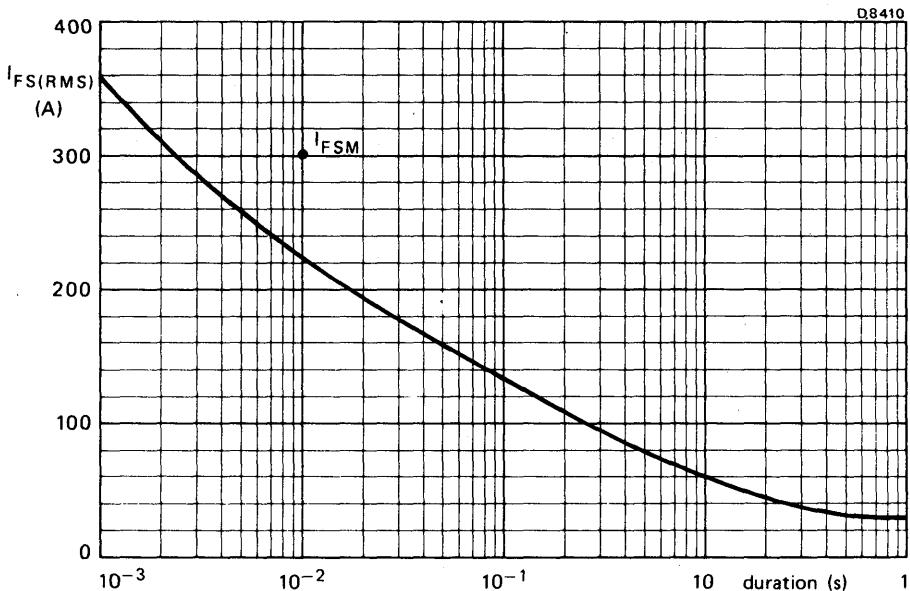


Fig.5 Maximum permissible non-repetitive r.m.s. forward current based on sinusoidal currents ($f = 50$ Hz); $T_j = 150$ °C prior to surge; with reapplied V_{RWmax} .



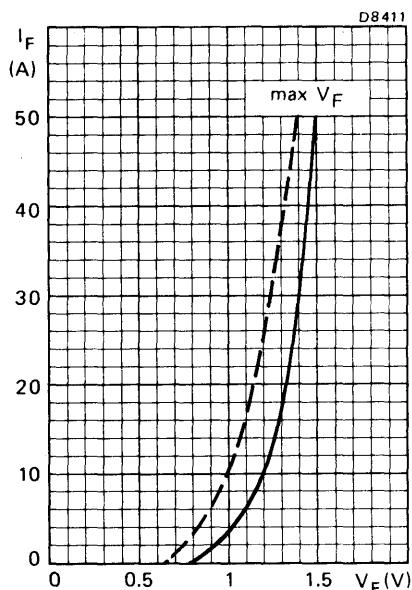
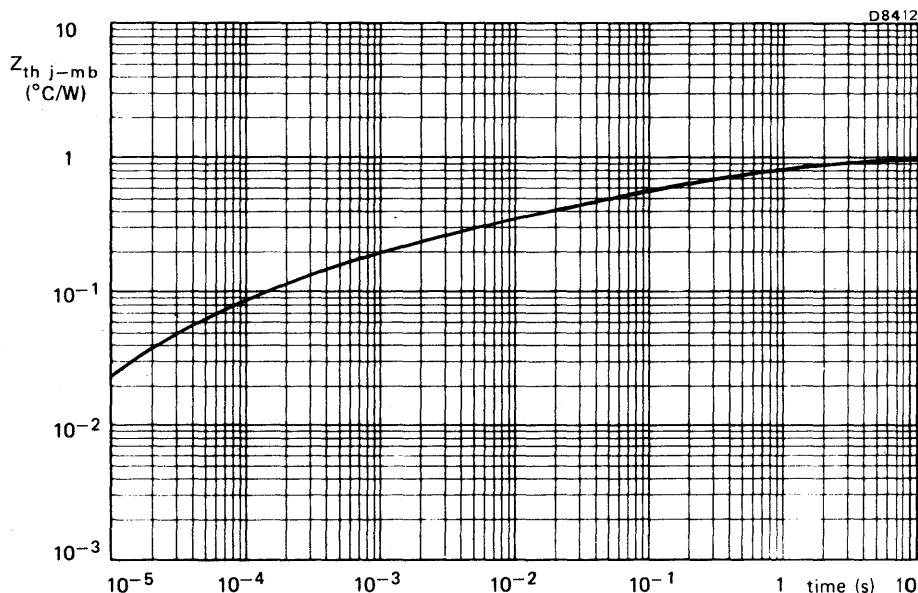
Fig. 6 —— $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$; - - - $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$ 

Fig. 7